member, or full Board, a reasonable opportunity to render a decision.

(e) A stay under paragraph (c)(1) of this section may be issued if the Board member, or the full Board, determines that under all of the circumstances the interests of justice would be served by providing more time for the Board's Office of General Counsel to pursue the investigation. However, the duration of a stay under paragraph (c)(1) of this section shall not exceed the amount of time reasonably necessary to acquire sufficient information to support a request normally not more than 60 days.

(f) In determining whether to grant a stay under paragraph (c)(2) of this section, the Board member, or the full Board, shall:

(1) Assess the evidence adduced by each side as to whether the proposed personnel action arises out of an alleged prohibited personnel practice as specified by the Board's General Counsel;

(2) Assess the nature and gravity of any harm that could inure to each side if the request for permanent stay is either granted or denied; and

(3) Balance the assessments conducted under paragraphs (f)(1) and (2) of this section.

(g) A motion to vacate a stay order may be filed at any time. A stay order issued by the Board en banc may not be vacated by a single Board member.

(h) Any order issued by a member of the Board granting or denying, in whole or in part, a stay request under paragraph (c) of this section shall be subject to review by the full Board on the filing and service of a notice of appeal, accompanied by a supporting brief, within 10 days of the service of that order. Responsive briefs shall be filed and served within 10 days of service of the appeal.

Kimberly McLeod,

Executive Director, Personnel Appeals Board, U.S. Government Accountability Office.

[FR Doc. 2026–23866 Filed 11–23–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 1610–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency

12 CFR Part 19

Notification of Inflation Adjustments for Civil Money Penalties

AGENCY: Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury.

ACTION: Notification of monetary penalties 2026.

SUMMARY: This document announces the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency's (OCC) maximum civil money penalties for 2026 as adjusted for inflation. The inflation adjustments are required to implement the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990, as amended by the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015.

DATES: The adjusted maximum amount of civil money penalties in this document are applicable to penalties assessed on or after January 10, 2025, for conduct occurring on or after November 2, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tad Thompson, Counsel, or Collin Berger, Attorney, Chief Counsel's Office, (202) 649–5490, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This document announces the maximum amount of each civil money penalty (CMP) within the OCC's jurisdiction to administer to account for inflation pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990 (the 1990 Adjustment Act),[1] as amended by the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015 (the 2015 Adjustment Act).[2] Under the 1990 Adjustment Act, as amended, Federal agencies must make annual adjustments to the maximum amount of each CMP they administer. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) is required to issue guidance to Federal agencies no later than December 15 of each year providing an inflation adjustment multiplier (*i.e.,* the inflation adjustment factor agencies must use) applicable to CMPs assessed in the following year. The agencies are required to publish their CMPs, adjusted pursuant to the multiplier provided by the OMB, by January 15 of the applicable year.

To the extent an agency codified a CMP amount in its regulations, the agency would need to update that amount by regulation. However, if an agency codified a formula for making the CMP adjustments, then subsequent adjustments can be made solely by notice.[3] In 2018, the OCC published a final regulation that removed the CMP amounts from its regulations while updating the CMP amounts for inflation through the notice process.[4]

On April 17, 2026, the OMB issued guidance to affected agencies on implementing the required annual adjustment.[5] That guidance advised that there would be no updated cost-of-living inflation multiplier for 2026 and that agencies would continue using the 2025 CMP levels.[6] Consistent with the guidance, the OCC will continue using the CMPs as listed in the 2025 CMP notice [7] and reprinted below for purposes of the maximum amount of CMPs that may be assessed by the OCC in 2026.[8] There were no new statutory CMPs administered by the OCC during 2025.[9]

The following charts provide again the inflation-adjusted CMPs for use beginning on January 10, 2025, as announced in the 2025 CMP notice.[10] These CMPs will continue to apply through 2026. The CMPs listed below are pursuant to 12 CFR 19.240(b), for conduct occurring on or after November 2, 2015:

[1] Public Law 101–410, Oct. 5, 1990, 104 Stat. 890, codified at 28 U.S.C. 2461 note.

[2] Public Law 114–74, Title VII, section 701(b), Nov. 2, 2015, 129 Stat. 599, codified at 28 U.S.C. 2461 note.

[3] *See* OMB Memorandum M–18–03, Implementation of the 2018 Annual Adjustment Pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015, at 4, which permits agencies that have codified the formula to adjust CMPs for inflation to update the penalties through a notice rather than a regulation.

[4] 83 FR 1517 (Jan. 12, 2018) (final rule); 83 FR 1657 (Jan. 12, 2018) (2018 CMP Notice).

[5] OMB Memorandum M–26–11, Cancellation of Penalty Inflation Adjustments for 2026, Regarding the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015 (Apr. 17, 2026).

[6] There is no inflation adjustment multiplier for 2026 due to the absence of cost-of-living data for October 2025. *See id.*

[7] *See* 90 FR 1848 (Jan. 10, 2025).

[8] Penalties assessed for violations occurring prior to November 2, 2015, will be subject to the maximum amounts set forth in the OCC's regulations in effect prior to the enactment of the 2015 Adjustment Act.

[9] The Guiding and Establishing National Innovation for U.S. Stablecoins Act, Public Law 119–27, July 18, 2025, 139 Stat. 419, has not yet reached its effective date, so its CMP provisions are not addressed in this notice. *See* 12 U.S.C. 5901 note (effective date), 5905(b)(5) (CMPs).

[10] *See supra* note 7.

PENALTIES APPLICABLE TO NATIONAL BANKS

U.S. Code citation	Description and tier (if applicable)	Maximum penalty amount (in dollars) [1]
12 U.S.C. 93(b)	Violation of Various Provisions of the National Bank Act:	
	Tier 1	12,567
	Tier 2	62,829
	Tier 3	[2] 2,513,215
12 U.S.C. 164	Violation of Reporting Requirements:	
	Tier 1	5,026
	Tier 2	50,265
	Tier 3	[2] 2,513,215
12 U.S.C. 481	Refusal of Affiliate to Cooperate in Examination	12,567
12 U.S.C. 504	Violation of Various Provisions of the Federal Reserve Act:	
	Tier 1	12,567
	Tier 2	62,829
	Tier 3	[2] 2,513,215
12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(16)	Violation of Change in Bank Control Act:	
	Tier 1	12,567
	Tier 2	62,829
	Tier 3	[2] 2,513,215
12 U.S.C. 1818(i)(2) [3]	Violation of Law, Unsafe or Unsound Practice, or Breach of Fiduciary Duty:	
	Tier 1	12,567
	Tier 2	62,829
	Tier 3	[2] 2,513,215
12 U.S.C. 1820(k)(6)(A)(ii)	Violation of Post-Employment Restrictions: Per violation	413,388
12 U.S.C. 1832(c)	Violation of Withdrawals by Negotiable or Transferable Instrument for Transfers to Third Parties: Per violation.	3,650
12 U.S.C. 1884	Violation of the Bank Protection Act	365
12 U.S.C. 1972(2)(F)	Violation of Anti-Tying Provisions regarding Correspondent Accounts, Unsafe or Unsound Practices, or Breach of Fiduciary Duty:	
	Tier 1	12,567
	Tier 2	62,829
	Tier 3	[2] 2,513,215
12 U.S.C. 3110(a)	Violation of Various Provisions of the International Banking Act (Federal Branches and Agencies):	57,435
12 U.S.C. 3110(c)	Violation of Reporting Requirements of the International Banking Act (Federal Branches and Agencies):	
	Tier 1	4,596
	Tier 2	45,946
	Tier 3	[2] 2,297,385
12 U.S.C. 3909(d)(1)	Violation of International Lending Supervision Act	3,126
15 U.S.C. 78u–2(b)	Violation of Various Provisions of the Securities Act, the Securities Exchange Act, the Investment Company Act, or the Investment Advisers Act:	
	Tier 1 (natural person)—Per violation	11,823
	Tier 1 (other person)—Per violation	118,225
	Tier 2 (natural person)—Per violation	118,225
	Tier 2 (other person)—Per violation	591,127
	Tier 3 (natural person)—Per violation	236,451
	Tier 3 (other person)—Per violation	1,182,251
15 U.S.C. 1639e(k)	Violation of Appraisal Independence Requirements:	
	First violation	14,435
	Subsequent violations	28,866
42 U.S.C. 4012a(f)(5)	Flood Insurance: Per violation	2,730

[1] The maximum penalty amount is per day, unless otherwise indicated.
[2] The maximum penalty amount for a national bank is the lesser of this amount or 1 percent of total assets.
[3] These amounts also apply to CMPs in statutes that cross-reference 12 U.S.C. 1818, such as 12 U.S.C. 2804, 3108, 3349, 4309, and 4717 and 15 U.S.C. 1607, 1693o, 1681s, 1691c, and 1692l.

PENALTIES APPLICABLE TO FEDERAL SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS

U.S. Code citation	CMP description	Maximum penalty amount (in dollars) [1]
12 U.S.C. 1464(v)	Reports of Condition:	
	1st Tier	5,026
	2nd Tier	50,265
	3rd Tier	[2] 2,513,215
12 U.S.C. 1467(d)	Refusal of Affiliate to Cooperate in Examination	12,567
12 U.S.C. 1467a(r)	Late/Inaccurate Reports:	
	1st Tier	5,026
	2nd Tier	50,265
	3rd Tier	[2] 2,513,215

PENALTIES APPLICABLE TO FEDERAL SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS—Continued

U.S. Code citation	CMP description	Maximum penalty amount (in dollars) [1]
712 U.S.C. 1817(j)(16)	Violation of Change in Bank Control Act:	
	Tier 1	12,567
	Tier 2	62,829
	Tier 3	[2] 2,513,215
12 U.S.C. 1818(i)(2) [3]	Violation of Law, Unsafe or Unsound Practice, or Breach of Fiduciary Duty:	
	Tier 1	12,567
	Tier 2	62,829
	Tier 3	[2] 2,513,215
12 U.S.C. 1820(k)(6)(A)(ii)	Violation of Post-Employment Restrictions: Per violation	413,388
12 U.S.C. 1832(c)	Violation of Withdrawals by Negotiable or Transferable Instruments for Transfers to Third Parties: Per violation.	3,318
12 U.S.C. 1884	Violation of the Bank Protection Act.	365
12 U.S.C. 1972(2)(F)	Violation of Provisions regarding Correspondent Accounts, Unsafe or Unsound Practices, or Breach of Fiduciary Duty:	
	Tier 1	12,567
	Tier 2	62,829
	Tier 3	[2] 2,513,215
15 U.S.C. 78u–2(b)	Violations of Various Provisions of the Securities Act, the Securities Exchange Act, the Investment Company Act, or the Investment Advisers Act:	
	1st Tier (natural person)—Per violation	11,823
	1st Tier (other person)—Per violation	118,225
	2nd Tier (natural person)—Per violation	118,225
	2nd Tier (other person)—Per violation	591,106
	3rd Tier (natural person)—Per violation	236,451
	3rd Tier (other person)—Per violation	1,182,251
15 U.S.C. 1639e(k)	Violation of Appraisal Independence Requirements:	
	First violation	14,435
	Subsequent violations	28,866
42 U.S.C. 4012a(f)(5)	Flood Insurance: Per violation	2,730

[1] The maximum penalty amount is per day, unless otherwise indicated.
[2] The maximum penalty amount for a Federal savings association is the lesser of this amount or 1 percent of total assets.
[3] These amounts also apply to statutes that cross-reference 12 U.S.C. 1818, such as 12 U.S.C. 2804, 3108, 3349, 4309, and 4717 and 15 U.S.C. 1607, 1681s, 1691c, and 1692l.

Adam J. Cohen,

Senior Deputy Comptroller and Chief Counsel, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency.

[FR Doc. 2026–23851 Filed 11–23–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4810–33–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA–2026–13828; Project Identifier AD–2026–01191–T; Amendment 39–23529; AD 2026–24–05]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; The Boeing Company Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The FAA is superseding Airworthiness Directive (AD) 2026–21–08, which applied to certain The Boeing Company Model 737–700, –700C, –800, and –900ER series airplanes. AD 2026–21–08 required a detailed inspection of the left- and right-side form-in-place (FiP) gasket at the engine fuel shutoff valve access panel for correct sealant installation, a fluid leak test of the engine fuel shutoff valve access panels for any leak, and applicable on-condition actions. Since the FAA issued AD 2026–21–08, the FAA has determined that the compliance time exception specified in paragraph (h) of AD 2026–21–08 omits reference to a certain date. This AD retains all of the requirements of AD 2026–21–08 and adds the omitted reference to the compliance time exception specified in paragraph (h) of this AD. The FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

DATES: This AD is effective December 1, 2026.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of a certain publication listed in this AD as of December 1, 2026 (91 FR 67448, October 27, 2026).

The FAA must receive comments on this AD by December 24, 2026.

ADDRESSES: You may send comments, using the procedures found in 14 CFR 11.43 and 11.45, by any of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* Go to *regulations.gov.* Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
- *Fax:* 202–493–2251.
- *Mail:* U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M–30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.
- *Hand Delivery:* Deliver to Mail address above between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

AD Docket: You may examine the AD docket at *regulations.gov* by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA–2026–13828; or in person at Docket Operations between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this final rule, any comments received, and other information. The street address for Docket Operations is listed above.

Material Incorporated by Reference:

- For Boeing material identified in this AD, contact Boeing Commercial Airplanes, Attention: Contractual & Data Services (C&DS), 2600 Westminster Blvd., MC 110–SK57, Seal Beach, CA