unreviewed entries at the all-others rate established in the original less-than-fair value (LTFV) investigation, *i.e.,* 20.58 percent,[8] if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction.

Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 41 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register** in accordance with 19 CFR 356.8(a).

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rates for the companies identified above in the ''Final Results of Review'' section will be equal to the company-specific weighted-average dumping margin established in the final results of this administrative review; (2) for merchandise exported by a company not covered in this administrative review but covered in a completed prior segment of the proceeding, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review or completed prior segment of this proceeding but the producer is, the cash deposit rate will be the company-specific rate established for the most recently-completed segment of this proceeding for the producer of the subject merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other producers or exporters will continue to be 20.58 percent, the rate established in the LTFV investigation.[9] These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this POR. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties has occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

[8] *See Order,* 79 FR at 65926.

[9] *Id.*

Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice also serves as a final reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials, or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5) and 19 CFR 351.213(h).

Dated: November 9, 2026.

Kasey O'Connor,

Deputy General Counsel, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

I. Summary
II. Background
III. Scope of the *Order*
IV. Changes Since the *Preliminary Results*
V. Differential Pricing Analysis
VI. Discussion of the Issues
  Comment 1: Whether to Apply total Adverse Facts Available (AFA) to Deacero Group
  Comment 2: Whether to Apply AFA to Deacero Group's Insurance Revenue in the Home Market
  Comment 3: Whether to Apply AFA to Deacero Group's Gross Unit Price for Certain Sales
  Comment 4: Whether to Increase Deacero Group's Cost of Production to Include Certain Production Costs
  Comment 5: Whether to Exclude Scrap and Waste from the Numerator of the General and Administrative Ratio Calculation
  Comment 6: Whether to Grant a Constructed Export Price Offset
  Comment 7: Whether to Accept Minor Corrections Presented at Verification
  Comment 8: Whether to Revise the Draft Liquidation Instructions
VII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2026–23277 Filed 11–13–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–533–887]

Carbon and Alloy Steel Threaded Rod From India: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2024–2025

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that carbon and alloy steel threaded rod (steel threaded rod) from India was sold in the United States at prices below normal value during the period of review (POR) April 1, 2024, through March 31, 2025.

DATES: Applicable November 16, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bobby Shore, AD/CVD Operations, Office V, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3261.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On July 13, 2026, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the *Preliminary Results* of the 2024–2025 administrative review of the order on steel threaded rod from India.[1] We invited parties to comment on the *Preliminary Results* but we received no comments. Accordingly, the final results of this review remain unchanged from the *Preliminary Results,* we are, hereby, adopting the *Preliminary Results* as the final results of this review. Further, no decision memorandum accompanies this notice. Commerce conducted this administrative review in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

Scope of the Order

The merchandise covered by this *Order* is steel threaded rod from India. For a complete description of the scope of the *Order, see* the *Preliminary Results.*[2]

[1] *See Carbon and Alloy Steel Threaded Rod from India: Preliminary Results and Rescission, in Part, of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2024–2025,* 91 FR 42916 (July 13, 2026) (*Preliminary Results*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM); *see also Carbon and Alloy Steel Threaded Rod from India: Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Antidumping Duty Order,* 85 FR 19925 (April 9, 2020) (*Order*).

[2] *See Preliminary Results* PDM at 4–5.

Final Results of Review

Commerce determines that the following weighted-average dumping margins exist during the period April 1, 2024, through March 31, 2025:

Exporter/producer	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)
Nishant Steel Industries [3]	0.00
Shree Luxmi Fasteners; The Emerging Impex [4]	1.69
Review-Specific Rate for Non-Examined Companies [5]	1.69

Disclosure

Because Commerce has not modified our analysis from the *Preliminary Results,* there are no new calculations to disclose in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b) for these final results.

Assessment Rates

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), Commerce shall determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries covered by this review. Because the weighted-average dumping margin for Nishant has been determined to be zero percent, Commerce intends to instruct CBP to liquidate the appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.106(c)(2).

Because the weighted-average dumping margin for SLF/TEI is not zero or *de minimis* (*i.e.,* less than 0.5 percent), Commerce calculated importer-specific *ad valorem* assessment rates based on the ratio of the total amount of dumping calculated for each importer's examined sales to the total entered value of such sales.[6] Where an importer-specific *ad valorem* assessment rate is zero or *de minimis,* or a respondent's weighted-average dumping margin is zero or *de minimis,* Commerce will instruct CBP to liquidate appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.[7]

In accordance with Commerce's ''automatic assessment'' practice, for entries of subject merchandise during the POR produced by Nishant or SLF/TEI for which these companies did not know that the merchandise was destined for the United States, we will instruct CBP to liquidate those entries at the all-others rate established in the original less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction.[8] For the companies that were not selected for individual review, Commerce assigned the assessment rate based on the review-specific average rate noted above.

Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the publication date of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.,* within 90 days of publication).

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for the companies listed in the final results of this review will be equal to the weighted-average dumping margin established in the final results of this administrative review; (2) for merchandise exported by producers or exporters not covered in this review but covered in a prior segment of the proceeding, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recently-completed segment of this proceeding in which they were reviewed; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a prior review, or the original LTFV investigation, but the producer is, the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding for the producer of the subject merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other manufacturers or exporters will continue to be 0.00 percent, the all-others rate established in the LTFV investigation.[9] These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers Regarding the Reimbursement of Duties

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties, and/or an increase in the amount of antidumping duties by the amount of the countervailing duties.

Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice also serves as a final reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials, or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Act.

Dated: November 10, 2026.

Kasey O'Connor,

Deputy General Counsel, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

Non-Examined Companies Receiving a Review-Specific Rate

1. Aadi Shree Fastener Industries
2. Babu Exports
3. Chirag International
4. Everest Industrial Corporation
5. Good Good Manufacturers
6. Kanika Exports
7. Kanika Fasteners Private Limited
8. Kapil Enterprises
9. Kapson India
10. Maharaja International
11. Mangal Steel Enterprise Limited
12. RK Fasteners
13. United Overseas Bolts & Nuts PVT LT
14. Xcel Exports

[FR Doc. 2026–23272 Filed 11–13–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

[3] Commerce determines that Nishant Steel Industries and Nuovo Fastenings Pvt. Ltd. are affiliated and should be collapsed. *See Preliminary Results,* 91 FR at 42917 We refer to this collapsed entity as, ''Nishant.''

[4] Commerce determined that Shree Luxmi Fasteners and The Emerging Impex are affiliated and should be collapsed. *See Preliminary Results,* 91 FR at 42916, and PDM at ''IV. Affiliation and Collapsing.'' We refer to this collapsed entity as, ''SLF/TEI.'' *Id.*

[5] *See* Appendix.

[6] See 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1).

[7] See 19 CFR 351.106(c)(2).

[8] For a full description of this practice, *see Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Assessment of Antidumping Duties,* 68 FR 23954 (May 6, 2003).

[9] *See Order,* 85 FR at 19926.