

(Authority: 13 CFR 123.3(b).)

James Stallings,

Associate Administrator, Office of Disaster Recovery.

[FR Doc. 2026–22053 Filed 10–28–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8026–09–P

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration #21995 and #21996; INDIANA Disaster Number IN–20025]

Administrative Declaration of a Disaster for the State of Indiana

AGENCY: U.S. Small Business Administration.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This is notice of an Administrative declaration of a disaster for the state of Indiana dated October 26, 2026.

Incident: Severe Storms and Flooding.

DATES: Issued on October 26, 2026.

Incident Period: September 17, 2026.

Physical Loan Application Deadline Date: December 28, 2026.

Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date: July 26, 2027.

ADDRESSES: Visit the MySBA Loan Portal at <https://lending.sba.gov> to apply for a disaster assistance loan.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Shaquille Lewis, Office of Disaster Recovery, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street SW, Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416, (202) 205–6734.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given as a result of the Administrator's disaster declaration, applications for disaster loans may be submitted online using the MySBA Loan Portal <https://lending.sba.gov> or in person at other locally announced locations. For further assistance please contact the SBA disaster assistance customer service center by email at disastercustomerservice@sba.gov or by phone at 1–800–659–2955. If you are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability, please dial 7–1–1 to access telecommunications relay services.

The following areas have been determined to be adversely affected by the disaster:

Primary County: Wells.
Contiguous Counties:

Indiana: Adams, Allen, Blackford, Grant, Huntington, Jay.

The Interest Rates are:

	Percent
For Physical Damage:	
Homeowners with Credit Available Elsewhere	6.000
Homeowners without Credit Available Elsewhere	3.000
Businesses with Credit Available Elsewhere	8.000
Businesses without Credit Available Elsewhere	4.000
Private Non-Profit Organizations with Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625
Private Non-Profit Organizations without Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625
For Economic Injury:	
Business and Small Agricultural Cooperatives without Credit Available Elsewhere	4.000
Private Non-Profit Organizations without Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625

The number assigned to this disaster for physical damage is 219956 and for economic injury is 219960.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number 59008)

(Authority: 13 CFR 123.3(b).)

James Stallings,

Associate Administrator, Office of Disaster Recovery.

[FR Doc. 2026–22045 Filed 10–28–26; 8:45 am]

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SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

[Docket No: SSA–2026–1189]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Comment Request

The Social Security Administration (SSA) publishes a list of information collection packages requiring clearance by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with Public Law 104–13, the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, effective October 1, 1995. This notice includes revisions of OMB-approved information collections.

SSA is soliciting comments on the accuracy of the agency's burden estimate; the need for the information; its practical utility; ways to enhance its quality, utility, and clarity; and ways to

minimize burden on respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Mail, email, or fax your comments and recommendations on the information collection(s) to the OMB Desk Officer and SSA Reports Clearance Officer at the following addresses or fax numbers.

(OMB) Office of Management and Budget, Attn: Desk Officer for SSA

(SSA) Social Security Administration, OLCA, Attn: Reports Clearance Director, Mail Stop 3253 Altmeyer, 6401 Security Blvd., Baltimore, MD 21235, Fax: 833–410–1631, Email address: OR.Reports.Clearance@ssa.gov

Or you may submit your comments online through <https://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain> by clicking on Currently under Review—Open for Public Comments and choosing to click on one of SSA's published items. Please reference Docket ID Number [SSA–2026–1189] in your submitted response.

SSA submitted the information collections below to OMB for clearance. To be sure OMB and SSA consider your comments regarding these information collections, we must receive them no later than November 30, 2026. Individuals can obtain copies of the OMB clearance packages by writing to the OR.Reports.Clearance@ssa.gov.

1. Statement of Income and Resources—20 CFR 416.207, 416.302–416.310, 416.704, 416.708, and 416.1160–0960–0124. SSA collects information about income and resources for Supplemental Security Income (SSI) claims and redeterminations on the SSA–8010–BK from third party individuals (e.g., parents, spouses, guardians, or other individuals typically in the role of representative payee) who support the SSI applicant or recipient. SSA uses the information from the SSA–8010–BK to make initial or continuing eligibility determinations for SSI claimants or recipients who are subject to deeming. The respondents are third party individuals who support SSI claimants or recipients, and whose income and resources SSA may deem (consider to be available as their own) to SSI applicants or recipients.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB-approved information collection.

Method of completion	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated total annual burden (hours)	Average theoretical hourly cost amount (dollars)*	Average wait time in field office or for teleservice centers (minutes)**	Total annual opportunity cost (dollars)***
SSA–8010–BK (Intranet)	1,855,340	1	20	618,447	*\$33.54	** 11	\$32,151,209

Method of completion	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated total annual burden (hours)	Average theoretical hourly cost amount (dollars) *	Average wait time in field office or for teleservice centers (minutes) **	Total annual opportunity cost (dollars) ***
SSA-8010-BK (Paper)	61,380	1	20	20,460	* 33.54	** 11	*** 1,063,654
Totals	1,916,720			638,907			*** 33,214,863

* We based this figure on an average U.S. citizen's hourly salary (\$33.54), as reported by Bureau of Labor Statistics data (Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics).

** We based this 11-minute figure on average October 2026 wait times (specifically, the arithmetic mean of a 20-minute field-office wait time and a 1-minute wait time for a call to be picked up automatically by our systems and then routed to an SSA technician. Both the 20-minute and 1-minute figures are themselves averages captured by management information data and posted on our public-facing website, Social Security performance | SSA. As the figures fluctuate, the actual wait times may differ slightly from the averages reported here. We will update these figures periodically to reflect the most accurate available data.

*** This figure does not represent actual costs that SSA is imposing on individuals; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the information collection. *There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the information collection.*

2. Waiver of Your Right to Personal Appearance before a Judge—20 CFR 404.930, 404.948(b)(1)(i), 404.957, 416.1430, 416.1448(b)(1)(i), and 416.1457—0960-0284. Applicants for Social Security, Old Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) benefits and SSI payments have the statutory right to personally appear (either on their own or through a representative) and present evidence about their claims at a hearing before a judge. Per SSA regulations, if a claimant is dissatisfied with a determination or decision listed in 20 CFR 404.930 or 416.1430, the claimant may request a hearing before a judge and has a right to appear at a hearing before a judge. At a hearing, claimants have the right to present evidence; have witnesses testify on their behalf; and present their cases to the

judge. A hearing may provide the judge with additional information to make a more informed decision on the case. However, in some cases, claimants may choose to waive their right to appear before a judge for various reasons, including if they feel the evidence of record stands on its own, or if they are unable to attend a hearing due to extenuating circumstances. When a claimant chooses to waive the right to appear at a hearing and allows the judge to decide the case based on the written evidence of record alone, we ask the claimant to submit this request to us in writing so we can document it in their record. While SSA will accept a written request, we also allow claimants to use Form HA-4608 to serve as a written waiver for the claimant's right to a personal appearance before a judge. The

claimant may complete the paper version of the HA-4608 and mail it back to SSA using the pre-paid envelope SSA sends with it, or the claimant may choose to complete the submittable PDF version of the HA-4608 through SSA's Upload Documents Portal (OMB No. 0960-0830) on SSA's website. The judge uses the information we collect on Form HA-4608 to continue processing the case and makes the completed form a part of the documentary evidence of record by placing it in the official record of the proceedings as an exhibit. Respondents are applicants or claimants for OASDI and SSI, or their representatives, who request to waive their right to appear before a judge.

Type of Request: Revision of an approved-OMB information collection.

Method of completion	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated total annual burden (hours)	Average theoretical hourly cost amount (dollars) *	Total annual opportunity cost (dollars) **
HA-4608 (Paper Version)	4,132	1	5	344	* \$14.27	** \$4,909
HA-4608 (Upload Documents Version)	1,483	1	5	124	* 14.27	** 1,769
Totals	5,615			468		** 6,678

* We based this figure on average disability payments (\$14.27) based on SSA's current FY 2026 data (Effect of COLA on Average Social Security Benefits).

** This figure does not represent actual costs that SSA is imposing on individuals; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the information collection. *There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the information collection.*

3. Request for Change in Time/Place of Disability Hearing—20 CFR 404.91(c)(2) and 416.1414(c)(2)—0960-0348. At the request of the claimants or their representatives, SSA schedules evidentiary hearings at the reconsideration level for claimants of Title II benefits or Title XVI payments

when we deny their claims for disability. When claimants or their representatives find they are unable to attend the scheduled hearing, they complete Form SSA-769 to request a change in time or place of the hearing. SSA uses the information from the form as a basis for granting or denying

requests for changes and for rescheduling disability hearings. Respondents are claimants or their representatives who wish to request a change in the time or place of their reconsideration hearing.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB approved information collection.

Method of completion	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated total annual burden (hours)	Average theoretical hourly cost amount (dollars) *	Total annual opportunity cost (dollars) **
SSA-769	24,599	1	8	3,280	* \$14.27	** \$46,806

* We based this figure on average disability payments (\$14.27) based on SSA's current FY 2026 data (Effect of COLA on Average Social Security Benefits).

** This figure does not represent actual costs that SSA is imposing on individuals; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the information collection. *There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the information collection.*

4. Marital Relationship Questionnaire—20 CFR 416.1826—0960-0460. SSA uses Form SSA-4178, Marital Relationship Questionnaire, to determine if unrelated individuals of the opposite sex who live together are

presenting themselves as husband and wife. SSA needs this information to determine whether we are making correct payments to couples and individuals applying for, or currently receiving, Supplemental Security

Income (SSI) payments. The respondents are applicants for, and recipients of, SSI payments.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB-approved information collection.

Method of completion	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated total annual burden (hours)	Average theoretical hourly cost amount (dollars) *	Average wait time in field office (minutes) **	Total annual opportunity cost (dollars) ***
SSA-4178 (Paper)	3,331	1	5	278	* \$14.27	** 20	*** \$19,807
Technician Interview (via SSI Systems or CCE)	7,226	1	5	602	* 14.27	** 20	*** 42,967
SSA-4178 (Upload Documents)	426	1	5	36	* 14.27	N/A	*** 514
Totals	10,983			916			*** 63,288

* We based this figure on average disability payments (\$14.27) based on SSA's current FY 2026 data (Effect of COLA on Average Social Security Benefits).

** We based this figure on the average October 2026 wait time for field offices (20 minutes), as captured by SSA's current management information data. This figure is also posted on our public-facing website (Social Security performance | SSA). As the figures fluctuate, the wait times may be different on the website than they appear here. While we have included wait time for all respondents who complete the paper form, we note that respondents are not required to complete the form in person, and those who mail or drop off a completed form do not experience any wait time.

*** This figure does not represent actual costs that SSA is imposing on individuals; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the information collection. *There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the information collection.*

5. Employer Verification of Earnings After Death—20 CFR 404.821 and 404.822—0960-0472. When SSA records show a wage earner is deceased, and we receive wage reports from an employer for the wage earner for a year subsequent to the year of death, SSA mails the employer Form SSA-L4112

(Employer Verification of Earnings After Death). SSA uses the information provided on Form SSA-L4112 to verify that the wage information previously received from the employer is correct for the employee and the year in question (the year following the employee's death). This process helps

ensure the accuracy and integrity of earnings records. The respondents are employers who report wages for employees who have died.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB-approved information collection.

Method of completion	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated total annual burden (hours)	Average theoretical hourly cost amount (dollars) *	Total annual opportunity cost (dollars) **
SSA-L4112	27,304	1	20	9,101	* 33.54	** \$305,248

* We based this figure on an average U.S. citizen's hourly salary (\$33.54), as reported by Bureau of Labor Statistics data (Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics).

** This figure does not represent actual costs that SSA is imposing on individuals; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the information collection. *There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the information collection.*

6. Pain Report Child—20 CFR 404.1512 and 416.912—0960-0540. Before SSA can make a disability determination for a child, we require evidence from parents, guardians, or individuals who know the child well and observe their daily life and symptoms to prove their disability.

Form SSA-3371-BK provides disability interviewers, and SSI applicants or claimants in self-help situations, with a convenient way to record information claimants' pain or other symptoms. The State disability determination services adjudicators and judges use the information from Form SSA-3371-BK

to assess the effects of symptoms on function for purposes of determining disability under the Act. The respondents are parents, guardians, or individuals who know a child SSI applicant or recipient well.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB-approved information collection.

Method of completion	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated total annual burden (hours)	Average theoretical hourly cost amount (dollars) *	Average wait time in field office (minutes) **	Total annual opportunity cost (dollars) ***
SSA-3371	1,500	1	15	375	* \$23.91	** 20	*** \$20,921

* We based these figures on the combined average of both disability payments (\$14.27) based on SSA's current FY 2026 data (Effect of COLA on Average Social Security Benefits) and on the average U.S. worker's hourly wages (\$33.54), as reported by Bureau of Labor Statistics data (Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics).

** We based this figure on the average October 2026 wait time for field offices (20 minutes), as captured by SSA's current management information data. This figure is also posted on our public-facing website (Social Security performance | SSA). As the figures fluctuate, the wait times may be different on the website than they appear here. While we have included wait time for all respondents who complete the paper form, we note that respondents are not required to complete the form in person, and those who mail or drop off a completed form do not experience any wait time.

*** This figure does not represent actual costs that SSA is imposing on individuals; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the information collection. *There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the information collection.*

7. Wage Reports and Pension Information—20 CFR 422.122(b)—0960-0547. Pension plan administrators

annually file plan information with the Internal Revenue Service, which then forwards the information to SSA. SSA

maintains and organizes this information by plan number, plan participant's name, and Social Security

number. Per section 1131(a) of the Act, pension plan participants are entitled to request this information from SSA. The Wage Reports and Pension Information regulation, 20 CFR 422.122(b) of the

Code of Federal Regulations, stipulates that before SSA disseminates this information, the requestor must first submit a written request with identifying information to SSA. The

respondents are Social Security number holders who are requesting information about that pension plan from SSA.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB approved information collection.

Method of completion	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated total annual burden (hours)	Average theoretical hourly cost amount (dollars)*	Average teleservice answer time (minutes)**	Total annual opportunity cost (dollars)***
Requests for Pension Plan Information	178	1	30	89	*\$33.54	** 1	*** \$3,086

*We based this figure on an average U.S. citizen's hourly salary (\$33.54), as reported by Bureau of Labor Statistics data (Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics).

**We based this figure on the October 2026 answer times for the teleservice centers (1 minute, which represents the average time it takes for a call to be picked up automatically by our systems and then routed to an SSA technician). This figure reflects data from our systems and the data posted on our public facing website (Social Security performance | SSA) on the date we drafted this document. As the figures fluctuate, the wait times may be different on the website than they appear here.

***This figure does not represent actual costs that SSA is imposing on individuals; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the information collection. *There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the information collection.*

8. Work Incentives Planning and Assistance Program (WIPA) Star System, SSA-4565, and SSA-4566-0960-0629. As part of SSA's strategy to assist Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) beneficiaries and Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients who wish to return to work and achieve self-sufficiency, SSA established the Work Incentives Planning and Assistance (WIPA) program. This community-based, work incentive, planning and assistance project collects identifying claimant information via project sites and community work incentives coordinators (CWIC) through the WIPA Star System. SSA uses this information

to ensure proper management of the project, with particular emphasis on administration, budgeting, and training. SSA uses Form SSA-4565 (WIPA Intake Information) to collect data from SSDI beneficiaries and SSI recipients on background employment, training, benefits, and work incentives. CWICs use Form SSA-4566 (WIPA Notes) to create a case note to record actions taken for a beneficiary. In addition, CWIC managers use Form SSA-451 (WIPA Manager Report) to complete and submit a quarterly report to SSA. The CWICs primarily use the WIPA Star System that allows the CWIC to: (1) provide SSA with information provided

on Form SSA-4565, and additional information on beneficiaries served under the WIPA program; (2) manage their case notes for beneficiaries; (3) collect additional information not collected on Forms SSA-4565 and SSA-4566 which allows SSA to monitor WIPA grantee's performance and progress; and (4) allow the CWIC managers to complete and submit the SSA-451 quarterly report to SSA. The respondents are SSDI beneficiaries, SSI recipients, community project sites, and community work incentives coordinators.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB-approved information collection.

Method of completion	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Number of responses	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated total annual burden (hours)	Average theoretical hourly cost amount (dollars)*	Average wait time teleservice answer time (minutes)**	Total annual opportunity cost (dollars)***
SSA-4565 (Fields 1-20-SSI & SSDI Beneficiaries)	15,810	1	15,810	8	2,108	*\$14.27	** 1	*** \$33,848
SSA-4565 (Fields 21-63-SSI & SSDI Beneficiaries by phone)	+ 1	1	1	1	0	* 1	N/A	*** 1
SSA-4566 (WIPA staff)	+ 1	1	1	1	0	* 1	N/A	*** 1
Totals	15,812		15,812		2,110			*** 33,850

WIPA STAR SYSTEM

Method of completion	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Number of responses	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated total annual burden (hours)	Average theoretical hourly cost amount (dollars)*	Average wait time teleservice centers (minutes)**	Total annual opportunity cost (dollars)***
WIPA referral (SSI & SSDI beneficiaries)	5,190	1	5,190	8	692	*\$14.27	N/A	*** \$9,875
WIPA referral data input collected using the SSA-4565 (WIPA staff)	310	51	15,810	5	1,318	*35.23	N/A	*** 46,433
WIPA intake (SSI & SSDI beneficiaries)	21,000	1	21,000	17	5,950	* 14.27	N/A	*** 84,907
WIPA case notes (WIPA staff)	310	430	133,300	2	4,443	*35.23	N/A	*** 156,527
Task management (WIPA staff)	310	134	41,540	1	692	*35.23	N/A	*** 24,379
Service management (WIPA staff)	310	381	118,110	1	1,969	*35.23	N/A	*** 69,368
SSA-451-Quarterly Report (WIPA managers)	73	4	292	60	292	*42.73	N/A	*** 12,477
Totals	27,503		335,242		15,356			*** 403,966

WIPA STAR SYSTEM—Continued

Method of completion	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Number of responses	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated total annual burden (hours)	Average theoretical hourly cost amount (dollars) *	Average wait time teleservice centers (minutes) **	Total annual opportunity cost (dollars) ***
Grand Totals	43,315		351,054		17,464			*** 441,569

* We are placing a place holder for paper Forms SSA-4565 (Fields 21–63—SSI & SSDI Beneficiaries) and SSA-4566, as SSA only uses the paper versions of these forms as a backup collection instrument if the WIPA STAR system becomes unavailable. As such, we do not anticipate any respondents will use the PDF versions of these forms under normal circumstances, therefore, we are including a placeholder burden here.

* We based this figure on average disability payments (\$14.27) reflecting SSA's current FY 2026 data (Effect of COLA on Average Social Security Benefits), the Health Education Specialist (\$35.23) and Social Community Service Managers (\$42.73), as reported by Bureau of Labor Statistics data (Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics).

** We based this figure on the October 2026 answer times for the teleservice centers (1 minute, which represents the average time it takes for a call to be picked up automatically by our systems and then routed to an SSA technician). This figure reflects data from our systems and the data posted on our public facing website (Social Security performance | SSA) on the date we drafted this document. As the figures fluctuate, the wait times may be different on the website than they appear here.

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9. Internet Direct Deposit Application—31 CFR 210—0960–0634. SSA requires all applicants and recipients of Social Security OASDI benefits, or Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments to receive these benefits and payments via direct deposit, at a financial institution. SSA receives Direct Deposit/Electronic Funds Transfer (DD/EFT) enrollment

information from OASDI beneficiaries and SSI recipients to facilitate DD/EFT of their funds, with their chosen financial institution. We also use this information when an enrolled individual wishes to change their DD/EFT information. For the convenience of the respondents, we collect this information through several modalities, including an internet application, in-

office or telephone interviews, and our automated telephone system.

Respondents are OASDI beneficiaries and SSI recipients requesting that we enroll them in the Direct Deposit program or change their direct deposit banking information.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB-approved information collection.

Method of completion	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated total annual burden (hours)	Average theoretical hourly cost amount (dollars) *	Average wait time in field office or for teleservice centers (minutes) **	Total annual opportunity cost (dollars) ***
Internet Direct Deposit Application	4,608,177	1	16	1,228,847	* \$33.54	N/A	*** \$41,215,528
Non-Electronic Services (FO, 800#)	3,402,371	1	9	510,356	* 33.54	** 11	*** \$38,038,519
Totals	8,010,548			1,739,203			*** 79,254,047

* We based this figure on an average U.S. citizen's hourly salary (\$33.54), as reported by Bureau of Labor Statistics data (Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics).

** We based this 11-minute figure on average October 2026 wait times (specifically, the arithmetic mean of a 20-minute field-office wait time and a 1-minute wait time for a call to be picked up automatically by our systems and then routed to an SSA technician). Both the 20-minute and 1-minute figures are themselves averages captured by management information data and posted on our public-facing website, Social Security performance | SSA. As the figures fluctuate, the actual wait times may differ slightly from the averages reported here. We will update these figures periodically to reflect the most accurate available data.

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10. Notice to Electronic Information Exchange Partners to Provide Contractor List—0960–0820. The Federal standards Privacy Act of 1974; E-Government act of 2002; and the National Institute of Standards and Technology Special Publications 800–53–4, require SSA to maintain oversight of the information it provides to Electronic Information Exchange Partners (EIEPs). EIEPs obtain SSA data for the administration of federally funded and state-administered programs. SSA has a responsibility to monitor and protect the personally identifiable information SSA shares with other Federal and State agencies. EIEPs agree to comply with Electronic

Information Exchange security requirements and procedures for State and local Agencies exchanging electronic information with SSA. SSA's Technical Systems Security Requirements document provides that all agencies using SSA data must ensure SSA information is not processed; maintained; transmitted; or stored in; or by means of data communications channel; electronic devices; computers; or computer networks located in geographic or virtual areas not subject to U.S. law. SSA conducts tri-annual compliance reviews of all State and local agencies, and Tribes with whom we have an IEA, to verify appropriate

security safeguards remain in place to protect the confidentiality of information SSA supplies. SSA requires any organization with an electronic data exchange agreement to provide SSA with a current list of contractors, or agents who have access to SSA data upon request. SSA uses Form SSA-731, Notice to Electronic Information Exchange Partners to Provide Contractor List to collect the list of current contractors. The respondents are Federal agencies and State, local, or tribal agencies who exchange electronic information with SSA.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB approved information collection.

Method of completion	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated total annual burden (hours)	Average theoretical hourly cost amount (dollars) *	Total annual opportunity cost (dollars) **
SSA-731	300	1	20	100	* 33.54	** \$3,354

* We based this figure on an average U.S. worker's hourly wages (\$33.54), as reported by Bureau of Labor Statistics data (Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics).

** This figure does not represent actual costs that SSA is imposing on individuals; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the information collection. *There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the information collection.*

11. *State of Georgia's Criminal Justice Coordinating Council's (CJCC) Evaluation of the Implementation of the Supplemental Security Income (SSI)/ Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) Outreach, Access, and Recovery (SOAR) Model in County Jails—0960–0833.* SSA is in a cooperative agreement with the State of Georgia's Criminal Justice Coordinating Council (CJCC) to conduct an intervention and evaluation of the Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) Outreach, Access, and Recovery (SOAR) model in county jails with inmates with serious and persistent mental illness (SPMI) across the state. In addition to SSA, CJCC partnered with: (1) Applied Research Services (ARS), (2) the Georgia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities (DBHDD), and (3) four county jails to implement the program. For this intervention, investigators hypothesized that untreated mental illness and repeated psychiatric crises may be a factor in jail recidivism. Therefore, the ability for inmates with SPMI to receive SSI/SSDI and attendant insurance benefits may help them obtain treatment and thus help to mitigate their criminal

tendencies. This intervention connects respondents in four county jails identified as having SPMI to Medicaid Eligibility Specialists (MES) hired and trained by the Georgia DBHDD, who help them apply for SSI and SSDI. Respondents in two of the four counties (Fulton County Jail and Cobb County Jail) also have the option of working with a Forensic Peer Mentor (FPM), a formerly incarcerated individual who is familiar with resources that may help participants increase their quality-of-life post incarceration and avoid recidivism. SSA works with the two DBHDD MESs who are serving the participants over the total life of the project. To maximize the likelihood of the SSI/SSDI application approval, the MES employs the SOAR method, which uses in-depth medical and personal summaries of disability to facilitate the SSI/SSDI application process. Researchers collect data from participant surveys to evaluate and study the impact of the intervention. Through the data collected through these surveys, along with administrative data from SSA, the State of Georgia, participating counties, and DBHDD hope to address the following research questions:

- Does connection to a SOAR-trained specialist increase the likelihood that a

person with SPMI in jail will be approved for SSI/SSDI benefits?

- If a person with SPMI receives SSI/SSDI benefits, are they able to connect to treatment resources that they may not have been able to obtain before?
- If a person with SPMI connects to treatment resources and successfully engages with them, are they able to achieve mental health recovery and stay out of jail?

To date, we began the initial enrollment and informed consent phase of this intervention, and we are currently completing this stage. We also began the follow-up survey stage for the first set of enrollees in the intervention, and we will continue to administer the follow-up survey as needed through 2027 until we complete this phase with all the respondents.

The respondents are individuals with serious and persistent mental illness incarcerated in county jails in the state of Georgia.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB approved information collection.

The following chart shows the current burden information for the remaining information collections associated with this intervention:

Method of completion	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Average burden per response (minutes)	Estimated total annual burden (hours)	Average theoretical cost amount (dollars) *	Total annual opportunity cost (dollars) **
Initial Enrollment Survey (Paper)	+ 10	1	19	3	* \$ 14.27	** \$43
Informed Consent (Paper)	+ 10	1	10	2	* 14.27	** 28
Follow-up Survey (Internet or Telephone)	+ 60	1	23	23	* 14.27	** 328
Totals	+ 80			51		** 399

+ These figures reflect the remaining respondents for these information collections from the total respondents who are taking part in this intervention.

* We based this figure on average disability payments (\$14.27) based on SSA's current FY 2026 data (Effect of COLA on Average Social Security Benefits).

** This figure does not represent actual costs that SSA is imposing on individuals; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the information collection. *There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the information collection.*

Mark Steffensen,

General Counsel, Chief of Law, Policy and Legislative Affairs, Social Security Administration.

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice: 13158]

Notice of Determinations; Culturally Significant Objects Being Imported for Exhibition—Determinations: “The Holocaust: History. Memory. Responsibility.” Exhibition

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given of the following determinations: I hereby

determine that certain objects being imported from abroad pursuant to an agreement with their foreign owner or custodian for temporary display in the exhibition “The Holocaust: History. Memory. Responsibility.” by the Holocaust Legacy Foundation at its future Holocaust Museum Boston, in Boston, Massachusetts, and at possible additional exhibitions or venues yet to be determined, are of cultural