www.fda.gov/about-fda/economics-staff/regulatory-impact-analyses-ria.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 190

Food additives, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, we propose that 21 CFR part 190 be amended as follows:

PART 190—DIETARY SUPPLEMENTS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 190 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 201(ff), 301, 402, 413, 701 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321(ff), 331, 342, 350b, 371).

■ 2. Add subpart A, consisting of § 190.1, to read as follows:

Subpart A—Dietary Supplement Ingredients

§ 190.1 Dietary ingredients not excluded from the dietary supplement definition.

The following ingredients, which would otherwise be excluded from the dietary supplement definition, are not excluded for use in or as a dietary supplement under section 201(ff)(3)(B) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the Act) and the addition of such ingredients to a dietary supplement is not a prohibited act under section 301(ll) of the Act:

(a) N-acetyl-L-cysteine.

(b) [Reserved]

Robert F. Kennedy, Jr.,

Secretary, Department of Health and Human Services.

[FR Doc. 2026–23351 Filed 11–16–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4164–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Mine Safety and Health Administration

30 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. MSHA–2026–0200]

RIN 1219–AC22

Respirable Crystalline Silica and Respiratory Protection

AGENCY: Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA), Department of Labor.

ACTION: Proposed rule; correction.

SUMMARY: The Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) is correcting an error in the ''Respirable Crystalline Silica and Respiratory Protection'' proposed rule that was published in the **Federal Register** on November 12, 2026. The proposed rule clarifies and modifies provisions of MSHA's respirable crystalline silica and respiratory protection standards.

DATES: This correction is effective November 17, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Corliss A. Josephs-Conway, Acting Director, Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances, MSHA at *MSHARulemaking@dol.gov* (email) or 202–693–9440 (voice). This is not a toll-free number.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In a proposed rule published on November 12, 2026, at 91 FR 73062, MSHA proposed to clarify and modify provisions of the respirable crystalline silica and respiratory protection standards in 30 CFR part 60. The proposal included conforming amendments in 30 CFR parts 56, 57, 71, and 72. The proposed conforming amendment in 30 CFR 71.700(a) removes an outdated reference to respirable dust containing quartz and replaces it with respirable crystalline silica. This document corrects the proposed revision to the regulatory text in 30 CFR 71.700(a).

Correction

In FR Doc. 2026–23048 appearing in the first column on page 73132 in the issue of November 12, 2026 (91 FR 73062), paragraph (a) of § 71.700 is corrected to read as follows:

§ 71.700 Inhalation hazards; threshold limit values for gases, dust, fumes, mists, and vapors. [Corrected]

(a) No operator of an underground coal mine and no operator of a surface coal mine may permit any person working at a surface installation or surface worksite to be exposed to airborne contaminants (other than respirable coal mine dust, respirable crystalline silica, and asbestos dust) in excess of, on the basis of a time-weighted average, the threshold limit values adopted by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists in ''Threshold Limit Values of Airborne Contaminants'' (1972), which is hereby incorporated by reference and made a part hereof. Excursions above the listed threshold limit values shall not be of greater magnitude than is characterized as permissible by the conference. This paragraph does not apply to airborne contaminants given a ''C'' designation by the conference in the document. This document is available for examination at MSHA's Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances, 200 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20210; 202–693–9440; and at every Mine Safety and Health Enforcement District Office. Copies of the document may be purchased from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 1330 Kemper Meadow Drive, Attn: Customer Service, Cincinnati, OH 45240; 513–742–2020; *http://www.acgih.org.*

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Wayne D. Palmer,

Assistant Secretary for Mine Safety and Health.

[FR Doc. 2026–23390 Filed 11–16–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4520–43–P

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

38 CFR Part 8

[Docket No. VA–2026–VBA–0430]

RIN 2900–AS98

Discontinuing Premium Collection From Policyholders on Certain National Service Life Insurance Policies

AGENCY: Department of Veterans Affairs.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) is proposing to amend its National Service Life Insurance (NSLI) regulations to cease collecting premiums from veterans with NSLI policies identified by the prefixes ''V,'' ''J,'' and ''JR.'' VA has determined there are sufficient financial resources to cover the remaining active policies, enabling veterans to benefit from continued coverage without having to pay future premiums. These programs cover predominantly World War II-era veterans.

DATES: Comments must be received by December 17, 2026.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments through *www.regulations.gov* under RIN 2900–AS98. That website includes a plain language summary of this rulemaking. Comments will be posted for viewing by the public on *www.regulations.gov,* including any personally identifiable information (*e.g.,* a social security number or address) within a comment and its supporting materials. However, VA retains discretion to redact personal or sensitive information, including but not limited to personal or sensitive information pertaining to third parties. Additionally, VA will not post public comments that make threats to individuals or institutions or suggest that the commenter will take actions to harm an individual. Instructions for accessing