(Additional Documentation), Roughly bounded by Avenidas Munoz Rivera & Ponce de Leon, Paseo de Covadonga and Calles J. A. Corretejer, Recinto Sur, San Juan, AD12000465

Authority: 36 CFR 60.13.

Sherry A. Frear,

Chief, National Register of Historic Places/National Historic Landmarks Program.

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INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 701–TA–806 and 731–TA–1805–1807 (Preliminary)]

Corrugated Die-Cut Cardboard Boxes From China, Malaysia, and Turkey; Determinations

On the basis of the record [1] developed in the subject investigations, the United States International Trade Commission (''Commission'') determines, pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 (''the Act''), that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports of corrugated die-cut cardboard boxes from China, Malaysia, and Turkey, provided for in subheading 4819.10.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that are alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value (''LTFV'') and alleged to be subsidized by the Government of Turkey.[2] [3]

Commencement of Final Phase Investigations

Pursuant to section 207.18 of the Commission's rules, the Commission also gives notice of the commencement of the final phase of its investigations. The Commission will issue a final phase notice of scheduling, which will be published in the **Federal Register** as provided in § 207.21 of the Commission's rules, upon notice from the U.S. Department of Commerce (''Commerce'') of affirmative preliminary determinations in the investigations under §§ 703(b) or 733(b) of the Act, or, if the preliminary determinations are negative, upon notice of affirmative final determinations in those investigations under §§ 705(a) or 735(a) of the Act. Parties that filed entries of appearance in the preliminary phase of the investigations need not enter a separate appearance for the final phase of the investigations. Industrial users, and, if the merchandise under investigation is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations have the right to appear as parties in Commission antidumping and countervailing duty investigations. The Secretary will prepare a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the investigations. As provided in section 207.20 of the Commission's rules, the Director of the Office of Investigations will circulate draft questionnaires for the final phase of the investigations to parties to the investigations, placing copies on the Commission's Electronic Document Information System (EDIS, *https://edis.usitc.gov*), for comment.

Background

On September 9, 2026, the American Pizza Boxes Manufacturers Coalition [4] and the United Steel, Paper and Forestry, Rubber, Manufacturing, Energy, Allied Industrial and Service Workers International Union filed petitions with the Commission and Commerce, alleging that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury by reason of subsidized imports of corrugated die-cut cardboard boxes from Turkey and LTFV imports of corrugated die-cut cardboard boxes from China, Malaysia, and Turkey. Accordingly, effective September 9, 2026, the Commission instituted countervailing and antidumping duty investigation Nos. 701–TA–806 and 731–TA–1805–1807 (Preliminary).

Notice of the institution of the Commission's investigations and of a public conference to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the **Federal Register** of September 14, 2026 (91 FR 58174), as revised on October 8, 2026 (91 FR 64401). The Commission conducted its conference on September 30, 2026. All persons who requested the opportunity were permitted to participate.

The Commission made these determinations pursuant to §§ 703(a) and 733(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1671b(a) and 1673b(a)). It completed and filed its determinations in these investigations on November 13, 2026. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 5810 (November 2026), entitled *Corrugated Die-Cut Cardboard Boxes from China, Malaysia, and Turkey: Investigation Nos. 701–TA–806 and 731–TA–1805–1807 (Preliminary).*

By order of the Commission.

Issued: November 13, 2026.

Sharon Bellamy,

Supervisory Hearings and Information Officer.

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[1] The record is defined in § 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

[2] 91 FR 67276 and 67283 (October 26, 2026).

[3] Commissioner Samuel T. Negatu not participating.

[4] The coalition is composed of U.S. producers Smurfit Westrock plc, Atlanta, Georgia, and Pratt Industries, Inc., Atlanta, Georgia.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; Request for Examination and/or Treatment

ACTION: Notice of availability; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor (DOL) is submitting this Office of Workers' Compensation Programs (OWCP)-sponsored information collection request (ICR) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA). Public comments on the ICR are invited.

DATES: The OMB will consider all written comments that the agency receives on or before December 17, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to *www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain.* Find this particular information collection by selecting ''Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments'' or by using the search function.

Comments are invited on: (1) whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Department, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the agency's estimates of the burden and cost of the collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information collection; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.