

witnesses, destroy evidence, conceal assets, coordinate testimony, or otherwise impede lawful activities. In addition, investigatory material may include information obtained from third parties or other agencies, the disclosure of which could compromise confidentiality, investigative techniques, or sensitive law enforcement information.

(3) 5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(1) requires an agency to maintain only such information about an individual as is relevant and necessary to accomplish a purpose required by statute or executive order. Exemption from this requirement is appropriate because, during the receipt, assessment, triage, referral, and review of tips and allegations, Treasury may obtain information whose relevance or accuracy is not immediately apparent. In the interests of effective fraud prevention, payment integrity, law enforcement coordination and program-integrity activities, it is appropriate to retain information that may aid in identifying patterns, relationships, schemes, trends, or other indicators relevant to suspected waste, fraud, abuse, improper payments, or related misconduct.

(4) 5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4)(G), (H), and (I) and 5 U.S.C. 552a(f) require an agency to publish procedures whereby individuals can determine whether a system contains records pertaining to them, gain access to such records, contest their contents, and identify categories of sources of records in the system. Exemption from these requirements is appropriate because this system is exempt from the access and amendment provisions of subsection (d). Publication of such procedures could undermine the purpose of the exemption by revealing investigatory interests, law enforcement-sensitive information, or the existence of ongoing referral or investigatory activities.

Any records from another Treasury system of records or another Executive Branch agency's system of records for which an exemption is claimed under 5 U.S.C. 552a(j) or (k) that may also be included in this system of records retain the same exempt status as such records have in the system for which the exemption is claimed.

Regulatory Analysis

This final rule is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), 5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*, it is hereby certified that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

This rule, issued pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(k)(2), is to exempt certain information maintained by Treasury in the above-referenced system of records from certain provisions of the Privacy Act. Small entities, as defined in the RFA, are not provided rights under the Privacy Act and are outside the scope of this regulation.

List of Subjects in 31 CFR Part 1

Courts, Freedom of Information, Government Employees, Privacy.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, part 1 of title 31 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 1—DISCLOSURE OF RECORDS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 1 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301, 552, 552a, 553; 31 U.S.C. 301, 321; 31 U.S.C. 3717.

■ 2. Amend § 1.36 in table 10 to paragraph (g)(1)(i) by adding, in alphanumeric order, an entry for "Treasury .032" to read as follows:

§ 1.36 Systems exempt in whole or in part from provisions of the Privacy Act and this part.

(g) * * *
 (1) * * *
 (i) * * *

TABLE 10 TO PARAGRAPH (g)(1)(i)

No.	Name of system
Treasury .032 ..	Federal Program Waste, Fraud, and Abuse Tip Intake and Referral Records.

Ryan Law,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Privacy, Transparency, and Records.

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DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 165

[Docket Number USCG–2026–1287]

RIN 1625-AA87

Security Zone; Patapsco River, Baltimore, MD

AGENCY: Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: Temporary final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is establishing a temporary security zone for certain navigable waters of the Patapsco River. The security zone is needed to protect persons, including those under the protection of the United States Secret Service (USSS), and property from terrorist acts and incidents and to prevent terrorist acts or incidents during a high-ranking public official visit. Entry of vessels or persons into this zone is prohibited unless specifically authorized by the Captain of the Port, Sector Maryland-National Capital Region or a designated representative.

DATES: This rule is effective from 1 p.m. until 7 p.m. on October 6, 2026.

ADDRESSES: To view available documents, go to <https://www.regulations.gov> and search for USCG–2026–1287.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions about this rule, contact Lieutenant Commander Randy Johnston, Sector Maryland-National Capital Region, Waterways Management Division, U.S. Coast Guard: telephone 410–576–2519, or email Randy.L.johnston@uscg.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Table of Abbreviations

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
 COTP Captain of the Port
 DHS Department of Homeland Security
 FR Federal Register
 MD Maryland
 NCR National Capital Region
 NPRM Notice of proposed rulemaking
 § Section
 U.S.C. United States Code
 USSS United States Secret Service

II. Background Information and Authority

The Coast Guard received notification that persons under the protection of the United States Secret Service (USSS) will conduct a visit to Baltimore, MD, during the afternoon of October 6, 2026. The nationally publicized event is being held in Baltimore, MD, in close proximity to navigable waterways within the Captain of the Port (COTP) Maryland-National Capital Region's (MD-NCR) Area of Responsibility, as set forth at 33 CFR 3.25–15. The COTP MD-NCR has determined that potential hazards associated with the high-ranking official public visit are a safety and security concern for anyone within 1,000 yards of their location. Therefore, the COTP is issuing this rule under the authority in 46 U.S.C. 70051 and 70124, which is needed to protect personnel, vessels, and the marine environment in the navigable waters within the security zone.

Because of risks associated with these potential hazards, the Coast Guard is issuing this rule without prior notice and comment. As is authorized by 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for not publishing a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) with respect to this rule because it is impracticable. The Coast Guard was notified of this event on September 29, 2026, but we must establish this security zone by October 6, 2026, to protect personnel, vessels, and the marine environment. Therefore, we have do not have enough time to solicit and respond to comments.

For the same reason, the Coast Guard finds that under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), good cause exists for making this rule effective less than 30 days after publication in the **Federal Register**.

III. Discussion of the Rule

This rule establishes a security zone from 1 p.m. until 7 p.m. on October 6, 2026. The zone will cover navigable waters on the Patapsco River within 1,000 yards of Sparrows Point and Bear Creek. No vessel or person will be permitted to enter the security zone without obtaining permission from the COTP or their designated representative.

IV. Regulatory Analyses

We developed this rule after considering numerous statutes and Executive orders related to rulemaking. Below we summarize our analyses based on a number of these statutes and Executive orders.

A. Impact on Small Entities

The regulatory flexibility analysis provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980, 5 U.S.C. 601–612, do not apply to rules that are not subject to notice and comment. Because the Coast Guard has, for good cause, waived the notice and comment requirement that would otherwise apply to this rulemaking, the Regulatory Flexibility Act's flexibility analysis provisions do not apply here.

Under section 213(a) of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (Pub. L. 104–121), if this rule will affect your small business, organization, or governmental jurisdiction and you have questions, contact the person listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section. Small businesses may send comments to the Small Business and Agriculture Regulatory Enforcement Ombudsman and the Regional Small Business Regulatory Fairness Boards by calling 1–888–REG–FAIR (1–888–734–3247). The Coast Guard will not retaliate against small entities that question or complain

about this rule or any policy or action of the Coast Guard.

B. Collection of Information

This rule will not call for a new collection of information under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520).

C. Federalism and Indian Tribal Governments

We have analyzed this rule under Executive Order 13132, Federalism, and have determined that it is consistent with the fundamental federalism principles and preemption requirements described in that Order.

Also, this rule does not have tribal implications under Executive Order 13175, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments, because it does not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes.

D. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

As required by The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538), the Coast Guard certifies that this rule will not result in an annual expenditure of \$100,000,000 or more (adjusted for inflation) by a State, local, or tribal government, in the aggregate, or by the private sector.

E. Environment

We have analyzed this rule under Department of Homeland Security Directive 023–01, Rev. 1, associated implementing instructions, and Environmental Planning COMDTINST 5090.1 (series), which guide the Coast Guard in complying with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*), and have determined that this action is one of a category of actions that do not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment.

This rule is a security zone. It is categorically excluded from further review under paragraph L60 (c) emergency situation less than a week for a high-ranking public official visit under the protection of the USSS of Appendix A, Table 1 of DHS Instruction Manual 023–01–001–01, Rev. 1. A Record of Environmental Consideration supporting this determination is available in the docket.

List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping

requirements, Security measures, Waterways.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 165 as follows:

PART 165—REGULATED NAVIGATION AREAS AND LIMITED ACCESS AREAS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 165 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 46 U.S.C. 70034, 70051, 70124; 33 CFR 1.05–1, 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5; Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 00170.1, Revision No. 01.4.

■ 2. Add 165.T05–1287 to read as follows:

§ 165.T05–1287 Security Zone; Patapsco River, Baltimore, MD.

(a) *Location.* The following area is a security zone: All navigable waters of the Patapsco River, within 1,000 yards of Sparrows Point and Bear Creek.

(b) *Definitions.* As used in this section, *designated representative* means a Coast Guard Patrol Commander, including a Coast Guard coxswain, petty officer, or other officer operating a Coast Guard vessel and a Federal, State, and local officer designated by or assisting the Captain of the Port (COTP) Sector Maryland-National Capital Region in the enforcement of the security zone.

(c) *Regulations.* (1) Under the general security zone regulations in subpart D of this part, you may not enter the security zone described in paragraph (a) of this section unless authorized by the COTP or the COTP's designated representative.

(2) To seek permission to enter, contact the COTP or the COTP's representative on VHF–FM channel 16 or by telephone at (410) 576–2693. Those in the security zone must comply with all lawful orders or directions given to them by the COTP or the COTP's designated representative.

(d) *Enforcement period.* This section will be enforced from 1 p.m. until 7 p.m. on October 6, 2026.

Patrick C. Burkett,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port Sector Maryland-National Capital Region.

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