children to the pesticide chemical residue in establishing a tolerance and to ''ensure that there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result to infants and children from aggregate exposure to the pesticide chemical residue . . .'' (FFDCA 408(b)(2)(C)). The Agency's consideration is summarized in Unit III.E.

I. Executive Order 13211: Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution or Use

This action is not subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355) (May 22, 2001) because it is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866.

J. National Technology Transfer Advancement Act (NTTAA)

This action does not involve technical standards that would require Agency consideration under NTTAA section 12(d), 15 U.S.C. 272.

K. Congressional Review Act (CRA)

This action is subject to the CRA, 5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.,* and EPA will submit a rule report to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. This action is not a ''major rule'' as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: November 12, 2026.

Charles Smith,

Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, 40 CFR chapter I is amended as follows:

PART 180—TOLERANCES AND EXEMPTIONS FOR PESTICIDE CHEMICAL RESIDUES IN FOOD

■ 1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 321(q), 346a and 371.

■ 2. In § 180.726:

■ a. Amend table 1 to paragraph (a) by adding the entry ''Beet, sugar, roots'' in alphabetically order.

■ b. Remove and reserve paragraph (b).

The addition reads as follows:

§ 180.726 Metamitron; tolerances for residues.

(a) * * *

TABLE 1 TO PARAGRAPH (a)

Commodity	Parts per million
* * * * *	
Beet, sugar, roots	0.01
* * * * *	

* * * * *

[FR Doc. 2026–23667 Filed 11–19–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 622

[Docket No. 200124–0029; RTID 0648–XG205]

Reef Fish Fishery in the Gulf of America; 2026 Recreational Private Angling Component Closure for Red Snapper in Federal Waters off Texas

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Temporary rule; closure.

SUMMARY: NMFS closes the 2026 recreational fishing season for the red snapper private angling component in Federal waters of the Gulf of America (Gulf) off Texas. The recreational private angling component in Federal waters off Texas is closed on November 21, 2026, and this closure continues through the remainder of 2026. This red snapper closure is necessary to prevent the private angling component from exceeding the annual catch limit (ACL) in the Texas regional management area and to prevent overfishing of red snapper.

DATES: This closure is effective and begins on November 21, 2026, and continues through December 31, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Frank Helies, NMFS Southeast Regional Office, telephone: 727–824–5305, email: *frank.helies@noaa.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Gulf reef fish fishery includes red snapper and is managed under the Fishery Management Plan for the Reef Fish Resources of the Gulf (FMP). NMFS and the Gulf Fishery Management Council prepared the FMP, which was approved by the Secretary of Commerce, and NMFS implements the FMP under the authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act) by regulations at 50 CFR part 622.

The final rule implementing Amendment 40 to the FMP established two components within the recreational fishing sector for Gulf red snapper: the private angling component and the Federal for-hire component (80 FR 22422, April 22, 2015). Amendment 40 also allocated the red snapper recreational ACL (recreational quota) between the components and established separate seasonal closures for the two components. On February 6, 2020, NMFS published a final rule implementing six FMP amendments (Amendments 50A through F to the FMP), which delegated authority to Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, and Florida to establish specific management measures for the recreational harvest of red snapper in Federal waters by the private angling component (85 FR 6819, February 6, 2020). The final rule allocated state a portion of the private angling component quota of red snapper to each state, and each state is required to constrain red snapper landings to its allocation.

As described at 50 CFR 622.23(c), a state with an active delegation may request that NMFS close Federal waters off that state to the harvest or possession of red snapper by private recreational anglers. Under Amendment 50A, the state is required to request the closure by letter to NMFS and to provide dates and geographic coordinates for the closure. If the request is within the scope of the analysis in Amendment 50A, NMFS will publish a notification in the **Federal Register** to implement the closure. Based on the analysis in Amendment 50A, Texas may request a closure of all Federal waters off the state to allow a year-round fishing season in state waters. As described at 50 CFR 622.2, ''off Texas'' means Federal waters west of a rhumb line from 29°32.1′ N latitude, 93°47.7′ W longitude to 26°11.4′ N latitude, 92°53′ W longitude, which line is an extension of the boundary between Louisiana and Texas.

On November 10, 2026, NMFS received a letter from the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) requesting that NMFS close Federal waters off Texas to red snapper harvest by the private angling component beginning on November 21, 2026. NMFS has determined that the TPWD request is within the scope of analysis contained within Amendment 50A, which analyzed the potential impacts of a closure of all Federal waters off Texas when a portion of the Texas private angling component ACL has been harvested. As explained in Amendment

50A, Texas intends to maintain a year-round fishing season for red snapper in state waters, during which private recreational fishermen could harvest the remaining portion of the state private angling component ACL.

The closure for the red snapper recreational private angling component in Federal waters off Texas begins on November 21 and will remain closed through the rest of 2026. This closure applies to all private anglers on vessels that have not been issued a valid charter vessel/headboat permit for Gulf reef fish, regardless of which state they are from or where they intend to land.

During the closure implemented by this temporary rule, the harvest and possession of red snapper in Federal waters off Texas by the private angling component is prohibited, and the red snapper bag and possession limits for the private angling component in the closed area are zero.

Classification

NMFS issues this action pursuant to section 305(d) of the Magnuson-Stevens Act. This action is required by 50 CFR 622.23(c), which was issued pursuant to section 304(b) of the Magnuson-Stevens Act, and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), there is good cause to waive prior notice and an opportunity for public comment on this action, as notice and comment are unnecessary and contrary to the public interest. Such procedures are unnecessary because the final rule implementing the area closure authority and the state private angling component ACL has already been subject to notice and comment, and all that remains is to notify the public of the closure. Such procedures are contrary to the public interest because a failure to implement the closure immediately would be inconsistent with Texas' state management plan and may result in less access to red snapper in state waters.

For the reasons just stated, there is also good cause to waive the 30-day delay in the effectiveness of this action under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3).

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: November 17, 2026.

Shannon Bettridge,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2026–23681 Filed 11–19–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–22–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 660

[Docket No. 260504–0123]

RTID 0648–XG149

Magnuson-Stevens Act Provisions; Fisheries Off West Coast States; Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery; 2026 Tribal Fishery Allocations for Pacific Whiting; Reapportionment Between Tribal and Non-Tribal Sectors

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Inseason reapportionment of Tribal Pacific whiting allocation.

SUMMARY: This document announces the reapportionment of 29,130 metric tons of Pacific whiting from the Tribal allocation to the non-Tribal commercial fishery sectors via automatic actions on September 14, and 23, and October 5, 2026. This reapportionment is to allow full utilization of the Pacific whiting resource.

DATES: The reapportionment actions of Pacific whiting went into effect at 4:30 p.m. (16:30) on September 14, 3:30 p.m. (15:30) on September 23, and 3:45 p.m. (15:45) on October 5, 2026 (all local time) and are effective through December 31, 2026. Comments will be accepted through December 7, 2026.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by NOAA–NMFS–2026–3037 by the following method:

Electronic Submission: Submit all electronic public comments via the Federal e-Rulemaking Portal. Go to *https://www.regulations.gov* and enter NOAA–NMFS–2026–3037 in the Search box. Click on the ''Comment'' icon, complete the required fields, and enter or attach your comments.

Instructions: Comments sent by any other method to any other address or individual, or received after the end of the comment period, may not be considered by NMFS. All comments received are a part of the public record. All personal identifying information (*e.g.,* name, address, *etc.*), confidential business information, or otherwise sensitive information submitted voluntarily by the sender will be publicly accessible. NMFS will accept anonymous comments (enter ''N/A'' in the required fields if you wish to remain anonymous). Attachments to electronic comments will be accepted in Microsoft Word, Excel, or Adobe PDF file formats only.

Electronic Access

This notice is accessible online at the Office of the Federal Register's website at *https://www.federalregister.gov.* Background information and documents are available at the NMFS West Coast Region website at *https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/region/west-coast.*

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Colin Sayre, West Coast Region, NMFS, (206) 526–4656, *Colin.Sayre@noaa.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The coastwide Pacific whiting stock is managed jointly under the terms of the Agreement Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Canada on Pacific Hake/Whiting of 2003 (Agreement). Four Washington coastal treaty Indian Tribes—the Makah Indian Tribe, the Quileute Indian Tribe, the Quinault Indian Nation, and the Hoh Indian Tribe (collectively, the Treaty Tribes)—can participate in the Tribal Pacific whiting fishery. The U.S. Total Allowable Catch (TAC) of Pacific whiting is allocated to the Pacific Coast treaty Tribes (Tribal fishery) and to three non-Tribal commercial sectors: the catcher/processor cooperative (C/P Co-op), the mothership cooperative (MS Co-op), and the Shorebased Individual Fishery Quota (IFQ) Program. For 2026, a U.S. TAC of 280,744 metric tons (mt) of Pacific whiting was established under the terms of the Agreement, of this U.S. TAC, 49,130 mt was allocated to the Tribal fishery for 2026. Background on the Agreement, annual stock assessment, and the establishment of the 2026 TAC for Pacific whiting was provided in the final rule for the 2026 Pacific whiting harvest specifications, published May 11, 2026 (91 FR 25511).

Pacific Whiting Reapportionment

Regulations at 50 CFR 660.131(h) contain provisions that allow the Regional Administrator to reapportion Pacific whiting from the Tribal allocation, specified at 50 CFR 660.50, that will not be harvested by the end of the fishing year to other sectors. This notice announces the reapportionment of a total of 29,130 mt of Pacific whiting from the Tribal allocation to the non-Tribal commercial sectors. For 2026, the Pacific Coast treaty Tribes were allocated 49,130 mt of Pacific whiting. The best available information in September 2026, indicated that at least 9,565 mt of the Tribal allocation would