

Dated: June 10, 2026.

Bruce A. George,

Program Analyst, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 2026-11889 Filed 6-11-26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4167-05-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Submission for OMB Review; 30-Day Comment Request Regular Clearance for the National Institute of Mental Health Data Archive (NDA), (NIMH)

Correction

In notice document 2026-11045, appearing on page 33185-33186, in the issue of Wednesday, June 3, 2026, make the following correction:

On page 33186, in the first column, in the **DATES** section, in the fourth line, "June 3, 2026." should read "July 6, 2026."

[FR Doc. C1-2026-11045 Filed 6-11-26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 0099-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Docket ID: FEMA-2026-0331; OMB No. 1660-0005]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection, Comment Request; FEMA Inspection and Claims Forms

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: 60-Day notice of extension and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public to take this opportunity to comment on an extension of a currently approved information collection. In accordance with the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, this notice seeks comments concerning the collection of information related to the flood insurance claims process and the housing inspection damage assessment process.

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before August 11, 2026.

ADDRESSES: To avoid duplicate submissions to the docket, please

submit comments at <http://www.regulations.gov> under Docket ID FEMA-2026-0331. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

All submissions received must include the Agency name and Docket ID. Regardless of the method used to submit comments or material, all submissions will be posted, without change, to the Federal eRulemaking Portal at <http://www.regulations.gov>, and will include any personal information you provide. Therefore, submitting this information makes it public. You may wish to read the Privacy and Security Notice that is available via a link on the homepage of <http://www.regulations.gov>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Freda Copeland, Division Director (A), FEMA Resilience, 202-710-6061, freda.copeland@fema.dhs.gov. You may contact the Information Management Division for copies of the proposed collection of information at email address: FEMA-Information-Collections-Management@fema.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pertaining to National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Direct claim forms, Congress created the NFIP through the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (NFIA), Title XIII of Public Law 90-448, 82 Stat. 476, codified at 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.* The NFIP enables property owners in participating communities to purchase flood insurance. Communities participate in the NFIP based on an agreement between the community and Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). If a community adopts and enforces a floodplain management ordinance to reduce future flood risk to new construction in floodplains, FEMA makes flood insurance available within the community as a financial protection against flood losses. Accordingly, the NFIP is comprised of three key activities: flood insurance, floodplain management, and flood hazard mapping.

A prospective policyholder may purchase an NFIP flood insurance policy, known as a Standard Flood Insurance Policy (SFIP), either: (1) directly from the Federal Government through a direct servicing agent (referred to as "NFIP Direct"), or (2) from a participating private insurance company through the Write Your Own (WYO) Program. See 44 CFR 62.23-24. The SFIP is a single-peril (flood) policy that pays for direct physical damage to insured property. There are three SFIP policy forms (*i.e.*, insurance contracts): (1) Dwelling Form, (2) General Property Form, and (3) Residential Condominium Building Association Policy (RCBAP)

Form, which are published in FEMA's regulations. See 44 CFR 61.13; *see also* 44 CFR part 61, Appendices A(1), A(2), and A(3). The SFIP sets out the terms and conditions of insurance. FEMA establishes terms, rate structures, and premium costs of the SFIP. The terms, coverage limits, and flood insurance premiums are the same whether purchased from the NFIP Direct or the WYO Program. See 44 CFR 62.23(c), (h).

All flood loss claims presented under the NFIP are paid directly with U.S. Treasury funds, regardless of whether the policy is issued by the NFIP Direct or by a WYO company. The information in the NFIP Direct collection includes all the data necessary to adjudicate claims for damages and provide SFIP benefits resulting from flood losses. In addition to the requirements of the NFIA, section 205 of the Bunning-Bereuter-Blumenauer Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2004, Public Law 108-264, 118 Stat. 726, (42 U.S.C. 4011 note) required FEMA to establish a claims appeals process. See 44 CFR 62.20.

Pertaining to housing inspections, also part of this collection, the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Stafford Act), Public Law 93-288, as amended, is the legal basis for FEMA to provide financial assistance and services to individuals applying for disaster assistance benefits in the event of a Federally declared disaster. Regulations in 44 CFR 206.110—Federal Assistance to Individuals and Households implement the policy and procedures set forth in Section 408 of the Stafford Act, 42 U.S.C. 5174, as amended.

This program provides financial assistance and, if necessary, direct assistance to eligible individuals and households who, as a direct result of a major disaster or emergency, have uninsured or under-insured expenses and serious needs, and are unable to meet such expenses or needs through other means.

Individuals and households applying for assistance must provide information detailing their losses and needs through the disaster assistance registration process covered under collection 1660-0002, Disaster Assistance Registration. If FEMA determines the applicant had home or personal property damage, has no insurance, or that the applicant's insurance coverage may not meet their needs, an inspection is needed to verify disaster caused damage.

All pertinent information for a specific applicant is stored under a unique registration identification (ID) within the National Emergency Management Information System (NEMIS). An inspection request occurs