Secondary Annual SO_2 NAAQS, which is available in the docket for this action. The TSD outlines the rationale, methodology, and supporting evidence underlying the EPA's intended designations.[5]

On or about November 18, 2026, in accordance with CAA section 107(d)(1)(B)(ii), the EPA notified affected States of any intent to modify aspects of the State's initial designations for the 2024 secondary annual SO_2 NAAQS. Additionally, if a State, territory, or Tribe did not submit an initial designation, the EPA notified the affected areas as a courtesy, to promote early engagement regarding the Agency's intended designations for these areas. While the EPA is generally in agreement with the initial designations received, the Agency intends to modify certain State initial designations of ''attainment'' and/or ''unclassifiable'' to ''attainment/unclassifiable,'' as detailed in the TSD for this notice and in the 120-day letters. As a functional matter, there is no change for those States; the statutory and regulatory burdens of ''attainment'' and ''unclassifiable'' and ''attainment/unclassifiable'' are the same.

The EPA's 120-day letters responding to State initial designations initiated a 30-day period for States to provide additional information to the Agency. If States choose to submit additional information related to why the EPA's intended modification is inappropriate, such information should be submitted within the 30-day period.

Information may be submitted to the EPA's public docket regarding these designations at EPA–HQ–OAR–2025–2862, available at *www.regulations.gov.* Pursuant to CAA section 107(d)(1)(B) and following consideration of any additional information the EPA receives, the Agency anticipates completing final designations consistent with CAA requirements. The EPA is available to assist States, territories, and Tribes with any outstanding matters concerning appropriate designations for all remaining areas.

B. Where can I find information for the basis for these designations?

Information providing the basis for these intended designations is provided in the TSD included in the docket. The TSD, other technical assistance documents, applicable EPA guidance memoranda, and copies of correspondence regarding this process between the EPA and the States, along with other parties, are available for review at the public docket for these secondary SO_2 designations at *http://www.regulations.gov* under Docket ID No. EPA–HQ–OAR–2025–2862, at the EPA Docket Center listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section of this document, and on the Agency's secondary SO_2 Designations website at *https://www.epa.gov/sulfur-dioxide-designations.*

Abigale Tardif,

Acting Assistant Administrator, Office of Air and Radiation.

[FR Doc. 2026–23791 Filed 11–20–26; 8:45 am]

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[5] After promulgation of a new or revised NAAQS, each governor or Tribal leader has an opportunity to submit initial area designations, including the appropriate boundaries for nonattainment areas, to the EPA. For these designations, the EPA did not receive any initial area designation letters from any Tribes for their Tribal areas. Consistent with the approach outlined in the EPA's 2011 *Policy for Establishing Separate Air Quality Designations for Areas of Indian Country,* in circumstances in which the Agency either does not receive an initial area designation letter from a Tribe, or receives a letter that does not specify designation of a separate area, the EPA intends to designate the relevant Tribe's Indian country as part of the surrounding multi-jurisdictional area. *See* memorandum from Stephen D. Page to Regional Air Directors, Regions 1–10, *https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/2015-09/documents/20120117indiancountry.pdf.*

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA–HQ–OPPT–2026–1849; FRL–13203–08–OCSPP]

Certain New Chemicals or Significant New Uses; Statements of Findings—August 2026

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) requires EPA to publish in the **Federal Register** a statement of its findings after its review of certain TSCA submissions when EPA makes a finding that a new chemical substance or significant new use is not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. Such statements apply to premanufacture notices (PMNs), microbial commercial activity notices (MCANs), and significant new use notices (SNUNs) submitted to EPA under TSCA. This document presents statements of findings made by EPA on such submissions during the period from August 1, 2026, to August 31, 2026.

ADDRESSES: The docket for this action, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA–HQ–OPPT–2026–1849, is available online at *https://www.regulations.gov.* Additional information about dockets generally, along with instructions for visiting the docket in-person, is available at *https://www.epa.gov/*dockets.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

For technical information: Rebecca Edelstein, New Chemical Division (7405M), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001; telephone number: (202) 564–1667 email address: *edelstein.rebecca@epa.gov.*

For general information: The TSCA-Hotline, ABVI-Goodwill, 422 South Clinton Ave., Rochester, NY 14620; telephone number: (202) 554–1404; email address: *TSCA-Hotline@epa.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Executive Summary

A. Does this action apply to me?

This action provides information that is directed to the public in general.

B. What action is the Agency taking?

This document lists the statements of findings made by EPA after review of submissions under TSCA section 5(a) that certain new chemical substances or significant new uses are not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. This document presents statements of findings made by EPA during the applicable period.

C. What is the Agency's authority for taking this action?

TSCA section 5(a)(3) requires EPA to review a submission under TSCA section 5(a) and make specific findings pertaining to whether the substance may present unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. Among those potential findings is that the chemical substance or significant new use is not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment per TSCA Section 5(a)(3)(C).

TSCA section 5(g) requires EPA to publish in the **Federal Register** a statement of its findings after its review of a submission under TSCA section 5(a) when EPA makes a finding that a new chemical substance or significant new use is not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. Such statements apply to PMNs, MCANs, and SNUNs submitted to EPA under TSCA section 5.

Anyone who plans to manufacture (which includes import) a new chemical substance for a non-exempt commercial purpose and any manufacturer or processor wishing to engage in a use of a chemical substance designated by EPA as a significant new use must submit a

notice to EPA at least 90 days before commencing manufacture of the new chemical substance or before engaging in the significant new use.

The submitter of a notice to EPA for which EPA has made a finding of ''not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment'' may commence manufacture of the chemical substance or manufacture or processing for the significant new use notwithstanding any remaining portion of the applicable review period.

II. Statements of Findings Under TSCA Section 5(a)(3)(C)

In this unit, EPA identifies the PMNs, MCANs and SNUNs for which EPA has made findings under TSCA section 5(a)(3)(C) that the new chemical substances or significant new uses are not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. For the findings made during this period, the following list provides the EPA case number assigned to the TSCA section 5(a) submission and the chemical identity (generic name if the specific name is claimed as confidential).

• J–26–0002, *Saccharomyces cerevisiae,* chromosomal integration modification (Generic Name).

To access EPA's decision document describing the basis of the ''not likely to present an unreasonable risk'' finding made by EPA under TSCA section 5(a)(3)(C), lookup the specific case number at *https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new-chemicals-under-toxic-substances-control-act-tsca/chemicals-determined-not-likely*.

Authority: 15 U.S.C. 2601 *et seq.*

Dated: November 18, 2026.

Shari Z. Barash,

Director, New Chemicals Division, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

[FR Doc. 2026–23789 Filed 11–20–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES

Notice of Open Meeting for the 2026–2027 EXIM Advisory Committee

SUMMARY: Discussion of EXIM policies and programs designed to support the expansion of financing support for U.S. manufactured goods and services.

DATES: Thursday, December 3rd, 2026 at 3:00 p.m.–4:00 p.m. EST.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held online for committee members, EXIM's Board of Directors, support staff. All other participants must register to attend virtually.

Registration and Public Comment

Virtual Public Participation: The meeting will be open to public participation virtually and time will be allotted for questions or comments submitted online. Members of the public may also file written statements before or after the meeting to *advisory@exim.gov*.

Interested parties may register for the meetings at: Advisory Committee: *https://events.teams.microsoft.com/event/fef476d9-3adc-4d00-abe8-356c1fbc5436@b953013c-c791-4d32-996f-518390854527*.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For more information about applying for membership to any of the committees, please contact India Walker at *advisory@exim.gov*.

(Authority: The Committee was established by the Bank as directed by Section 2(b)(9) of the Export Import Bank Act of 1945. These Advisory Committees are chartered in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act (''FACA''), 5 U.S.C. App.)

India Walker,

Deputy Vice President, Office of External Affairs.

[FR Doc. 2026–23739 Filed 11–20–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6690–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[Docket Number CDC–2026–1849, NIOSH–357]

Request for Public Comment on the Proposed Short-Term Exposure Limit for Occupational Exposure to Carbon Monoxide

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Request for comment.

SUMMARY: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) in the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), an operating division of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), requests public comment on the draft document, *Proposed Short-Term Exposure Limit for Occupational Exposure to Carbon Monoxide.*

DATES: Electronic or written comments must be received by February 22, 2027.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by docket number CDC–2026–1849 and docket number NIOSH–357, by either of the following methods:

• *Federal eRulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov.* Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

• *Mail:* National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, NIOSH Docket Office, 1090 Tusculum Avenue, MS C–34, Cincinnati, Ohio 45226–1998.

Instructions: All information received in response to this notice must include the agency name and docket number (CDC–2026–1849; NIOSH–357). All relevant comments, including any personal information provided, will be posted without change to *https://www.regulations.gov.* Do not submit comments by email. CDC does not accept comments by email. For access to the docket to read background documents or comments received, go to *https://www.regulations.gov.*

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: R. Todd Niemeier, Ph.D., National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, MS–C15, 1090 Tusculum Avenue, Cincinnati, OH 45226. Telephone: (513) 533–8166.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NIOSH is requesting public comment on a draft document, *Proposed Short-Term Exposure Limit for Occupational Exposure to Carbon Monoxide,* available in the dockets for this activity. NIOSH's existing recommendations for limiting carbon monoxide exposure in the workplace were published in 1972. This draft document details NIOSH's reassessment of the original recommended exposure limits and proposes updating the ceiling limit recommendation to a short-term exposure limit. This is being done in consideration of improvements to the science and technologies, including instrumentation and monitoring methods, involved in the recognition and control of workplace carbon monoxide health hazards since the publication of NIOSH's original recommendations in 1972. The final publication, which will address public comments, will be available on the NIOSH website and in the dockets for this activity (NIOSH–357 and CDC–2026–1849).

Background: NIOSH develops recommended occupational exposure limits (RELs) to protect workers from the risk of adverse health effects from acute and repeated exposures to chemicals. These include RELs, short-term exposure limits (STELs), or ceiling values depending on the length of exposure time the recommendation is intended to apply to. NIOSH bases its occupational exposure limits on detailed reviews of available human and animal toxicity data to identify health hazards, determine the level at which