

and Compliance, filed electronically via ACCESS by 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time within 30 days after the date of publication of this notice. Requests should contain: (1) the party's name, address, and telephone number; (2) the number of participants, and whether any participant is a foreign national; and (3) a list of issues to be discussed. Oral presentations at the hearing will be limited to issues raised in the briefs. If a request for a hearing is made, Commerce will inform parties of the scheduled date for the hearing.¹²

Assessment Rates

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(A) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), Commerce will determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with the final results of this review. If Sucroal's weighted-average dumping margin is not zero or *de minimis* (i.e., less than 0.50 percent) in the final results of this review, Commerce intends to calculate importer-specific assessment rates on the basis of the ratio of the total amount of dumping calculated for each importer's examined sales to the total entered value of those sales. Where we do not have entered values for all U.S. sales to a particular importer, we will calculate an importer-specific, per-unit assessment rate on the basis of the ratio of the total amount of dumping calculated for the importer's examined sales to the total quantity of those sales.¹³ To determine whether an importer-specific, per-unit assessment rate is *de minimis*, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.106(c)(2), we also will calculate an importer-specific *ad valorem* ratio based on estimated entered values. If Sucroal's weighted-average dumping margin is zero or *de minimis* or where an importer-specific *ad valorem* assessment rate is zero or *de minimis*, we will instruct CBP to liquidate appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.¹⁴

In accordance with Commerce's "automatic assessment" practice, for entries of subject merchandise during the POR produced by Sucroal for which it did not know that the merchandise was destined for the United States, we intend to instruct CBP to liquidate those entries at the all-others rate calculated

in the less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction.¹⁵

If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (i.e., within 90 days of publication).

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for the company listed above will be that established in the final results of this review, except if the rate is less than 0.50 percent and, therefore, *de minimis* within the meaning of 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1), in which case the cash deposit rate will be zero; (2) for previously investigated or reviewed companies not covered by this review, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific cash deposit rate published for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding in which the company participated; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, or the LTFV investigation, but the manufacturer is, then the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recent segment for the manufacturer of the merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other manufacturers or exporters will continue to be 28.48 percent.¹⁶ These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers

This notice also serves as a preliminary reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

¹⁵ For a full discussion of this practice, see *Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Assessment of Antidumping Duties*, 68 FR 23954 (May 6, 2003).

¹⁶ See *Order*.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing these preliminary results of review in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(4).

Dated: October 7, 2026.

Scot Fullerton,

Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the *Order*
- IV. Application of Facts Available and Use of Adverse Inference
- V. Discussion of the Methodology
- VI. Currency Conversion
- VII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2026–21291 Filed 10–16–26; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[C–533–955]

Perfluoroalkoxy Alkane From India: Postponement of Preliminary Determination in the Countervailing Duty Investigation

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

DATES: Applicable October 19, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Hannah Lee at (202) 482–1216 or Patrick Barton at (202) 482–0012, AD/CVD Operations, Office VIII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On August 25, 2026, the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) initiated a countervailing duty (CVD) investigation of imports of perfluoroalkoxy alkane (PFA) from India.¹ Currently, the preliminary determination is due no later than October 29, 2026.

Postponement of Preliminary Determination

Section 703(b)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), requires

¹ See *Perfluoroalkoxy Alkane from India: Initiation of Countervailing Duty Investigation*, 91 FR 56110 (September 1, 2026) (*Initiation Notice*).

¹² See 19 CFR 351.310(d).

¹³ See 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1).

¹⁴ See 19 CFR 351.106(c)(2); see also *Antidumping Proceeding: Calculation of the Weighted-Average Dumping Margin and Assessment Rate in Certain Antidumping Proceedings: Final Modification*, 77 FR 8101, 8103 (February 14, 2012).

Commerce to issue the preliminary determination in a countervailing duty investigation within 65 days after the date on which Commerce initiated the investigation. However, section 703(c)(1) of the Act permits Commerce to postpone the preliminary determination until no later than 130 days after the date on which Commerce initiated the investigation if: (A) the petitioner² makes a timely request for a postponement; or (B) Commerce concludes that the parties concerned are cooperating, that the investigation is extraordinarily complicated, and that additional time is necessary to make a preliminary determination. Under 19 CFR 351.205(e), the petitioner must submit a request for postponement 25 days or more before the scheduled date of the preliminary determination and must state the reasons for the request. Commerce will grant the request unless it finds compelling reasons to deny the request.

On October 2, 2026, the petitioner submitted a timely request that Commerce postpone the preliminary CVD determination.³ The petitioner stated that it requests postponement because the questionnaire response deadlines for the respondent and the Government of India fall within two weeks of the current preliminary determination deadline, precluding Commerce from incorporating rebuttal factual information or arguments into its determination.⁴ Furthermore, additional time will be necessary for Commerce to analyze the questionnaire responses and issue supplemental questionnaires prior to the preliminary determination.⁵

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.205(e), the petitioner has stated the reasons for requesting a postponement of the preliminary determination, and Commerce finds no compelling reason to deny the request. Therefore, in accordance with section 703(c)(1)(A) of the Act, Commerce is postponing the deadline for the preliminary determination to no later than 130 days after the date on which this investigation was initiated, *i.e.*, January 4, 2027.⁶ Pursuant to section 705(a)(1) of

the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(b)(1), the deadline for the final determination of this investigation will continue to be 75 days after the date of the preliminary determination.

This notice is issued and published pursuant to section 703(c)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.205(f)(1).

Dated: October 13, 2026.

Scot Fullerton,

Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.

[FR Doc. 2026–21276 Filed 10–16–26; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[C–570–224]

Truck Bed Covers From the People's Republic of China: Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that countervailable subsidies are being provided to producers and exporters of truck bed covers from the People's Republic of China (China) during the period of investigation (POI), January 1, 2025, through December 31, 2025.

DATES: Applicable October 19, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Suresh Maniam and Mei Bradford, AD/CVD Operations, Office I, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0176 and (202) 482–0197, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On July 31, 2026, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the *Preliminary Determination* of the countervailing duty investigation of truck bed covers from China and invited comments from interested parties.¹

For a complete description of the events that followed the *Preliminary Determination* and a full discussion of the issues raised by parties for this final determination, *see* the Issues and

Decision Memorandum.² The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/frnotices>.

Scope of the Investigation

The product covered by this investigation is truck bed covers from China. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, *see* Appendix I.

Scope Comments

During the course of this investigation, Commerce received a scope comment from an interested party. Commerce issued a Preliminary Scope Determination to address the comment and set aside a period of time for interested parties to address scope issues in scope-specific case and rebuttal briefs.³ Comments regarding the Preliminary Scope Determination are due after the deadline for this final determination.⁴ As such, Commerce has not modified the scope language as it appeared in the *Initiation Notice* for the final determination.

Verification

Consistent with section 782(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), Commerce conducted on-site verifications of the subsidy information reported by Changzhou Sunwood International Trading Co., Ltd. (Sunwood) and Hangzhou Golden Sun Auto Parts Co., Ltd. (Golden Sun) in September 2026. We used standard verification procedures, including an examination of relevant sales, accounting records and original source documents provided by the respondents.⁵

² See Memorandum, “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Affirmative Determination in the Countervailing Duty Investigation of Truck Bed Covers from the People's Republic of China,” dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

³ See Memorandum, “Less-Than-Fair-Value and Countervailing Duty Investigations of Truck Bed Covers from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Scope Determination Memorandum,” dated September 23, 2026 (Preliminary Scope Determination).

⁴ *Id.*

⁵ See Memorandum, “Verification of Hangzhou Golden Sun Auto Parts Co., Ltd.'s Questionnaire Responses,” dated September 17, 2026; *see also* Memorandum, “Verification of Changzhou

Continued

² The petitioner is The Chemours Company.

³ See Petitioner's Letter, “Petitioner's Request to Extend the Preliminary Determination,” dated October 2, 2026.

⁴ *Id.*

⁵ *Id.*

⁶ Postponing the preliminary determination to 130 days after initiation would place the deadline on Saturday, January 2, 2027. Commerce's practice dictates that where a deadline falls on a weekend or federal holiday, the appropriate deadline is the next business day. *See Notice of Clarification: Application of “Next Business Day” Rule for Administrative Determination Deadlines Pursuant*

to the Tariff Act of 1930, As Amended, 70 FR 24533 (May 10, 2005).

¹ See *Truck Bed Covers from China: Preliminary Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination*, 91 FR 48367 (July 31, 2026) (*Preliminary Determination*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).