

considered a single request and not competing requests. The KSHS is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice and to any other consulting parties.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3004 and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.9.

Dated: September 30, 2026.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2026–20574 Filed 10–7–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312–52–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[N7549; NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–NPS0043916; PPWOCRADN0–PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Intended Repatriation: Bruce Museum Inc., Greenwich, CT

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Bruce Museum, Inc., intends to repatriate a certain cultural item that meets the definition of an object of cultural patrimony and that has a cultural affiliation with the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the cultural item in this notice may occur on or after November 9, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Send additional, written requests for repatriation of the cultural item in this notice to Kirsten J. Reinhardt, Bruce Museum, 1 Museum Drive, Greenwich, CT 06830, email kreinhardt@brucemuseum.org.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the Bruce Museum, Inc., and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the summary or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

A total of one cultural item has been requested for repatriation. The one object of cultural patrimony is a *Xoots*.

Naaxein (Brown Bear Chilkat Robe), Bruce Museum number 67.03.04. It is a wide, inverted pentagonal shape, woven of primarily commercial yarns. Black and yellow border; center is mirrored totemic design in black, yellow, turquoise, and white; fringed on three sides. Harold Jacobs, of the Central Council Tlingit & Haida Indian Tribes examined the robe at the Bruce, in 2005, and declared the design to be an orca with a man riding on its back. Jacobs said it was woven by Kaax'eidei.át, who was from the Gaanaxteidi clan of Klukwan, Alaska. She was the only person who wove the colored fringe seen on this piece. The robe was collected by Miss Alice Taggart (1881–1954), aunt of the donor, Eliza Macknet Taggart Davies, aka Mrs. William A. Davies. Based on the objects collected, Miss Taggart likely was in Alaska between 1900–1920. Travel records indicate that she was in Alaska during August and September, 1920.

Determinations

The Bruce Museum, Inc., has determined that:

- The one object of cultural patrimony described in this notice has ongoing historical, traditional, or cultural importance central to the Native American group, including any constituent sub-group (such as a band, clan, lineage, ceremonial society, or other subdivision), according to the Native American traditional knowledge of an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

- There is a connection between the cultural item described in this notice and the Central Council of the Tlingit & Haida Indian Tribes.

Requests for Repatriation

Additional, written requests for repatriation of the cultural item in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the cultural item in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after November 9, 2026. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the Bruce Museum, Inc., must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the cultural item are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Bruce

Museum, Inc., is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice and to any other consulting parties.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3004 and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.9.

Dated: September 30, 2026.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2026–20569 Filed 10–7–26; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[N7545; NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–NPS0043911; PPWOCRADN0–PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Washington, DC, and the Museum of Indian Arts & Culture, Santa Fe, NM

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) and the Museum of Indian Arts & Culture has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after November 9, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Send written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice to Tamara Billie, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Branch of Cultural Resources Management, 1001 Indian School Road NW, Mailbox 44, Albuquerque, NM 87104, email tamara.billie@bia.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the BIA, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in its inventory or related records. The

National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

Human remains representing, at least three individuals have been identified. The three associated funerary objects are one grass saw, one abalone pendant, and one lot of beads. These human remains and associated funerary objects were removed from archaeological site LA 2605 in La Plata County, Colorado, in 1953. This site is also known as the Ignacio Site, the Ignacio Field Camp, or Colorado site number 5LP291. The excavation of this site was conducted as part of a larger natural gas pipeline installation project for the El Paso Natural Gas Company between the years 1950–1953. LA 2605 specifically was to be the site of a warehouse and staff residences. Archaeologists visited the site after construction had already begun and salvaged what material they could. They determined that this site consisted of a series of above-ground house structures and numerous multi-purpose pits that served as cooking, refuse disposal, and burial sites. Archaeologists estimated the site LA 2605 dates tentatively to Basketmaker II (1000 BCE–CE 500) based on resident structures but had not conducted any absolute dating analyses. Materials from this pipeline project were sent to the Museum of New Mexico or the Museum of Northern Arizona. The site's collections have remained with the Museum of New Mexico, now represented by the Museum of Indian Arts & Culture, since excavation. Human remains loaned to the Maxwell Museum of Anthropology in the 1970s were returned in 2004. In May and June 2025, the BIA and the Museum of Indian Arts & Culture consulted Southern Ute Indian Tribe Representatives and determined geographic cultural affiliation with the Tribe. The remains were treated with a preservative for handling; no known hazardous substances were used on the remains or associated funerary objects.

Cultural Affiliation

Based on the information available and the results of consultation, cultural affiliation is reasonably identified by the geographical location or acquisition history of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice.

Determinations

The BIA has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of three individuals of Native American ancestry.

- The three objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.

- There is a connection between the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice and the Southern Ute Indian Tribe of the Southern Ute Reservation, Colorado.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization with cultural affiliation.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after November 9, 2026. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the BIA must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The BIA is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice and any other consulting parties.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: September 30, 2026.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2026–20573 Filed 10–7–26; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[N7548; NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–NPS0043915; PPWOCRADN0–PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Intended Disposition: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Omaha District, Pierre, SD

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Omaha District intends to carry out the disposition of human remains removed from Federal or Tribal lands to the lineal descendants, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization with priority for disposition in this notice.

DATES: Disposition of the human remains in this notice may occur on or after November 9, 2026. If no claim for disposition is received by October 8, 2027, the human remains in this notice will become unclaimed human remains.

ADDRESSES: Send written claims for disposition of the human remains in this notice to Megan Ernst, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Omaha District, Oahe Project, 28563 Powerhouse Road, Pierre, SD 57501, email megan.m.ernst@usace.army.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Omaha District. The National Park Service is not responsible for the identifications in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

Based on the information available, human remains representing, at least 14 individuals have been reasonably identified in Campbell and Walworth Counties, South Dakota. No associated or unassociated funerary objects, sacred objects or objects of cultural patrimony were located.

Determinations

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Omaha District has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of 14 individuals of Native American ancestry.

- The Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation, North Dakota have priority for disposition of the human remains described in this notice.

Claims for Disposition

Written claims for disposition of the human remains in this notice must be sent to the appropriate official identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. If no claim for disposition is received by October 8, 2027, the human remains in this notice will become unclaimed human remains. Claims for disposition may be submitted by: