not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.,* within 90 days of publication).

**Cash Deposit Requirements**

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of the final results of this administrative review for shipments of the subject merchandise from China entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date, as provided by sections 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) for previously investigated or reviewed China and non-China exporters not covered by this review that received a separate rate in a prior segment of this proceeding, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the existing exporter-specific rate; (2) for all China exporters of subject merchandise that have not been found to be entitled to a separate rate, including Yantai Jintai, the cash deposit rate will be the existing rate for the China-wide entity of 59.72 percent; and (3) for all non-China exporters of subject merchandise which have not received their own rate, the cash deposit rate will be the rate applicable to the China exporter that supplied that non-China exporter. These deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

**Notification to Importers**

This notice also serves as a preliminary reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties, and/or an increase in the amount of antidumping duties by the amount of the countervailing duties.

**Notification to Interested Parties**

We are issuing and publishing these preliminary results of review in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(4).

Dated: November 2, 2026.

**Scot Fullerton,**

*Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.*

## Appendix

**Scope of the Order**

The merchandise covered by the *Order* is aluminum common alloy sheet (common alloy sheet), which is a flat-rolled aluminum product having a thickness of 6.3 mm or less, but greater than 0.2 mm, in coils or cut-to-length, regardless of width. Common alloy sheet within the scope of the *Order* includes both not clad aluminum sheet, as well as multi-alloy, clad aluminum sheet. With respect to not clad aluminum sheet, common alloy sheet is manufactured from a 1XXX-, 3XXX-, or 5XXX-series alloy as designated by the Aluminum Association. With respect to multi-alloy, clad aluminum sheet, common alloy sheet is produced from a 3XXX-series core, to which cladding layers are applied to either one or both sides of the core.

Common alloy sheet may be made to ASTM specification B209–14, but can also be made to other specifications. Regardless of specification, however, all common alloy sheet meeting the scope description is included in the scope. Subject merchandise includes common alloy sheet that has been further processed in a third country, including but not limited to annealing, tempering, painting, varnishing, trimming, cutting, punching, and/or slitting, or any other processing that would not otherwise remove the merchandise from the scope of the *Order* if performed in the country of manufacture of the common alloy sheet.

Excluded from the scope of these *Order* is aluminum can stock, which is suitable for use in the manufacture of aluminum beverage cans, lids of such cans, or tabs used to open such cans. Aluminum can stock is produced to gauges that range from 0.200 mm to 0.292 mm, and has an H–19, H–41, H–48, H–39, or H–391 temper. In addition, aluminum can stock has a lubricant applied to the flat surfaces of the can stock to facilitate its movement through machines used in the manufacture of beverage cans. Aluminum can stock is generally classifiable under Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheadings 7606.12.3045 and 7606.12.3055; however, the written description of aluminum can stock covered by the scope exclusion set forth above is dispositive, regardless of HTSUS classification.

Where the nominal and actual measurements vary, a product is within the scope if application of either the nominal or actual measurement would place it within the scope based on the definitions set for the above.

Common alloy sheet is currently classifiable under HTSUS subheadings 7606.11.3060, 7606.11.6000, 7606.12.3090, 7606.12.6000, 7606.91.3090, 7606.91.6080, 7606.92.3090, and 7606.92.6080. Further, merchandise that falls within the scope of the *Order* may also be entered into the United States under HTSUS subheadings 7606.11.3030, 7606.12.3030, 7606.91.3060, 7606.91.6040, 7606.92.3060, 7606.92.6040, 7607.11.9090. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of the *Order* is dispositive.

[FR Doc. 2026–22624 Filed 11–4–26; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

**[C–570–118]**

### Wood Mouldings and Millwork Products From the People's Republic of China: Rescission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review; 2025

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) is rescinding the administrative review of the countervailing duty order on wood mouldings and millwork products (millwork products) from the People's Republic of China (China) for the period of review January 1, 2025, through December 31, 2025.

**DATES:** Applicable November 5, 2026.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Brandon James or Joshua Nixon, AD/CVD Operations, Office VIII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–7472 or (202) 482–8361, respectively.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

## Background

On February 16, 2021, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the countervailing duty order on millwork products from China.[1] On February 2, 2026, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** a notice of opportunity to request an administrative review of the *Order* for the period of review January 1, 2025, through December 31, 2025.[2] We received timely requests for an administrative review from the Coalition of American Millwork Producers (CAMP or petitioner),[3] and five Chinese producers of subject merchandise: Bel Trade Wood Industrial

[1] *See Wood Mouldings and Millwork Products from the People's Republic of China: Countervailing Duty Order,* 86 FR 9484 (February 16, 2021) (*Order*).

[2] *See Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation; Opportunity To Request Administrative Review and Join Annual Inquiry Service List,* 91 FR 4500 (February 2, 2026).

[3] *See* CAMP's Letter, ''Request for Administrative Review,'' dated March 2, 2026.

Co., Ltd Youxi Fujian (Bel Trade), Baixing Import and Export Trading Co., Ltd Youxi Fujian, Fujian Hongjia Craft Products, Co., Ltd., Huaan Longda Wood Industry Co., Ltd, and Longquan Jiefeng Trade Co., Ltd. (Jiefeng) (collectively, Bel Trade *et al.*).[4] We initiated an administrative review with respect to 34 companies on March 31, 2026, in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act) and 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i).[5] On April 14, 2026, we placed on the record U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) data for the entries of millwork products from China during the POR and invited interested parties to comment.[6] No interested party submitted comments regarding the CBP data. On May 14, 2026, we selected Bel Trade Wood Industrial Co., and Zhangzhou Wangjiamei Industry and Trade Co., Ltd., as mandatory respondents in the administrative review.[7]

On June 29, 2026, the petitioner timely filed a withdrawal request with respect to 14 companies for which it requested an administrative review, and Bel Trade withdrew its request for an administrative review of itself.[8] On July 30, 2026, Commerce issued a memorandum of intent to rescind the administrative review with respect to 21 companies that had no suspended entries of subject merchandise in the CBP data during the POR and inviting interested parties to comment.[9] Commerce received no comments on the intent to rescind memorandum. On August 3, 2026, Bel Trade *et al.* submitted a letter notifying Commerce of an errata in its withdrawal of administrative review, stating that its rescission letter was intended to withdraw the review for all companies in its review request.[10]

On August 25, 2026, Commerce issued a memorandum noting that all companies requested for administrative review for the POR had either been withdrawn in entirety by requesting parties or did not have a suspended entry of subject merchandise during the POR. Commerce stated that we intended to rescind the administrative review in absence of any suspended entries during the POR from companies subject to the review for which all review requests were not withdrawn and invited interested parties to comment.[11] We received no comments from interested parties.

## Rescission of Administrative Review

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1), Commerce will rescind an administrative review, in whole or in part, if the party that requested a review withdraws its request within 90 days of the date of publication of the notice of initiation. On June 29, 2026, CAMP and Bel Trade *et al.* both submitted partial withdrawals of their respective review requests,[12] and Bel Trade *et al.* filed an errata to their review request to clarify a full withdrawal.[13] Accordingly, we are rescinding the review for the 14 companies for which all requests for review were withdrawn.[14]

Additionally, Commerce notified interested parties that, in the absence of suspended entries during the POR, we intended to rescind this administrative review with respect to the producers and/or exporters listed in Attachment II of this notice, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(3).[15] We received no comments from interested parties on this memorandum. Therefore, we find that there are no reviewable entries of subject merchandise for these 20 companies based on our review of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) data on the record.

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(3), it is Commerce's practice to rescind an administrative review of a countervailing duty order when Commerce concludes that there were no reviewable entries of subject merchandise during the POR for an exporter or producer.[16] Normally, upon completion of an administrative review, the suspended entries are liquidated at the countervailing duty assessment rate for the review period.[17] Therefore, for an administrative review to be conducted, there must be a reviewable, suspended entry that Commerce can instruct CBP to liquidate at the calculated countervailing duty assessment rate for the review period.[18] As noted above, there were no entries of subject merchandise during the POR from any of the companies remaining under review. Accordingly, in the absence of reviewable, suspended entries of subject merchandise during the POR, we are rescinding this administrative review, in its entirety, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1) and (3).

## Cash Deposit Requirements

As Commerce has proceeded to a final rescission of this administrative review, no cash deposit rates will change. Accordingly, the current cash deposit requirements shall remain in effect until further notice.

## Assessment

Commerce will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to assess countervailing duties on all appropriate entries at a rate equal to the cash deposit of estimated countervailing duties required at the time of entry, or withdrawal from warehouse, for consumption, during the period January 1, 2025, through December 31, 2025, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(c)(1)(i). Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**.

## Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice also serves as a final reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

[4] *See* Bel Trade *et al.'s* Letter, ''Request for Administrative Review,'' dated March 2, 2026.

[5] *See Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews,* 91 FR 15951 (March 31, 2026) (*Initiation Notice*).

[6] *See* Memorandum, ''Release of Customs Data from U.S. Customs and Border Protection,'' dated April 14, 2026.

[7] *See* Memorandum, ''Respondent Selection,'' dated May 14, 2026.

[8] *See* CAMP's Letter, ''Partial Withdrawal of Request for Administrative Review,'' dated June 29, 2026 (*CAMP's Withdrawal of Request*); *see also* Bel Trade *et al.'s* Letter, ''Withdrawal of Request for Administrative Review,'' dated June 29, 2026 (*Bel Trade et al.'s Withdrawal of Request*).

[9] *See* Memorandum, ''Notice of Intent to Rescind Review, In Part,'' dated July 30, 2026 (*First Notice of Intent to Rescind*).

[10] *See* Bel Trade *et al.'s* Letter, ''Errata to Withdrawal of Request for Administrative Review,'' dated August 3, 2026 (*Bel Trade et al.'s Errata to Withdrawal of Request*).

[11] *See* Memorandum, ''Correction to Previous Memoranda and Notice of Intent to Rescind Administrative Review,'' dated August 25, 2026 (*Intent to Rescind and Errata*).

[12] *See* CAMP's Withdrawal of Request; *see also* Bel Trade *et al.'s* Withdrawal of Request.

[13] *See* Bel Trade *et al.'s* Errata to Withdrawal of Request.

[14] *See* Appendix I for a list of companies for which all review requests were withdrawn.

[15] *See* First Notice of Intent to Rescind.

[16] *See, e.g., Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet From the People's Republic of China: Recission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review; 2025,* 91 FR 67283 (October 26, 2026); *see also Certain Carbon and Alloy Steel Cut-to-Length Plate From the Federal Republic of Germany: Rescission of Antidumping Administrative Review; 2020–2021,* 88 FR 4154 (January 24, 2023).

[17] *See* 19 CFR 351.212(b)(2).

[18] *See* 19 CFR 351.213(d)(3).

### Notification to Interested Parties

This notice is issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(l) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.213(d)(4).

Dated: November 2, 2026.

**Scot Fullerton,**

*Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.*

### Attachment I

**List of Companies For Which All Parties Withdrew Their Request for Administrative Review**

1. Anji Huaxin Bamboo & Wood Products Co., Ltd.
2. Bel Trade Wood Industrial Co.
3. Bel Trade Wood Industrial Co., Ltd. Youxi Fujian
4. Fotiou Frames Limited
5. Fujian Hongjia Craft Products Co., Ltd.
6. Fujian Jinquan Trade Co., Ltd.; Fujian Province Youxi County Baiyuan Wood Machining Co., Ltd.
7. Fujian Wangbin Decorative Material Co., Ltd.
8. Fujian Yinfeng Imp & Exp Trading Co., Ltd.; Fujian Province Youxi City Mangrove Wood Machining Co., Ltd.; Fujian Province Youxi City Mangrove Wood Machining Co., Ltd Youxi Xicheng Branch
9. Longquan Jiefeng Trade Co., Ltd.; Zhejiang Senya Board Industry Co., Ltd.
10. Nanping Huatai Wood & Bamboo Co., Ltd.
11. Putian Yihong Wood Industry Co., Ltd.
12. Sanming Lingtong Trading Co., Ltd.
13. Shuyang Kevin International Co., Ltd.
14. Zhangzhou Wangjiamei Industry & Trade Co., Ltd.

### Attachment II

**List of Companies Rescinded From the Administrative Review Due to No Suspended Entries of Subject Merchandise During the POR**

1. Aventra Inc.
2. Baixing Import and Export Trading Co., Ltd Youxi Fujian
3. Cao County Hengda Wood Products Co., Ltd.
4. China Cornici Co. Ltd.
5. Fujian Shunchang Shengsheng Wood Industry Limited Company
6. Fujian Youxi Best Arts & Crafts Co., Ltd.
7. Fujian Zhangping Kimura Forestry Products Co., Ltd.
8. Homebuild Industries Co., Ltd.
9. Huaan Longda Wood Industry Co., Ltd.
10. Jiangsu Chensheng Forestry Development Co., Ltd.
11. Jiangsu Wenfeng Wood Co., Ltd.
12. Omni One Co., Limited.
13. Raoping HongRong Handicrafts Co., Ltd (d.b.a. Chen Chui Global Corp.)
14. Shandong Miting Household Co., Ltd.
15. Shaxiang Hengtong Wood Industry Co., Ltd.
16. Shaxian Shiyiwood, Ltd
17. Shenzhen Xinjintai Industrial Co., Ltd.
18. Shuqian Sulu Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd.
19. Wuxi Boda Bamboo & Wood Industrial Co., Ltd.
20. Zhangzhou Yihong Industrial Co., Ltd.

[FR Doc. 2026–22631 Filed 11–4–26; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

**[C–570–134]**

### Certain Metal Lockers and Parts Thereof From People's Republic of China: Final Results of the Expedited First Sunset Review of the Countervailing Duty Order

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) finds that revocation of the countervailing duty (CVD) order on certain metal lockers and parts thereof (metal lockers) from the People's Republic of China (China) would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of countervailable subsidies at the levels indicated in the ''Final Results of the Sunset Review'' section of this notice.

**DATES:** Applicable November 5, 2026.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Frank Schmitt, AD/CVD Operations, Office III, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4880.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

### Background

On August 20, 2021, Commerce published the *Order* on metal lockers from China.[1] On July 2, 2026, Commerce published the notice of initiation of the first sunset review of the *Order,* pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).[2] On July 16, 2026, Commerce received a notice of intent to participate from List Industries, Inc. and Tennsco, LLC (the domestic interested parties), within the deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(i).[3] The domestic interested parties claimed interested party status under section 771(9)(C) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.102(b)(29)(v) as U.S. producers of the domestic like product.

On July 31, 2026, Commerce received an adequate substantive response from the domestic interested parties within the 30-day deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3)(i).[4] Commerce did not receive a substantive response from any government or respondent interested party to this proceeding. On August 24, 2026, Commerce notified the U.S. International Trade Commission that it did not receive an adequate substantive response from respondent interested parties.[5] As a result, Commerce conducted an expedited (120-day) sunset review of the *Order,* pursuant to section 751(c)(3)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(B)(2) and (C)(2).

### Scope of the Order

The merchandise covered by this *Order* is certain metal lockers and parts thereof. For a complete description of the scope of the *Order, see* the Issues and Decision Memorandum.[6]

### Analysis of Comments Received

A complete discussion of all issues raised in this sunset review, including the likelihood of continuation or recurrence of subsidization and the countervailable subsidy rates likely to prevail if the *Order* were to be revoked, is provided in the accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum. A list of the topics discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is attached as an appendix to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS), which is available to registered users at *https://access.trade.gov.* In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at *https://access.trade.gov/frnotices.*

### Final Results of Sunset Review

Pursuant to sections 751(c) and 752(b) of the Act, we determine that revocation of the *Order* would be likely to lead to

[1] *See Certain Metal Lockers and Parts Thereof from the People's Republic of China: Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders,* 86 FR 46826 (August 20, 2021) (*Order*).

[2] *See Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews,* 91 FR 40515 (July 2, 2026).

[3] *See* Domestic Interested Parties' Letter, ''Five-Year (1st Sunset) Review of the Countervailing Duty Order on Metal Lockers From China—Domestic Interested Parties' Notice of Intent to Participate,'' dated July 16, 2026.

[4] *See* Domestic Interested Parties' Letter, ''First Five-Year ''Sunset'' Review of the Countervailing Duty Order on Metal Lockers From People's Republic of China—Domestic Industry's Substantive Response,'' dated July 31, 2026.

[5] *See* Commerce's Letter, ''Sunset Reviews Initiated on July 02, 2026,'' dated August 24, 2026.

[6] *See* Memorandum, ''Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the Expedited Sunset Review of the Countervailing Duty Order on Metal Lockers from China,'' dated concurrently with and adopted by this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).