For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.[47]

Sherry R. Haywood,

Assistant Secretary.

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34–106763; File No. SR–LTSE–2026–26]

Self-Regulatory Organizations: Long-Term Stock Exchange, Inc.; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change To Amend Rule 11.280 Concerning the Resumption of Trading Following a Level 3 Market-Wide Circuit Breaker Halt

October 28, 2026.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 19(b)(1) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (''Act''),[1] and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,[2] notice is hereby given that on October 23, 2026, Long-Term Stock Exchange, Inc. (''LTSE'' or the ''Exchange'') filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (''Commission'') the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the self-regulatory organization. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange is filing with the Commission a proposed rule change to amend Rule 11.280 (''Market-Wide Circuit Breakers'') concerning the resumption of trading following a Level 3 market-wide circuit breaker halt in connection with the industry's expansion of trading hours to 23 hours per day, 5 days per week.

The text of the proposed rule change is available at the Exchange's website at *https://longtermstockexchange.com/* and at the principal office of the Exchange.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The self-regulatory organization has prepared summaries, set forth in Sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend Rule 11.280 (''Market-Wide Circuit Breakers'') concerning the resumption of trading following a Level 3 market-wide circuit breaker (''MWCB'') halt (''Level 3 Market Decline'') in connection with the industry's expansion of trading hours to 23 hours per day, 5 days per week (''23/5 Trading''). Some exchanges are planning to offer overnight trading,[3] and as a result, the uniform Level 3 Market Decline rules of each exchange are being modified, as explained further below.[4]

Background

The MWCB mechanism under Rule 11.280 provides an important, automatic mechanism that is invoked to promote stability and investor confidence during a period of significant stress when U.S. securities markets experience extreme broad-based declines. All U.S. equity exchanges and FINRA (collectively, the self-regulatory organizations or ''SROs'') adopted uniform rules relating to the MWCB mechanism in 2012, which are designed to slow the effects of extreme price movement through coordinated trading halts across U.S. securities markets when severe price declines reach levels that may exhaust market liquidity.[5] Such market-wide circuit breakers provide for trading halts in all U.S. cash equity and equities options markets during a severe market decline as measured by a single-day decline in the S&P 500 Index during regular trading hours.

Pursuant to Rule 11.280, a market-wide trading halt will be triggered if the S&P 500 Index declines in price by specified percentages from the prior day's closing price of that index. Currently, the triggers are set at three circuit breaker thresholds: 7% (Level 1), 13% (Level 2), and 20% (Level 3). A market decline that triggers a Level 1 or Level 2 halt after 9:30 a.m. ET and before 3:25 p.m. ET would halt market-wide trading for 15 minutes, while a similar market decline at or after 3:25 p.m. ET would not halt market-wide trading. If a Level 3 Market Decline occurs at any time during the trading day, trading in all stocks will halt on the Exchange for the remainder of the trading day, and will resume the following trading day at 4:00 a.m. ET.

Proposal

The Exchange now proposes to amend Rule 11.280 to reflect extended trading hours under 23/5 Trading. On December 6, 2026, several exchanges intend to offer new overnight trading sessions that would be available from 9:00 p.m. ET to 4:00 a.m. ET, increasing their hours of operation.

As discussed, consistent with the uniform rules in place across all SROs, current Rule 11.280(b)(2) provides that if a Level 3 Market Decline occurs at any time during the trading day, the Exchange shall halt trading in all stocks on the Exchange for the remainder of the trading day. Currently, that means that the earliest that any exchange would re-open trading after a Level 3 Market Decline is 4:00 a.m. ET the following day, since no SROs are open for trading before 4:00 a.m. ET.

Unless amended, when 23/5 Trading is launched, the current rule's reference to halting ''for the remainder of the trading day'' [6] would require SROs participating in 23/5 Trading to reopen trading at an earlier time, *i.e.,* 9:00 p.m. ET on the same calendar day, when those SROs' systems would generally become available for overnight trading. The Exchange does not believe that this is an expected or desired result and is therefore amending this rule in coordination with the other SROs such that trading on any SRO will not resume until 4:00 a.m. ET or later on the following trading day, consistent with current market practice. This proposed rule change is therefore not intended to make any substantive changes to the MWCB mechanism. Rather, the proposed rule change would preserve the current resumption time following a Level 3 Market Decline.

To effect this change, the Exchange proposes to delete the language in Rule 11.280(b)(2) that provides that trading in

[47] 17 CFR 200.30–3(a)(12).

[1] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

[2] 17 CFR 240.19b–4.

[3] *See, e.g.,* Securities Exchange Act Release No. 105532 (May 21, 2026), 91 FR 31509 (May 27, 2026) (SRNYSEARCA–2026–53) (''NYSE Arca 23/5 Trading Notice'').

[4] The Exchange does not intend to implement 23/5 Trading at this time.

[5] *See* Securities Exchange Act Release No. 67090 (May 31, 2012), 77 FR 33531 (June 6, 2012) (SR–BATS2011–038; SR–BYX–2011–025; SR–BX–2011–068; SR–CBOE–2011–087; SR–C2–2011–024; SR–CHX–2011–30; SR–EDGA–2011–31; SR–EDGX–2011–30; SR–FINRA–2011–054; SR–ISE–2011–61; SR–NASDAQ2011–131; SR–NSX–2011–11; SR–NYSE–2011–48; SR–NYSEAmex–2011–73; SR–NYSEArca–2011–68; SRPhlx–2011–129) (''MWCB Approval Order'').

[6] *See* Rule 11.280(b)(2).

all stocks will halt on the Exchange ''for the remainder of the trading day'' if a Level 3 Market Decline occurs at any time during the trading day, and replace it with new language that explicitly provides that trading in all stocks would halt on the Exchange until 4:00 a.m. ET or later on the following trading day.

Implementation

The Exchange plans to implement the proposed rule change on December 6, 2026, the date on which several exchanges intend to offer new overnight trading sessions that would be available from 9:00 p.m. ET to 4:00 a.m. ET.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with the provisions of Section 6 of the Act,[7] in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act,[8] in particular, in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in facilitating transactions in securities, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest.

The MWCB mechanism described in Rule 11.280 is an important, automatic mechanism that is invoked to promote stability and investor confidence during periods of significant stress when U.S. securities markets experience extreme broad-based declines. The proposed rule change, when applied uniformly by all SROs, would ensure that the current 4:00 a.m. ET resumption time following a Level 3 halt continues to apply under 23/5 Trading, notwithstanding current rule text implying that the resumption time would coincide with the start of overnight trading on SROs operating an overnight session.

Rather than leave the rule in place as is, which would result in an earlier resumption time than originally contemplated when the rule was adopted, the Exchange, the other U.S. equity exchanges, and FINRA met alongside industry representatives to determine the appropriate resumption time. Following those discussions, the collective decision was made to retain the 4:00 a.m. ET resumption time, notwithstanding the fact that an earlier resumption time would be possible with the introduction of 23/5 Trading. The proposed rule change codifies this decision into the Exchange's rules. The Exchange understands that the other SROs will also be filing similar proposed rule changes. As a result, the market as a whole, including on- and off-exchange, will continue to be subject to harmonized rules for the resumption of trading following a Level 3 Market Decline.

While the SROs had previously decided to tie the resumption time following a Level 3 halt to the earliest SRO opening time, the upcoming transition to 23/5 Trading raises various concerns that warrant a change from the current approach.

First, the Exchange notes that the MWCB mechanism was designed to provide a cooling-off period where market participants would be provided with additional time to evaluate the market events that led to the decline before determining how to position their trading activity for the next day. With the introduction of 23/5 Trading and the start of overnight trading on some SROs at 9:00 p.m. ET, however, this cooling-off period could be materially shortened, reducing one of the key benefits that the MWCB mechanism was designed to provide in the first place. Rather than shorten the cooling-off period and risk this benefit, the Exchange believes the market would be better served by a change to the length of the associated trading halt that mirrors current market practice. Under the proposed rule, as is the case today, after a Level 3 halt, all SROs would re-open trading at 4:00 a.m. ET or later, and no SRO would offer an overnight trading session starting on the day of a Level 3 halt.

Second, overnight trading may be subject to different liquidity and participation considerations than the current pre-market sessions that start at or after 4:00 a.m. ET. Notably, while retail investors have expressed interest in overnight trading, the Exchange expects that institutional investors will take more time to transition to a round-the-clock model. However, such institutional participation may be of heightened importance following a Level 3 halt, as these investors are likely to have views on the underlying market events that led to the Level 3 Market Decline in the first place. The Exchange is concerned that opening during hours that such participants do not normally trade may impact the quality of price discovery at a time of significant market volatility. Waiting until 4:00 a.m. ET to resume trading would facilitate broader participation and therefore price discovery.

Finally, the Exchange notes that the Commission recently approved an amendment to the Plan to Address Extraordinary Market Volatility (''LULD Plan'') that would establish new price protections from 9:00 p.m. ET to 4:00 a.m. ET.[9] While these price bands would help to assure a fair and orderly market during normal market conditions, it is possible that they would instead prevent normal price discovery following a Level 3 Market Decline. Rather than allowing trading to resume with such price bands in effect, which would represent a change from the current trading reopening following a Level 3 Market Decline, the Exchange believes that requiring SROs to wait until 4:00 a.m. ET or later to resume trading would ensure that price discovery can occur unimpeded during pre-market trading, as it does today, which may further inform prices going into the opening auction and regular market hours trading following a Level 3 halt.

Given the factors discussed above, the Exchange believes that trading in all securities on the Exchange should not resume before 4:00 a.m. ET on the trading day after a Level 3 halt. This decision, which the Exchange understands will also be reflected in the rules of the other SROs, would promote a fair and orderly market at a time of significant market volatility, and thereby protect investors and the public interest. In addition, while the actual Level 3 resumption time would not be changing in practice—as proposed, the current resumption time and future resumption time would both be 4:00 a.m. ET at the earliest—the Exchange believes that it is appropriate to amend its rules to ensure that its rules reflect the upcoming changes due to 23/5 Trading. Without this change, market participants may mistakenly believe that the Exchange intends for trading to re-open on overnight trading exchanges at 9:00 p.m. ET following a Level 3 halt. The proposed rule change would therefore facilitate operational transparency while providing for a fair and orderly market.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act because the proposal would ensure the continued, uninterrupted operation of a consistent mechanism to halt trading across U.S.

[7] 15 U.S.C. 78f.

[8] 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

[9] *See* Securities Exchange Act Release No. 106042 (August 5, 2026), 91 FR 51515 (August 10, 2026) (Order Granting Approval of the Twenty-Seventh Amendment to the National Market System Plan to Address Extraordinary Market Volatility to Establish Temporary Price Band Protections in Overnight Trading).

securities markets. Further, the Exchange understands that the other SROs intend to file proposed rule changes to ensure a consistent resumption time at 4:00 a.m. or later ET across markets. Thus, the proposed rule change will help to ensure consistency across

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

The Exchange neither solicited nor received comments on the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The foregoing rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(iii) [10] of the Act and Rule 19b–4(f)(6) [11] thereunder in that it effects a change that: (i) does not significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) does not impose any significant burden on competition; and (iii) by its terms, does not become operative for 30 days after the date of the filing, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate if consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest.

At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend the rule change if it appears to the Commission that the action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or would otherwise further the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission shall institute proceedings under Section 19(b)(2)(B) of the Act [12] to determine whether the proposed rule should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (*https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml*); or
- Send an email to *rule-comments@sec.gov.* Please include file number SR–LTSE–2026–26 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR–LTSE–2026–26. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (*https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml*). Copies of the filing will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–LTSE–2026–26 and should be submitted on or before November 23, 2026.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.[13]

Sherry R. Haywood,

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[OMB Control No. 3235–0745]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Extension: Rule 18a–5

Upon Written Request, Copies Available From: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of FOIA Services, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–2736

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (''PRA'') (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), the Securities and Exchange Commission (''Commission'') is soliciting comments on the existing collection of information provided for in Rule 18a–5, under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a *et seq.*). The Commission plans to submit this existing collection of information to the Office of Management and Budget (''OMB'') for extension and approval.

Rule 18a–5 enumerates the recordkeeping and reporting requirements for security-based swap dealers (''SBSDs'') and major security-based swap participants (''MSBSPs''). More specifically, Rule 18a–5 establishes recordkeeping requirements applicable to stand-alone SBSDs, stand-alone MSBSPs, bank SBSDs, and bank MSBSPs. Rule 18a–5 was modeled on Rule 17a–3 under the Exchange Act, which applies to broker-dealers, but Rule 18a–5 does not include a parallel requirement for every requirement in Rule 17a–3 because some of the requirements in Rule 17a–3 relate to activities that are not expected or permitted of SBSDs and MSBSPs. The collections of information under Rule 18a–5 include the following types of records that are required to be created: trade blotters, general ledger, ledgers for customers and non-customer accounts, stock record, memoranda of brokerage orders, memoranda of proprietary orders, confirmations, accountholder information, options positions, trial balances and computation of net capital, associated person's employment application, account equity and margin calculations under Rule 18a–3, possession or control requirements for security-based swap customers, customer reserve requirements for security-based swap customers, unverified transactions, political contributions, and compliance with business conduct requirements. The purpose of requiring stand-alone SBSDs, stand-alone MSBSPs, bank SBSDs, and bank MSBSPs to create the records specified in Rule 18a–5 is to enhance regulators' ability to protect investors. These records and the information contained therein are used by examiners and other representatives of the Commission to determine whether stand-alone SBSDs, stand-alone MSBSPs, bank SBSDs, and bank MSBSPs are in compliance with the Commission's anti-fraud and anti-manipulation rules, financial responsibility program, and other laws, rules, and regulations.

Not all types of records enumerated in Rule 18a–5 are required to be made by each of the entities to which Rule 18a–5 applies. For example, Rule 18a–5 requires thirteen types of records to be made and kept current by stand-alone

[10] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(iii).

[11] 17 CFR 240.19b–4(f)(6). In addition, Rule 19b–4(f)(6)(iii) requires a self-regulatory organization to give the Commission written notice of its intent to file a proposed rule change under that subsection at least five business days prior to the date of filing, or such shorter time as designated by the Commission. The Exchange has satisfied this requirement.

[12] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2)(B).

[13] 17 CFR 200.30–3(a)(12).