

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Docket ID: FEMA–2026–0430; OMB No. 1660–0083]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review, Comment Request; Application for Community Disaster Loan (CDL) Program

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: 30-Day notice of revision and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) will submit the information collection abstracted below to the Office of Management and Budget for review and clearance in accordance with the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. FEMA invites the general public to take this opportunity to comment on a revision of a currently approved information collection. In accordance with the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, this notice seeks comments concerning the Community Disaster Loan (CDL) Program. This collection allows the Federal Government to make loans to local governments that have suffered economic problems due to disasters.

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before November 20, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Requests for additional information or copies of the information collection should be made to Director, Information Management Division, 500 C Street SW, Washington, DC 20472, email address FEMA-Information-Collections-Management@fema.dhs.gov or Martha Castro, Section Chief, Program Support and Monitoring Branch, Public Assistance Division, 202–701–4023, or Martha.Castro@fema.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The information collection is required for Community Disaster Loan (CDL) Program eligibility determinations, CDL

management, and compliance with other Federal laws and regulations. The CDL Program is authorized by Section 417 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, Public Law 93–288, as amended, 88 Stat. 143 (42 U.S.C. 5184) and implementing regulations at 44 CFR part 206, subpart K. FEMA may make a CDL to any local government which has suffered a substantial loss of tax or other revenues as a result of a major disaster or emergency and which demonstrates a need for Federal financial assistance to perform its governmental functions.

The CDL must be justified on the basis of need and be based on the actual and projected expenses, as a result of the disaster, for the fiscal year in which the disaster occurred and the three succeeding fiscal years. FEMA has the authority to cancel repayment of all or part of these CDLs to the extent that a determination is made that revenues of the local government during the three fiscal years following the disaster are insufficient to meet the operating budget of that local government because of disaster related revenue losses and additional unreimbursed disaster-related municipal operating expenses.

This proposed information collection previously published in the **Federal Register** on August 4, 2026, at 91 FR 49435 with a 60-day public comment period. FEMA received one comment. The commenter expressed concern about the removal of Part III the Community Disaster Loan Promissory Note, asserting its practical utility for maintaining reliable cash-flow projections for Federal direct loans. FEMA is replacing the speculative, nonbinding projected disbursement schedule with a practical, real-time assessment of actual financial need at the time each loan draw is requested. This updated process prevents local governments from incurring unnecessary interest expenses by ensuring funds are borrowed only when current revenues cannot meet operating obligations. Additionally, this change strengthens the stewardship of Federal funds and improves administrative utility without impacting required credit-subsidy cash-flow forecasting or changing the information collection burden. The purpose of this notice is to notify the public that FEMA will submit the information collection abstracted below to the Office of Management and Budget for review and clearance. This 30-day notice updates the type of information collection that was previously published in the 60-day notice as Extension, with a minor change to Revision of a currently approved information collection.

Collection of Information

Title: Application for Community Disaster Loan (CDL) Program.

Type of Information Collection: Revision of a currently approved information collection.

OMB Number: 1660–0083.

FEMA Forms: FEMA Form-104–FY–22–223 (formerly 090–0–1), Certification of Eligibility for Community Disaster Loans; FEMA Form-104–FY–22–224 (formerly 116–0–1), Promissory Note; FEMA Form-104–FY–22–225 (formerly 085–0–1), Local Government Resolution—Collateral Security; FEMA Form-104–FY–22–226 (formerly 112–0–3C), Certifications Regarding Lobbying, Debarment, Suspension and Other Responsibility Matters, and Drug-Free Workplace Requirements; FEMA Form-104–FY–22–227 (formerly 009–0–15), Application for Loan Cancellation.

Abstract: The loan package for the CDL Program provides local governments that have suffered substantial loss of tax or other revenues as a result of a major disaster, the opportunity to obtain financial assistance in order to perform their governmental functions. The loan must be justified on the basis of need and disaster-related expenses.

Affected Public: Local, U.S. Territory, or Tribal Government.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 260.

Estimated Number of Responses: 260.

Estimated Total Annual Burden

Hours: 552.

Estimated Total Annual Respondent Cost: \$29,990.

Estimated Respondents’ Operation and Maintenance Costs: 0.

Estimated Respondents’ Capital and Start-Up Costs: 0.

Estimated Total Annual Cost to the Federal Government: \$80,961.

Comments

Comments may be submitted as indicated in the **ADDRESSES** caption above. Comments are solicited to (a) evaluate whether the proposed data collection is necessary for the proper performance of the Agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) evaluate the accuracy of the Agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other

technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Nigel S. Allicock,

Records Management Branch Chief, Office of the Chief Administrative Officer, Mission Support, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Department of Homeland Security.

[FR Doc. 2026–21497 Filed 10–20–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111–24–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Docket ID: FEMA–2026–0463; OMB No. 1660–0100]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; General Admissions Applications (Long and Short) and Stipend Forms

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: 30-Day notice of extension and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public to take this opportunity to comment on an extension, without change, of a currently approved information collection. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, this notice seeks comments concerning the admission applications and student stipend agreements for FEMA courses and programs that are delivered on-campus and throughout the Nation, in coordination with state and local training officials and local colleges and universities.

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before November 20, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Smiley White, Supervisory Program Specialist, United States Fire Administration, 301–447–1055. You may contact the Information

Management Division for copies of the proposed collection of information at email address: FEMA-Information-Collections-Management@fema.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: FEMA offers courses and programs that are delivered at National Emergency Training Center (NETC) in Emmitsburg, Maryland, the Center for Domestic Preparedness (CDP) in Anniston, Alabama, and throughout the Nation in coordination with state and local training officials and local colleges and universities to carry out the authorities listed below. To facilitate meeting these requirements, FEMA collects information necessary to be accepted for courses and for the student stipend or travel reimbursement program for these courses. There are several organizations within FEMA that deliver training and education in support of the FEMA mission.

The authorities under which FEMA delivers this training are as follows:

1. Section 7 of the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974, Public Law 93–498, 88 Stat. 1535, as amended (15 U.S.C. 2206), established the National Fire Academy (NFA) to advance the professional development of fire service personnel and of other individuals engaged in fire prevention and control activities.

2. Section 611(f) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Stafford Act), Public Law 93–288, as amended, 88 Stat. 143 (42 U.S.C. 5196(f)), authorizes FEMA to conduct or arrange, by contract or otherwise, for training programs for the instruction of emergency preparedness officials and other persons in the organization, operation, and techniques of emergency preparedness; conduct or operate schools or classes, including the payment of travel expenses, in accordance with subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, and the Standardized Government Travel Regulations, and per diem allowances, in lieu of subsistence for trainees in attendance or the furnishing of subsistence and quarters for trainees and instructors on terms prescribed by FEMA; and provide instructors and training aids as deemed necessary. This training is conducted through the National Disaster and Emergency Management University (NDEMU) (formerly known as the Emergency Management Institute).

3. Title XIV of the National Defense Authorization Act of 1997, Public Law 104–201, 110 Stat. 2432 (53 U.S.C. 2301 note); Title I of the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies

Appropriations Act of 1998, Public Law 105–119; Sections 403 and 430 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, Public Law 107–296, 116 Stat. 2135 (6 U.S.C. 203, 238); and Section 611 of the Post-Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006, Public Law 109–295, 120 Stat. 1355, all authorize CDP to serve as a training facility for all relevant Federally-supported training efforts that target state, local and tribal law enforcement, firefighters, emergency medical personnel, and other key agencies such as public works and state, local and tribal emergency management. The focus of the training is to prepare relevant state, local and tribal officials to deal with chemical, biological, or nuclear terrorist acts and handle incidents dealing with hazardous materials.

4. Section 1204 of the Implementing Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007, Public Law 110–53, 121 Stat. 386 (6 U.S.C. 1102) established a National Domestic Preparedness Consortium within the Department of Homeland Security. The Consortium is mandated to identify, test, and deliver training to State, local, and tribal emergency response providers, provide on-site and mobile training at the performance, management, and planning levels, and facilitate the delivery of training by the training partners of the Department.

5. Consistent with requirements under Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Appendix C Respirator Medical Evaluation Questionnaire (29 CFR 1910.134, Respiratory Protection) in any workplace where respirators are necessary to protect the health of the employee or whenever respirators are required by the employer, the employer shall establish and implement a written respiratory protection program with worksite-specific procedures. The program shall be updated as necessary to reflect those changes in workplace conditions that affect respirator use. The employer shall include in the program the following provision, 29 CFR 1910.134(c)(1)(ii), Medical evaluations of employees required to use respirators.

Under the authorities of Executive Orders 12127 and 12148, the Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency, is responsible for carrying out the mandates of the public laws mentioned above.

This proposed information collection previously published in the **Federal Register** on August 7, 2026, at 91 FR 51179 with a 60-day public comment period. FEMA received three public comments, one of which was outside the scope of this request. The