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Proclamation 10946 of May 27, 2025

The President

101st Anniversary of the United States Border Patrol**By the President of the United States of America****A Proclamation**

For 101 years, members of the United States Border Patrol (USBP) have courageously served as guardians of our sovereignty and protectors of our homeland against invasion, aggression, and violence. Every day, Border Patrol agents selflessly risk their lives to repel the flow of deadly drugs, weapons, criminals, and terrorists—many of whom come to our shores from jails, prisons, and mental institutions in far-flung countries across the globe. On this anniversary of the United States Border Patrol, we honor every agent for their honorable service and pledge to support them in their mission to keep Americans safe.

For decades, the USBP has maintained the thin line between order and chaos. Unfortunately, the last administration—in an extraordinary act of deception and betrayal, imported an army of unvetted illegal aliens, including violent criminals, thugs, gang members, and terrorists from the darkest and most dangerous parts of the world. Their arrival over the last 4 years ushered in record-shattering levels of immigrants illegally coming into our country while at the same time depleting resources and draining the morale of our incredible USBP agents.

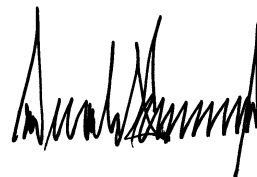
The tide turned on January 20, 2025. One of my first actions as President was declaring a National Emergency at the southern border of the United States, which provided additional authority to the Department of Defense to support the Federal Government's response to the crisis. I also designated cartels and other transnational organizations, such as Tren de Aragua and MS-13, as foreign terrorist organizations and Specially Designated Global Terrorists in order to end their campaign of violence and bloodshed on our homeland. Additionally, I have resumed our border wall construction, reinstated the Remain in Mexico policy, halted the practice of catch-and-release, ended asylum for illegal border crossers, deployed thousands of American soldiers to defend and protect our borders, and implemented the largest deportation operation in the history of our country.

Within my first 100 days in office, daily border encounters dropped 95 percent, and migrant crossings declined by an astounding 99.99 percent. In March, our Nation saw the lowest monthly number of border encounters in recorded history—and fentanyl traffic fell by 54 percent compared to March of the previous year. Also in my first 100 days, my Administration arrested more than 150,000 and deported more than 135,000 illegal aliens. Under my leadership, our USBP agents are not only receiving the resources they need to do their job but also the respect they have earned and deserve—and our work is only just beginning.

As we celebrate 101 years of the USBP, we honor the thousands of patriots who dedicate their careers to defending our borders and upholding the rule of law, even in the face of grave danger and tremendous risk. Above all, we pay tribute to every brave soul who has perished in the line of duty while proudly serving our Nation. In their memory, and in honor of their beloved family members, we pledge to empower the USBP to safeguard the American homeland today, tomorrow, and beyond.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, DONALD J. TRUMP, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the laws of the United States, do hereby proclaim May 28, 2025, as a day in celebration of the 101st Anniversary of the United States Border Patrol.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-seventh day of May, in the year of our Lord two thousand twenty-five, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and forty-ninth.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "Donald J. Trump", written in a stylized, cursive script.

Rules and Regulations

Federal Register

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This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains regulatory documents having general applicability and legal effect, most of which are keyed to and codified in the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published under 50 titles pursuant to 44 U.S.C. 1510.

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA–2025–0006; Project Identifier MCAI–2023–00803–R; Amendment 39–23034; AD 2025–09–13]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Helicopters

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The FAA is adopting a new airworthiness directive (AD) for Airbus Helicopters Model AS350B, AS350BA, AS350B1, AS350B2, AS350B3, AS350D, AS355E, AS355F, AS355F1, AS355F2, AS355N, and AS355NP helicopters. This AD was prompted by a report of a sliding door that was locked in the open position detaching from the helicopter during flight. This AD requires modifying certain upper rail rollers, installing a label on each sliding door, and prohibits installing affected upper rail rollers or a door having an affected upper rail roller. These actions are specified in a European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD, which is incorporated by reference. The FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

DATES: This AD is effective July 7, 2025.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of a certain publication listed in this AD as of July 7, 2025.

ADDRESSES:

AD Docket: You may examine the AD docket at [regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov) under Docket No. FAA–2025–0006; or in person at Docket Operations between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this final rule, the mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI), any comments received, and

other information. The address for Docket Operations is U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M–30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.

Material Incorporated by Reference:

- For EASA material identified in this AD, contact EASA, Konrad-Adenauer-Ufer 3, 50668 Cologne, Germany; phone: +49 221 8999 000; email: ADs@easa.europa.eu; website: easa.europa.eu. You may find the EASA material on the EASA website at ad.easa.europa.eu.

- You may view this material at the FAA, Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, 10101 Hillwood Parkway, Room 6N–321, Fort Worth, TX 76177. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222–5110. It is also available at [regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov) under Docket No. FAA–2025–0006.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Adam Hein, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; phone: (316) 946–4116; email: Adam.Hein@faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The FAA issued a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) to amend 14 CFR part 39 by adding an AD that would apply to Airbus Helicopters Model AS350B, AS350BA, AS350B1, AS350B2, AS350B3, AS350D, AS355E, AS355F, AS355F1, AS355F2, AS355N, and AS355NP helicopters. The NPRM was published in the **Federal Register** on January 17, 2025 (90 FR 5759). The NPRM was prompted by EASA AD 2023–0131, dated July 3, 2023 (EASA AD 2023–0131) (also referred to as the MCAI), issued by EASA, which is the Technical Agent for the Member States of the European Union. The MCAI states that a left-hand (LH) sliding door of a Model AS 350 B3 helicopter was lost while flying with the door locked in the open position. Design review by Airbus determined that the upper rail roller had a single locking device instead of two separate locking devices, which is required for that type of fastener.

In the NPRM, the FAA proposed to require modifying certain upper rail rollers, installing a label on each sliding door, and prohibit installing affected upper rail rollers or a door having an affected upper rail roller. The FAA is

issuing this AD to address the insufficient upper rail roller locking mechanism of the sliding door. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could lead to the sliding door detaching from the helicopter during flight, and subsequent damage to the helicopter and injury to persons on the ground.

You may examine the MCAI in the AD docket at [regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov) under Docket No. FAA–2025–0006.

Discussion of Final Airworthiness Directive

Comments

The FAA received no comments on the NPRM or on the determination of the costs.

Conclusion

These products have been approved by the civil aviation authority of another country and are approved for operation in the United States. Pursuant to the FAA's bilateral agreement with this State of Design Authority, that authority has notified the FAA of the unsafe condition described in the MCAI referenced above. The FAA reviewed the relevant data and determined that air safety requires adopting this AD as proposed. Accordingly, the FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products. Except for minor editorial changes, this AD is adopted as proposed in the NPRM. None of the changes will increase the economic burden on any operator.

Material Incorporated by Reference Under 1 CFR Part 51

The FAA reviewed EASA AD 2023–0131, which requires modifying affected upper rail rollers and installing a label on each sliding door. EASA AD 2023–0131 also prohibits installing an affected upper rail roller, or a door having an affected upper rail roller installed, on any helicopter. This material is reasonably available because the interested parties have access to it through their normal course of business or by the means identified in the **ADDRESSES** section.

Differences Between This AD and the MCAI

EASA AD 2023–0131 applies to Model AS350BB helicopters, whereas this AD does not because that model is not FAA-type certificated.

Costs of Compliance

The FAA estimates that this AD affects 972 helicopters of U.S. registry. Labor rates are estimated at \$85 per work-hour. Based on these numbers, the FAA estimates that operators may incur the following costs in order to comply with this AD.

Modifying the upper rail rollers and installing a label on the sliding doors (up to two doors per helicopter) takes up to 8 work-hours and parts cost \$2,668 for an estimated cost of up to \$3,348 per helicopter and \$3,254,256 for the U.S. fleet.

The FAA has included all known costs in its cost estimate. According to the manufacturer, however, some of the costs of this AD may be covered under warranty, thereby reducing the cost impact on affected operators.

Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII: Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

The FAA is issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: General requirements. Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

Regulatory Findings

This AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this AD:

- (1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866,
- (2) Will not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska, and
- (3) Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

The Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

- 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

- 2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

2025–09–13 Airbus Helicopters:

Amendment 39–23034; Docket No. FAA–2025–0006; Project Identifier MCAI–2023–00803–R.

(a) Effective Date

This airworthiness directive (AD) is effective July 7, 2025.

(b) Affected ADs

None.

(c) Applicability

This AD applies to Airbus Helicopters Model AS350B, AS350BA, AS350B1, AS350B2, AS350B3, AS350D, AS355E, AS355F, AS355F1, AS355F2, AS355N, and AS355NP helicopters, certificated in any category, as identified in European Union Aviation Safety Agency AD 2023–0131, dated July 3, 2023 (EASA AD 2023–0131).

(d) Subject

Joint Aircraft System Component (JASC): Code 5200, Doors.

(e) Unsafe Condition

This AD was prompted by a report of a sliding door that was locked in the open position detaching from the helicopter during flight. The FAA is issuing this AD to address the insufficient upper rail roller locking mechanism of the sliding door. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could lead to the sliding door detaching from the helicopter during flight, and subsequent damage to the helicopter and injury to persons on the ground.

(f) Compliance

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

(g) Requirements

Except as specified in paragraph (h) of this AD: Comply with all required actions and compliance times specified in, and in accordance with, EASA AD 2023–0131.

(h) Exceptions to EASA AD 2023–0131

(1) Where EASA AD 2023–0131 refers to its effective date, this AD requires using the effective date of this AD.

(2) Where EASA AD 2023–0131 requires compliance in terms of flight hours, this AD requires using hours time-in-service.

(3) Where the service information referenced in EASA AD 2023–0131 specifies to discard parts, this AD requires removing those parts from service.

(4) Where the service information referenced in EASA AD 2023–0131 specifies to submit certain information to the manufacturer, this AD does not require that action.

(5) This AD does not adopt the "Remarks" section of EASA AD 2023–0131.

(i) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

(1) The Manager, International Validation Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the International Validation Branch, send it to the attention of the person identified in paragraph (j) of this AD. Information may be emailed to: AMOC@faa.gov.

(2) Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local Flight Standards District Office/certificate holding district office.

(j) Related Information

For more information about this AD, contact Adam Hein, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; phone: (316) 946–4116; email: Adam.Hein@faa.gov.

(k) Material Incorporated by Reference

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of the material listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this material as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.

(i) European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD 2023–0131, dated July 3, 2023.

(ii) [Reserved]

(3) For EASA material identified in this AD, contact EASA, Konrad-Adenauer-Ufer 3, 50668 Cologne, Germany; phone: +49 221 8999 000; email: ADS@easa.europa.eu; website: easa.europa.eu. You may find the EASA material on the EASA website at ad.easa.europa.eu.

(4) You may view this material at the FAA, Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, 10101 Hillwood Parkway, Room 6N–321, Fort Worth, TX 76177. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222–5110.

(5) You may view this material at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, visit www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations or email fr.inspection@nara.gov.

Issued on May 22, 2025.

Steven W. Thompson,

Acting Deputy Director, Compliance & Airworthiness Division, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2025–09889 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA–2025–0921; Project Identifier MCAI–2025–00442–Q; Amendment 39–23056; AD 2025–11–10]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Cameron Balloons Ltd. Fuel Cylinders

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The FAA is adopting a new airworthiness directive (AD) for Cameron Balloons Ltd. (Cameron) fuel cylinders fitted with certain pressure relief valve (PRV) adaptors on hot air balloons. This AD was prompted by the discovery of cracks on the upper hex portion of PRV adaptors. This AD requires repetitively visually checking the PRV adaptor for cracks and removing any fuel cylinder with a cracked PRV adaptor from service. The FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

DATES: This AD is effective June 17, 2025.

The FAA must receive comments on this AD by July 17, 2025.

ADDRESSES: You may send comments, using the procedures found in 14 CFR 11.43 and 11.45, by any of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* Go to [regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov). Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

- *Fax:* (202) 493–2251.

- *Mail:* U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M–30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.

- *Hand Delivery:* Deliver to Mail address above between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

AD Docket: You may examine the AD docket at [regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov) under Docket No. FAA–2025–0921; or in person at Docket Operations between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket

contains this final rule, the mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI), any comments received, and other information. The street address for Docket Operations is listed above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

George Weir, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; phone: (817) 222–4045; email: george.a.weir@faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

The FAA invites you to send any written data, views, or arguments about this final rule. Send your comments using a method listed under the **ADDRESSES** section. Include “Docket No. FAA–2025–0921; Project Identifier MCAI–2025–00442–Q” at the beginning of your comments. The most helpful comments reference a specific portion of the final rule, explain the reason for any recommended change, and include supporting data. The FAA will consider all comments received by the closing date and may amend this final rule because of those comments.

Except for Confidential Business Information (CBI) as described in the following paragraph, and other information as described in 14 CFR 11.35, the FAA will post all comments received, without change, to [regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov), including any personal information you provide. The agency will also post a report summarizing each substantive verbal contact received about this final rule.

Confidential Business Information

CBI is commercial or financial information that is both customarily and actually treated as private by its owner. Under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) (5 U.S.C. 552), CBI is exempt from public disclosure. If your comments responsive to this AD contain commercial or financial information that is customarily treated as private, that you actually treat as private, and that is relevant or responsive to this AD, it is important that you clearly designate the submitted comments as CBI. Please mark each page of your submission containing CBI as “PROPIN.” The FAA will treat such marked submissions as confidential under the FOIA, and they will not be placed in the public docket of this AD. Submissions containing CBI should be sent to George Weir, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590. Any commentary that the FAA receives which is not specifically designated as CBI will be placed in the public docket for this rulemaking.

Background

The Civil Aviation Authority (CAA), which is the airworthiness authority for the United Kingdom (UK), has issued CAA UK Emergency AD G–2025–0001R1–E, dated April 11, 2025 (also referred to as “the MCAI”), to correct an unsafe condition on hot air balloons with Cameron fuel cylinders fitted with PRV adaptor part number (P/N) CB8426. The MCAI states that within the previous nine months, Cameron received three reports that fuel cylinders with PRV adaptor P/N CB8426 had cracks on the upper hex portion of the PRV adaptor. The MCAI further states that the cause of the failed adaptors is unknown, but likely due to a manufacturing or maintenance non-conformity issue. A cracked PRV adaptor could lead to uncontrolled leakage of liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), which could result in an in-flight fire and consequent emergency landing.

You may examine the MCAI in the AD docket at [regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov) under Docket No. FAA–2025–0921.

FAA’s Determination

These products have been approved by the civil aviation authority of another country and are approved for operation in the United States. Pursuant to the FAA’s bilateral agreement with this State of Design Authority, that authority has notified the FAA of the unsafe condition described in the MCAI and material referenced above. The FAA is issuing this AD after determining that the unsafe condition described previously is likely to exist or develop on other products of the same type design.

AD Requirements

This AD requires repetitive visual checks of the fuel cylinder PRV adaptor for cracks, reporting any findings of a crack, and removing any fuel cylinder with a cracked PRV adaptor from service. The owner/operator (pilot) holding at least a private pilot certificate may perform the visual check and must enter compliance with the applicable paragraph(s) of the AD into the balloon maintenance records in accordance with 14 CFR 43.9(a) and 91.417(a)(2)(v). The pilot may perform this action because it only involves visually checking each PRV adaptor for cracks. This action could be performed equally well by a pilot or a mechanic. This is an exception to the FAA’s standard maintenance regulations.

Differences Between This AD and the MCAI

The MCAI applies to hot air balloons and certain airships. This AD only

applies to hot air balloons because the airships identified in the MCAI do not have an FAA type certificate.

Although the MCAI specifies that if any fuel cylinder is found with a cracked PRV adaptor, it must be emptied of fuel prior to being removed from service, this AD does not require that action. While that action is encouraged for the general safety related to the leakage of LPG, it is not required to address the unsafe condition identified in this AD.

This AD requires reporting to Cameron Balloons the results of each check if a crack is found, whereas the MCAI does not. The MCAI states in the "Reason" section that it requires reporting the results of the inspections because the cause of the failed adaptors is not known and inspection reports will help determine the extent of the failures in the affected fleet. However, the MCAI does not explicitly include a reporting requirement in the "Required Action(s) and Compliance Time(s)" section. The FAA infers that the MCAI intended to have this reporting as a required action to ensure proper corrective measures can be taken based on the gathered data, and therefore has included a reporting requirement in this AD.

Interim Action

The FAA considers this AD to be an interim action. This unsafe condition is still under investigation by the manufacturer and, depending on the results of that investigation, the FAA may consider further rulemaking action.

Justification for Immediate Adoption and Determination of the Effective Date

Section 553(b) of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) (5 U.S.C. 551 *et seq.*) authorizes agencies to dispense with notice and comment procedures for rules when the agency, for "good cause," finds that those procedures are "impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest." Under this section, an agency, upon finding good cause, may issue a final rule without providing notice and seeking comment prior to issuance. Further, section 553(d) of the APA authorizes agencies to make rules effective in less than thirty days, upon a finding of good cause.

An unsafe condition exists that requires the immediate adoption of this AD without providing an opportunity for public comments prior to adoption. The FAA has found that the risk to the flying public justifies forgoing notice and comment prior to adoption of this rule because an LPG leak on the fuel cylinder could result in an in-flight fire or explosion, damaging the hot air

balloon and leading to a forced emergency landing, which could injure balloon occupants and persons on the ground. Additionally, the corrective actions must be accomplished before further flight and before each flight thereafter. Accordingly, notice and opportunity for prior public comment are impracticable and contrary to the public interest pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(b).

In addition, the FAA finds that good cause exists pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(d) for making this amendment effective in less than 30 days, for the same reasons the FAA found good cause to forgo notice and comment.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) do not apply when an agency finds good cause pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553 to adopt a rule without prior notice and comment. Because the FAA has determined that it has good cause to adopt this rule without prior notice and comment, RFA analysis is not required.

Costs of Compliance

The FAA estimates that this AD affects 2,000 fuel cylinders installed on hot air balloons worldwide. The FAA has no way of knowing the number of hot air balloons of U.S. Registry that may have an affected fuel cylinder installed. The estimated cost on U.S. operators reflects the maximum possible cost based on affected fuel cylinders worldwide. The average labor rate is \$85 per work-hour.

The FAA estimates that visually checking the fuel cylinder will take 1 work-hour for an estimated cost of \$85 per balloon per cycle, for a U.S. fleet cost of \$170,000 per cycle.

Removing an affected fuel cylinder from service and replacing it with a new fuel cylinder will take 2 work-hours and a part cost of \$29, for a cost of \$199 per balloon.

Reporting the results of any inspection where a crack is found will take 1 work-hour for a cost of \$85 per report.

Paperwork Reduction Act

A federal agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, nor shall a person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The OMB Control Number for this information collection is 2120-0056. Public reporting for this collection of

information is estimated to take approximately 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. All responses to this collection of information are mandatory. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to: Information Collection Clearance Officer, Federal Aviation Administration, 10101 Hillwood Parkway, Fort Worth, TX 76177-1524.

Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII: Aviation Programs describes in more detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

The FAA is issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: General requirements. Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

Regulatory Findings

This AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this AD:

- (1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866, and
- (2) Will not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

The Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator,

the FAA amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

■ 2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

2025–11–10 Cameron Balloons Ltd.:
Amendment 39–23056; Docket No. FAA–2025–0921; Project Identifier MCAI–2025–00442–Q.

(a) Effective Date

This airworthiness directive (AD) is effective June 17, 2025.

(b) Affected ADs

None.

(c) Applicability

(1) This AD applies to all hot air balloons, certificated in any category, with a fuel cylinder installed that is fitted with Cameron Balloons Ltd. pressure relief valve (PRV) adaptor part number CB8426.

Note 1 to paragraph (c)(1): Cameron Balloons Alert Service Bulletin No. 36, Revision 1, dated April 2, 2025, provides information related to this AD, including fuel cylinders that may be fitted with PRV adaptor part number CB8426.

(2) These fuel cylinders are installed on hot air balloon models including, but not limited to, those of the design approval holders identified in paragraphs (c)(2)(i) through (viii) of this AD.

- (i) Adams Aerostats LLC.
- (ii) Aerostar International Inc.
- (iii) Ballonbau Wörner GmbH.
- (iv) Cameron Balloons Ltd.
- (v) Eagle Balloons Corp.
- (vi) JR Aerosports, Ltd.
- (vii) Kubíček Factory s.r.o. (formerly Balóny Kubíček spol. s.r.o.).
- (viii) Lindstrand Balloons Ltd.

(d) Subject

Joint Aircraft System Component (JASC) Code 2800, Aircraft Fuel System.

(e) Unsafe Condition

This AD was prompted by cracks on the upper hex portion of PRV adaptors installed on certain Cameron Balloons Ltd. fuel cylinders. The FAA is issuing this AD to address failure of a PRV adaptor. This condition, if not addressed, could lead to uncontrolled leakage of liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), which could result in an in-flight fire and consequent emergency landing.

(f) Compliance

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

(g) Required Actions

(1) Before further flight after the effective date of this AD, and thereafter before each

flight, visually check the fuel cylinder PRV adaptor for any cracks.

(2) The owner/operator (pilot) holding at least a private pilot certificate may perform the visual checks required by paragraph (g)(1) of this AD and must enter compliance with the applicable paragraph of this AD into the balloon maintenance records in accordance with 14 CFR 43.9(a) and 91.417(a)(2)(v). The record must be maintained as required by 14 CFR 91.417, 121.380, or 135.439.

(3) If during any visual check required by paragraph (g)(1) of this AD, any fuel cylinder PRV adaptor is found with a crack, remove the fuel cylinder from service before further flight.

(h) Reporting

If a crack is found during any visual check required by paragraph (g)(1) of this AD, within 10 days after the check or within 10 days after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, report the results to Cameron Balloons Ltd. at the address in paragraph (k)(2) of this AD. The report must include the check results, a description of any discrepancies found, the hot air balloon serial number, and the hours time-in-service for the PRV adaptor or the hot air balloon.

(i) Special Flight Permits

Special flight permits are prohibited.

(j) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

The Manager, International Validation Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the International Validation Branch, send it to the attention of the person identified in paragraph (k)(1) of this AD and email to AMOC@faa.gov. Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/certificate holding district office.

(k) Additional Information

(1) For more information about this AD, contact George Weir, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; phone: (817) 222–4045; email: george.a.weir@faa.gov.

(2) For material identified in this AD that is not incorporated by reference, contact Cameron Balloons Ltd., St John Street, Bedminster, Bristol, BS3 4NH, United Kingdom; phone: +44 0 117 9637216; email: technical@cameronballoons.co.uk; website: cameronballoons.co.uk.

(l) Material Incorporated by Reference

None.

Issued on May 28, 2025.

Steven W. Thompson,

Acting Deputy Director, Compliance & Airworthiness Division, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2025–10045 Filed 5–29–25; 2:00 pm]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA–2025–0208; Project Identifier MCAI–2024–00555–A; Amendment 39–23044; AD 2025–10–10]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Pilatus Aircraft Ltd. Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The FAA is superseding Airworthiness Directive (AD) 2023–26–05, which applied to certain Pilatus Aircraft Ltd. (Pilatus) Model PC–24 airplanes. AD 2023–26–05 required periodic replacement of affected titanium threaded bolts, a one-time inspection of the rudder mass balance arm and other elements of the rudder trim tab installation for correct attachment, damage (gouges), cracks, deformation, surface finish, and corrosion on any surrounding parts and, depending on findings, the accomplishment of applicable corrective actions. Since the FAA issued AD 2023–26–05, it was determined that some batches of titanium bolts had variations in the microstructure that could affect the fatigue characteristics. This AD requires replacing affected short rudder-trim control rod assemblies with serviceable rudder-trim control rod assemblies having threaded steel bolts and prohibits the installation of affected parts. The FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

DATES: This AD is effective July 7, 2025.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of a certain publication listed in this AD as of July 7, 2025.

ADDRESSES:

AD Docket: You may examine the AD docket at regulations.gov under Docket No. FAA–2025–0208; or in person at Docket Operations between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this final rule, the mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI), any comments received, and other information. The address for Docket Operations is U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M–30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.

Material Incorporated by Reference:

- For European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) material

identified in this AD, contact EASA, Konrad-Adenauer-Ufer 3, 50668 Cologne, Germany; phone: +49 221 8999 000; email: ADs@easa.europa.eu; website: easa.europa.eu. You may find this material on the EASA website at ad.easa.europa.eu.

- You may view this material at the FAA, Airworthiness Products Section, Operational Safety Branch, 901 Locust, Kansas City, MO 64106. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222-5110. It is also available at regulations.gov under Docket No. FAA-2025-0208.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Doug Rudolph, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; phone: (816) 329-4059; email: doug.rudolph@faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The FAA issued a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) to amend 14 CFR part 39 to supersede AD 2023-26-05, Amendment 39-22648 (88 FR 90091, December 29, 2023), (AD 2023-26-05). AD 2023-26-05 applied to certain Pilatus Model PC-24 airplanes. AD 2023-26-05 required periodic replacement of affected titanium threaded bolts, a one-time inspection of the rudder mass balance arm and other elements of the rudder trim tab installation for correct attachment, damage (gouges), cracks, deformation, surface finish, and corrosion on any surrounding parts and, depending on findings, accomplishment of applicable corrective actions. The FAA issued AD 2023-26-05 to address certain batches of titanium bolts having variations in the microstructure that could affect the fatigue characteristics.

If not corrected, the unsafe condition could lead to failure of the titanium threaded bolts with consequent damage to the rudder and rudder trim tab, which could result in loss of rudder

control and reduced or loss of control of the airplane. EASA Emergency AD 2023-0219-E identified the affected parts as titanium threaded bolts, part number (P/N) 527.20.24.489, installed on the rudder trim tab short control rods.

The NPRM was published in the **Federal Register** on February 24, 2025 (90 FR 10467). The NPRM was prompted by AD 2024-0181R1, dated September 24, 2024 (EASA AD 2024-0181R1) (also referred to as the MCAI), issued by EASA, which is the Technical Agent for the Member States of the European Union. The MCAI states that the titanium threaded bolts at the forward end of the short rudder trim tab actuating rods may be subject to unexpectedly high oscillating loads due to aerodynamic forces acting on the rudder trim tab. This condition could lead to failure of the bolt and consequent damage to the rudder and rudder trim tab, possibly resulting in loss of rudder control and reduced or loss of control of the airplane. The MCAI also states that variations in the structures of the replacement titanium bolt batches could affect their fatigue characteristics.

EASA AD 2024-0181R1 retains the actions of EASA Emergency AD 2023-0219-E. EASA AD 2024-0181R1 amends paragraph (1) of EASA Emergency AD 2023-0219-E to clarify the required action and to modify its compliance time.

In the NPRM, the FAA proposed to require replacing affected short rudder-trim control rod assemblies with serviceable rudder-trim control rod assemblies having threaded steel bolts and would prohibit the installation of affected parts, as specified in EASA AD 2024-0181R1. The FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

You may examine the MCAI in the AD docket at regulations.gov under Docket No. FAA-2025-0208.

Discussion of Final Airworthiness Directive

Comments

The FAA received no comments on the NPRM or on the determination of the costs.

Conclusion

These products have been approved by the civil aviation authority of another country and are approved for operation in the United States. Pursuant to the FAA's bilateral agreement with this State of Design Authority, that authority has notified the FAA of the unsafe condition described in the MCAI referenced above. The FAA reviewed the relevant data, considered any comments received, and determined that air safety requires adopting this AD as proposed. Accordingly, the FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products. This AD is adopted as proposed in the NPRM.

Material Incorporated by Reference Under 1 CFR Part 51

The FAA reviewed EASA AD 2024-0181R1, which specifies replacing an affected part, short rudder-trim control rod assembly P/N 527.20.24.464, which has threaded titanium bolts, with a serviceable part, short rudder-trim control rod assembly P/N 527.20.24.069, which has threaded steel bolts. EASA AD 2024-0181R1 prohibits the installation of an affected part on any airplane.

This material is reasonably available because the interested parties have access to it through their normal course of business or by the means identified in the **ADDRESSES** section.

Costs of Compliance

The FAA estimates that this AD affects 120 airplanes of U.S. registry.

The FAA estimates the following costs to comply with this AD:

ESTIMATED COSTS

Action	Labor cost	Parts cost	Cost per product	Cost on U.S. operators
Replacement of affected rudder-trim control rod assemblies ...	8 work-hours × \$85 per hour = \$680	\$288	\$968	\$116,160

The FAA has included all known costs in its cost estimate. According to the manufacturer, however, some of the costs of this AD may be covered under warranty, thereby reducing the cost impact on affected operators.

Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII: Aviation Programs, describes in more

detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

The FAA is issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: General requirements. Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing

regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

Regulatory Findings

The FAA has determined that this AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this AD:

- (1) Is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866,
- (2) Will not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska, and
- (3) Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

The Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

- 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

- 2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by:
- a. Removing Airworthiness Directive 2023–26–05, Amendment 39–22648 (88 FR 90091, December 29, 2023); and
 - b. Adding the following new airworthiness directive:

2025–10–10 Pilatus Aircraft Ltd.:
Amendment 39–23044; Docket No. FAA–2025–0208; Project Identifier MCAI–2024–00555–A.

(a) Effective Date

This airworthiness directive (AD) is effective July 7, 2025.

(b) Affected ADs

This AD replaces AD 2023–26–05, Amendment 39–22648 (88 FR 90091, December 29, 2023) (AD 2023–26–05).

(c) Applicability

This AD applies to Pilatus Aircraft Ltd. Model PC–24 airplanes, certificated in any category, as identified in European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD 2024–0181R1, dated September 24, 2024 (EASA AD 2024–0181R1).

(d) Subject

Joint Aircraft System Component (JASC) Code 2721, Rudder Tab Control System.

(e) Unsafe Condition

This AD was prompted by a determination that the titanium threaded bolts installed at the forward end of the short rudder trim tab actuating rods could be subject to unexpectedly high oscillating loads due to aerodynamic forces acting on the rudder trim tab. The FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could result in failure of the titanium threaded bolts with consequent damage to the rudder and rudder trim tab, which could result in loss of rudder control and reduced or loss of control of the airplane.

(f) Compliance

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

(g) Required Actions

Except as specified in paragraph (h) of this AD: Comply with all required actions and compliance times specified in, and in accordance with, EASA AD 2024–0181R1.

(h) Exceptions to EASA AD 2024–0181R1

(1) Where EASA AD 2024–0181R1 refers to its effective date, this AD requires using the effective date of this AD.

(2) Where EASA AD 2024–0181R1 requires compliance in terms of flight hours, this AD requires using hours time-in-service.

(3) Where paragraph (1) of EASA AD 2024–0181R1 specifies “as required by EASA AD 2023–0219–E”, this AD requires replacing that text with “as required by AD 2023–26–05.”

(4) Where the material identified in EASA AD 2024–0181R1 specifies to “discard” certain parts, this AD requires replacing that text with “remove from service.”

(5) This AD does not adopt the Remarks section of EASA AD 2024–0181R1.

(i) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

The Manager, International Validation Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the International Validation Branch, mail it to the address identified in paragraph (j) of this AD and email to: AMOC@faa.gov. If mailing information, also submit information by email. Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local Flight Standards District Office/certificate holding district office. Only Global AMOC letter 731–

24–00656, dated July 24, 2024, approved for AD 2023–26–05, is approved as an AMOC for the corresponding provisions of this AD.

(j) Additional Information

For more information about this AD, contact Doug Rudolph, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; phone: (816) 329–4059; email: doug.rudolph@faa.gov.

(k) Material Incorporated by Reference

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference (IBR) of the material listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this material as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.

(i) European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD 2024–0181R1, dated September 24, 2024.

(ii) [Reserved]

(3) For EASA material identified in this AD, contact EASA, Konrad-Adenauer-Ufer 3, 50668 Cologne, Germany; phone: +49 221 8999 000; email: ADs@easa.europa.eu; website: easa.europa.eu. You may find this EASA Emergency AD on the EASA website at ad.easa.europa.eu.

(4) You may view this material at the FAA, Airworthiness Products Section, Operational Safety Branch, 901 Locust, Kansas City, MO 64106. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222–5110.

(5) You may view this material at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, visit www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations or email fr.inspection@nara.gov.

Issued on May 22, 2025.

Steven W. Thompson,

Acting Deputy Director, Compliance & Airworthiness Division, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2025–09885 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA–2025–0400; Airspace Docket No. 25–AEA–4]

RIN 2120–AA66

Revocation of Class D and Class E4 Airspace; Establishment of Class E2 Airspace; Amendment of Class E5 Airspace, Aberdeen, MD

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action removes Class D and E4 airspace at Phillips Army Airfield (AAF), Aberdeen, MD, due to the closure of the air traffic control

tower. This action establishes Class E2 airspace extending upward from the surface above Phillips AAF at the request of the United States Army to provide the required airspace for Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) operations at Phillips AAF. This action also amends Class E5 airspace to accommodate the decommissioning of the Aberdeen non-directional radio beacon (NDB) and cancellation of the associated instrument approach procedures. Controlled airspace is necessary for the safety and management of IFR operations in the area for existing instrument approaches.

DATES: Effective 0901 UTC, October 2, 2025. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference action under 1 CFR part 51, subject to the annual revision of FAA Order JO 7400.11 and publication of conforming amendments.

ADDRESSES: A copy of the notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM), all comments received, this final rule, and all background material may be viewed online at www.regulations.gov using the FAA Docket number. Electronic retrieval help and guidelines are available on the website. It is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.

FAA Order JO 7400.11J, Airspace Designations, and Reporting Points, as well as subsequent amendments, can be viewed online at www.faa.gov/air-traffic/publications/. For further information, you may also contact the Rules and Regulations Group, Policy Directorate, Federal Aviation Administration, 600 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20597; Telephone: (202) 267-8783.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Marc Ellerbee, Operations Support Group, Eastern Service Center, Federal Aviation Administration, 1701 Columbia Avenue, College Park, GA 30337; Telephone: (404) 305-5589.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority for This Rulemaking

The FAA's authority to issue rules regarding aviation safety is found in Title 49 of the United States Code. Subtitle I, Section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the agency's authority. This rulemaking is promulgated under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart I, Section 40103. Under that section, the FAA is charged with prescribing regulations to assign the use of airspace necessary to ensure the safety of aircraft and the efficient use of airspace. This regulation is within the

scope of that authority, as it removes Class D and E4, establishes Class E2, and amends Class E5 airspace in Aberdeen, MD.

History

The FAA published a notice of proposed rulemaking for Docket No. FAA 2025-0400 in the **Federal Register** (90 FR 14591; April 3, 2025), proposing to remove Class D and E4 airspace, establish Class E2 airspace extending upward from the surface, and amend Class E5 airspace at Phillips Army Airfield, Aberdeen, MD. Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking effort by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments were received.

Changes From NPRM

An editorial change was made to remove the detailed airspace legal descriptions from the Aberdeen, MD, Class D and E4 airspace in this final rule. The inclusion of the detailed descriptions of the Aberdeen, MD, Class D and E4 airspace in the NPRM was unnecessary since they are being removed. This final rule lists only the bold headings for these airspace descriptions, with the instructions for them to be removed. As this constitutes a ministerial change that does not alter legal obligations associated with the airspace, good cause exists for not recirculating the NPRM.

Incorporation by Reference

Class D and E airspace designations are published in paragraphs 5000, 6002, 6004, and 6005 of FAA Order JO 7400.11, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 on an annual basis. This document amends the current version of that order, FAA Order JO 7400.11J, dated July 31, 2024, and effective September 15, 2024. These amendments will be published in the next update to FAA Order JO 7400.11. FAA Order JO 7400.11J, which lists Class A, B, C, D, and E airspace areas, air traffic service routes, and reporting points, is publicly available as listed in the **ADDRESSES** section of this document.

The Rule

This action amends 14 CFR part 71 to remove Class D and E4 airspace, establish Class E2 airspace and amend Class E5 airspace for Phillips AAF, Aberdeen, MD.

This action removes the Class D and Class E4 airspaces extending upward from the surface above Phillips Army Airfield (AAF), Aberdeen, MD, as the air traffic control tower is permanently

closed and no longer provides air traffic control services.

This action establishes Class E airspace extending upward from the surface that is required to support the existing RNAV approach servicing Phillips AAF and at the request of the United States Army. Controlled airspace is necessary for the safety and management of IFR operations for existing instrument approaches at Phillips AAF.

This action amends Class E5 airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface for Phillips AAF, Aberdeen, MD, to accommodate airspace reconfiguration due to the decommissioning of Aberdeen's non-directional radio beacon (NDB) and the associated cancellation of the NDB approaches. The reconfiguration removes the extension from the 8.3-mile radius of Phillips AAF extending clockwise from the 260° bearing to the 030° bearing from the airport leaving only the 6.9-mile radius Class E5 airspace that is required for existing approaches into Phillips AAF.

Regulatory Notices and Analyses

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore: (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a Regulatory Evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this proposed rule, when promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

Environmental Review

The FAA has determined that this action qualifies for categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act in accordance with FAA Order 1050.1F, "Environmental Impacts: Policies and Procedures," paragraph 5-6.5a. This airspace action is not expected to cause any potentially significant environmental impacts, and no extraordinary circumstances exist that warrant the preparation of an environmental assessment.

Lists of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

The Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D, AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

§ 71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of FAA Order JO 7400.11J, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated July 31, 2024, and effective September 15, 2024, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 5000 Class D Airspace.

* * * * *

AEA MD D Aberdeen, MD [Removed]

* * * * *

Paragraph 6004 Class E Airspace Areas Designated as an Extension to a Class D or Class E Surface Area.

* * * * *

AEA MD E4 Aberdeen, MD [Removed]

* * * * *

Paragraph 6002 Class E Airspace Areas Designated as Surface Areas.

* * * * *

AEA MD E2 Aberdeen, MD [New]

Phillips AAF, MD

(Lat. 39°27'56" N, long. 76°10'06" W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface within a 4.4-mile radius of Phillips AAF; excluding that airspace in Restricted Area R-4001A when it is in effect. This Class E airspace area is effective during the specific dates and times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen. The specific date and time will thereafter be continuously published in the Chart Supplement.

* * * * *

Paragraph 6005 Class E Airspace Areas Extending Upward From 700 Feet or More Above the Surface of the Earth.

* * * * *

AEA MD E5 Aberdeen, MD [Amended]

Phillips AAF, MD

(Lat. 39°27'56" N, long. 76°10'06" W)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6.9-mile radius of Phillips AAF excluding the airspace

in Restricted Areas R-4001A and R-4001B when they are in effect.

* * * * *

Issued in College Park, Georgia, on May 27, 2025.

Patrick Young,

Manager, Airspace & Procedures Team North, Eastern Service Center, Air Traffic Organization.

[FR Doc. 2025–09856 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**Federal Aviation Administration****14 CFR Part 71**

[Docket No. FAA–2025–0316; Airspace Docket No. 25–ASO–3]

RIN 2120–AA66

Amendment of Class D Airspace and Establishment of Class E Airspace; Warner Robins, GA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action amends Class D airspace and establishes Class E airspace extending upward from the surface above Robins AFB, Warner Robins, GA, as the air traffic control tower will shift to part-time operations. Controlled airspace is necessary for the safety and management of instrument flight rules (IFR) operations at this airport.

DATES: Effective 0901 UTC, August 7, 2025. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference action under 1 CFR part 51, subject to the annual revision of FAA Order JO 7400.11 and publication of conforming amendments.

ADDRESSES: A copy of the notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM), all comments received, this final rule, and all background material may be viewed online at www.regulations.gov using the FAA Docket number. Electronic retrieval help and guidelines are available on the website. It is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.

FAA Order JO 7400.11J, Airspace Designations, and Reporting Points, as well as subsequent amendments, can be viewed online at www.faa.gov/air-traffic/publications/. For further information, you may also contact the Rules and Regulations Group, Policy Directorate, Federal Aviation Administration, 600 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20597; telephone: (202) 267–8783.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rachel Cruz, Operations Support Group,

Eastern Service Center, Federal Aviation Administration, 1701 Columbia Avenue, College Park, GA 30337; telephone: (404) 305–5571.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Authority For This Rulemaking**

The FAA's authority to issue rules regarding aviation safety is found in Title 49 of the United States Code. Subtitle I, Section 106 describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the agency's authority. This rulemaking is promulgated under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart I, Section 40103. Under that section, the FAA is charged with prescribing regulations to assign the use of airspace necessary to ensure the safety of aircraft and the efficient use of airspace. This regulation is within the scope of that authority, as it would amend Class D and establish Class E airspace in Warner Robins, GA.

History

The FAA published a notice of proposed rulemaking for Docket No. FAA–2025–0316 in the **Federal Register** (90 FR 11686; March 11, 2025), proposing to amend Class D and establish Class E airspace in Warner Robins, GA. Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking effort by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments were received.

Incorporation by Reference

Class D and Class E airspace designations are published in paragraphs 5000 and 6002 of FAA Order JO 7400.11, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 on an annual basis. This document amends the current version of that order, FAA Order JO 7400.11J, dated July 31, 2024, and effective September 15, 2024. These amendments will be published in the next update to FAA Order JO 7400.11. FAA Order JO 7400.11J is publicly available as listed in the **ADDRESSES** section of this document.

FAA Order JO 7400.11J lists Class A, B, C, D, and E airspace areas, air traffic service routes, and reporting points.

The Rule

This amendment to 14 CFR part 71 modifies Class D airspace for Robins AFB, Warner Robins, GA as the air traffic control tower will no longer be full-time. This action also establishes Class E surface airspace over Robins AFB, Warner Robins, GA. Controlled airspace is necessary for the safety and

management of IFR operations in the area.

Differences From the NPRM

The FAA published a notice of proposed rulemaking for Docket No. FAA 2025–0316 in the **Federal Register** (90 FR 11686; March 11, 2025), proposing to amend Class D and establish Class E airspace in Warner Robins, GA. This amendment to 14 CFR part 71 amends the NPRM to include an administrative update to the legal description of Robins AFB. It updates the line one entry to read: ASO GA D Warner Robins, GA, updating the text header to include the location (city, state) of the airport, bringing it into compliance with the FAA Order JO 7400.2. Because this is an administrative change that imposes no additional requirements on users of the airspace, the FAA has determined that good cause exists to proceed with this action without recirculating the NPRM for public comment.

Regulatory Notices and Analyses

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore: (1) is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a “significant rule” under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a Regulatory Evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this proposed rule, when promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

Environmental Review

The FAA has determined that this action qualifies for categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act in accordance with FAA Order 1050.1F, “Environmental Impacts: Policies and Procedures,” paragraph 5–6.5a. This airspace action is not expected to cause any potentially significant environmental impacts, and no extraordinary circumstances exist that warrant the preparation of an environmental assessment.

Lists of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

The Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D, AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

§ 71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order JO 7400.11J, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated July 31, 2024, and effective September 15, 2024, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 5000 Class D Airspace.

* * * * *

ASO GA D Warner Robins, GA [Amended]

Robins AFB, GA

(Lat. 32°38′25″ N, long. 83°35′31″ W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,900 feet MSL within a 5.5-mile radius of Robins AFB, excluding the portion north of a line connecting the two points of intersection within a 4.1-mile radius circle centered on the Middle Georgia Regional Airport, Macon, GA. This Class D airspace area is effective during the specific dates and times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen. The effective date and time will thereafter be continuously published in the Chart Supplement.

* * * * *

Paragraph 6002 Class E Surface Airspace.

* * * * *

ASO GA E2 Warner Robins, GA [New]

Robins AFB, GA

(Lat. 32°38′25″ N, long. 83°35′31″ W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,900 feet MSL within a 5.5-mile radius of Robins AFB, excluding the portion north of a line connecting the two points of intersection within a 4.1-mile radius circle centered on the Middle Georgia Regional Airport, Macon, GA. This Class E airspace area is effective during the specific dates and times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen. The effective date and time will thereafter be continuously published in the Chart Supplement.

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Issued in College Park, Georgia, on May 27, 2025.

Andree C. Davis,

Manager, Airspace & Procedures Team South, Eastern Service Center, Air Traffic Organization.

[FR Doc. 2025–09868 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA–2025–1092; Airspace Docket No. 25–AEA–10]

RIN 2120–AA66

Amendment of Class D and Class E Airspace Over Philadelphia, PA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action changes the referenced Notice to Air Missions to Notice to Airmen in the airspace description for both the Class D and E airspace at Northeast Philadelphia Airport, Philadelphia, PA. This action does not change the airspace boundaries or operating requirements.

DATES: Effective date 0901 UTC, October 2, 2025. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference action under 1 CFR part 51, subject to the annual revision of FAA Order JO 7400.11 and publication of conforming amendments.

ADDRESSES: A copy of this final rule and all background material may be viewed online at www.regulations.gov using the FAA Docket number. Electronic retrieval help and guidelines are available on the website. It is available 24 hours each day, 365 days each year.

FAA Order JO 7400.11J, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, and subsequent amendments can be viewed online at www.faa.gov/air_traffic/publications/. You may also contact the Rules and Regulations Group, Policy Directorate, Federal Aviation Administration, 600 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20597; Telephone: (202) 267–8783.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christopher Stocking, Operations Support Group, Eastern Service Center, Federal Aviation Administration, 1701 Columbia Avenue, College Park, GA 30337; Telephone: (404) 305–5887.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority for This Rulemaking

The FAA’s authority to issue rules regarding aviation safety is found in

Title 49 of the United States Code. Subtitle I, Section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the agency's authority. This rulemaking is promulgated under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart I, Section 40103. Under that section, the FAA is charged with prescribing regulations to assign the use of airspace necessary to ensure the safety of aircraft and the efficient use of airspace. This regulation is within the scope of that authority as it would amend Class D and Class E5 airspace description in Philadelphia, PA.

Incorporation by Reference

Class D and Class E airspace designations are published in paragraphs 5000, 6002, 6004, and 6005 of FAA Order JO 7400.11, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 on an annual basis. This document proposes to amend the current version of that order, FAA Order JO 7400.11J, dated July 31, 2024, and effective September 15, 2024. These amendments will be published in the next update to FAA Order JO 7400.11. FAA Order JO 7400.11J, which lists Class A, B, C, D, and E airspace areas, air traffic service routes, and reporting points, is publicly available as listed in the **ADDRESSES** section of this document.

The Rule

The FAA issued General Notice (GENOT) 25/02, NOTAM Term Change From Notice to Air Missions to Notice to Airmen. This rule will change Notice to Air Missions to Notice to Airmen in the airspace description for both the Class D and E airspace at Northeast Philadelphia Airport, Philadelphia, PA. This rule does not change the airspace boundaries or operating requirements.

Good Cause for Bypassing Notice and Comment

The Administrative Procedure Act (APA) authorizes agencies to dispense with ordinary notice and comment requirements for rules when the agency for "good cause" finds that those procedures are "impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest." 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B). Under this section, an agency, upon finding good cause, may issue a final rule without first publishing a proposed rule. This rule constitutes an administrative change that constitutes "a routine determination, insignificant in nature and impact, and inconsequential to the industry and to the public." *Mack Trucks, Inc. v. EPA*, 682 F.3d 87, 94

(D.C. Cir. 2012) (quoting *Util. Solid Waste Activities Grp. v. EPA*, 236 F.3d 749, 755 (D.C. Cir. 2001)); see also Attorney General's Manual on the Administrative Procedure Act (1947), at 31; U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) Order 2100.6B, paragraph 11.j(1)(b) (saying proposed rules are not required for "[r]ules for which notice and comment is unnecessary to inform the rulemaking, such as rules correcting de minimis technical or clerical errors or rules addressing other minor and insubstantial matters, provided the reasons to forgo public comment are explained in the preamble to the final rule"). This amendment will not impose any additional substantive restrictions or requirements on the persons affected by these regulations as it does not affect the airspace boundaries or operating requirements. Accordingly, the FAA finds that notice and public comment under 5 U.S.C. 553(b) is unnecessary.

Regulatory Notices and Analyses

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore, (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under Department of Transportation (DOT) Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this proposed rule, when promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

Environmental Review

The FAA has determined that this action qualifies for categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act in accordance with FAA Order 1050.1F, "Environmental Impacts: Policies and Procedures," paragraph 5–6.5a. This airspace action is not expected to cause any potentially significant environmental impacts, and no extraordinary circumstances exist that warrant the preparation of an environmental assessment.

Lists of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

The Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D, AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

§ 71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of FAA Order JO 7400.11J, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated July 31, 2024, and effective September 15, 2024, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 5000 Class D Airspace.

* * * * *

AEA PA D Philadelphia, PA

Northeast Philadelphia Airport, PA
(Lat. 40°04'55" N, long. 75°00'38" W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,600 feet MSL within a 5.6-mile radius of the Northeast Philadelphia Airport. This Class D airspace area is effective during the specific dates and times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen. The effective date and time will thereafter be continuously published in the Chart Supplement.

* * * * *

Paragraph 6002 Class E Airspace Areas Designated as Surface Areas.

* * * * *

AEA PA E2 Philadelphia, PA

Northeast Philadelphia Airport, PA
(Lat. 40°04'55" N, long. 75°00'38" W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface within a 5.6-mile radius of the Northeast Philadelphia Airport. This Class E airspace area is effective during the specific dates and times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen. The effective date and time will thereafter be continuously published in the Chart Supplement.

* * * * *

Issued in College Park, Georgia, on May 27, 2025.

Patrick Young,

Manager, Airspace & Procedures Team North, Eastern Service Center, Air Traffic Organization.

[FR Doc. 2025–09869 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**Federal Aviation Administration****14 CFR Part 97**

[Docket No. 31607; Amdt. No. 4167]

Standard Instrument Approach Procedures, and Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle Departure Procedures; Miscellaneous Amendments**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule establishes, amends, suspends, or removes Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAPs) and associated Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle Departure Procedures (ODPs) for operations at certain airports. These regulatory actions are needed because of the adoption of new or revised criteria, or because of changes occurring in the National Airspace System, such as the commissioning of new navigational facilities, adding new obstacles, or changing air traffic requirements. These changes are designed to provide safe and efficient use of the navigable airspace and to promote safe flight operations under instrument flight rules at the affected airports.

DATES: This rule is effective June 2, 2025. The compliance date for each SIAP, associated Takeoff Minimums, and ODP is specified in the amendatory provisions.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of June 2, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Availability of matters incorporated by reference in the amendment is as follows:

For Examination

1. U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Ops-M30, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, West Bldg., Ground Floor, Washington, DC 20590-0001.

2. The FAA Air Traffic Organization Service Area in which the affected airport is located;

3. The office of Aeronautical Information Services, 6500 South MacArthur Blvd., Oklahoma City, OK 73169 or,

4. The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, visit www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations or email fr.inspection@nara.gov.

Availability

All SIAPs and Takeoff Minimums and ODPs are available online free of charge. Visit the National Flight Data Center at nfdc.faa.gov to register. Additionally, individual SIAP and Takeoff Minimums and ODP copies may be obtained from the FAA Air Traffic Organization Service Area in which the affected airport is located.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Romana B. Wolf, Manager, Flight Procedures and Airspace Group, Flight Technologies and Procedures Division, Office of Safety Standards, Flight Standards Service, Aviation Safety, Federal Aviation Administration. Mailing Address: FAA Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center, Flight Procedures and Airspace Group, 6500 South MacArthur Blvd., STB Annex, Bldg. 26, Room 217, Oklahoma City, OK 73099. Telephone (405) 954-1139.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This rule amends 14 CFR part 97 by establishing, amending, suspending, or removes SIAPs, Takeoff Minimums and/or ODPs. The complete regulatory description of each SIAP and its associated Takeoff Minimums or ODP for an identified airport is listed on FAA form documents which are incorporated by reference in this amendment under 5 U.S.C. 552(a), 14 CFR part 51, and 14 CFR 97.20. The applicable FAA Forms are 8260-3, 8260-4, 8260-5, 8260-15A, 8260-15B, when required by an entry on 8260-15A, and 8260-15C.

The large number of SIAPs, Takeoff Minimums and ODPs, their complex nature, and the need for a special format make publication in the **Federal Register** expensive and impractical. Further, pilots do not use the regulatory text of the SIAPs, Takeoff Minimums or ODPs, but instead refer to their graphic depiction on charts printed by publishers of aeronautical materials. Thus, the advantages of incorporation by reference are realized and publication of the complete description of each SIAP, Takeoff Minimums and ODP listed on FAA form documents is unnecessary. This amendment provides the affected CFR sections and specifies the types of SIAPs, Takeoff Minimums and ODPs with their applicable effective dates. This amendment also identifies the airport and its location, the procedure, and the amendment number.

Availability and Summary of Material Incorporated by Reference

The material incorporated by reference is publicly available as listed in the **ADDRESSES** section.

The material incorporated by reference describes SIAPs, Takeoff

Minimums and/or ODPs as identified in the amendatory language for part 97 of this final rule.

The Rule

This amendment to 14 CFR part 97 is effective upon publication of each separate SIAP, Takeoff Minimums and ODP as amended in the transmittal. Some SIAP and Takeoff Minimums and textual ODP amendments may have been issued previously by the FAA in a Flight Data Center (FDC) Notice to Air Missions (NOTAM) as an emergency action of immediate flights safety relating directly to published aeronautical charts.

The circumstances that created the need for some SIAP and Takeoff Minimums and ODP amendments may require making them effective in less than 30 days. For the remaining SIAPs and Takeoff Minimums and ODPs, an effective date at least 30 days after publication is provided.

Further, the SIAPs and Takeoff Minimums and ODPs contained in this amendment are based on the criteria contained in the U.S. Standard for Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS). In developing these SIAPs and Takeoff Minimums and ODPs, the TERPS criteria were applied to the conditions existing or anticipated at the affected airports. Because of the close and immediate relationship between these SIAPs, Takeoff Minimums and ODPs, and safety in air commerce, I find that notice and public procedure under 5 U.S.C. 553(b) are impracticable and contrary to the public interest and, where applicable, under 5 U.S.C. 553(d), good cause exists for making some SIAPs effective in less than 30 days.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore—(1) is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a “significant rule” under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. For the same reason, the FAA certifies that this amendment will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

Lists of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 97

Air traffic control, Airports, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

Issued in Washington, DC, on May 23, 2025.

Romana B. Wolf,

Manager, Flight Procedures and Airspace Group, Flight Technologies and Procedures Division, Office of Safety Standards, Flight Standards Service, Aviation Safety, Federal Aviation Administration.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, 14 CFR part 97 is amended by establishing, amending, suspending, or removing Standard Instrument Approach Procedures and/or Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle Departure Procedures effective at 0901 UTC on the dates specified, as follows:

PART 97—STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 97 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g), 40103, 40106, 40113, 40114, 40120, 44502, 44514, 44701, 44719, 44721–44722.

■ 2. Part 97 is amended to read as follows:

Effective 10 July 2025

Nantucket, MA, ACK, RNAV (GPS) RWY 24, Amdt 1C
Marquette, MI, SAW, RNAV (GPS) RWY 1, Amdt 1B
Marquette, MI, SAW, RNAV (GPS) RWY 19, Amdt 2A
Marquette, MI, SAW, VOR RWY 19, Amdt 1A
Long Prairie, MN, 14Y, RNAV (GPS) RWY 34, Amdt 3A
Pittsburgh, PA, AGC, RNAV (GPS) RWY 28, Amdt 3C
Laredo, TX, LRD, ILS OR LOC RWY 18R, Amdt 12A

Effective 7 August 2025

Ambler, AK, AFM/PAFM, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 2
King Cove, AK, KVC/PAVC, RNAV (GPS)-A, Orig-D
Kobuk, AK, OBU/PAOB, RNAV (GPS) RWY 9, Amdt 1
Kobuk, AK, OBU/PAOB, RNAV (GPS) RWY 27, Amdt 1
Kobuk, AK, OBU/PAOB, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 1
Savoonga, AK, SVA/PASA, VOR/DME RWY 23, Amdt 1D
Selawik, AK, WLK/PASK, VOR RWY 22, Amdt 1E
Aliceville, AL, AIV, RNAV (GPS) RWY 24, Orig-B
Andalusia, AL, 79J, COPTER NDB RWY 29, Orig-B, CANCELED
Andalusia, AL, 79J, NDB–A, Amdt 4A, CANCELED
Evergreen, AL, GZH, VOR/DME RWY 10, Amdt 3C, CANCELED
Gadsden, AL, GAD, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 5
Monroeville, AL, MVC, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Orig-B

Berryville, AR, 4M1, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 1
Brinkley, AR, M36, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Orig-A
Denver, CO, DEN, RNAV (GPS) Y RWY 16R, Amdt 2
Oxford, CT, OXC, ILS OR LOC RWY 36, Amdt 16
Oxford, CT, OXC, RNAV (GPS) RWY 18, Amdt 4
Oxford, CT, OXC, RNAV (GPS) RWY 36, Amdt 4
Laurel, DE, N06, RNAV (GPS)-A, Amdt 1
Inverness, FL, INF, RNAV (GPS) RWY 1, Amdt 1
Tampa, FL, TPF, RNAV (GPS) RWY 22, Amdt 2D
Valdosta, GA, VLD, VOR RWY 36, Amdt 2
Davenport, IA, DVN, VOR RWY 21, Amdt 8E
Oelwein, IA, OLZ, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 3A
Vinton, IA, VTI, RNAV (GPS) RWY 9, Amdt 1
Vinton, IA, VTI, RNAV (GPS) RWY 27, Amdt 1
Peoria, IL, PIA, ILS OR LOC RWY 31, Amdt 8A
Pinckneyville, IL, PJY, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Orig-A
Rantoul, IL, TIP, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 2
Sparta, IL, SAR, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 2
Frankfort, IN, FKR, RNAV (GPS) RWY 9, Amdt 1C
Jeffersonville, IN, JVY, NDB RWY 18, Amdt 3A, CANCELED
Muncie, IN, MIE, ILS OR LOC RWY 32, Amdt 9F
Muncie, IN, MIE, VOR RWY 14, Amdt 17C
Terre Haute, IN, HUF, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Orig-B
Lafayette, LA, LFT, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 2B
Norwood, MA, OWD, LOC RWY 35, Amdt 11
Provincetown, MA, PVC, ILS OR LOC RWY 7, Amdt 9B
Provincetown, MA, PVC, RNAV (GPS) RWY 7, Amdt 1A
Churchville, MD, 0W3, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 2
College Park, MD, CGS, RNAV (GPS) RWY 15, Orig
College Park, MD, CGS, RNAV (GPS)-A, Orig, CANCELED
Hart/Shelby, MI, C04, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 1
Rogers City, MI, PZQ, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 2A
Alexandria, MN, AXN, VOR RWY 22, Amdt 15C
Caruthersville, MO, M05, RNAV (GPS) RWY 36, Amdt 1C
Caruthersville, MO, M05, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Orig-B
Fulton, MO, FTT, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 1B
Lamar, MO, LLU, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 1A
Macon, MO, K89, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Orig-A
Springfield, MO, SGF, RNAV (GPS) RWY 32, Amdt 2C
Butte, MT, BTM, ILS OR LOC RWY 15, Orig-A
Stanford, MT, S64, RNAV (GPS) RWY 12, Orig

Stanford, MT, S64, RNAV (GPS) RWY 30, Orig
Stanford, MT, S64, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Orig
Reidsville, NC, SIF, VOR–A, Amdt 11
Northwood, ND, 4V4, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Orig-A
Lincoln, NE, LNK, RNAV (GPS) RWY 35, Orig-C
Scottsbluff, NE, BFF, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 4A
Lebanon, NH, LEB, RNAV (GPS) RWY 36, Orig-E
Atlantic City, NJ, ACY, COPTER ILS OR LOC/DME RWY 13, Amdt 1D
Atlantic City, NJ, ACY, RNAV (GPS) Y RWY 31, Amdt 3C
Atlantic City, NJ, ACY, RNAV (RNP) Z RWY 31, Orig-C
Woodbine, NJ, OBI, VOR–A, Amdt 1C, CANCELED
Montgomery, NY, MGJ, VOR RWY 8, Amdt 9A, CANCELED
Monticello, NY, MSV, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 3
Port Clinton, OH, PCW, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 7
Antlers, OK, 80F, RNAV (GPS) RWY 18, Orig
Antlers, OK, 80F, RNAV (GPS) RWY 36, Amdt 1
Antlers, OK, 80F, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 1A
Washington, PA, AFJ, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 5
Block Island, RI, BID, VOR RWY 28, Amdt 5A, CANCELED
Barnwell, SC, BNL, RNAV (GPS) RWY 35, Orig-B
Millington, TN, 2M8, RNAV (GPS) RWY 36, Amdt 1
Amarillo, TX, AMA, RNAV (GPS) Y RWY 22, Amdt 2
Angleton/Lake Jackson, TX, LBX, RNAV (GPS) RWY 17, Amdt 2D
Greenville, TX, GVT, RNAV (GPS) RWY 17, Amdt 3A
Robstown, TX, RBO, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 1B
Victoria, TX, VCT, ILS OR LOC RWY 13, Orig-B
Dublin, VA, PSK, VOR/DME RWY 6, Amdt 8A, CANCELED
Shawano, WI, EZS, Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle DP, Amdt 3

[FR Doc. 2025–09876 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 97

[Docket No. 31608; Amdt. No. 4168]

Standard Instrument Approach Procedures, and Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle Departure Procedures; Miscellaneous Amendments

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule amends, suspends, or removes Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAPs) and associated Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle Departure Procedures for operations at certain airports. These regulatory actions are needed because of the adoption of new or revised criteria, or because of changes occurring in the National Airspace System, such as the commissioning of new navigational facilities, adding new obstacles, or changing air traffic requirements. These changes are designed to provide for the safe and efficient use of the navigable airspace and to promote safe flight operations under instrument flight rules at the affected airports.

DATES: This rule is effective June 2, 2025. The compliance date for each SIAP, associated Takeoff Minimums, and ODP is specified in the amendatory provisions.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of June 2, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Availability of matter incorporated by reference in the amendment is as follows:

For Examination

1. U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Ops-M30, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, West Bldg., Ground Floor, Washington, DC 20590-0001;

2. The FAA Air Traffic Organization Service Area in which the affected airport is located;

3. The office of Aeronautical Information Services, 6500 South MacArthur Blvd., Oklahoma City, OK 73169 or,

4. The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA).

For information on the availability of this material at NARA, visit www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations or email fr.inspection@nara.gov.

Availability

All SIAPs and Takeoff Minimums and ODPs are available online free of charge. Visit the National Flight Data Center online at nfdc.faa.gov to register. Additionally, individual SIAP and Takeoff Minimums and ODP copies may be obtained from the FAA Air Traffic Organization Service Area in which the affected airport is located.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Romana B. Wolf, Manager, Flight Procedures and Airspace Group, Flight Technologies and Procedures Division, Office of Safety Standards, Flight Standards Service, Aviation Safety,

Federal Aviation Administration.
Mailing Address: FAA Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center, Flight Procedures and Airspace Group, 6500 South MacArthur Blvd., STB Annex, Bldg. 26, Room 217, Oklahoma City, OK 73099. Telephone (405) 954-1139.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This rule amends 14 CFR part 97 by amending the referenced SIAPs. The complete regulatory description of each SIAP is listed on the appropriate FAA Form 8260, as modified by the National Flight Data Center (NFDC)/Permanent Notice to Air Missions (P-NOTAM), and is incorporated by reference under 5 U.S.C. 552(a), 1 CFR part 51, and 14 CFR 97.20. The large number of SIAPs, their complex nature, and the need for a special format make their verbatim publication in the **Federal Register** expensive and impractical. Further, pilots do not use the regulatory text of the SIAPs, but refer to their graphic depiction on charts printed by publishers of aeronautical materials. Thus, the advantages of incorporation by reference are realized and publication of the complete description of each SIAP contained on FAA form documents is unnecessary. This amendment provides the affected CFR sections, and specifies the SIAPs and Takeoff Minimums and ODPs with their applicable effective dates. This amendment also identifies the airport and its location, the procedure and the amendment number.

Availability and Summary of Material Incorporated by Reference

The material incorporated by reference is publicly available as listed in the **ADDRESSES** section.

The material incorporated by reference describes SIAPs, Takeoff Minimums and ODPs as identified in the amendatory language for part 97 of this final rule.

The Rule

This amendment to 14 CFR part 97 is effective upon publication of each separate SIAP and Takeoff Minimums and ODP as amended in the transmittal. For safety and timeliness of change considerations, this amendment incorporates only specific changes contained for each SIAP and Takeoff Minimums and ODP as modified by FDC permanent NOTAMs.

The SIAPs and Takeoff Minimums and ODPs, as modified by FDC permanent NOTAM, and contained in this amendment are based on criteria contained in the U.S. Standard for Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS). In developing these changes to SIAPs and Takeoff Minimums and

ODPs, the TERPS criteria were applied only to specific conditions existing at the affected airports. All SIAP amendments in this rule have been previously issued by the FAA in a FDC NOTAM as an emergency action of immediate flight safety relating directly to published aeronautical charts.

The circumstances that created the need for these SIAP and Takeoff Minimums and ODP amendments require making them effective in less than 30 days.

Because of the close and immediate relationship between these SIAPs, Takeoff Minimums and ODPs, and safety in air commerce, I find that notice and public procedure under 5 U.S.C. 553(b) are impracticable and contrary to the public interest and, where applicable, under 5 U.S.C. 553(d), good cause exists for making these SIAPs effective in less than 30 days.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore—(1) is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a “significant rule” under DOT regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. For the same reason, the FAA certifies that this amendment will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 97

Air traffic control, Airports, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

Issued in Washington, DC, on May 23, 2025.

Romana B. Wolf,

Manager, Flight Procedures and Airspace Group, Flight Technologies and Procedures Division, Office of Safety Standards, Flight Standards Service, Aviation Safety, Federal Aviation Administration.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, 14 CFR part 97 is amended by amending Standard Instrument Approach Procedures and Takeoff Minimums and ODPs, effective at 0901 UTC on the dates specified, as follows:

PART 97—STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 97 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g), 40103, 40106, 40113, 40114, 40120, 44502, 44514, 44701, 44719, 44721–44722.

■ 2. Part 97 is amended to read as follows:

By amending: § 97.23 VOR, VOR/DME, VOR or TACAN, and VOR/DME or TACAN; § 97.25 LOC, LOC/DME, LDA, LDA/DME, SDF, SDF/DME; § 97.27 NDB, NDB/DME; § 97.29 ILS, ILS/DME, MLS, MLS/DME, MLS/RNAV;

§ 97.31 RADAR SIAPs; § 97.33 RNAV SIAPs; and § 97.35 COPTER SIAPs, Identified as follows:

* * * *Effective Upon Publication*

AIRAC date	State	City	Airport	FDC No.	FDC date	Procedure name
10-Jul-25	TX	Brownwood	Brownwood Rgnl	5/2428	4/29/2025	LOC RWY 17, Amdt 5.
10-Jul-25	TX	Brownwood	Brownwood Rgnl	5/6866	4/29/2025	VOR RWY 17, Orig.

[FR Doc. 2025–09877 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**Food and Drug Administration****21 CFR Part 866**

[Docket No. FDA–2025–N–1263]

Medical Devices; Immunology and Microbiology Devices; Classification of the Device To Detect Bacterial Protease Activity in Chronic Wound Fluid

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final amendment; final order.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA, the Agency, or we) is classifying the device to detect bacterial protease activity in chronic wound fluid into class II (special controls). The special controls that apply to the device type are identified in this order and will be part of the codified language for the device to detect bacterial protease activity in chronic wound fluid's classification. We are taking this action because we have determined that classifying the device into class II (special controls) will provide a reasonable assurance of safety and effectiveness of the device. We believe this action will also enhance patients' access to beneficial innovative devices in part by reducing regulatory burdens.

DATES: This order is effective June 2, 2025. The classification was applicable on December 2, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dina Jerebitski, Center for Devices and Radiological Health, Food and Drug Administration, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 66, Rm. 3574, Silver Spring, MD 20993–0002, 301–796–2411, Dina.Jerebitski@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**I. Background**

Upon request, FDA has classified the device to detect bacterial protease activity in chronic wound fluid as class II (special controls), which we have determined will provide a reasonable assurance of safety and effectiveness. In addition, we believe this action will enhance patients' access to beneficial innovation, in part by reducing regulatory burdens by placing the device into a lower device class than the automatic class III assignment.

The automatic assignment of class III occurs by operation of law and without any action by FDA, regardless of the level of risk posed by the new device. Any device that was not in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976, is automatically classified as, and remains within, class III and requires premarket approval unless and until FDA takes an action to classify or reclassify the device (see 21 U.S.C. 360c(f)(1)). We refer to these devices as “postamendments devices” because they were not in commercial distribution prior to the date of enactment of the Medical Device Amendments of 1976, which amended the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act).

FDA may take a variety of actions in appropriate circumstances to classify or reclassify a device into class I or II. We may issue an order finding a new device to be substantially equivalent under section 513(i) of the FD&C Act (see 21 U.S.C. 360c(i)) to a predicate device that does not require premarket approval. We determine whether a new device is substantially equivalent to a predicate device by means of the procedures for premarket notification under section 510(k) of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 360(k)) and part 807 (21 CFR part 807).

FDA may also classify a device through “De Novo” classification, a common name for the process authorized under section 513(f)(2) of the FD&C Act (see also part 860, subpart D (21 CFR part 860, subpart D)). Section 207 of the Food and Drug Administration Modernization Act of

1997 (Pub. L. 105–115) established the first procedure for De Novo classification. Section 607 of the Food and Drug Administration Safety and Innovation Act (Pub. L. 112–144) modified the De Novo application process by adding a second procedure. A device sponsor may utilize either procedure for De Novo classification.

Under the first procedure, the person submits a 510(k) for a device that has not previously been classified. After receiving an order from FDA classifying the device into class III under section 513(f)(1) of the FD&C Act, the person then requests a classification under section 513(f)(2).

Under the second procedure, rather than first submitting a 510(k) and then a request for classification, if the person determines that there is no legally marketed device upon which to base a determination of substantial equivalence, that person requests a classification under section 513(f)(2) of the FD&C Act.

Under either procedure for De Novo classification, FDA is required to classify the device by written order within 120 days. The classification will be according to the criteria under section 513(a)(1) of the FD&C Act. Although the device was automatically placed within class III, the De Novo classification is considered to be the initial classification of the device.

We believe this De Novo classification will enhance patients' access to beneficial innovation, in part by reducing regulatory burdens. When FDA classifies a device into class I or II via the De Novo process, the device can serve as a predicate for future devices of that type, including for 510(k)s (see section 513(f)(2)(B)(i) of the FD&C Act). As a result, other device sponsors do not have to submit a De Novo request or premarket approval application to market a substantially equivalent device (see section 513(i) of the FD&C Act, defining “substantial equivalence”). Instead, sponsors can use the less burdensome 510(k) process, when necessary, to market their device.

II. De Novo Classification

On March 23, 2018, FDA received Alere Scarborough, Inc.'s request for De Novo classification of the WOUNDCHEK Bacterial Status device. FDA reviewed the request in order to classify the device under the criteria for classification set forth in section 513(a)(1) of the FD&C Act.

We classify devices into class II if general controls by themselves are insufficient to provide reasonable assurance of safety and effectiveness, but there is sufficient information to establish special controls that, in combination with the general controls, provide reasonable assurance of the

safety and effectiveness of the device for its intended use (see 21 U.S.C. 360c(a)(1)(B)). After review of the information submitted in the request, we determined that the device can be classified into class II with the establishment of special controls. FDA has determined that these special controls, in addition to the general controls, will provide reasonable assurance of the safety and effectiveness of the device.

Therefore, on December 2, 2019, FDA issued an order to the requester classifying the device into class II. In this final order, FDA is codifying the classification of the device by adding 21 CFR 866.3231.¹ We have named the

generic type of device as a device to detect bacterial protease activity in chronic wound fluid, and it is identified as a lateral flow prescription in vitro diagnostic device that may include a sterile swab. The device is intended for use in patients as an aid in assessing the risk for non-healing of chronic venous, diabetic foot, and pressure ulcers associated with wounds where there are no signs of wound infection and where patients are asymptomatic for clinical signs of infection.

FDA has identified the following risks to health associated specifically with this type of device and the measures required to mitigate these risks in table 1.

TABLE 1—DEVICE TO DETECT BACTERIAL PROTEASE ACTIVITY IN CHRONIC WOUND FLUID RISKS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

Identified risks to health	Mitigation measures
Risk of false test results	Use of certain specimen collection and transport devices identified in special control (1), Certain labeling information identified in special control (2), and Certain design verification and validation activities identified in special control (3).
Failure to correctly interpret test results	Certain labeling information identified in special control (2).
Failure to correctly operate the device	Certain labeling information identified in special control (2).

FDA has determined that special controls, in combination with the general controls, address these risks to health and provide reasonable assurance of safety and effectiveness. For a device to fall within this classification, and thus avoid automatic classification in class III, it would have to comply with the special controls named in this final order. The necessary special controls appear in the regulation codified by this final order. This device is subject to premarket notification requirements under section 510(k) of the FD&C Act.

III. Analysis of Environmental Impact

The Agency has determined under 21 CFR 25.34(b) that this action is of a type that does not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. Therefore, neither an environmental assessment nor an environmental impact statement is required.

IV. Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995

This final order establishes special controls that refer to previously approved collections of information found in other FDA regulations and guidance. These collections of information are subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction

Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3521). The collections of information in part 860, subpart D, regarding De Novo classification have been approved under OMB control number 0910–0844; the collections of information in 21 CFR part 814, subparts A through E, regarding premarket approval, have been approved under OMB control number 0910–0231; the collections of information in part 807, subpart E, regarding premarket notification submissions, have been approved under OMB control number 0910–0120; the collections of information in 21 CFR part 820, regarding quality system regulation, have been approved under OMB control number 0910–0073; and the collections of information in 21 CFR parts 801 and 809, regarding labeling, have been approved under OMB control number 0910–0485.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 866

Biologics, Laboratories, Medical devices.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, 21 CFR part 866 is amended as follows:

PART 866—IMMUNOLOGY AND MICROBIOLOGY DEVICES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 866 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 351, 360, 360c, 360e, 360j, 360l, 371.

■ 2. Add § 866.3231 to subpart D to read as follows:

§ 866.3231 Device to detect bacterial protease activity in chronic wound fluid.

(a) *Identification.* A device to detect bacterial protease activity in chronic wound fluid is a lateral flow prescription in vitro diagnostic device that may include a sterile swab. The device is intended for use in patients as an aid in assessing the risk for non-healing of chronic venous, diabetic foot, and pressure ulcers associated with wounds where there are no signs of wound infection and where patients are asymptomatic for clinical signs of infection.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (special controls). The special controls for this device are:

(1) Any swab used to collect a patient specimen must be FDA-cleared, -approved, or -classified as 510(k) exempt (standalone or as part of a test system) for the collection of wound fluid specimens; alternatively, the

¹ FDA notes that the **ACTION** caption for this final order is styled as “Final amendment; final order,” rather than “Final order.” Beginning in December 2019, this editorial change was made to indicate

that the document “amends” the Code of Federal Regulations. The change was made in accordance with the Office of Federal Register’s (OFR) interpretations of the Federal Register Act (44

U.S.C. chapter 15), its implementing regulations (1 CFR 5.9 and parts 21 and 22), and the Document Drafting Handbook.

sample collection device must be cleared in a premarket submission as a part of this device.

(2) The labeling required under § 809.10(b) of this chapter must include:

(i) An intended use that includes the following statements:

(A) A statement that the device detects and measures bacterial proteases from a swab saturated with wound fluid.

(B) A statement that the device provides a qualitative output to aid the user in assessing the risk for non-healing of wounds (e.g., chronic venous, diabetic foot and pressure ulcers).

(C) A description of the clinical indications for test use.

(D) The specific population(s) for which the device is intended.

(E) A description of the recommended training (e.g., knowledge and experience) for safe and effective use of the device and to minimize the risks of incorrect results and misinterpretation.

(ii) A detailed description of the performance characteristics of the device from the analytical and clinical studies required under paragraphs (b)(3)(ii) and (iii) of this section.

(iii) A detailed explanation of the interpretation of results.

(iv) A warning statement describing situations where the device has not been validated or may not perform as identified in the labeling (e.g., not for use with wounds which are ≥ 6 months of age and ≥ 1 cm² in size).

(v) The following limiting statements:

(A) That the device is not intended to provide a risk assessment of chronic wound infection status or aid in the diagnosis of infection in chronic wounds, nor is the device intended for monitoring the effectiveness of anti-infective therapy.

(B) That a negative result does not exclude the presence of bacterial proteases. Therefore, the results should be used in conjunction with clinical findings to make an accurate assessment of risk of nonhealing. The test result should be interpreted in conjunction with other risk factors, along with clinical and laboratory data available to the clinician.

(C) That the device has been validated using wound fluid samples only. Other sample types (e.g., whole blood from venous or capillary draws, other body fluids) have not been evaluated.

(D) That skin flora may secrete bacterial proteases therefore, swab contact with intact skin should be avoided as this may yield false positive results.

(vi) Labeling must include a brief reference sheet for healthcare professionals that includes the intended

use, summary of clinical performance, results from analytical testing on normal skin and human proteases, and warning and limiting statements.

(3) Design verification and validation must include the following:

(i) A detailed device description (e.g., all device parts, control elements incorporated into the test procedure, reagents required but not provided, and the principle of device operation and test methodology).

(ii) Detailed documentation and results from analytical studies, including the limit of detection, inclusivity, cross-reactivity, microbial interference, analytical sensitivity for normal skin flora and human proteases, interfering substances, specimen stability, within-lab precision, and reproducibility.

(iii) Detailed documentation and results from a clinical study that includes prospective (sequentially collected) samples for the intended specimen type that are representative of the intended use population(s). The clinical study must compare the device performance to results obtained from a reference or comparator method that FDA has determined is appropriate.

Dated: May 27, 2025.

Grace R. Graham,

Deputy Commissioner for Policy, Legislation, and International Affairs.

[FR Doc. 2025–09883 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4164–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Part 892

[Docket No. FDA–2025–N–1182]

Medical Devices; Radiology Devices; Classification of the Radiological Acquisition and/or Optimization Guidance System

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final amendment; final order.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA, the Agency, or we) is classifying the radiological acquisition and/or optimization guidance system into class II (special controls). The special controls that apply to the device type are identified in this order and will be part of the codified language for the radiological acquisition and/or optimization guidance system's classification. We are taking this action because we have determined that classifying the device

into class II (special controls) will provide a reasonable assurance of safety and effectiveness of the device. We believe this action will also enhance patients' access to beneficial innovative devices in part by reducing regulatory burdens.

DATES: This order is effective June 2, 2025. The classification was applicable on February 7, 2020.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Shahram Vaezy, Center for Devices and Radiological Health, Food and Drug Administration, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 66, Rm. 3656, Silver Spring, MD 20993–0002, 301–796–6242, Shahram.Vaezy@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Upon request, FDA has classified the radiological acquisition and/or optimization guidance system as class II (special controls), which we have determined will provide a reasonable assurance of safety and effectiveness. In addition, we believe this action will enhance patients' access to beneficial innovation, in part by reducing regulatory burdens by placing the device into a lower device class than the automatic class III assignment.

The automatic assignment of class III occurs by operation of law and without any action by FDA, regardless of the level of risk posed by the new device. Any device that was not in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976, is automatically classified as, and remains within, class III and requires premarket approval unless and until FDA takes an action to classify or reclassify the device (see 21 U.S.C. 360c(f)(1)). We refer to these devices as “postamendments devices” because they were not in commercial distribution prior to the date of enactment of the Medical Device Amendments of 1976, which amended the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act).

FDA may take a variety of actions in appropriate circumstances to classify or reclassify a device into class I or II. We may issue an order finding a new device to be substantially equivalent under section 513(i) of the FD&C Act (see 21 U.S.C. 360c(i)) to a predicate device that does not require premarket approval. We determine whether a new device is substantially equivalent to a predicate device by means of the procedures for premarket notification under section 510(k) of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 360(k)) and part 807 (21 CFR part 807).

FDA may also classify a device through “De Novo” classification, a common name for the process authorized under section 513(f)(2) of the

FD&C Act (see also part 860, subpart D (21 CFR part 860, subpart D)). Section 207 of the Food and Drug Administration Modernization Act of 1997 (Pub. L. 105–115) established the first procedure for De Novo classification. Section 607 of the Food and Drug Administration Safety and Innovation Act (Pub. L. 112–144) modified the De Novo application process by adding a second procedure. A device sponsor may utilize either procedure for De Novo classification.

Under the first procedure, the person submits a 510(k) for a device that has not previously been classified. After receiving an order from FDA classifying the device into class III under section 513(f)(1) of the FD&C Act, the person then requests a classification under section 513(f)(2).

Under the second procedure, rather than first submitting a 510(k) and then a request for classification, if the person determines that there is no legally marketed device upon which to base a determination of substantial equivalence, that person requests a classification under section 513(f)(2) of the FD&C Act.

Under either procedure for De Novo classification, FDA is required to classify the device by written order within 120 days. The classification will be according to the criteria under section 513(a)(1) of the FD&C Act.

Although the device was automatically placed within class III, the De Novo classification is considered to be the initial classification of the device.

We believe this De Novo classification will enhance patients’ access to beneficial innovation, in part by reducing regulatory burdens. When FDA classifies a device into class I or II via the De Novo process, the device can serve as a predicate for future devices of that type, including for 510(k)s (see section 513(f)(2)(B)(i) of the FD&C Act). As a result, other device sponsors do not have to submit a De Novo request or premarket approval application to market a substantially equivalent device (see section 513(i) of the FD&C Act, defining “substantial equivalence”). Instead, sponsors can use the less-burdensome 510(k) process, when necessary, to market their device.

II. De Novo Classification

On August 27, 2019, FDA received Caption Health, Inc.’s request for De Novo classification of the Caption Guidance. FDA reviewed the request in order to classify the device under the criteria for classification set forth in section 513(a)(1) of the FD&C Act.

We classify devices into class II if general controls by themselves are insufficient to provide reasonable assurance of safety and effectiveness, but there is sufficient information to establish special controls that, in

combination with the general controls, provide reasonable assurance of the safety and effectiveness of the device for its intended use (see 21 U.S.C. 360c(a)(1)(B)). After review of the information submitted in the request, we determined that the device can be classified into class II with the establishment of special controls. FDA has determined that these special controls, in addition to the general controls, will provide reasonable assurance of the safety and effectiveness of the device.

Therefore, on February 7, 2020, FDA issued an order to the requester classifying the device into class II. In this final order, FDA is codifying the classification of the device by adding 21 CFR 892.2100.¹ We have named the generic type of device radiological acquisition and/or optimization guidance system, and it is identified as a device that is intended to aid in the acquisition and/or optimization of images and/or diagnostic signals. The device interfaces with the acquisition system, analyzes its output, and provides guidance and/or feedback to the operator for improving image and/or signal quality.

FDA has identified the following risks to health associated specifically with this type of device and the measures required to mitigate these risks in table 1.

TABLE 1—RADIOLOGICAL ACQUISITION AND/OR OPTIMIZATION GUIDANCE SYSTEM RISKS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

Identified risks to health	Mitigation measures
Device Error—Failure to provide guidance on acquiring diagnostic-quality images or signals, leading to delay, prolonged examination, or additional unnecessary procedures, due to: - Algorithm failure. - Hardware or software failure.	Design verification and validation, and Labeling.
User Error—Operator failure to follow the guidance provided by the device to acquire diagnostic-quality images or signals, leading to delay, prolonged examination, or additional unnecessary procedures, due to human error.	Design verification and validation, and Labeling.

FDA has determined that special controls, in combination with the general controls, address these risks to health and provide reasonable assurance of safety and effectiveness. For a device to fall within this classification, and thus avoid automatic classification in class III, it would have to comply with the special controls named in this final order. The necessary special controls appear in the regulation codified by this order. This device is subject to premarket notification requirements under section 510(k) of the FD&C Act.

III. Analysis of Environmental Impact

The Agency has determined under 21 CFR 25.34(b) that this action is of a type that does not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. Therefore, neither an environmental assessment nor an environmental impact statement is required.

IV. Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995

This final order establishes special controls that refer to previously approved collections of information

found in other FDA regulations and guidance. These collections of information are subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3521). The collections of information in part 860, subpart D, regarding De Novo classification have been approved under OMB control number 0910–0844; the collections of information in 21 CFR part 814, subparts A through E, regarding premarket approval, have been approved under OMB control

¹ FDA notes that the **ACTION** caption for this final order is styled as “Final amendment; final order,” rather than “Final order.” Beginning in December 2019, this editorial change was made to indicate

that the document “amends” the Code of Federal Regulations. The change was made in accordance with the Office of Federal Register’s (OFR) interpretations of the Federal Register Act (44

U.S.C. chapter 15), its implementing regulations (1 CFR 5.9 and parts 21 and 22), and the Document Drafting Handbook.

number 0910–0231; the collections of information in part 807, subpart E, regarding premarket notification submissions, have been approved under OMB control number 0910–0120; the collections of information in 21 CFR part 820, regarding quality system regulation, have been approved under OMB control number 0910–0073; and the collections of information in 21 CFR parts 801 and 809, regarding labeling, have been approved under OMB control number 0910–0485.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 892

Medical devices, Radiation protection, X-rays.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, 21 CFR part 892 is amended as follows:

PART 892—RADIOLOGY DEVICES

- 1. The authority citation for part 892 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 351, 360, 360c, 360e, 360j, 360l, 371.

- 2. Add § 892.2100 to subpart B to read as follows:

§ 892.2100 Radiological acquisition and/or optimization guidance system.

(a) *Identification.* A radiological acquisition and/or optimization guidance system is a device that is intended to aid in the acquisition and/or optimization of images and/or diagnostic signals. The device interfaces with the acquisition system, analyzes its output, and provides guidance and/or feedback to the operator for improving image and/or signal quality.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (special controls). The special controls for this device are:

(1) Design verification and validation must include:

(i) A detailed, technical device description, including a detailed description of the impact of any software and hardware on the device's functions, the associated capabilities and limitations of each part, and the associated inputs and outputs.

(ii) A detailed, technical report on the non-clinical performance testing of the subject device in the intended use environments, using relevant consensus standards when applicable.

(iii) A detailed report on the clinical performance testing, obtained from either clinical testing, accepted virtual/physical systems designed to capture clinical variability, comparison to a closely-related device with established clinical performance, or other sources that are justified appropriately. The

choice of the method must be justified given the risk of the device and the general acceptance of the test methods. The report must include the following:

(A) A thorough description of the testing protocol(s).

(B) A thorough, quantitative evaluation of the diagnostic utility and quality of images/data acquired, or optimized, using the device.

(C) A thorough, quantitative evaluation of the performance in a representative user population and patient population, under anticipated conditions and environments of use.

(D) A thorough discussion on the generalizability of the clinical performance testing results.

(E) A thorough discussion on use-related risk analysis/human factors data.

(iv) A detailed protocol that describes, in the event of a future change, the level of change in the device technical specifications or indications for use at which the change or changes could significantly affect the safety or effectiveness of the device and the risks posed by these changes. The assessment metrics, acceptance criteria, and analytical methods used for the performance testing of changes that are within the scope of the protocol must be included.

(v) Documentation of an appropriate training program, including instructions on how to acquire and process quality images and video clips, and a report on usability testing demonstrating the effectiveness of that training program on user performance, including acquiring and processing quality images.

(2) The labeling required under § 801.109(c) of this chapter must include:

(i) A detailed description of the device, including information on all required and/or compatible parts.

(ii) A detailed description of the patient population for which the device is indicated for use.

(iii) A detailed description of the intended user population, and the recommended user training.

(iv) Detailed instructions for use, including the information provided in the training program used to meet the requirements of paragraph (b)(1)(iv) of this section.

(v) A warning that the images and data acquired using the device are to be interpreted only by qualified medical professionals.

(vi) A detailed summary of the reports required under paragraphs (b)(1)(ii) and (iii) of this section.

(vii) A statement on upholding the As Low As Reasonably Achievable (ALARA) principle with a discussion on the associated device controls/options.

Dated: May 22, 2025.

Grace R. Graham,

Deputy Commissioner for Policy, Legislation, and International Affairs.

[FR Doc. 2025–09837 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4164–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 165

[USCG–2025–0435]

RIN 1625–AA00

Safety Zone; Gulf of America, Pass A Loutre State Wildlife Management Area

AGENCY: Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security (DHS).

ACTION: Temporary final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is establishing a temporary safety zone one nautical mile in all directions around well #59 at approximate position 29°04'28.919" N, 089°10'48.720" W, near the Pass A Loutre State Wildlife Management Area. The safety zone is needed to protect persons and critical infrastructure from the potential contamination due to an oil spill in the Gulf of America. Entry of vessels or persons into this zone, or movement of vessels within this zone is prohibited unless specifically authorized by the Captain of the Port or a designated representative.

DATES: This rule is effective without actual notice from June 2, 2025, through July 2, 2025. For the purposes of enforcement, actual notice will be used from May 22, 2025, until June 2, 2025.

ADDRESSES: To view documents mentioned in this preamble as being available in the docket, go to <https://www.regulations.gov>, type USCG–2025–0435 in the search box and click “Search.” Next, in the Document Type column, select “Supporting & Related Material.”

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions about this rule, call or email Lieutenant Commander Xiaobin Tuo, Sector New Orleans, U.S. Coast Guard; 504–365–2246, email Xiaobin.Tuo@uscg.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Table of Abbreviations

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
DHS Department of Homeland Security
FR Federal Register
NPRM Notice of proposed rulemaking
§ Section

U.S.C. United States Code

II. Background Information and Regulatory History

The Coast Guard is issuing this temporary rule under the authority in 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B). This statutory provision authorizes an agency to issue a rule without prior notice and opportunity to comment when the agency for good cause finds that those procedures are “impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest.” The Coast Guard previously established a temporary safety zone in this area from April 30 through May 19, 2025, following the discovery of an ongoing oil spill from a leaking pipeline (90 FR 19124, May 6, 2025, docket number USCG–2025–0014). While the source of the oil spill is currently under control, response and clean-up operations are expected to continue for several more weeks. Therefore, this new temporary rule is needed to continue the safety zone until response operations are complete.

The Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for not publishing a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) with respect to this rule because it is needed for an on-going emergency response to an oil spill from a leaking pipeline which began around April 27, 2025. Immediate action is needed to respond to the potential safety impacts associated with oil contamination and the clean-up operations. It is impracticable to publish an NPRM because we must establish this safety zone immediately.

Also, under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for making this rule effective less than 30 days after publication in the **Federal Register**. Delaying the effective date of this rule would be contrary to the public interest because immediate action is needed to respond to the potential safety hazards associated with the oil spill.

III. Legal Authority and Need for Rule

The Coast Guard is issuing this rule under authority in 46 U.S.C. 70034. The Captain of the Port Sector New Orleans (COTP) has determined that potential hazards associated with ongoing contamination and cleanup efforts due to an oil spill will be a safety concern to all persons and critical infrastructure within the vicinity of the oil spill.

IV. Discussion of the Rule

This rule establishes a safety zone from May 22, 2025, through July 2, 2025. The safety zone encompasses all waters within one nautical mile in all directions around well #59, at

approximate position 29°04′28.919″ N, 089°10′48.720″ W, near the Pass A Loutre State Wildlife Management Area. The duration of the zone is intended to protect persons and critical infrastructure from the potential contamination due to an oil spill and active clean-up operations in the Gulf of America. No vessel or person will be permitted to enter the safety zone without obtaining permission from the COTP or a designated representative.

V. Regulatory Analyses

We developed this rule after considering numerous statutes and Executive orders related to rulemaking. Below we summarize our analyses based on a number of these statutes and Executive orders.

A. Regulatory Planning and Review

Executive Orders 12866 (Regulatory Planning and Review) and 13563 (Improving Regulation and Regulatory Review) direct agencies to assess the costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits. Executive Order 13563 emphasizes the importance of quantifying both costs and benefits, of reducing costs, of harmonizing rules, and of promoting flexibility. Executive Order 14192 (Unleashing Prosperity Through Deregulation) directs agencies to significantly reduce the private expenditures required to comply with Federal regulations and provides that “any new incremental costs associated with new regulations shall, to the extent permitted by law, be offset by the elimination of existing costs associated with at least 10 prior regulations.”

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has not designated this rule a “significant regulatory action,” under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866. Accordingly, OMB has not reviewed it.

This rule is not an Executive Order 14192 regulatory action because this rule is not significant under Executive Order 12866. See OMB Memorandum M–25–20, “Guidance Implementing Section 3 of Executive Order 14192, titled ‘Unleashing Prosperity Through Deregulation’” (Mar. 26, 2025).

This regulatory action determination is based on the size, location, and duration of the safety zone. This safety zone will impact a relatively small, designated area of the Gulf of America that has been impacted by a significant oil spill, and within which active clean-up operations are occurring. Moreover, the Coast Guard will issue a Broadcast Notice to Mariners via VHF–FM marine channel 16 about the zone, and the rule

will allow vessels to seek permission to transit through the zone when it is safe to do so, and with the permission of the Captain of the Port.

B. Impact on Small Entities

The Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980, 5 U.S.C. 601–612, as amended, requires Federal agencies to consider the potential impact of regulations on small entities during rulemaking. The term “small entities” comprises small businesses, not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their fields, and governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000. The Coast Guard certifies under 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

While some owners or operators of vessels intending to transit the safety zone may be small entities, for the reasons stated in section V.A above, this rule will not have a significant economic impact on any vessel owner or operator.

Under section 213(a) of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (Pub. L. 104–121), we want to assist small entities in understanding this rule. If the rule will affect your small business, organization, or governmental jurisdiction and you have questions concerning its provisions or options for compliance, please call or email the person listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section.

Small businesses may send comments on the actions of Federal employees who enforce, or otherwise determine compliance with, Federal regulations to the Small Business and Agriculture Regulatory Enforcement Ombudsman and the Regional Small Business Regulatory Fairness Boards. The Ombudsman evaluates these actions annually and rates each agency’s responsiveness to small business. If you wish to comment on actions by employees of the Coast Guard, call 1–888–REG–FAIR (1–888–734–3247). The Coast Guard will not retaliate against small entities that question or complain about this rule or any policy or action of the Coast Guard.

C. Collection of Information

This rule will not call for a new collection of information under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520).

D. Federalism and Indian Tribal Governments

A rule has implications for federalism under Executive Order 13132,

Federalism, if it has a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the National Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. We have analyzed this rule under that order and have determined that it is consistent with the fundamental federalism principles and preemption requirements described in Executive Order 13132.

Also, this rule does not have Tribal implications under Executive Order 13175, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments, because it does not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian Tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian Tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian Tribes.

E. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538) requires Federal agencies to assess the effects of their discretionary regulatory actions. In particular, the Act addresses actions that may result in the expenditure by a State, local, or Tribal government, in the aggregate, or by the private sector of \$100,000,000 (adjusted for inflation) or more in any one year. Though this rule will not result in such an expenditure, we do discuss the effects of this rule elsewhere in this preamble.

F. Environment

We have analyzed this rule under Department of Homeland Security Directive 023–01, Rev. 1, associated implementing instructions, and Environmental Planning COMDTINST 5090.1 (series), which guide the Coast Guard in complying with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321–4370f), and have determined that this action is one of a category of actions that do not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. This rule involves an emergency safety zone that will prohibit entry one nautical mile in all directions around well #59 at approximate position 29°04′28.919″ N, 089°10′48.720″ W near the Pass A Loutre State Wildlife Management Area. It is categorically excluded from further review under paragraph L60(d) of Appendix A, Table 1 of DHS Instruction Manual 023–01–001–01, Rev. 1. A Record of Environmental Consideration supporting this determination is available in the docket. For instructions on locating the docket, see the **ADDRESSES** section of this preamble.

List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures, Waterways.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 165 as follows:

PART 165—REGULATED NAVIGATION AREAS AND LIMITED ACCESS AREAS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 165 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 46 U.S.C. 70034, 70051, 70124; 33 CFR 1.05–1, 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5; Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 00170.1, Revision No. 01.4.

■ 2. Add § 165.T08–0435 to read as follows:

§ 165.T08–0435 Safety Zone; Gulf of America, Pass A Loutre State Wildlife Management Area.

(a) *Location.* The following area is a safety zone: all navigable waters within one nautical mile in all directions around well #59 at approximate position 29°04′28.919″ N, 089°10′48.720″ W, near the Pass A Loutre State Wildlife Management Area. These coordinates are based on World Geodetic System (WGS) 84.

(b) *Definition.* As used in this section, *designated representative* means a Coast Guard Patrol Commander, including a Coast Guard coxswain, petty officer, or other officer operating a Coast Guard vessel and a Federal, State, and local officer designated by or assisting the Captain of the Port Sector New Orleans (COTP) in the enforcement of the safety zone.

(c) *Regulations.* (1) Under the general safety zone regulations in subpart C of this part, you may not enter the safety zone described in paragraph (a) of this section unless authorized by the COTP or the COTP's designated representative.

(2) To seek permission to enter, contact the COTP or the COTP's representative via VHF–FM Channel 16 or 67 or by telephone at (504) 365–2545. Those in the safety zone must comply with all lawful orders or directions given to them by the COTP or the COTP's designated representative.

(d) *Enforcement period.* This section will be enforced 24-hours per day from May 22, 2025, through July 2, 2025, unless cancelled earlier by the Captain of the Port. The COTP or a designated representative will inform the public of any changes to the enforcement times or dates for this safety zone through Broadcast Notices to Mariners (BNMs), Local Notices to Mariners (LNMs), and/or Marine Safety Information Bulletins (MSIBs) as appropriate.

Dated: May 22, 2025.

G.A. Callaghan,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port New Orleans.

[FR Doc. 2025–09928 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110–04–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 165

[Docket No. USCG–2025–0417]

Safety Zone; City of Duluth Fourth Fest, Duluth, MN

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS.

ACTION: Notification of enforcement of regulation.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard will enforce a safety zone for the Duluth Fourth Fest Fireworks Display from 9:30 p.m. to 11 p.m. on July 4, 2025 to provide for the safety of life on navigable waterways during this event in the vicinity of Bayfront Park. During the enforcement period, entry into, transiting, or anchoring within the safety zone is prohibited unless authorized by the Captain of the Port (COTP) Marine Safety Unit Duluth or a designated representative.

DATES: The regulations in 33 CFR 165.943 will be enforced for the Duluth 4th Fest Fireworks regulated area listed in item 5 in Table 1 to § 165.943 from 9:30 p.m. to 11 p.m., on July 4, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions about this notification of enforcement, call or email LT Zachary Fedak, Marine Safety Unit Duluth, U.S. Coast Guard; telephone 218–522–0708, email Zachary.A.Fedak@uscg.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Coast Guard will enforce a safety zone regulation in 33 CFR 165.943 for the Duluth 4th Fest Fireworks listed in item 5 in Table 1 to § 165.943 from 9:30 p.m. to 11 p.m., on July 4, 2025. This action is being taken to provide for the safety of life on navigable waterways during this event. The regulation for recurring marine events within the COTP Duluth Zone, Table 1 to § 165.943, item 5, specifies the location of the regulated area for the Duluth 4th Fest Fireworks event. During the enforcement period, no vessel or person will be permitted to enter the safety zone without obtaining permission from the COTP Marine Safety Unit Duluth or his or her on-scene representative.

In addition to this notification of enforcement in the **Federal Register**, the Coast Guard will provide the maritime community with notifications of this enforcement period via Broadcast Notice to Mariners. The COTP Marine Safety Unit Duluth on-scene representative may be contacted via VHF-FM Channel 16.

Dated: May 21, 2025.

John P. Botti,

Commander, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port Marine Safety Unit Duluth.

[FR Doc. 2025-09878 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-04-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Patent and Trademark Office

37 CFR Part 7

[Docket No. PTO-T-2025-0002]

RIN 0651-AD82

Partial Replacement of an Earlier National Registration or Registrations by an International Registration

AGENCY: United States Patent and Trademark Office, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) issues this final rule to implement an amendment to the Regulations under the Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks (Madrid Protocol) adopted by the Madrid Union Assembly that went into effect on February 1, 2021, with a delayed implementation date of February 1, 2025. This final rule modifies U.S. trademark regulations addressing the replacement of a national registration or registrations by an international registration to allow for submission of partial replacement requests, in alignment with the Madrid Protocol, and to require a listing of the goods and/or services for which replacement is requested.

DATES: This rule is effective on July 2, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Cristiana Schwab, Office of the Deputy Commissioner for Trademark Examination Policy, at 571-272-3514 or TMFRNotices@uspto.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The USPTO is revising 37 CFR 7.28 to incorporate an amendment to the Madrid Protocol for international trademark registration.

The Madrid Protocol is an international treaty that allows a

trademark owner to seek registration of its trademark in any of the member countries by filing a single international application. The International Bureau (IB) of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) in Geneva, Switzerland, administers the international registration system. The Madrid Protocol Implementation Act of 2002 amended the U.S. Trademark Act to provide that: (1) the owner of a U.S. application or registration may seek protection of its mark in any of the member countries of the Madrid Protocol by submitting a single international application through the USPTO and (2) the holder of an international registration may request an extension of protection of the international registration to the United States. The Madrid Protocol came into effect in the United States on November 2, 2003, and is implemented under 15 U.S.C. 1141 *et seq.* and 37 CFR parts 2 and 7. Each member country to the Madrid Protocol, including the United States, is represented at the Madrid Union Assembly, which meets annually at WIPO to vote on proposed changes to the Regulations under the Madrid Protocol. Each member country is obligated to implement any changes to the Regulations once adopted.

At its fifty-third (23rd ordinary) session, the Madrid Union Assembly adopted an amendment to Rule 21(3)(d) of the Regulations under the Madrid Protocol that requires member countries to provide for partial replacement of an earlier national registration(s) in addition to requests for full replacement. This amendment went into effect on February 1, 2021. However, at its fifty-fifth (24th ordinary) session, the Madrid Union Assembly adopted a new provision to the Regulations, paragraph (7) of Rule 40, that amended the compliance date for members to February 1, 2025.

This final rule incorporates the amendment adopted under the Madrid Protocol to provide partial replacement of earlier national registrations. To implement this amendment, this final rule revises the procedures at 37 CFR 7.28 to require the submission of additional information in requests to note replacement of a U.S. registration with an extension of protection, which will enable the USPTO to process requests for partial replacement of earlier national registrations. Specifically, a request to note replacement must specify the goods and/or services for which replacement is sought. The requirement to specify the goods and/or services for which replacement is requested applies to all requests to note replacement, both full

and partial requests. Finally, the USPTO revises § 7.28 to clarify that for a pending request for extension of protection that, once registered, will meet the requirements of paragraph (a), the holder may file a request to note replacement of the U.S. registration with the extension of protection. However, requests to note replacement filed in reference to a pending request for extension of protection will not be processed until the extension of protection is registered. This action ensures that the USPTO is in compliance with the Madrid Protocol. It also ensures that all replacements of earlier national registrations, not just partial replacements, clearly identify those goods and/or services that are being replaced, which will promote transparency in the trademark system.

Discussion of Regulatory Changes

The USPTO amends § 7.28 to revise paragraph (a)(2) to replace the wording “are also listed in” with “that are identified for replacement are covered by.” The USPTO revises paragraph (b) to include language clarifying addressing pending requests for extension of protection.

The USPTO also redesignates paragraph (c) as paragraph (d) and adds a new paragraph (c) to provide a stand-alone paragraph that sets forth the requirements for requests to note replacement. This paragraph includes the new requirement that requesters must specify the goods and/or services for which replacement is requested, which is set forth in paragraph (c)(3).

Rulemaking Requirements

A. Administrative Procedure Act: The changes in this rulemaking involve rules of agency practice and procedure and/or interpretive rules and do not require notice-and-comment rulemaking. See *Perez v. Mortg. Bankers Ass’n*, 575 U.S. 92, 97, 101 (2015) (explaining that interpretive rules “advise the public of the agency’s construction of the statutes and rules which it administers” and do not require notice-and-comment when issued or amended); *In re Chestek PLLC*, 92 F.4th 1105, 1110 (Fed. Cir. 2024) (noting that rule changes that “do[] not alter the substantive standards by which the USPTO evaluates trademark applications” are procedural in nature and thus “exempted from notice-and-comment rulemaking.”); *Cooper Techs. Co. v. Dudas*, 536 F.3d 1330, 1336–37 (Fed. Cir. 2008) (5 U.S.C. 553, and thus 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2)(B), do not require notice-and-comment rulemaking for “interpretative rules, general statements of policy, or rules of agency organization, procedure, or practice”);

and *JEM Broadcasting Co. v. F.C.C.*, 22 F.3d 320, 326 (D.C. Cir. 1994) (“[T]he ‘critical feature’ of the procedural exception [in 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(A)] ‘is that it covers agency actions that do not themselves alter the rights or interests of parties, although [they] may alter the manner in which the parties present themselves or their viewpoints to the agency.’” (quoting *Batterton v. Marshall*, 648 F.2d 694, 707 (D.C. Cir. 1980))).

In addition, the Office finds good cause pursuant to the authority at 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B) to adopt the changes in this final rule without prior notice and an opportunity for public comment, as such procedures would be unnecessary, impracticable, and contrary to the public interest. As discussed above, the changes in this rulemaking involve implementation of provisions that were adopted by the United States as a member of the Madrid Protocol. The revisions made in this final rule provide the procedures for requests for partial replacement of earlier national registrations, which were adopted by member states to the Madrid Protocol. As a member of the Madrid Protocol, the United States is obligated to implement these changes. In addition, this final rule expands the new requirement to specify the goods and/or services for which replacement is requested to all requests to note replacement, both full and partial. This final rule will assist the United States in complying with the Madrid Protocol and avoiding any confusion that could result if these provisions are not implemented as close to the effective date as possible. Furthermore, the expansion of the requirement to specify the goods and/or services for which replacement is requested to all requests to note replacement will ensure that all replacements of earlier national registrations are clearly identified. This change promotes transparency in the trademark system. For the reasons above, the agency finds good cause to conclude that notice and an opportunity for public comment are impracticable, unnecessary, and contrary to the public interest.

B. Regulatory Flexibility Act: As prior notice and an opportunity for public comment are not required pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553 or any other law, neither a Regulatory Flexibility Act analysis nor a certification under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*) is required. See 5 U.S.C. 603.

C. Executive Order 12866 (Regulatory Planning and Review): This rulemaking has been determined to be not significant for purposes of Executive Order 12866 (Sept. 30, 1993).

D. Executive Order 13563 (Improving Regulation and Regulatory Review): The USPTO has complied with Executive Order 13563 (Jan. 18, 2011).

Specifically, and as discussed above, the USPTO has, to the extent feasible and applicable: (1) made a reasoned determination that the benefits justify the costs of the rule; (2) tailored the rule to impose the least burden on society consistent with obtaining the regulatory objectives; (3) selected a regulatory approach that maximizes net benefits; (4) specified performance objectives; (5) identified and assessed available alternatives; (6) involved the public in an open exchange of information and perspectives among experts in relevant disciplines, affected stakeholders in the private sector, and the public as a whole, and provided online access to the rulemaking docket; (7) attempted to promote coordination, simplification, and harmonization across government agencies and identified goals designed to promote innovation; (8) considered approaches that reduce burdens and maintain flexibility and freedom of choice for the public; and (9) ensured the objectivity of scientific and technological information and processes.

E. Executive Order 14192 (Deregulation): This regulation is not an Executive Order 14192 regulatory action because it has been determined to be not significant.

F. Executive Order 13132 (Federalism): This rulemaking pertains strictly to federal agency procedures and does not contain policies with federalism implications sufficient to warrant preparation of a Federalism Assessment under Executive Order 13132 (Aug. 4, 1999).

G. Executive Order 13175 (Tribal Consultation): This rulemaking will not: (1) have substantial direct effects on one or more Indian tribes; (2) impose substantial direct compliance costs on Indian tribal governments; or (3) preempt tribal law. Therefore, a tribal summary impact statement is not required under Executive Order 13175 (Nov. 6, 2000).

H. Executive Order 13211 (Energy Effects): This rulemaking is not a significant energy action under Executive Order 13211 because this rulemaking is not likely to have a significant adverse effect on the supply, distribution, or use of energy. Therefore, a Statement of Energy Effects is not required under Executive Order 13211 (May 18, 2001).

I. Executive Order 12988 (Civil Justice Reform): This rulemaking meets applicable standards to minimize litigation, eliminate ambiguity, and

reduce burden as set forth in sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of Executive Order 12988 (Feb. 5, 1996).

J. Executive Order 13045 (Protection of Children): This rulemaking does not concern an environmental risk to health or safety that may disproportionately affect children under Executive Order 13045 (Apr. 21, 1997).

K. Executive Order 12630 (Taking of Private Property): This rulemaking will not effect a taking of private property or otherwise have taking implications under Executive Order 12630 (Mar. 15, 1988).

L. Congressional Review Act: Under the Congressional Review Act provisions of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*), the USPTO will submit a report containing the final rule and other required information to the United States Senate, the United States House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the Government Accountability Office. The changes in this rulemaking are not expected to result in an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more; a major increase in costs or prices; or significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or the ability of United States-based enterprises to compete with foreign-based enterprises in domestic and export markets. Therefore, this rulemaking is not expected to result in a “major rule” as defined in 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

M. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995: The changes set forth in this rulemaking do not involve a Federal intergovernmental mandate that will result in the expenditure by state, local, and tribal governments, in the aggregate, of \$100 million (as adjusted) or more in any one year, or a Federal private sector mandate that will result in the expenditure by the private sector of \$100 million (as adjusted) or more in any one year, and will not significantly or uniquely affect small governments. Therefore, no actions are necessary under the provisions of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995. See 2 U.S.C. 1501 *et seq.*

N. National Environmental Policy Act of 1969: This rulemaking will not have any effect on the quality of the environment and is thus categorically excluded from review under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969. See 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*

O. National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995: The requirements of section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) are not applicable because this

rulemaking does not contain provisions that involve the use of technical standards.

P. Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995: The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*) requires that the USPTO consider the impact of paperwork and other information collection burdens imposed on the public. The collection of information affected by this final rule is 0651–0051 (Madrid Protocol). This collection has been previously reviewed and approved by OMB under the most recent renewal of this control number. This rulemaking implements the provisions addressing the replacement of a National or Regional Registration by an International Registration to receive partial replacement requests in alignment with the Madrid Protocol. This will result in a slight increase in respondents. In keeping with that increase, the hourly and non-hourly cost burdens for 0651–0051 will be adjusted to reflect these new respondents and their submissions of replacement requests. As a result of this final rule, updates to the information collection 0651–0051 will be submitted to the OMB as non-substantive change requests.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person is required to respond to nor shall any person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Q. E-Government Act Compliance: The USPTO is committed to compliance with the E-Government Act to promote the use of the internet and other information technologies, to provide increased opportunities for citizen access to government information and services, and for other purposes.

List of Subjects in 37 CFR Part 7

Administrative practice and procedure, Trademarks.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the USPTO amends 37 CFR part 7 as follows:

PART 7—RULES OF PRACTICE IN FILINGS PURSUANT TO THE PROTOCOL RELATING TO THE MADRID AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATION OF MARKS

- 1. The authority citation for part 7 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 15 U.S.C. 1123, 35 U.S.C. 2, Pub. L. 116–260, 134 Stat. 1182, unless otherwise noted.

- 2. Revise § 7.28 to read as follows:

§ 7.28 Replacement of U.S. registration by registered extension of protection.

(a) A registered extension of protection affords the same rights as those afforded to a previously issued U.S. registration if:

(1) Both registrations are owned by the same person and identify the same mark; and

(2) All the goods and/or services listed in the U.S. registration that are identified for replacement are covered by the registered extension of protection.

(b) The holder of an international registration with a registered extension of protection to the United States that meets the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section, or with a pending request for extension of protection that, once registered, will meet the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section, may file a request to note replacement of the U.S. registration with the extension of protection. If the request to note replacement is filed in reference to a pending request for extension of protection, the request will not be processed until the extension of protection registers.

(c) If the request to note replacement contains all of the following, the Office will take note of the replacement in its automated records:

(1) The serial number or registration number of the extension of protection;

(2) The registration number of the replaced U.S. registration;

(3) The goods and/or services for which replacement is requested; and

(4) The fee required by § 7.6.

(d) If the request to note replacement is denied, the Office will notify the holder of the reason(s) for refusal.

Coke Morgan Stewart,

Acting Under Secretary of Commerce for Intellectual Property and Acting Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

[FR Doc. 2025–09916 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–16–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of the Secretary

43 CFR Part 4

[Docket No. DOI–2022–0010; 256D0102DM; D6CS00000; DLSN00000.000000; DX6CS25]

RIN 1094–AA57

Practices Before the Department of the Interior; Correction

AGENCY: Office of Hearings and Appeals, Interior.

ACTION: Interim final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: The Office of Hearings and Appeals (OHA) is issuing this document to correct the interim final rule published on January 10, 2025. These corrections address comments provided by the Office of the Federal Register regarding amendatory language and grammatical and technical errors that OHA identified in the published interim final rule.

DATES: Effective June 4, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Rachel R. Lukens, telephone: 703–235–3810, email: Rachel.Lukens@oha.doi.gov. Individuals in the United States who are deaf, blind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-of-contact in the United States.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On January 10, 2025, OHA published an interim final rule, entitled “Practices Before the Department of the Interior,” with an effective date of February 10, 2025 (90 FR 2332). OHA invited the public to submit additional suggestions for improvements by February 10, 2025, and stated that it would consider future revisions, if appropriate.

On January 20, 2025, the President issued a memorandum, entitled “Regulatory Freeze Pending Review.” The President’s memorandum directed executive departments to “consider postponing for 60 days from the date of [the] memorandum the effective date for any rules that have been published in the **Federal Register**, or any rules that have been issued in any manner but have not taken effect, for the purpose of reviewing any questions of fact, law, and policy that the rules may raise.”

In compliance with the President’s memorandum, OHA postponed the effective date of the interim final rule to March 21, 2025 (90 FR 9222), again to May 5, 2025 (90 FR 12461), and again to June 4, 2025 (90 FR 18927). During this time, and pursuant to the President’s memorandum, the Department of the Interior has reviewed the interim final rule and identified certain grammatical and technical errors in the interim final rule that require correction.

Accordingly, in FR Doc. 2024–30358 (*i.e.*, OHA’s interim final rule) appearing on page 2332 in the **Federal Register** of Friday, January 10, 2025, the following corrections are made:

1. On page 2335, in the third column, remove the second full paragraph: “The

interim final rule will update nomenclature by providing gender-neutral language, consistent with Executive Order 13988 on Preventing and Combating Discrimination on the Basis of Gender Identity or Sexual Orientation, signed by President Joseph R. Biden, Jr. on January 20, 2021.”

2. On page 2338, in the first column, the last sentence of the first full paragraph is corrected to read “Please reference: ‘OMB Control Number 1094-New/1094-AA57’ in the subject line of your comments.”

3. On page 2385, in the first column, in the first sentence under the subheading “Subpart I—Specific Rules Applicable to Proceedings Under Part 17—Nondiscrimination in Federally Assisted Programs”, remove the language “by providing gender-neutral language, consistent with Executive Order 13988 on Preventing and Combating Discrimination on the Basis of Gender Identity or Sexual

Orientation, signed by President Joseph R. Biden, Jr., on January 20, 2021.”

§ 4.1 [Corrected]

■ 4. On page 2390, in the second column, on the second line of § 4.1(b)(2)(i), the parenthetical abbreviation “(Ph.D.)” is corrected to “(PHD)”.

§ 4.26 [Corrected]

■ 5. On page 2393, in the second column, on the third line of § 4.26(a), the term “Ph.D.” is corrected to “PHD”.

§ 4.27 [Corrected]

■ 6. On page 2394, in the first column, on the third line of § 4.27(a)(2)(iii), the term “Ph.D.” is corrected to “PHD”.

§ 4.845 [Corrected]

■ 7. On page 2427, in the second column, in amendment 55, the instruction “Amend § 4.845, the first sentence, to remove the words ‘upon

him’” is corrected to read: “Amend § 4.845 by removing the words ‘upon him’”.

§ 4.1301 [Corrected]

■ 8. On page 2430, in the third column, in amendment 93, the instruction “In § 4.1301, amend paragraph (a) by removing the words ‘the Hearings Division, Office of Hearings and Appeals, U.S. Department of the Interior’ and adding in their place the word ‘DCHD’” is corrected to read: “Amend § 4.1301 by removing the words ‘the Hearings Division, Office of Hearings and Appeals, U.S. Department of the Interior’ and adding in their place the acronym ‘DCHD’”.

Tyler Hassen,

*Acting Assistant Secretary—Policy,
Management and Budget.*

[FR Doc. 2025–09937 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4334–CC–P

Proposed Rules

Federal Register

Vol. 90, No. 104

Monday, June 2, 2025

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains notices to the public of the proposed issuance of rules and regulations. The purpose of these notices is to give interested persons an opportunity to participate in the rule making prior to the adoption of the final rules.

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

5 CFR Part 532

[Docket ID: OPM–2025–0010]

RIN 3206–AO83

Prevailing Rate Systems; Abolishment of Hennepin, Minnesota, as a Nonappropriated Fund Federal Wage System Wage Area

AGENCY: Office of Personnel Management.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Office of Personnel Management (OPM) is proposing a rule to abolish the Hennepin, Minnesota, nonappropriated fund (NAF) Federal Wage System (FWS) wage area and define most of its counties to the nearest NAF FWS wage areas. Those counties without NAF FWS employment would no longer be defined to a NAF wage area. These changes are necessary because NAF FWS employment in the survey area has been declining, and the local activities no longer have the capability to conduct local wage surveys.

DATES: Send comments on or before July 2, 2025.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by docket number and/or Regulatory Information Number (RIN) and title, by the following method:

- *Federal Rulemaking Portal:* <https://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

All comments received must include the agency name and docket number or RIN for this document. The general policy for comments from members of the public is to make them available for public viewing at <https://www.regulations.gov> without change, including any personal identifiers or contact information. However, OPM retains discretion to redact personal or sensitive information from comments before they are posted. As required by 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(4), a summary of this

rule may be found in the docket for this rulemaking at www.regulations.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ana Paunoiu, by telephone at (202) 606–2858 or by email at paypolicy@opm.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under 5 CFR 532.219, OPM may establish a NAF wage area when there are a minimum of 26 NAF wage employees in the survey area, a local activity has the capability to host annual local wage surveys, and the survey area has at least 1,800 private enterprise employees in establishments within survey specifications. The Hennepin, NAF FWS wage area is presently composed of one survey county, Hennepin County, Minnesota, and eight area of application counties: Morrison, Murray, Ramsey, Stearns, and St. Louis Counties, MN; and Juneau, Monroe, and Polk Counties, Wisconsin. The Department of Defense (DOD) notified OPM that there has been a continuing decline of NAF FWS employment in the survey area and the local activities no longer have the capability to conduct local wage surveys in Minneapolis. Currently, 18 NAF FWS employees work at the Minneapolis-St. Paul Air Reserve Station and 17 NAF FWS employees at the Minneapolis VA Medical Center. In addition, in the Hennepin NAF wage area, there are 63 FWS employees who work outside the survey area: 6 in Morrison County, MN; 6 in Stearns County, MN; and 51 in Monroe County, WI.

While Monroe County, WI, will have continuing NAF employment and meets the regulatory criteria under 5 CFR 532.219 to be a separate survey area, the lead agency does not consider it a robust option to be a separate NAF wage area due to the rural nature of the area around Ft. McCoy. As such, Monroe County must be defined as an area of application to another wage area.

Section 532.219 lists the regulatory criteria OPM considers when defining FWS wage area boundaries. This regulation allows consideration of the following criteria: proximity of largest activity in each county, transportation facilities and commuting patterns, and similarities of the counties in overall population, private employment in major industry categories, and kinds and sizes of private industrial establishments.

In selecting a wage area to which Hennepin County, MN, should be redefined, proximity favors the Grand

Forks, North Dakota, NAF wage area. All other criteria are indeterminate. Based on these findings, OPM is defining Hennepin County as an area of application to the Grand Forks NAF wage area.

In selecting a wage area to which Morrison County, MN, should be redefined, proximity favors the Grand Forks, ND, NAF wage area. All other criteria are indeterminate. Based on these findings, OPM is defining Morrison County as an area of application to the Grand Forks NAF wage area.

In selecting a wage area to which Stearns County, MN, should be redefined, proximity favors the Grand Forks, ND, NAF wage area. All other criteria are indeterminate. Based on these findings, OPM is defining Stearns County as an area of application to the Grand Forks NAF wage area.

In selecting a wage area to which Monroe County, WI, should be redefined, proximity favors the Lake, Illinois, NAF wage area. All other criteria are indeterminate. Based on these findings, OPM is defining Monroe County as an area of application to the Lake NAF wage area.

OPM is removing Murray, Ramsey and St. Louis Counties, MN; and Juneau and Polk Counties, WI, from the wage area definition. There are no longer NAF FWS employees working in these counties. Under 5 U.S.C. 5343(a)(1)(B)(i), NAF wage areas “shall not extend beyond the immediate locality in which the particular prevailing rate employees are employed.” Therefore, Murray, Ramsey and St. Louis Counties, MN; and Juneau and Polk Counties, WI, cannot be defined as part of a NAF wage area.

The Grand Forks, ND, wage area would consist of one survey county (Grand Forks County, ND), and 7 area of application counties (Hennepin, Morrison, and Stearns Counties, MN; and Cass, Cavalier, Pembina, and Steele Counties, ND).

The Lake, IL, wage area would consist of one survey county (Lake, IL) and 11 area of application counties (Cook, Rock Island, and Vermilion Counties, IL; St. Joseph County, Indiana; Johnson County, Iowa; Dickinson and Marquette Counties, Michigan; and Brown, Dane, Milwaukee, and Monroe Counties, WI).

The Federal Prevailing Rate Advisory Committee, the national labor-

management committee responsible for advising OPM on matters concerning the pay of FWS employees, recommended these changes by consensus. These changes would be effective on the first day of the first applicable pay period beginning on or after 30 days following publication of the final rule.

Miscellaneous Revisions

In addition, this proposed rule would make the following revisions to the “Appendix B to Subpart B of Part 532—Nationwide Schedule of Nonappropriated Fund Regular Wage Surveys:”

Remove “Allegheny” under the State of Pennsylvania. On November 15, 2023, OPM published a final rule (88 FR 78223) abolishing the Allegheny, PA, NAF FWS wage area. The final rule inadvertently omitted deleting this entry from Appendix B.

Revise the name of the “Arapahoe-Denver, Colorado,” NAF FWS wage area to read “Arapahoe.” On August 21, 2024, OPM published a final rule (89 FR 67519) removing Denver County from the Arapahoe-Denver, CO, NAF FWS wage area and changing the name of the Arapahoe-Denver NAF FWS wage area to Arapahoe. The final rule inadvertently omitted revising the name in Appendix B.

Remove “Frederick” under the State of Maryland. On August 22, 2024, OPM published a final rule (89 FR 67829) abolishing the Frederick, MD, NAF FWS wage area. The final rule inadvertently omitted deleting this entry from Appendix B.

Remove “Calhoun” under the State of Alabama. On November 26, 2024, OPM published a final rule (89 FR 93147) abolishing the Calhoun, AL, NAF FWS wage area. The final rule inadvertently omitted deleting this entry from Appendix B.

Expected Impact of This Rulemaking

Section 5343 of title 5, U.S. Code, provides OPM with the authority and responsibility to define the boundaries of NAF FWS wage areas. Any changes in wage area definitions can have the

long-term effect of increasing pay for Federal employees in affected locations. OPM expects this rulemaking to impact approximately 98 NAF FWS employees. Considering the small number of employees affected, OPM does not anticipate that this proposed rule will substantially impact local economies or have a large impact in local labor markets. However, OPM is requesting comment in this rulemaking regarding the impact. As this and future wage area changes may impact higher volumes of employees in geographical areas and could rise to the level of impacting local labor markets, OPM will continue to study the implications of such impacts in this or future rules as needed.

Regulatory Review

OPM has examined the impact of this rulemaking as required by Executive Orders 12866 and 13563 which direct agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits (including potential economic, environmental, public health and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). This rulemaking is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866. The rule is not an E.O. 14192 regulatory action because it is not significant under E.O. 12866.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Acting Director of OPM certifies that this rulemaking will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Federalism

OPM has examined this rulemaking in accordance with Executive Order 13132, Federalism, and has determined that this rule will not have any negative impact on the rights, roles and responsibilities of State, local, or Tribal governments.

Civil Justice Reform

This rulemaking meets the applicable standard set forth in Executive Order 12988.

Unfunded Mandates Act of 1995

This rulemaking will not result in the expenditure by State, local, and Tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector, of \$100 million or more in any year in 1995 dollars, updated annually for inflation. That threshold is currently approximately \$206 million. This rulemaking will not significantly or uniquely affect small governments. Therefore, no actions were deemed necessary under the provisions of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995.

Paperwork Reduction Act

This rulemaking does not impose any reporting or record-keeping requirements subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act.

List of Subjects in 5 CFR Part 532

Administrative practice and procedure, Freedom of information, Government employees, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Wages.

Office of Personnel Management.

Jerson Matias,

Federal Register Liaison.

Accordingly, OPM is proposing to amend 5 CFR part 532 as follows:

PART 532—PREVAILING RATE SYSTEMS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 532 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 5343, 5346. Sec. 532.707 also issued under 5 U.S.C. 552.

■ 2. In Appendix B to subpart B, amend the table by:

- a. Revising the wage survey listings for Alabama, Colorado, and Maryland;
- b. Removing the wage survey listings for Minnesota, and;
- c. Revising the wage survey listings for Pennsylvania.

The revisions read as follows:

Appendix B to Subpart B of Part 532—Nationwide Schedule of Nonappropriated Fund Regular Wage Surveys

* * * * *

State	Wage area	Beginning month of survey	Calendar year of full-scale survey odd or even
Alabama	Madison	April	Even.
	Montgomery	April	Odd.
*	*	*	*
Colorado	Arapahoe	July	Even.
	El Paso	July	Even.
*	*	*	*

State	Wage area	Beginning month of survey	Calendar year of full-scale survey odd or even
Maryland	Anne Arundel Charles-St. Mary's Harford Montgomery-Prince George's	August August May August	Even. Even. Even. Even.
Pennsylvania	Cumberland York	May May	Even. Even.

■ 3. In Appendix D to subpart B, amend the table by revising the wage area listing for the States of Illinois and North Dakota to read as follows:

**Appendix D to Subpart B of Part 532—
Nonappropriated Fund Wage and
Survey Areas**

**Definitions of Wage Areas and Wage
Area Survey Areas**

* * * * *

**ILLINOIS
Lake**

Survey Area

Illinois:

Lake

Area of Application. Survey area plus:

Illinois:

Cook

Rock Island

Vermilion

Indiana:

St. Joseph

Iowa:

Johnson

Michigan:

Dickinson

Marquette

Wisconsin:

Brown

Dane

Milwaukee

Monroe

St. Clair

Survey Area

Illinois:

St. Clair

Area of Application. Survey area plus:

Illinois:

Madison

Williamson

Indiana:

Vanderburgh

Missouri (City):

St. Louis

Missouri (County):

St. Louis

NORTH DAKOTA

Grand Forks

Survey Area

North Dakota:

Grand Forks

Area of Application. Survey area plus:

Minnesota:

Hennepin

Morrison

Stearns

North Dakota:

Cass

Cavalier

Pembina

Steele

Ward

Survey Area

North Dakota:

Ward

Area of Application. Survey area plus:

North Dakota:

Divide

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[FR Doc. 2025–09931 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

**[Docket No. FAA–2025–0918; Project
Identifier AD–2024–00526–E]**

RIN 2120–AA64

**Airworthiness Directives; Pratt &
Whitney Engines**

AGENCY: Federal Aviation
Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking
(NPRM).

SUMMARY: The FAA proposes to adopt a new airworthiness directive (AD) for certain Pratt & Whitney (PW) Model F117–PW–100, PW2037, PW2037D, PW2037M, PW2040, PW2040D, PW2043, PW2143, and PW2643 engines.

This proposed AD was prompted by an updated analysis of an event involving an International Aero Engines, LLC (IAE LLC) Model PW1127GA–JM engine, which experienced a high-pressure compressor (HPC) 7th-stage integrally bladed rotor (IBR–7) separation that resulted in an engine shutdown and aborted takeoff. This proposed AD would require repetitive angled ultrasonic inspections (AUSIs) of certain high-pressure turbine (HPT) 1st-stage disks and turbine hubs for any crack indications, and if necessary, removal from service and replacement, and removal from service of certain HPT lenticular seal assemblies. The FAA is proposing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

DATES: The FAA must receive comments on this proposed AD by July 17, 2025.

ADDRESSES: You may send comments, using the procedures found in 14 CFR 11.43 and 11.45, by any of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* Go to *regulations.gov*. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

- *Fax:* (202) 493–2251.

- *Mail:* U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M–30, West Building, Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.

- *Hand Delivery:* Deliver to Mail address above between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

AD Docket: You may examine the AD docket at *regulations.gov* under Docket No. FAA–2025–0918; or in person at Docket Operations between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this NPRM, any comments received, and other information. The street address for Docket Operations is listed above.

Material Incorporated by Reference:

- For PW material identified in this proposed AD, contact PW, 400 Main Street, East Hartford, CT 06118; phone:

(860) 565-0140; email: help24@prattwhitney.com; website: connect.prattwhitney.com.

- You may view this material at the FAA, Airworthiness Products Section, Operational Safety Branch, 1200 District Avenue, Burlington, MA 01803. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222-5110.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Molly Sturgis, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 2200 South 216th Street, Des Moines, WA 98198; phone: (562) 627-5373; email: molly.a.sturgis@faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

The FAA invites you to send any written relevant data, views, or arguments about this proposal. Send your comments to an address listed under the **ADDRESSES** section. Include “Docket No. FAA-2025-0918; Project Identifier AD-2024-00526-E” at the beginning of your comments. The most helpful comments reference a specific portion of the proposal, explain the reason for any recommended change, and include supporting data. The FAA will consider all comments received by the closing date and may revise this proposal because of those comments.

Except for Confidential Business Information (CBI) as described in the following paragraph, and other information as described in 14 CFR 11.35, the FAA will post all comments received, without change, to [regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov), including any personal information you provide. The agency will also post a report summarizing each substantive verbal contact received about this NPRM.

Confidential Business Information

CBI is commercial or financial information that is both customarily and actually treated as private by its owner. Under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) (5 U.S.C. 552), CBI is exempt from public disclosure. If your comments responsive to this NPRM contain commercial or financial

information that is customarily treated as private, that you actually treat as private, and that is relevant or responsive to this NPRM, it is important that you clearly designate the submitted comments as CBI. Please mark each page of your submission containing CBI as “PROPIN.” The FAA will treat such marked submissions as confidential under the FOIA, and they will not be placed in the public docket of this NPRM. Submissions containing CBI should be sent to Molly Sturgis, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 2200 South 216th Street, Des Moines, WA 98198. Any commentary that the FAA receives which is not specifically designated as CBI will be placed in the public docket for this rulemaking.

Background

On December 24, 2022, an Airbus Model A320neo airplane powered by IAE LLC Model PW1127GA-JM engines, experienced a failure of the HPC IBR-7 that resulted in an engine shutdown and aborted takeoff. Following this event, the manufacturer conducted a records review of production and field-returned parts and re-evaluated their engineering analysis methodology. The new analysis revealed that the failure of the HPC IBR-7 was caused by a nickel powdered metal anomaly, similar in nature to an anomaly previously observed. The analysis also concluded that there is an increased risk of failure for additional nickel powdered metal parts in certain nickel powdered metal production campaigns, and these parts are susceptible to failure much earlier than previously determined. As a result, the FAA is proposing additional AUSIs for certain affected nickel powdered metal parts and removal from service of certain affected nickel powdered metal parts. Certain PW Model F117-PW-100, PW2037, PW2037D, PW2037M, PW2040, PW2040D, PW2043, PW2143, and PW2643 engines are among the products affected by this condition. This condition, if not addressed, could result in uncontained disk failure, release of high-energy debris, damage to the

engine, damage to the airplane, and possible loss of the airplane.

FAA’s Determination

The FAA is issuing this NPRM after determining that the unsafe condition described previously is likely to exist or develop on other products of the same type design.

Material Incorporated by Reference Under 1 CFR Part 51

The FAA reviewed PW Alert Service Bulletin (ASB) PW2000 A72-779, dated May 2, 2024, and PW ASB PWF117 A72-434, dated May 1, 2024, which specifies procedures for a repetitive AUSIs of the HPT 1st-stage disk for crack indications. This material is distinct since each applies to different engine models.

The FAA also reviewed PW ASB PW2000 A72-780, dated May 2, 2024, and PW ASB PWF117 A72-433, dated May 1, 2024, which specifies procedures for repetitive AUSIs of the turbine hub. This material is distinct since each applies to different engine models.

This material is reasonably available because the interested parties have access to it through their normal course of business or by the means identified in the **ADDRESSES** section.

Proposed AD Requirements in This NPRM

This proposed AD would require repetitive AUSIs of certain HPT 1st-stage disks and turbine hubs for any crack indications, and if necessary, removal from service and replacement, and removal from service of certain HPT lenticular seal assemblies.

Costs of Compliance

The FAA estimates that this AD, if adopted as proposed, would affect 484 engines installed on airplanes of U.S. registry. The FAA estimates that 13 engines will require replacement of the HPT lenticular seal assembly.

The FAA estimates the following costs to comply with this proposed AD:

ESTIMATED COSTS

Action	Labor cost	Parts cost	Cost per product	Cost on U.S. operators
AUSI of HPT 1st-stage disk	5 work-hours × \$85 per hour = \$425	\$0	\$425	\$205,700
AUSI of turbine hub	5 work-hours × \$85 per hour = \$425	0	425	205,700
Replacement of HPT lenticular seal assembly (13 engines).	13 work-hours × \$85 per hour = \$1,105	511,240	12,345	6,660,485

The FAA estimates the following costs to do any necessary replacements that would be required based on the

results of the proposed inspections. The agency has no way of determining the

number of engines that might need these replacements:

ON-CONDITION COSTS			
Action	Labor cost	Parts cost	Cost per product
Replacement of HPT 1st-stage disk	10 work-hours × \$85 per hour = \$850	\$730,000	\$730,850
Replacement of turbine hub	10 work-hours × \$85 per hour = \$850	500,000	500,850

Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA’s authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII: Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency’s authority.

The FAA is issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: General requirements. Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

Regulatory Findings

The FAA determined that this proposed AD would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This proposed AD would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify this proposed regulation:

- (1) Is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866,
- (2) Would not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska, and
- (3) Would not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator,

the FAA proposes to amend 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

■ 2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

Pratt & Whitney: Docket No. FAA–2025–0918; Project Identifier AD–2024–00526–E.

(a) Comments Due Date

The FAA must receive comments on this airworthiness directive (AD) by July 17, 2025.

(b) Affected ADs

None.

(c) Applicability

This AD applies to Pratt & Whitney (PW) Model F117–PW–100, PW2037, PW2037D, PW2037M, PW2040, PW2040D, PW2043, PW2143, and PW2643 engines.

(d) Subject

Joint Aircraft System Component (JASC) Code 7250, Turbine Section.

(e) Unsafe Condition

This AD was prompted by an updated analysis of an event involving an International Aero Engines, LLC Model PW1127GA–JM engine, which experienced a high-pressure compressor 7th-stage integrally bladed rotor separation that resulted in an engine shutdown and aborted takeoff. The FAA is issuing this AD to prevent failure of the high-pressure turbine (HPT) 1st-stage disk, and turbine hub. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could result in uncontained disk failure, release of high-energy debris, damage to the engine, damage to the airplane, and possible loss of the airplane.

(f) Compliance

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

(g) Required Actions

(1) At the next piece-part exposure after the effective date of this AD and thereafter at every piece-part exposure, do an angled ultrasonic inspection (AUSI) of the HPT 1st-stage disk for any crack indications in

accordance with Paragraph 4. of the Accomplishment Instructions of PW Alert Service Bulletin (ASB) PW2000 A72–779, dated May 2, 2024, or Paragraph 4. of the Accomplishment Instructions of PW ASB PWF117 A72–434, dated May 1, 2024, as applicable to the engine model.

(2) At the next piece-part exposure after the effective date of this AD and thereafter at every piece-part exposure, do an AUSI of the turbine hub for any crack indications in accordance with Paragraph 4. of the Accomplishment Instructions of PW ASB PW2000 A72–780, dated May 2, 2024, or Paragraph 4. of the Accomplishment Instructions of PW ASB PWF117 A72–433, dated May 1, 2024, as applicable to the engine model.

(3) If, during any inspection required by paragraph (g)(1) or (2) of this AD, any crack indication is found, remove the affected part from service and replace with a part eligible for installation.

(4) For engines with an installed HPT lenticular seal assembly having a part number and serial number identified in figure 1 to paragraph (g)(4) of this AD: At the next piece-part exposure after the effective date of this AD, remove the HPT lenticular seal assembly from service and replace with a part eligible for installation.

FIGURE 1 TO PARAGRAPH (g)(4)—AFFECTED HPT LENTICULAR SEAL ASSEMBLIES

Part No. (P/N)	Serial No.
1B8575	DKLBGY5919
1B8575	DKLBGY5922
1B8575	DKLBGY5945
1B8575	DKLBGY5936
1B8575	DKLBGY5944
1B8575	DKLBGY5946
1B8575	DKLBGY5948
1B8575	DKLBGY5949
1B8575	DKLBGY5952
1B8575	DKLBGY5953
1B8575	DKLBGY5959
1B8575	DKLBG48210
1B8575	DKLBG48244
1B8575	DKLBG48292

(h) Definitions

(1) For the purpose of this AD, a “piece-part exposure” is:
(i) For paragraph (g)(1) of this AD, when the HPT 1st-stage disk is removed from the engine and all the blades are removed from the HPT 1st-stage disk.

(ii) For paragraph (g)(2) of this AD, when the turbine hub is removed from the engine and all the blades are removed from the turbine hub.

(iii) For paragraph (g)(4) of this AD, when the HPT lenticular seal assembly is removed from either the HPT 1st-stage disk or the HPT 2nd-stage hub.

(2) For the purpose of this AD, a “part eligible for installation” is:

(i) An HPT 1st-stage disk having P/N 1B7801, 1B3601, or 1B3601–001 that has passed the AUSI required by paragraph (g)(1) of this AD.

(ii) An HPT 1st-stage disk having P/N 1B7801, 1B3601, or 1B3601–001, that has a certificate of conformance that shows compliance with Non-Destructive Inspection Procedure (NDIP) NDIP–1282.

(iii) A new zero-time HPT 1st-stage disk having P/N 1B7801, 1B3601, or 1B3601–001 that has passed an AUSI at new part production.

(iv) A turbine hub having P/N 1B4902, 1B6602, or 1B8002 that has passed the AUSI required by paragraph (g)(2) of this AD.

(v) A turbine hub having P/N 1B4902, 1B6602, or 1B8002 that has a certificate of conformance that shows compliance with NDIP–1283.

(vi) A new zero-time turbine hub having P/N 1B4902, 1B6602, or 1B8002 that has passed an AUSI at new part production.

(vii) Any HPT lenticular seal assembly that does not have a part number and serial number identified in figure 1 to paragraph (g)(4) of this AD.

(i) Installation Prohibition

(1) As of the effective date of this AD, no person may install on any engine, an HPT 1st-stage disk having P/N 1B7801, 1B3601, or 1B3601–001, unless it is a part eligible for installation as defined in paragraph (h)(2) of this AD.

(2) As of the effective date of this AD, no person may install on any engine, a turbine hub having P/N 1B4902, 1B6602, or 1B8002, unless it is a part eligible for installation as defined in paragraph (h)(2) of this AD.

(3) As of the effective date of this AD, no person may install on any engine, an HPT lenticular seal assembly having a part number and serial number identified in figure 1 to paragraph (g)(4) of this AD.

(j) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

(1) The Manager, AIR–520 Continued Operational Safety Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the AIR–520 Continued Operational Safety Branch, send it to the attention of the person identified in paragraph (k) of this AD and email to: AMOC@faa.gov.

(2) Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/certificate holding district office.

(k) Additional Information

For more information about this AD, contact Molly Sturgis, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 2200 South 216th Street, Des Moines, WA 98198; phone: (562) 627–5373; email: molly.a.sturgis@faa.gov.

(l) Material Incorporated by Reference

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference (IBR) of the material listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this material as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.

(i) Pratt & Whitney (PW) Alert Service Bulletin (ASB) PW2000 A72–779, dated May 2, 2024.

(ii) PW ASB PW2000 A72–780, dated May 2, 2024.

(iii) PW ASB PWF117 A72–434, dated May 1, 2024.

(iv) PW ASB PWF117 A72–433, dated May 1, 2024.

(3) For PW material identified in this AD, contact PW, 400 Main Street, East Hartford, CT 06118; phone: (860) 565–0140; email: help24@prattwhitney.com; website: connect.prattwhitney.com.

(4) You may view this material at the FAA, Airworthiness Products Section, Operational Safety Branch, 1200 District Avenue, Burlington, MA 01803. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222–5110.

(5) You may view this material at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, visit www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations or email fr.inspection@nara.gov.

Issued on May 23, 2025.

Lona C. Saccomando,

Acting Deputy Director, Integrated Certificate Management Division, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2025–09896 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA–2025–0914; Project Identifier MCAI–2024–00413–R]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Helicopters

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: The FAA proposes to adopt a new airworthiness directive (AD) for certain Airbus Helicopters Model AS 332L2 and EC 225LP helicopters. This proposed AD was prompted by reports

of overlengthened and deformed attachment bolts installed on the link of the main gearbox (MGB) suspension bar attachment bracket. This proposed AD would require replacing certain attachment bolts on the MGB suspension bar fittings, inspecting the removed bolts, and reporting the results of this inspection to Airbus Helicopters. The FAA is proposing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

DATES: The FAA must receive comments on this NPRM by July 17, 2025.

ADDRESSES: You may send comments, using the procedures found in 14 CFR 11.43 and 11.45, by any of the following methods:

- **Federal eRulemaking Portal:** Go to regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

- **Fax:** (202) 493–2251.

- **Mail:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M–30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.

- **Hand Delivery:** Deliver to Mail address above between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

AD Docket: You may examine the AD docket at regulations.gov under Docket No. FAA–2025–0914; or in person at Docket Operations between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this NPRM, the mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI), any comments received, and other information. The street address for Docket Operations is listed above.

Material Incorporated by Reference:

- For European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) material identified in this proposed AD, contact EASA, Konrad-Adenauer-Ufer 3, 50668 Cologne, Germany; phone: +49 221 8999 000; email: ADs@easa.europa.eu; website: easa.europa.eu. You may find this material on the EASA website at ad.easa.europa.eu.

- You may view this material at the FAA, Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, 10101 Hillwood Parkway, Room 6N–321, Fort Worth, TX 76177. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222–5110. It is also available at regulations.gov under Docket No. FAA–2025–0914.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

George Weir, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; phone: (817) 222–4045; email: george.a.weir@faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

The FAA invites you to send any written relevant data, views, or arguments about this proposal. Send your comments to an address listed under the **ADDRESSES** section. Include “Docket No. FAA–2025–0914; Project Identifier MCAI–2024–00413–R” at the beginning of your comments. The most helpful comments reference a specific portion of the proposal, explain the reason for any recommended change, and include supporting data. The FAA will consider all comments received by the closing date and may amend this proposal because of those comments.

Except for Confidential Business Information (CBI) as described in the following paragraph, and other information as described in 14 CFR 11.35, the FAA will post all comments received, without change, to *regulations.gov*, including any personal information you provide. The agency will also post a report summarizing each substantive verbal contact received about this NPRM.

Confidential Business Information

CBI is commercial or financial information that is both customarily and actually treated as private by its owner. Under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) (5 U.S.C. 552), CBI is exempt from public disclosure. If your comments responsive to this NPRM contain commercial or financial information that is customarily treated as private, that you actually treat as private, and that is relevant or responsive to this NPRM, it is important that you clearly designate the submitted comments as CBI. Please mark each page of your submission containing CBI as “PROPIN.” The FAA will treat such marked submissions as confidential under the FOIA, and they will not be placed in the public docket of this NPRM. Submissions containing CBI should be sent to George Weir, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590. Any commentary that the FAA receives which is not specifically designated as CBI will be placed in the public docket for this rulemaking.

Background

EASA, which is the Technical Agent for the Member States of the European Union, has issued EASA AD 2024–0142, dated July 17, 2024 (EASA AD 2024–0142) (also referred to as “the MCAI”), to correct an unsafe condition on Airbus Helicopters Model AS 332 L2 and EC 225 LP helicopters with a new link of MGB suspension bar attachment brackets installed under Airbus

Helicopters modification 07.28496 (helicopters in production) or using certain Airbus Helicopters alert service bulletins (helicopters in service). The MCAI states that two attachment screws (bolts) were found overlengthened and deformed on helicopters having the new link of the MGB suspension bar attachment brackets. The MCAI further states the investigation is still ongoing and that collecting additional data to support the investigation is part of addressing the unsafe condition. The MCAI states that it is an interim action and further AD action may follow.

The FAA is proposing this AD to prevent structural failure of the MGB suspension bar attachment bolts, which, if not addressed, could result in failure of an MGB attachment assembly, detachment of an MGB suspension bar, and consequent loss control of the helicopter.

You may examine the MCAI in the AD docket at *regulations.gov* under Docket No. FAA–2025–0914.

Material Incorporated by Reference Under 1 CFR Part 51

EASA AD 2024–0142 specifies procedures for replacing attachment screw part number 332A22–3644–20 with a part that is new (never been installed), inspecting the removed screws, and reporting the inspection results to Airbus Helicopters. The attachment screws are installed on the left-hand and right-hand rear MGB suspension bar fittings. Additionally, EASA AD 2024–0142 prohibits installing that part-numbered attachment screw on any helicopter unless it is installed in accordance with certain service instructions.

This material is reasonably available because the interested parties have access to it through their normal course of business or by the means identified in the **ADDRESSES** section.

FAA’s Determination

These products have been approved by the aviation authority of another country and are approved for operation in the United States. Pursuant to the FAA’s bilateral agreement with this State of Design Authority, it has notified the FAA of the unsafe condition described in the MCAI referenced above. The FAA is issuing this NPRM after determining that the unsafe condition described previously is likely to exist or develop on other products of the same type design.

Proposed AD Requirements in This NPRM

This proposed AD would require accomplishing the actions specified in

EASA AD 2024–0142, described previously, as incorporated by reference, except for any differences identified as exceptions in the regulatory text of this proposed. See “Differences Between this AD and the MCAI” for a discussion of these differences.

Explanation of Required Compliance Information

In the FAA’s ongoing efforts to improve the efficiency of the AD process, the FAA developed a process to use some civil aviation authority (CAA) ADs as the primary source of information for compliance with requirements for corresponding FAA ADs. The FAA has been coordinating this process with manufacturers and CAAs. As a result, the FAA proposes to incorporate EASA AD 2024–0142 by reference in the FAA final rule. This proposed AD would, therefore, require compliance with EASA AD 2024–0142 in its entirety through that incorporation, except for any differences identified as exceptions in the regulatory text of this proposed AD. Material referenced in EASA AD 2024–0142 for compliance will be available at *regulations.gov* under Docket No. FAA–2025–0914 after the FAA final rule is published.

Differences Between This AD and the MCAI

Where the material referenced in EASA AD 2024–0142 specifies contacting Airbus Helicopters for instructions if the difference between (L4) and (L3) is more than 1.6 mm (.063 in), this proposed AD would require using a repair method approved by the FAA, EASA, or Airbus Helicopters’ EASA Design Organization Approval.

Where EASA AD 2024–0142 prohibits installing an affected part unless it has been installed in accordance with certain service instructions, this proposed AD would not contain that prohibition.

Interim Action

The FAA considers this proposed AD would be an interim action. The inspection reports that would be required by this AD would enable the manufacturer to obtain better insight into the nature and cause of the screw deformation and eventually to develop final action to address the unsafe condition. Once a final action has been identified, the FAA might consider further rulemaking then.

Costs of Compliance

The FAA estimates that this AD, if adopted as proposed, would affect 38

helicopters of U.S. registry. Labor rates are estimated at \$85 per hour. Based on these numbers, the FAA estimates the following costs to comply with this proposed AD.

Replacing a set of eight rear MGB fitting attachment bolts would take 16 work-hours and parts would cost \$587 for an estimated cost of \$1,947 per helicopter and \$73,986 for the U.S. fleet, per replacement cycle.

Reporting inspection results would take 1 work-hour for an estimated cost of \$85 per helicopter.

Paperwork Reduction Act

A federal agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, nor shall a person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The OMB Control Number for this information collection is 2120–0056. Public reporting for this collection of information is estimated to take approximately 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. All responses to this collection of information are mandatory. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to: Information Collection Clearance Officer, Federal Aviation Administration, 10101 Hillwood Parkway, Fort Worth, TX 76177–1524.

Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII: Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

The FAA is issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: General requirements. Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or

develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

Regulatory Findings

The FAA determined that this proposed AD would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This proposed AD would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify this proposed regulation:

- (1) Is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866,
- (2) Would not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska, and
- (3) Would not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA proposes to amend 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

- 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

- 2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

Airbus Helicopters: Docket No. FAA–2025–0914; Project Identifier MCAI–2024–00413–R.

(a) Comments Due Date

The FAA must receive comments on this airworthiness directive (AD) by July 17, 2025.

(b) Affected ADs

None.

(c) Applicability

This AD applies to Airbus Helicopters Model AS 332L2 and EC 225LP helicopters, certificated in any category, as identified in European Union Aviation Safety Agency AD 2024–0142, dated July 17, 2024 (EASA AD 2024–0142).

(d) Subject

Joint Aircraft System Component (JASC) Code 6330, Main rotor transmission mount.

(e) Unsafe Condition

This AD was prompted by reports of overlengthened and deformed attachment bolts installed on the new link of the main gearbox (MGB) suspension bar attachment bracket. The FAA is issuing this AD to prevent structural failure of the MGB suspension bar attachment bolts. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could result in failure of an MGB attachment assembly, detachment of an MGB suspension bar, and consequent loss control of the helicopter.

(f) Compliance

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

(g) Requirements

Except as specified in paragraphs (h) and (i) of this AD: Comply with all required actions and compliance times specified in, and in accordance with, EASA AD 2024–0142.

Note 1 to paragraph (g): EASA AD 2024–0142 and Airbus Helicopters material that is referenced in EASA AD 2024–0142 refer to MGB suspension bar attachment “bolts” as “screws.”

(h) Exceptions to EASA AD 2024–0142

(1) Where paragraph (1) of EASA AD 2024–0142 requires compliance within “2,500 flight hours since first installation,” this AD requires compliance as specified in paragraphs (h)(1)(i) and (ii) of this AD.

(i) For each affected part that has accumulated 2,500 or more total hours time-in-service (TIS) or if the total hours TIS on the affected part cannot be determined: Before further flight, and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 2,500 total hours TIS on the affected part.

(ii) For each affected part that has accumulated less than 2,500 total hours TIS: Before the affected part accumulates 2,500 total hours TIS, and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 2,500 total hours TIS on the affected part.

(2) Where the material referenced in EASA AD 2024–0142 specifies discarding parts, this AD requires removing those parts from service.

(3) Instead of the reporting requirement in paragraph (3) of EASA AD 2024–0142, this AD requires reporting the results of each inspection to Airbus Helicopters at the compliance time specified in paragraph (h)(3)(i) or (ii) of this AD. The report must include the total hours TIS (if known) on each bolt, the batch number and serial number of the bolt, the length of the bolt, a detailed description of any findings, any previous maintenance, and any photos (if possible).

(i) For an inspection done on or after the effective date of this AD: Submit the report within 30 days after the inspection.

(ii) For an inspection done before the effective date of this AD: Submit the report within 30 days after the effective date of this AD.

(4) This AD does not require paragraph (4) of EASA AD 2024–0142.

(5) Where the material referenced EASA AD 2024–0142 specifies contacting Airbus

Helicopters for repair instructions, this AD requires using a repair method approved by the Manager, International Validation Branch, FAA; or EASA; or Airbus Helicopters' EASA Design Organization Approval (DOA). If approved by the DOA, the approval must include the DOA-authorized signature.

(6) This AD does not adopt the "Remarks" section of EASA AD 2024-0142.

(i) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

(1) The Manager, International Validation Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or responsible Flight Standards Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the International Validation Branch, send it to the attention of the person identified in paragraph (j) of this AD and email to: AMOC@faa.gov.

(2) Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the responsible Flight Standards Office.

(j) Additional Information

For more information about this AD, contact George Weir, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; phone: (817) 222-4045; email: george.a.weir@faa.gov.

(k) Material Incorporated by Reference

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of the material listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this material as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.

(i) European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD 2024-0142, dated July 17, 2024.

(ii) [Reserved]

(3) For EASA material identified in this AD, contact EASA, Konrad-Adenauer-Ufer 3, 50668 Cologne, Germany; phone: +49 221 8999 000; email: ADs@easa.europa.eu; website: easa.europa.eu. You may find this material on the EASA website at ad.easa.europa.eu.

(4) You may view this material at the FAA, Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, 10101 Hillwood Parkway, Room 6N-321, Fort Worth, TX 76177. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222-5110.

(5) You may view this material at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, visit www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations or email fr.inspection@nara.gov.

Issued on May 23, 2025.

Steven W. Thompson,

Acting Deputy Director, Compliance & Airworthiness Division, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2025-09895 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA-2025-0916; Project Identifier MCAI-2024-00119-R]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Helicopters

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: The FAA proposes to supersede Airworthiness Directive (AD) 2024-10-13, which applies to all Airbus Helicopters Model AS332C, AS332C1, AS332L, AS 332L1, AS 332L2, and EC 225LP helicopters. AD 2024-10-13 requires visually inspecting the bowls of the left-hand (LH) and right-hand (RH) fuel filters for any cracks and seepage. Depending on the inspection results, AD 2024-10-13 requires removing an affected fuel filter from service and replacing that part. AD 2024-10-13 also allows a certain fuel filter to be installed on any helicopter if certain actions are accomplished. Since the FAA issued AD 2024-10-13, additional inspection criteria was developed. This proposed AD would require the same actions as AD 2024-10-13 but would remove some helicopters from the applicability, add an inspection of the inner surface of the fuel filter bowls, and revise the tightening torque. The FAA is proposing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

DATES: The FAA must receive comments on this NPRM by July 17, 2025.

ADDRESSES: You may send comments, using the procedures found in 14 CFR 11.43 and 11.45, by any of the following methods:

- **Federal eRulemaking Portal:** Go to regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

- **Fax:** (202) 493-2251.

- **Mail:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M-30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12-140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.

- **Hand Delivery:** Deliver to Mail address above between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

AD Docket: You may examine the AD docket at regulations.gov under Docket No. FAA-2025-0916; or in person at Docket Operations between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket

contains this NPRM, the mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) any comments received, and other information. The street address for Docket Operations is listed above.

Material Incorporated by Reference:

- For European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) material identified in this proposed AD, contact EASA, Konrad-Adenauer-Ufer 3, 50668 Cologne, Germany; phone: +49 221 8999 000; email: ADs@easa.europa.eu; website: easa.europa.eu. You may find this material on the EASA website at ad.easa.europa.eu. It is also available at regulations.gov under Docket No. FAA-2025-0916.

- You may view this material at the FAA, Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, 10101 Hillwood Parkway, Room 6N-321, Fort Worth, TX 76177. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222-5110.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Deep Gaurav, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; phone: (817) 228-3731; email: deep.gaurav@faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

The FAA invites you to send any written relevant data, views, or arguments about this proposal. Send your comments using a method listed under the **ADDRESSES** section. Include "Docket No. FAA-2025-0916; Project Identifier MCAI-2024-00119-R" at the beginning of your comments. The most helpful comments reference a specific portion of the proposal, explain the reason for any recommended change, and include supporting data. The FAA will consider all comments received by the closing date and may amend the proposal because of those comments.

Except for Confidential Business Information (CBI) as described in the following paragraph, and other information as described in 14 CFR 11.35, the FAA will post all comments received, without change, to regulations.gov, including any personal information you provide. The agency will also post a report summarizing each substantive verbal contact received about this NPRM.

Confidential Business Information

CBI is commercial or financial information that is both customarily and actually treated as private by its owner. Under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) (5 U.S.C. 552), CBI is exempt from public disclosure. If your comments responsive to this NPRM contain commercial or financial

information that is customarily treated as private, that you actually treat as private, and that is relevant or responsive to this NPRM, it is important that you clearly designate the submitted comments as CBI. Please mark each page of your submission containing CBI as "PROPIN." The FAA will treat such marked submissions as confidential under the FOIA, and they will not be placed in the public docket of this NPRM. Submissions containing CBI should be sent to Deep Gaurav, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590. Any commentary that the FAA receives which is not specifically designated as CBI will be placed in the public docket for this rulemaking.

Background

The FAA issued AD 2024–10–13, Amendment 39–22759 (89 FR 56189, July 9, 2024) (AD 2024–10–13), for all Airbus Helicopters Model AS332C, AS332C1, AS332L, AS 332L1, AS 332L2, and EC 225LP helicopters. AD 2024–10–13 was prompted by MCAI originated by EASA, which is the Technical Agent for the Member States of the European Union. EASA issued AD 2023–0095, dated May 8, 2023 (EASA AD 2023–0095), to address cracks on the fuel filter bowls due to over-torquing.

AD 2024–10–13 requires visually inspecting the bowls of the LH and RH fuel filters for cracks and seepage and, depending on the inspection results, removing an affected fuel filter from service and replacing that part. AD 2024–10–13 also allows certain fuel filters to be installed on a helicopter if certain actions are accomplished. The FAA issued AD 2024–10–13 to prevent failure of the bowl, in-flight shutdown, and subsequent reduced control of the helicopter.

Actions Since AD 2024–10–13 Was Issued

Since the FAA issued AD 2024–10–13, EASA superseded EASA AD 2023–0095 and issued EASA AD 2024–0045, dated February 16, 2024 (EASA AD 2024–0045) (also referred to as "the MCAI"). The MCAI states new cases of fuel filter cracks were reported on helicopters that had been inspected as required by EASA AD 2023–0095. The new cracks were located on the inner surface of the fuel filter bowls and likely resulted from excessive bowl tightening torque. Following an investigation, Airbus Helicopters expanded the scope of the inspection of the fuel filters to include the inner surface of the bowls and revised the tightening torque. This condition, if not addressed, could result

in failure of the fuel filter bowl, in-flight shutdown of both engines, and consequent reduced control of the helicopter.

The FAA is proposing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

You may examine the MCAI in the AD docket at *regulations.gov* under Docket No. FAA–2025–0916.

Material Incorporated by Reference Under 1 CFR Part 51

The FAA reviewed EASA AD 2024–0045, which species procedures for a one-time inspection of the outer and inner surfaces of the bowls of the LH and RH fuel filters for cracks and seepage. Depending on the inspection results, EASA AD 2024–0045 specifies procedures for replacing an affected part with a serviceable part. EASA AD 2024–0045 allows credit for the inspection for certain helicopters and also allows certain fuel filters to be installed on a helicopter if they have been inspected and no defects found.

This material is reasonably available because the interested parties have access to it through their normal course of business or by the means identified in the **ADDRESSES** section.

FAA's Determination

These products have been approved by the aviation authority of another country and are approved for operation in the United States. Pursuant to the FAA's bilateral agreement with this State of Design Authority, it has notified the FAA of the unsafe condition described in the MCAI referenced above. The FAA is issuing this NPRM after determining that the unsafe condition described previously is likely to exist or develop on other products of the same type design.

Proposed AD Requirements in This NPRM

This proposed AD would require the same actions as AD 2024–10–13 but would remove some helicopters from the applicability, add an inspection of the inner surface of the fuel filter bowls, and revise the tightening torque. This proposed AD would require accomplishing the actions specified in EASA AD 2024–0045, described previously, as incorporated by reference, except for any differences identified as exceptions in the regulatory text of this proposed AD. See "Differences Between this AD and the MCAI" for a general discussion of these differences.

Explanation of Required Compliance Information

In the FAA's ongoing efforts to improve the efficiency of the AD process, the FAA developed a process to use some civil aviation authority (CAA) ADs as the primary source of information for compliance with requirements for corresponding FAA ADs. The FAA has been coordinating this process with manufacturers and CAAs. As a result, the FAA proposes to incorporate EASA AD 2024–0045 by reference in the FAA final rule. This proposed AD would, therefore, require compliance with EASA AD 2024–0045 in its entirety through that incorporation, except for any differences identified as exceptions in the regulatory text of this proposed AD. Using common terms that are the same as the heading of a particular section in EASA AD 2024–0045 does not mean that operators need comply only with that section. For example, where the AD requirement refers to "all required actions and compliance times," compliance with this AD requirement is not limited to the section titled "Required Action(s) and Compliance Time(s)" in EASA AD 2024–0045. Material referenced in EASA AD 2024–0045 for compliance will be available at *regulations.gov* under Docket No. FAA–2025–0916 after the FAA final rule is published.

Differences Between This Proposed AD and the MCAI

Where the MCAI applies to helicopters delivered before February 15, 2024, this proposed AD would apply to helicopters with fuel filter part number 4020P25–5 or 704A44620049 installed and with an original airworthiness certificate or original export certificate of airworthiness issued before February 15, 2024.

Costs of Compliance

The FAA estimates that this AD, if adopted as proposed, would affect 20 helicopters of U.S. registry. Labor rates are estimated at \$85 per hour. Based on these numbers, the FAA estimates the following costs to comply with this proposed AD.

Inspecting the fuel filter bowls (two bowls per helicopter) for cracks and seepage would take 2 work-hours and not require any parts, for an estimated cost of \$170 per helicopter and \$3,400 for the U.S. fleet.

Replacing a fuel filter would take 2 work-hours and parts would cost \$6,290 for an estimated cost of \$6,460 per fuel filter replacement.

Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

The FAA is issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: General requirements. Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

Regulatory Findings

The FAA determined that this proposed AD would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This proposed AD would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that the proposed regulation:

- (1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866,
- (2) Would not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska, and
- (3) Would not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA proposes to amend 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

- 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

- 2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by:

- a. Removing Airworthiness Directive 2024–10–13, Amendment 39–22759 (89 FR 56189, July 9, 2024); and
- b. Adding the following new airworthiness directive:

Airbus Helicopters: Docket No. FAA–2025–0916; Project Identifier MCAI–2024–00119–R.

(a) Comments Due Date

The FAA must receive comments on this airworthiness directive (AD) by July 17, 2025.

(b) Affected ADs

This AD replaces AD 2024–10–13, Amendment 39–22759 (89 FR 56189, July 9, 2024).

(c) Applicability

This AD applies to Airbus Helicopters Model AS332C, AS332C1, AS332L, AS 332L1, AS 332L2, and EC 225LP helicopters, certificated in any category, with fuel filter part number 4020P25–5 or 704A44620049 installed and with an original airworthiness certificate or original export certificate of airworthiness issued before February 15, 2024.

(d) Subject

Joint Aircraft System Component (JASC) Code 2821, Aircraft fuel filter/strainer.

(e) Unsafe Condition

This AD was prompted by reports of cracks on the fuel filter bowl (bowl) due to over-torquing. The FAA is issuing this AD to inspect for cracks and seepage on the bowl of the left-hand (LH) and right-hand (RH) fuel filter. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could result in failure of the fuel filter bowl, in-flight shutdown of both engines, and consequent reduced control of the helicopter.

(f) Compliance

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

(g) Requirements

Except as specified in paragraphs (h) and (i) of this AD: Comply with all required actions and compliance times specified in, and in accordance with, European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD 2024–0045, dated February 16, 2024 (EASA AD 2024–0045).

(h) Exceptions to EASA AD 2024–0045

(1) Where EASA AD 2024–0045 requires compliance in terms of flight hours, this AD requires using hours time-in-service.

(2) Where EASA AD 2024–0045 refers to its effective date, this AD requires using the effective date of this AD.

(3) Where paragraph (2) of EASA AD 2024–0045 states "any discrepancy, as defined in the ASB", for this AD replace that text with "any crack or seepage".

(4) Where paragraph (2) of EASA AD 2024–0045 specifies "replace the affected part with a serviceable part in accordance with the instructions of the applicable ASB", this AD requires replacing that text with "remove the affected part from service and replace it with a serviceable part".

(5) Where the material referenced in EASA AD 2024–0045 uses the term "check", this AD requires replacing that term with "inspection".

(6) Where the material referenced in EASA AD 2024–0045 specifies discarding parts, this AD requires removing those parts from service.

(7) Where the material referenced in EASA AD 2024–0045 specifies actions for non-installed equipment or parts, this AD does not require those actions.

(8) This AD does not adopt the Remarks section of EASA AD 2024–0045.

(i) No Reporting or Returning Parts Requirement

Although the material referenced in EASA AD 2024–0045 specifies to submit certain information and return parts to the manufacturer, this AD does not require those actions.

(j) Special Flight Permits

Special flight permits are prohibited.

(k) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

(1) The Manager, International Validation Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the International Validation Branch, send it to the attention of the person identified in paragraph (l) of this AD and email to: AMOC@faa.gov.

(2) Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the responsible Flight Standards Office.

(l) Additional Information

For more information about this AD, contact Deep Gaurav, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; phone: (817) 228–3731; email: deep.gaurav@faa.gov.

(m) Material Incorporated by Reference

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of the material listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this material as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.

(i) European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD 2024–0045, dated February 16, 2024.

(ii) [Reserved]

(3) For EASA material identified in this AD, contact EASA, Konrad-Adenauer-Ufer 3, 50668 Cologne, Germany; phone: +49 221 8999 000; email: ADS@easa.europa.eu; website: easa.europa.eu. You may find this material on the EASA website at ad.easa.europa.eu.

(4) You may view this material at FAA Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, 10101 Hillwood Parkway, Room 6N–321, Fort Worth, TX 76177. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222–5110.

(5) You may view this material at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, visit www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations or email fr.inspection@nara.gov.

Issued on May 22, 2025.

Steven W. Thompson,

Acting Deputy Director, Compliance & Airworthiness Division, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2025–09892 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Internal Revenue Service

26 CFR Part 54

RIN 1545–BR51

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employee Benefits Security Administration

29 CFR Part 2590

RIN 1210–AC30

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

45 CFR Part 147

[CMS–9882–NC]

RIN 0938–AV64

Request for Information Regarding the Prescription Drug Machine-Readable File Requirement in the Transparency in Coverage Final Rule

AGENCIES: Internal Revenue Service, Department of the Treasury; Employee Benefits Security Administration, Department of Labor; Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Department of Health and Human Services.

ACTION: Request for information.

SUMMARY: This document is a request for information (RFI) regarding the prescription drug machine-readable file disclosure requirements in the Transparency in Coverage final rules. The Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services (HHS), and the Treasury (the Departments) are issuing this RFI to gather input regarding implementation of the prescription drug machine-readable file disclosure requirements under the Transparency in Coverage final rules, including what modifications to the disclosure requirements or additional technical implementation guidance might be

necessary to better ensure the accurate and timely completion of the prescription drug file.

DATES: To be assured consideration, comments must be received at one of the addresses provided below by July 2, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Written comments may be submitted to the address specified below. Any comment that is submitted will be shared among the Departments. Please do not submit duplicates.

Comments will be made available to the public. Warning: Do not include any personally identifiable information (such as name, address, or other contact information) or confidential business information that you do not want publicly disclosed. All comments are posted on the internet exactly as received and can be retrieved by most internet search engines. No deletions, modifications, or redactions will be made to the comments received, as they are public records. Comments may be submitted anonymously.

In commenting, please refer to file code 1210–AC30. The Departments cannot accept comments by facsimile (FAX) transmission. Comments must be submitted in one of the following two ways (please choose only one of the ways listed):

1. Electronically. You may submit electronic comments on this regulation to <https://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the “Submit a comment” instructions.

2. By mail. You may mail written comments to the following address ONLY: Office of Health Plan Standards and Compliance Assistance, Employee Benefits Security Administration, Room N–5653, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20210, *Attention:* 1210–AC30.

Please allow sufficient time for mailed comments to be received before the close of the comment period.

Inspection of Public Comments: All comments received before the close of the comment period are available for viewing by the public, including any personally identifiable or confidential business information that is included in a comment. The comments are posted on the following website as soon as possible after they have been received: <https://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the search instructions on that website to view public comments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Alexander Krupnick, Internal Revenue Service, Department of the Treasury, at (202) 317–5500.

Elizabeth Schumacher, Employee Benefits Security Administration, Department of Labor, at (202) 693–8335.

Kendra May, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Department of

Health and Human Services, at (301) 448–3996.

Customer Service Information:

Individuals interested in obtaining information from the Department of Labor (DOL) concerning private sector employment-based health coverage laws may submit a question at askEBSA.dol.gov, call the Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) Toll-Free Hotline at 1–866–444–EBSA (3272) or visit the DOL’s website (www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa). In addition, information from HHS on private health insurance coverage and nonfederal governmental group health plans can be found on the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) website (www.cms.gov/ccioo), and information on healthcare reform can be found at www.HealthCare.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The Departments are soliciting information from the public to inform future rulemaking or guidance on prescription drug price transparency. As discussed below, in 2020 the Departments issued the Transparency in Coverage final rules (TiC final rules)¹ requiring group health plans and health insurance issuers offering group or individual health insurance coverage to make available to the public, among other things, certain information relating to prescription drug expenditures.

The Departments previously deferred enforcement of the provisions of the TiC final rules relating to prescription drug expenditures in published guidance, as discussed below.² However, transparency in healthcare pricing is a priority, and the Departments intend to implement disclosure requirements related to prescription drug expenditures and effectuate the goals of greater price transparency including transparency related to prescription drug pricing. In addition, President Trump issued an Executive Order to prioritize improving existing price transparency requirements and ensuring that patients have the information they

¹ 85 FR 72158 (Nov. 12, 2020).

² See FAQs About Affordable Care Act Implementation Part 61 (FAQs Part 61) (Sept. 27, 2023), available at <https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/ebsa/about-ebsa/our-activities/resource-center/faqs/aca-part-61.pdf> and <https://www.cms.gov/files/document/faqs-about-affordable-care-act-implementation-part-61.pdf>; FAQs About Affordable Care Act and Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 Implementation Part 49 (FAQs Part 49), Q1 (Aug. 20, 2021), available at <https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/EBSA/about-ebsa/our-activities/resource-center/faqs/affordable-care-act-faqs-49-2021.pdf> and <https://www.cms.gov/ccioo/resources/fact-sheets-and-faqs/downloads/faqs-part-49.pdf>.

need to make well-informed decisions about their healthcare.³ Accordingly, the Departments now seek the public's feedback on ways to effectively implement or amend the disclosure requirements related to prescription drug expenditures in the TiC final rules.

A. Statutory Background, Executive Order 13877, and the TiC Final Rules

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Pub. L. 111–148) was enacted on March 23, 2010, and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Pub. L. 111–152) (collectively, PPACA) reorganized, amended, and added to the provisions of part A of title XXVII of the Public Health Service (PHS) Act relating to health coverage requirements for group health plans and health insurance issuers in the group and individual markets.⁴

Section 2715A of the PHS Act, incorporated into section 715 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) and section 9815 to the Internal Revenue Code (Code), provides that group health plans and health insurance issuers offering group or individual health insurance coverage must comply with section 1311(e)(3) of the PPACA,⁵ which addresses

transparency in health coverage and imposes certain reporting and disclosure requirements on health plans that are seeking certification as qualified health plans (QHPs) that may be offered on an Exchange (as defined by section 1311(b)(1) of the PPACA). A plan or coverage that is not offered through an Exchange and that is subject to section 2715A of the PHS Act is required to submit the information required to the Secretary of HHS and the relevant state's insurance commissioner, and to make that information available to the public. Together these statutory provisions require the majority of private health plans to disseminate comprehensive information to provide transparency in coverage.⁶

On June 24, 2019, President Trump issued Executive Order 13877, “Improving Price and Quality Transparency in American Healthcare to Put Patients First.”⁷ Executive Order 13877 sought to improve transparency in healthcare and empower patients to make fully informed decisions about their healthcare. As Executive Order 13877 noted, “patients often lack both access to useful price and quality information and the incentives to find low-cost, high-quality care.” This “generally leave[s] patients and taxpayers worse off than would a more transparent system.”⁸ To fulfill their responsibility under Executive Order 13877, the Departments proposed⁹ and subsequently finalized the TiC final rules.¹⁰ The TiC final rules published by the Departments on November 12, 2020, implemented section 1311(e)(3) of the PPACA. As described above, section 1311(e)(3) of the PPACA and section 2715A of the PHS Act address transparency in health coverage and require group health plans and health insurance issuers offering group or individual health insurance coverage to make certain information available to the public.

The TiC final rules require non-grandfathered group health plans and health insurance issuers offering non-grandfathered group or individual health insurance coverage to disclose cost-sharing information for all covered

items and services to participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees through an internet-based self-service tool or, if requested by the individual, on paper. These provisions of the TiC final rules require plans and issuers to disclose cost-sharing information upon request to a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee and implement paragraph (C) of section 1311(e)(3) of PPACA.

The TiC final rules also require non-grandfathered group health plans and health insurance issuers offering non-grandfathered group or individual health insurance coverage to disclose on a public website three separate machine-readable files containing certain information regarding healthcare pricing under the plan or coverage. The machine-readable file disclosure requirements are intended to make healthcare pricing information accessible and useful to consumers and other stakeholders (including employers, and other purchasers of health care),¹¹ support efforts to lower healthcare costs by driving competition,¹² and to supplement state transparency efforts.¹³ These provisions of the TiC final rules requiring plans and issuers to disclose in-network negotiated rates, out-of-network allowed amounts and the associated billed charges, and negotiated rates and historical net prices for prescription drugs implement paragraph (A) of section 1311(e)(3) of the PPACA. The provisions requiring the disclosure of out-of-network allowed amounts specifically implement the requirement in section 1311(e)(3)(A)(vii) to provide information on “payments with respect to any out-of-network coverage.” In addition to payment information on out-of-network charges, the Secretary of HHS determined that payment information on in-network rates and prescription drugs is also appropriate information to require plans and issuers to disclose to provide transparency in coverage under section 1311(e)(3)(A)(ix). The machine-readable file disclosure requirements of the TiC final rules are applicable for plan years (in the individual market, policy years) beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

B. Prescription Drug Machine-Readable File Disclosure Requirement of the TiC Final Rules

As relevant here, pursuant to the TiC final rules, non-grandfathered group health plans and health insurance issuers offering non-grandfathered group or individual health insurance

³ See Executive Order 14221, “Making America Healthy Again by Empowering Patients With Clear, Accurate, and Actionable Healthcare Pricing Information,” 90 FR 11005 (Feb. 28, 2025). Executive Order 14221 was issued on February 25, 2025, and was published in the **Federal Register** on February 28, 2025.

⁴ The PPACA also added section 715 to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) and section 9815 to the Internal Revenue Code (Code) to incorporate the provisions of part A of title XXVII of the PHS Act. PHS Act sections 2701 through 2728, making them applicable to group health plans and health insurance issuers providing coverage in connection with group health plans.

⁵ Paragraph (A) of section 1311(e)(3) of the PPACA requires a plan seeking certification as a QHP to make the following information available to the public and submit it to state insurance regulators, the Secretary of HHS, and the Exchange (1) Claims payment policies and practices; (2) periodic financial disclosures; (3) data on enrollment; (4) data on disenrollment; (5) data on the number of claims that are denied; (6) data on rating practices; (7) information on cost-sharing and payments with respect to any out-of-network coverage, and (8) information on enrollee and participant rights under Title I of the PPACA. Paragraph (A) also requires a plan seeking certification as a QHP to submit any “[o]ther information as determined appropriate by the Secretary.” Paragraph (C) of section 1311(e)(3) of the PPACA requires plans, as a requirement of certification as a QHP, to permit individuals to learn the amount of cost sharing (including deductibles, copayments, and coinsurance) under the individual's coverage that the individual would be responsible for paying with respect to the furnishing of a specific item or service by an in-network provider in a timely manner upon the request of the individual. Paragraph (C) specifies that, at a minimum, such information must be made available to the individual through an internet

website and through other means for individuals without access to the internet.

⁶ While PHS Act section 2715A generally applies to group health plans and health insurance issuers, certain plans and health insurance coverage are not subject to these transparency provisions, such as grandfathered health plans as defined under PPACA section 1251.

⁷ 84 FR 30849 (June 27, 2019). Executive Order 13877 was issued on June 24, 2019, and was published in the **Federal Register** on June 27, 2019.

⁸ *Id.*

⁹ 84 FR 65464 (Nov. 27, 2019).

¹⁰ 85 FR 72158 (Nov. 12, 2020).

¹¹ 85 FR 72158, 72161 (Nov. 12, 2020).

¹² *Id.*

¹³ 85 FR 72158, 72162.

coverage must disclose to the public on an internet website, on a monthly basis, the negotiated rates and historical net prices for covered prescription drugs in a separate prescription drug machine-readable file that is publicly available and accessible to any person free of charge and without conditions.¹⁴

Specifically, with respect to prescription drugs, plans and issuers must make available to the public a machine-readable file containing the following information:

- for each coverage option offered by a group health plan or health insurance issuer, the name and the 14-digit Health Insurance Oversight System (HIOS) identifier, or, if the 14-digit HIOS identifier is not available, the 5-digit HIOS identifier, or, if no HIOS identifier is available, the Employer Identification Number (EIN);¹⁵
- the National Drug Code (NDC), and the proprietary and nonproprietary name assigned to the NDC by the Food and Drug Administration, for each covered prescription drug item or service under each coverage option offered by a plan or issuer;

- the negotiated rates; and
- historical net prices.¹⁶

In disclosing the negotiated rates,¹⁷ such rates must be:

- reflected as a dollar amount, with respect to each NDC that is furnished by an in-network provider, including an in-network pharmacy or other prescription drug dispenser;
- associated with the National Provider Identifier (NPI), Tax Identification Number (TIN), and Place of Service Code for each in-network provider, including each in-network pharmacy or other prescription drug dispenser; and
- associated with the last date of the contract term for each provider-specific

negotiated rate that applies to each NDC.¹⁸

Likewise, historical net prices¹⁹ must be:

- reflected as a dollar amount, with respect to each NDC that is furnished by an in-network provider, including an in-network pharmacy or other prescription drug dispenser;
- associated with the NPI, TIN, and Place of Service Code for each in-network provider, including each in-network pharmacy or other prescription drug dispenser; and
- associated with the 90-day time period that begins 180 days prior to the publication date of the machine-readable file for each provider-specific historical net price that applies to each NDC (except that a group health plan or health insurance issuer must omit such data in relation to a particular NDC and provider when disclosing such data would require the plan or issuer to report payment of historical net prices calculated using fewer than 20 different claims for payment).^{20 21}

As the Departments stated in the preamble to the TiC final rules, public disclosure of the historical net prices takes into account rebates, discounts, dispensing fees, administrative fees, and other price concessions. Together with disclosure of the negotiated rate, upon which cost sharing is based, disclosure of the historical net price provides important pricing information for achieving the goals of transparency and ensuring that individuals have access to meaningful prescription drug pricing information.²² The prescription drug machine-readable file must be publicly available and accessible to any person free of charge and without conditions, such as establishment of a user account, password, or other credentials, or submission of personally identifiable information to access the file.²³ Plans and issuers must update the machine-readable file monthly and clearly indicate the date that the files were most

recently updated.²⁴ To avoid unnecessary duplication, the TiC final rules set forth a special rule for insured group health plans, providing that, to the extent coverage under a group health plan consists of group health insurance coverage, an issuer may provide the required information on behalf of the plan pursuant to a written agreement between the plan and issuer to do so. In the event the issuer agrees to provide the required information via such written agreement but fails to do so, the issuer, but not the plan, violates the transparency disclosure requirements.²⁵ The TiC final rules further clarify that plans and issuers may also satisfy the requirements by entering into a written agreement under which another party (such as a third-party administrator or healthcare claims clearinghouse) will provide the required information. However, the plan must monitor the other party to ensure that the entity is providing the required disclosure.²⁶ In the event the party with which the group health plan or health insurance issuers has entered a written agreement fails to provide the required information, the plan or issuer violates the transparency disclosure requirements.²⁷

Finally, the prescription drug machine-readable file must be made available in a form and manner specified in guidance issued by the Departments.²⁸ Since issuance of the TiC final rules, the Departments have published this technical implementation guidance on GitHub, a forum that allows stakeholders to engage directly with the Departments regarding technical and other implementation questions and challenges.²⁹ As discussed below, however, the Departments have not issued final form-and-manner guidance implementing the prescription drug machine-readable file requirement.

C. Litigation and Guidance

Following issuance of the TiC final rules and enactment of the CAA, but before the respective reporting requirements went into effect, a number of legal and operational challenges caused the Departments to delay

¹⁴ In addition to the prescription drug machine-readable file, plans and issuers must publish separate machine-readable files disclosing in-network provider negotiated rates for covered items and services, as well as historical out-of-network allowed amounts and billed charges for covered items and services. See 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A3(b)(1), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A3(b)(1), and 45 CFR 147.212(b)(1).

¹⁵ This requirement was clarified in the Departments' Paperwork Reduction Act (CMS–10715, 10/15/21) to allow reporting HIOS ID numbers at the 10-digit level, or, if the 10-digit HIOS identifier is not available, the 5-digit HIOS identifier, and reporting of only EIN data if no relevant HIOS number is available.

¹⁶ 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A3(b)(1)(iii), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A3(b)(1)(iii), and 45 CFR 147.212(b)(1)(iii).

¹⁷ For a definition of negotiated rate, see 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A1(a)(2)(xvi), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A1(a)(2)(xvi), and 45 CFR 147.210(a)(2)(xvi).

¹⁸ 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A3(b)(1)(iii)(C), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A3(b)(1)(iii)(C), and 45 CFR 147.212(b)(1)(iii)(C).

¹⁹ For a definition of historical net price, see 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A1(a)(2)(xi), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A1(a)(2)(xi), and 45 CFR 147.210(a)(2)(xi).

²⁰ 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A3(b)(1)(iii)(D), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A3(b)(1)(iii)(D), and 45 CFR 147.212(b)(1)(iii)(D).

²¹ The TiC final rules also clarify that nothing in 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A3(b)(1)(iii)(D), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A3(b)(1)(iii)(D), and 45 CFR 147.212(b)(1)(iii)(D) requires the disclosure of information that would violate any applicable health information privacy law.

²² 85 FR 72158, 72238 (Nov. 12, 2020).

²³ 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A3(b)(2), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A3(b)(2), and 45 CFR 147.212(b)(2).

²⁴ 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A3(b)(3), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A3(b)(3), and 45 CFR 147.212(b)(3).

²⁵ 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A3(b)(4)(i), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A3(b)(4)(i), and 45 CFR 147.212(b)(4)(i).

²⁶ 85 FR 72208.

²⁷ 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A3(b)(4)(ii), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A3(b)(4)(ii), and 45 CFR 147.212(b)(4)(ii).

²⁸ 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A3(b)(2), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A3(b)(2), and 45 CFR 147.212(b)(2).

²⁹ See, <https://github.com/CMSgov/price-transparency-guide>.

enforcement of the TiC final rules and the CAA's respective prescription drug reporting requirements.³⁰

First, on August 10, 2021, the Chamber of Commerce of the United States and the Tyler (Texas) Area filed suit in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas challenging the Departments' issuance of the TiC final rules.³¹ The Chamber of Commerce alleged, among other things, that the requirement to disclose the prescription drug machine-readable file exceeded the Departments' statutory authority, was not a logical outgrowth of the proposed rule, and was otherwise arbitrary and capricious. Second, on August 12, 2021, the Pharmaceutical Care Management Association (PCMA) filed suit in the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia, also challenging the issuance of the TiC final rules.³² Its complaint made similar allegations.

In addition to these two lawsuits, the Departments received inquiries from stakeholders seeking guidance on how to comply with the new prescription drug reporting requirements under the CAA. Stakeholders noted the difficulty in operationalizing their reporting systems by the CAA's statutory deadline of December 27, 2021, and the TiC final rules' deadline of January 1, 2022, as well as their "concern about potentially duplicative and overlapping reporting requirements for prescription drugs" in the CAA and TiC final rules.³³

In response to the lawsuits and stakeholder concerns, the Departments issued FAQs Part 49 on August 20, 2021.³⁴ These FAQs, in part, addressed the prescription drug reporting requirements of the TiC final rules and the CAA. With respect to the TiC final rules, the Departments announced that they would defer enforcement of the prescription drug machine-readable file requirement "pending further rulemaking" and consideration of "whether the prescription drug

machine-readable file requirement remains appropriate" given the reporting requirements of the CAA.³⁵

Further, the Departments acknowledged in the FAQs "the significant operational challenges that plans and issuers may encounter in complying with" the CAA's reporting requirements.³⁶ The Departments "anticipate[d] that plans and issuers may also need additional time to modify contractual agreements to enable disclosure and transfer of the required data between various entities; to develop internal processes and procedures; and to identify, compile, prepare, and validate the required data."³⁷ In recognition of these challenges, the Departments announced their intent to "defer enforcement" of the CAA's first deadline for reporting on December 27, 2021, and the second deadline for reporting on June 1, 2022, pending the issuance of regulations or further guidance.³⁸

In response, the Chamber of Commerce and PCMA dismissed their respective lawsuits without prejudice.³⁹ CMS also released a statement on their GitHub technical guidance repository indicating that the Departments would not issue guidance with respect to the form and manner of the TiC final rules' prescription drug machine-readable file.⁴⁰ To date, the Departments have not issued notice-and-comment rulemaking to revisit the prescription drug machine-readable file disclosure requirement and have not issued finalized form-and-manner guidance with respect to the prescription drug machine-readable file. However, on November 23, 2021, the Departments and the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) issued interim final rules implementing the separate reporting requirements added by the CAA, including the prescription drug reporting requirements.⁴¹

³⁵ See *id.* at Q1. The Departments also deferred enforcement of the TiC final rules' other two machine-readable file requirements until July 1, 2022. See *id.* at Q1 and Q2.

³⁶ *Id.* at Q12.

³⁷ *Id.*

³⁸ *Id.*

³⁹ See Notice of Voluntary Dismissal, *Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America, et al., v. U.S. Department of Health & Hum. Servs., et al.*, No. 6:21-cv-309, Dkt. 12 (E.D. Tex. Aug. 25, 2021); Notice of Voluntary Dismissal, *Pharmaceutical Care Management Association v. U.S. Department of Health & Hum. Servs., et al.*, No. 1:21-cv-2161, Dkt. 14 (D.D.C. Dec. 1, 2021).

⁴⁰ See <https://github.com/CMSgov/price-transparency-guide>.

⁴¹ See Prescription Drug and Health Care Spending, 86 FR 66662 (Nov. 23, 2021). OPM joined the Departments to require the submission of information from Federal Employees Health Benefits plans in the same manner as plans and issuers must provide such data to the Departments

On March 23, 2023, the Foundation for Government Accountability (FGA) sued the Departments over the deferral of enforcement of the prescription drug machine-readable file disclosure requirement announced in FAQs Part 49.⁴² The FGA's complaint alleged that the Departments, in deferring enforcement of the prescription drug machine-readable file disclosure requirement through guidance, had effectively amended the TiC final rules outside of notice-and-comment rulemaking, in violation of the Administrative Procedure Act. On September 27, 2023, the Departments released FAQs Part 61.⁴³ FAQs Part 61 rescinded Q1 of FAQs Part 49, which had expressed the Departments' general policy of deferring enforcement of the TiC final rules' prescription drug machine-readable file disclosure requirement pending further consideration in a future rulemaking.⁴⁴

The Departments announced that they would enforce the requirement "on a case-by-case basis, as the facts and circumstances warrant."⁴⁵ The Departments further indicated that they did not intend to engage in rulemaking regarding the prescription drug machine-readable file disclosure requirement in the near term but intended to "develop technical requirements and an implementation timeline in future guidance that sufficiently account for any reliance interests that plans and issuers may have developed with regard to FAQs Part 49."⁴⁶ Following issuance of this guidance, FGA voluntarily dismissed its lawsuit against the Departments.⁴⁷

D. Executive Order 14221

On February 25, 2025, President Trump issued Executive Order 14221, "Making America Healthy Again by Empowering Patients With Clear, Accurate, and Actionable Healthcare Pricing Information" (Executive Order

under Code section 9825, ERISA section 725, and PHS Act section 2799A-10.

⁴² See Complaint, *Foundation for Government Accountability v. U.S. Department of Health & Hum. Servs., et al.*, No. 2:23-cv-207, Dkt. 1 (M.D. Fla. Mar. 23, 2023).

⁴³ FAQs About Affordable Care Act Implementation Part 61 (FAQs Part 61) (Sept. 27, 2023), available at <https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/ebsa/about-ebsa/our-activities/resource-center/faqs/aca-part-61.pdf> and <https://www.cms.gov/files/document/faqs-about-affordable-care-act-implementation-part-61.pdf>.

⁴⁴ See *id.* at Q1.

⁴⁵ *Id.*

⁴⁶ *Id.*

⁴⁷ Stipulation of Dismissal, *Foundation for Government Accountability v. U.S. Department of Health & Hum. Servs., et al.*, No. 2:23-cv-207, Dkt. 46 (M.D. Fla. Sept. 30, 2023).

³⁰ Shortly after the Departments finalized the TiC final rules, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Pub. L. 116-260) was enacted on December 27, 2020 (the CAA), which among other things, imposed new transparency requirements pertaining to reporting prescription drug expenditures. Plans and issuers must annually report to the Departments certain information about prescription drug expenditures under Code section 9825(a), ERISA section 725(a), and PHS Act section 2799A-10(a).

³¹ Complaint, *Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America, et al., v. U.S. Department of Health & Hum. Servs., et al.*, No. 6:21-cv-309, Dkt. 1 (E.D. Tex. Aug. 10, 2021).

³² Complaint, *Pharmaceutical Care Management Association v. U.S. Department of Health & Hum. Servs., et al.*, No. 1:21-cv-02161, Dkt. 1 (D.D.C. Aug. 12, 2021).

³³ See FAQs Part 49, Q1, *supra* note 2.

³⁴ See FAQs Part 49.

14221).⁴⁸ Executive Order 14221 stated that “[m]aking America healthy again will require empowering individuals with the best information possible to inform their life and healthcare choices” and that building on the TiC final rules will make more meaningful price information available to patients to support a more competitive, innovative, affordable, and higher quality healthcare system. To that end, the Executive Order prioritizes the promotion of universal access to clear and accurate healthcare prices, including by improving existing price transparency requirements, increasing enforcement of price transparency requirements, and identifying opportunities to further empower patients with meaningful price information.

Among other things, Executive Order 14221 directs the Departments to take all necessary and appropriate action to rapidly implement and enforce healthcare price transparency regulations, including by issuing within 90 days of the date of the Executive Order guidance or proposed regulatory action updating enforcement policies designed to ensure compliance with the transparent reporting of complete, accurate, and meaningful data.

In support of Executive Order 14221 and the Departments’ stated commitment to furthering meaningful disclosure of prescription drug pricing information the Departments now seek input from the public on ways to effectively implement or amend the prescription drug machine-readable file requirement, as provided below.

II. Solicitation of Comments

The Departments request comments from all interested stakeholders to gain a better understanding of the issues related to compliance with, and implementation of, the prescription drug machine-readable file disclosure requirements. The TiC final rules made substantial, initial progress towards the goals of promoting greater price transparency in healthcare and empowering individuals with the information they need to actively and effectively participate in the healthcare system, promoting competition which may bring down overall costs.

However, the Departments now seek additional input from the public to better understand how to support a market-driven healthcare system by giving consumers the information they need to make informed decisions about

their healthcare, and healthcare purchases, specifically including prescription drugs. Making this information widely and easily available will ultimately foster a more competitive, innovative, affordable, and higher quality healthcare system. The Departments are particularly interested in feedback related to prescription drug disclosure requirements on the following topics: the required data elements, including potential additional or alternative data elements and other general implementation concerns.

A. Required Data Elements, Including Potential Additional or Alternative Data Elements

1. *Improvements to disclosure requirements:* Are there existing data elements described in 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A3(b)(1)(iii), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A3(b)(1)(iii), and 45 CFR 147.212(b)(1)(iii) that would be more useful if reported in a different form or manner? Are there ways to simplify the reporting schema to streamline disclosure to relieve reporting burdens? What are the appropriate metadata elements that should be required to be associated with the public disclosure file? Are there any improvements to disclosure requirements that would be particularly useful to interested parties including consumers, employers, and other purchasers of health care?

2. *Unnecessary or irrelevant disclosures:* Are there any data elements that are currently in the public disclosure requirement with respect to prescription drugs that are not relevant or useful and could be removed in order to simplify the reporting schema while maintaining the integrity of the prescription drug pricing disclosure requirements? Should the Departments remove any data elements, and why? Are there ways to reduce the volume of redundant or duplicative data?

3. *Disclosure of dosage units:* How do plans, issuers, and PBMs store and manage pricing information for dosage units of prescription drugs? Should the Departments require a standardized format for disclosing dosage units and supply periods for prescription drugs (e.g., by 7-day, 30-day, or 90-day supply, by each dosage, or some other standardized dosage unit)? Should the Departments require disclosure of the quantity of the drug on which the price is reported?

4. *Remuneration details:* What specific data elements should the Departments require to provide meaningful disclosure of pre-rebate and post-rebate pricing? Should the Departments require plans and issuers to provide specific data pertaining to

bundled payment arrangements or any alternative payment models in a manner that shows actual prices?

5. *Identification of entities:* Should the Departments require plans and issuers to identify the PBM or other service provider, if any, that manages a plan’s or coverage’s pharmacy benefits, to facilitate better comparison of prices and data between plans and coverages? Would there be any benefit or burden associated with requiring a plan or issuer to identify pharmacies that are affiliated with the plan’s or coverage’s PBM and would such benefit be worth the added burden?

6. *Exclusions:* Are there any items or services that are typically processed under a plan’s or coverage’s pharmacy benefits that should be excluded from the prescription drug machine-readable file for any reason? For example, are there items or services typically processed under a pharmacy benefit that are not prescription drugs, that are already published in one of the other machine-readable files, or that may be omitted because they constitute confidential business data or intellectual property?

7. *Benefits structure:* Are there any prescription drugs that are typically processed under a plan’s or coverage’s medical benefits or under its pharmacy benefits depending on the setting in which the items or services are provided? To the extent that prescription drugs that are processed under a plan’s or coverage’s medical benefits are disclosed in the in-network or out-of-network machine-readable files, are there benefits to requiring that such drugs be disclosed in the prescription drug machine-readable file in addition to the other machine-readable files? For example, would such duplication reveal disparities in pricing of prescription drugs based on the setting in which they are administered or the vendor that processes the benefit?

8. *Alignment:* Are there ways the Departments should align the TiC prescription drug reporting requirements with the prescription drug data reporting requirements under the Hospital Price Transparency rule?⁴⁹

B. General Implementation Questions

1. *Implementation timeline:* Have any plans or issuers begun building the infrastructure needed and if so, to what extent has that been completed?

2. *Operational feedback:* Are there operational, formatting, or technical considerations that would improve and quicken the Departments’ ability to begin enforcement of the required

⁴⁸ 90 FR 11005 (Feb. 28, 2025). The Executive Order was issued on February 25, 2025, and was published in the *Federal Register* on February 28, 2025.

⁴⁹ 45 CFR § 180.50 (Nov. 27, 2019).

prescription drug machine-readable file while maintaining data integrity?

3. *Leveraging existing infrastructure:* Are plans and issuers able to leverage the infrastructure used to implement the in-network rates and out-of-network allowed amounts machine-readable files to comply with these requirements, and to what extent are they able to do so?

4. *File format:* What challenges and advantages would result from requiring that machine-readable prescription drug files be delivered in JSON or CSV file formats?

5. *State approaches and innovation:* Are there state laws with requirements similar to the prescription drug machine-readable file disclosure requirements that could serve as models for implementing or amending the requirements under 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A3(b)(1)(iii), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A3(b)(1)(iii), and 45 CFR 147.212(b)(1)(iii)? If so, in what ways are these state laws directly comparable to 26 CFR 54.9815–2715A3(b)(1)(iii), 29 CFR 2590.715–2715A3(b)(1)(iii), and 45 CFR 147.212(b)(1)(iii)? Are there other innovations that states have employed with respect to prescription drug reporting that the Departments should consider implementing?

6. *File size optimization:* Are there steps that the Departments can take,

either in regulations, technical implementation guidance, or otherwise, to minimize the size of the prescription drug machine-readable files while ensuring data therein remains useful and relevant?

7. *Compliance costs:* What actions could the Departments take to minimize the compliance costs of implementing and maintaining the prescription drug machine-readable file disclosure requirements of the TiC final rules?

III. Collection of Information Requirements

This document does not impose information collection requirements, that is, reporting, recordkeeping, or third-party disclosure requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA). However, Section II of this document does contain a general solicitation of comments in the form of a request for information. In accordance with the implementing regulations of the PRA, specifically 5 CFR 1320.3(h)(4), this general solicitation is exempt from the PRA. Facts or opinions submitted in response to general solicitations of comments from the public, published in the **Federal Register** or other publications, regardless of the form or format thereof, provided that no person is required to

supply specific information pertaining to the commenter, other than that necessary for self-identification, as a condition of the agency's full consideration, are not generally considered information collections and therefore not subject to the PRA. Consequently, there is no need for review by the Office of Management and Budget under the authority of the PRA.

Signed at Washington, DC.

Philip J. Lindenmuth,

Acting Associate Chief Counsel (Employee Benefits, Exempt Organizations, and Employment Taxes), Internal Revenue Service, Department of the Treasury.

Signed at Washington, DC.

Helen H. Morrison,

Benefits Tax Counsel, Department of the Treasury.

Signed at Washington, DC.

Timothy Hauser,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Program Operations, Employee Benefits Security Administration, Department of Labor.

Robert F. Kennedy, Jr.,

Secretary, Department of Health and Human Services.

[FR Doc. 2025–09858 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

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Notices

Federal Register

Vol. 90, No. 104

Monday, June 2, 2025

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Notice of Request for Revision of a Currently Approved Information Collection; Digitized Advisory Committee and Research and Promotion Background Information Supplemental Lists and Including Marketing in Collection

AGENCY: Department of Agriculture

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) intention to revise to the currently approved through October 31, 2027, Advisory Committee and Research and Promotion Background Information AD-755 and Supplemental Lists—Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS), Commodity (Research and Promotion and Marketing Order) specific questionnaire. The revised form will be changed to Advisory Committee or Commodity Board Background Information and include the supplemental information that will allow applicants to answer questions in more detail of their foreign citizenship identification (passport number, passport expiration date, and issuing country). In addition, if an applicant is a foreign national, identify if this person resided in the United States (U.S.) for 3 years or more continuous years. The revised form will meet the required U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Statistical Policy Directive No. 15 of standards for maintaining, collecting, and presenting Federal data. The primary objective is to determine the qualifications, suitability and availability of a candidate to serve on advisory committees and/or commodity boards. Lastly, the AD-755 Form and supplemental questionnaire are being digitized to allow applicants to access and complete the application form electronically.

DATES: Comments on this notice must be received by August 1, 2025 to be assured of consideration. Comments must be postmarked 10 business days prior to the deadline to ensure timely receipt.

ADDRESSES: USDA invites interested persons to submit comments on this notice. *Written Comments:* Comments may be submitted through one of the following methods:

□ Mailed to the attention of Ms. Cikena Reid, Committee Management Officer, the White House Liaison Office, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, the Whitten Building, Room 542-A, Washington, DC 20250; fax: 202-720-9286; or by email: cikena.reid@usda.gov.

□ *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* This website provides the ability to type short comments directly into the comment field on this web page or attach a file for lengthier comments. Go to <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the on-line instructions at that site for submitting comments.

□ *Hand- or courier-delivered submittals:* Deliver to White House Liaison Office, U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, the Whitten Building, Room 542-A, Washington, DC 20250-3700.

Instructions: All items submitted by mail or electronic mail must include the Agency name and docket number. Comments received in response to this notice will be made available for public inspection and posted without change, including any personal information, to <http://www.regulations.gov>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Cikena Reid, USDA Committee Management Officer, Office of the Secretary, U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1400 Independence Ave. SW, the Whitten Building, Room 542-A, Washington, DC 20250; office phone: 202-720-2406; email: cikena.reid@usda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. chapter 35), this notice announces the U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) intention to request an extension for—and a revision to the Advisory Committee and Research and Promotion Background Information collection form and applicable supplemental questionnaires.

The revised form and supplemental information will allow applicants to answer questions in more detail of their foreign citizenship identification (passport number, passport expiration date, and issuing country). In addition, if an applicant is a foreign national, identify if this person resided in the United States (U.S.) for 3 years or more continuous years. The primary objective is to determine the qualifications, suitability, and availability of a candidate to serve on advisory committees, research and promotion and marketing order boards. The primary objective is to determine the qualifications, suitability, and availability of a candidate to serve on advisory committees, research and promotion, and marketing boards. Lastly, the AD-755 Form and supplemental questionnaire are being digitized for the receipt of applications to allow applicants to access and complete the form electronically and more securely safeguard data and information collection.

Title: Advisory Committee and Research and Promotion Background Information.

OMB Number: 0505-0001.

Expiration Date of Approval: October 31, 2027.

Type of Request: Revision of a currently approved information collection form document and with a revised research and promotion and marketing order board supplemental lists with digitization to the receipt of applications.

Abstract: The primary objective is to determine the qualifications, suitability and availability of a candidate to serve on advisory committees and/or research and promotion boards. The information will be used to both conduct background clearances on the candidates and to compile annual reports regarding membership.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 30 minutes per response.

Respondents: Individuals.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 5,500.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: One (1).

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 5,500.

Comments are invited on: (1) whether the proposed collection of information

is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments may be sent to Ms. Cikena Reid, Committee Management Officer, the White House Liaison Office, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, the Whitten Building, Room 536–A, Washington, DC 20250; fax: 202–720–9286; or by email: cikena.reid@usda.gov. Comments must be postmarked 10 business days prior to the deadline to ensure timely receipt.

All comments received will be available for public inspection during regular business hours at the same address.

All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Dated: May 27, 2025.
Cikena Reid,
USDA Committee Management Officer.
[FR Doc. 2025–09835 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3410–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board
[B–29–2025]

Foreign-Trade Zone (FTZ) 189,
Notification of Proposed Production
Activity; Grand River Aseptic
Manufacturing; (Pharmaceutical
Products); Grand Rapids and
Caledonia, Michigan

Kent-Ottawa-Muskegon Foreign-Trade Zone Authority, grantee of FTZ 189, submitted a notification of proposed

production activity to the FTZ Board (the Board) on behalf of Grand River Aseptic Manufacturing (GRAM) for GRAM's facilities in Grand Rapids and Caledonia, Michigan within FTZ 189. The notification conforming to the requirements of the Board's regulations (15 CFR 400.22) was received on May 21, 2025.

Pursuant to 15 CFR 400.14(b), FTZ production activity would be limited to the specific foreign-status material(s)/ component(s) and specific finished product(s) described in the submitted notification (summarized below) and subsequently authorized by the Board. The benefits that may stem from conducting production activity under FTZ procedures are explained in the background section of the Board's website—accessible via www.trade.gov/ftz.

The proposed finished product is nivolumab (duty-free).

The proposed foreign-status material is atigotatug—nivolumab (active pharmaceutical ingredient) (duty-free).

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary and sent to: ftz@trade.gov. The closing period for their receipt is July 14, 2025.

A copy of the notification will be available for public inspection in the "Online FTZ Information System" section of the Board's website.

For further information, contact Christopher Wedderburn at Chris.Wedderburn@trade.gov.

Dated: May 28, 2025.
Elizabeth Whiteman,
Executive Secretary.
[FR Doc. 2025–09932 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration
Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset)
Reviews

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) is automatically initiating the five-year reviews (Sunset Reviews) of the antidumping and countervailing duty (AD/CVD) order(s) and suspended investigation(s) listed below. The U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) is publishing concurrently with this notice its notice of *Institution of Five-Year Reviews* which covers the same order(s) and suspended investigation(s).

DATES: Applicable June 2, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Commerce official identified in the *Initiation of Review* section below at AD/CVD Operations, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230. For information from the ITC, contact Mary Messer, Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission at (202) 205–3193.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Commerce's procedures for the conduct of Sunset Reviews are set forth in its *Procedures for Conducting Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders*, 63 FR 13516 (March 20, 1998) and 70 FR 62061 (October 28, 2005). Guidance on methodological or analytical issues relevant to Commerce's conduct of Sunset Reviews is set forth in *Antidumping Proceedings: Calculation of the Weighted-Average Dumping Margin and Assessment Rate in Certain Antidumping Duty Proceedings; Final Modification*, 77 FR 8101 (February 14, 2012).

Initiation of Review

In accordance with section 751(c) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(c), we are initiating the Sunset Reviews of the following antidumping and countervailing duty order(s) and suspended investigation(s):

DOC case No.	ITC case No.	Country	Product	Commerce contact
A–570–008	731–TA–1245	China	Calcium Hypochlorite (2nd Review)	Thomas Martin (202) 482–3936.
A–570–112	731–TA–1452	China	Collated Steel Staples (1st Review)	Mary Kolberg (202) 482–1785.
A–570–919	731–TA–1125	China	Electrolytic Manganese Dioxide (3rd Review)	Thomas Martin (202) 482–3936.
A–570–920	731–TA–1126	China	Lightweight Thermal Paper (3rd Review)	Mary Kolberg (202) 482–1785.
C–570–009	701–TA–510	China	Calcium Hypochlorite (2nd Review)	Thomas Martin (202) 482–3936.
C–570–113	701–TA–626	China	Collated Steel Staples (1st Review)	Mary Kolberg (202) 482–1785.
C–570–921	701–TA–451	China	Lightweight Thermal Paper (3rd Review)	Mary Kolberg (202) 482–1785.

Filing Information

As a courtesy, we are making information related to sunset proceedings, including copies of the pertinent statute and Commerce's regulations, Commerce's schedule for Sunset Reviews, a listing of past revocations and continuations, and current service lists, available to the public on Commerce's website at the following address: <https://enforcement.trade.gov/sunset/>. All submissions in these Sunset Reviews must be filed in accordance with Commerce's regulations regarding format, translation, and service of documents. These rules, including electronic filing requirements via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS), can be found at 19 CFR 351.303.

In accordance with section 782(b) of the Act, any party submitting factual information in an AD/CVD proceeding must certify to the accuracy and completeness of that information. Parties must use the certification formats provided in 19 CFR 351.303(g). Commerce intends to reject factual submissions if the submitting party does not comply with applicable revised certification requirements.

Letters of Appearance and Administrative Protective Orders

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.103(d), Commerce will maintain and make available a public service list for these proceedings. Parties wishing to participate in any of these five-year reviews must file letters of appearance as discussed at 19 CFR 351.103(d). To facilitate the timely preparation of the public service list, it is requested that those seeking recognition as interested parties to a proceeding submit an entry of appearance within 10 days of the publication of the Notice of Initiation. Because deadlines in Sunset Reviews can be very short, we urge interested parties who want access to proprietary information under administrative protective order (APO) to file an APO application immediately following publication in the **Federal Register** of this notice of initiation. Commerce's regulations on submission of proprietary information and eligibility to receive access to business proprietary information under APO can be found at 19 CFR 351.304–306. Note that Commerce has temporarily modified certain of its requirements for serving documents containing business

proprietary information, until further notice.¹

Information Required From Interested Parties

Domestic interested parties, as defined in sections 771(9)(C), (D), (E), (F), and (G) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.102(b), wishing to participate in a Sunset Review must respond not later than 15 days after the date of publication in the **Federal Register** of this notice of initiation by filing a notice of intent to participate. The required contents of the notice of intent to participate are set forth at 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(ii). In accordance with Commerce's regulations, if we do not receive a notice of intent to participate from at least one domestic interested party by the 15-day deadline, Commerce will automatically revoke the order without further review.²

If we receive an order-specific notice of intent to participate from a domestic interested party, Commerce's regulations provide that *all parties* wishing to participate in a Sunset Review must file complete substantive responses not later than 30 days after the date of publication in the **Federal Register** of this notice of initiation. The required contents of a substantive response, on an order-specific basis, are set forth at 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3). Note that certain information requirements differ for respondent and domestic parties. Also, note that Commerce's information requirements are distinct from the ITC's information requirements. Consult Commerce's regulations for information regarding Commerce's conduct of Sunset Reviews. Consult Commerce's regulations at 19 CFR part 351 for definitions of terms and for other general information concerning antidumping and countervailing duty proceedings at Commerce.

Note that Commerce has amended certain of its requirements pertaining to the service of documents in 19 CFR 351.303(f).³ An electronically filed document must be received successfully in its entirety by ACCESS by 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time on the day on which it is due.

In prior proceedings we have encouraged interested parties to provide an executive summary of their comments, including footnotes. In these

sunset reviews, we request that interested parties provide at the beginning of their comments, an executive summary for each issue raised in their comments. Further, we request that interested parties limit their public executive summary of each issue to no more than 450 words, not including citations. We intend to use the public executive summaries as the basis of the comment summaries included in the decision memorandum that will accompany the notice to be published in the **Federal Register**. Finally, we request that interested parties include footnotes for relevant citations in the public executive summary of each issue.

This notice of initiation is being published in accordance with section 751(c) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(c).

Dated: May 16, 2025.

Scot Fullerton,

Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.

[FR Doc. 2025–09939 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–570–186]

Overhead Door Counterbalance Torsion Springs From the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily determines that overhead door counterbalance torsion springs (overhead door springs) from the People's Republic of China (China) are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV). The period of investigation (POI) is April 1, 2024, through September 30, 2024. Interested parties are invited to comment on this preliminary determination.

DATES: Applicable June 2, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jacob Keller, AD/CVD Operations, Office I, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4849.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

¹ See *Temporary Rule Modifying AD/CVD Service Requirements Due to COVID–19*, 85 FR 41363 (July 10, 2020).

² See 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(iii).

³ See *Administrative Protective Order, Service, and Other Procedures in Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings; Final Rule*, 88 FR 67069 (September 29, 2023).

Background

This preliminary determination is made in accordance with section 733(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). Commerce published the notice of initiation of this investigation in the **Federal Register** on November 25, 2024.¹ On March 11, 2025, Commerce postponed the preliminary determination of this investigation, and the revised deadline is now May 27, 2025.²

For a complete description of the events that followed the initiation of this investigation, *see* the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.³ A list of topics included in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum is included as Appendix II to this notice. The Preliminary Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

Scope of the Investigation

The products covered by this investigation are overhead door springs from China. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, *see* Appendix I.

Scope Comments

In accordance with the *Preamble* to Commerce’s regulations,⁴ the *Initiation Notice* set aside a period of time for parties to raise issues regarding product coverage (*i.e.*, scope).⁵ Certain interested

parties commented on the scope of the investigation as it appeared in the *Initiation Notice*. For a summary of the product coverage comments and rebuttal responses submitted to the record for this investigation, and accompanying discussion and analysis of all comments timely received, *see* the Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum.⁶ Commerce is not preliminarily modifying the scope language as it appeared in the *Initiation Notice*. *See* the scope in Appendix I to this notice.

Methodology

Commerce is conducting this investigation in accordance with section 731 of the Act. Pursuant to sections 776(a) and (b) of the Act, Commerce preliminarily has relied upon facts otherwise available, with adverse inferences, for the China-wide entity, including the companies selected for individual examination: Foshan Nanhai Xulong Spring Factory (Xulong Spring) and Tianjin Wangxia Spring Co Ltd. (Tianjin Wangxia). For a full description of the methodology underlying Commerce’s preliminary determination, *see* the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

Combination Rates

In the *Initiation Notice*,⁷ Commerce stated that it would calculate producer/exporter combination rates for the respondents that are eligible for a separate rate in this investigation. Policy Bulletin 05.1 describes this practice.⁸

Separate Rates

We preliminarily granted a separate rate to certain separate rate respondents that we did not select for individual

examination.⁹ In calculating the rate for non-individually examined separate rate respondents in a non-market economy LTFV investigation, Commerce normally looks to section 735(c)(5)(A) of the Act, which pertains to the calculation of the all-others rate in a market economy LTFV investigation, for guidance. Pursuant to section 735(c)(5)(A) of the Act, normally this rate shall be an amount equal to the weighted average of the estimated weighted-average dumping margins established for those companies individually-examined, excluding any dumping margins that are zero, *de minimis*, or based entirely under section 776 of the Act.

The estimated weighted average dumping margins for the two companies individually-examined are based entirely under section 776 of the Act. In investigations where no estimated weighted-average dumping margins other than zero, *de minimis*, or those determined entirely under section 776 of the Act have been established for individually-examined entities, in accordance with section 735(c)(5)(B) of the Act, Commerce’s practice is to calculate a simple average of the margins alleged in the petition and applies the results to the entities not individually examined but found eligible for a separate rate.¹⁰ In this investigation, the simple average of the rates in the Petition is 734.33 percent.¹¹ *See* the table below in the “Preliminary Determination” section of this notice.

Preliminary Determination

Commerce preliminarily determines that the following estimated weighted-average dumping margins exist:

Producer	Exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)	Cash deposit rate (adjusted for subsidy offsets) (percent) ¹²
Suzhou Shunchi Hardware Co., Ltd	Chi Hardware Corporation Limited	734.33	734.33

¹ See *Overhead Door Counterbalance Torsion Springs from the People’s Republic of China and India: Initiation of Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigations*, 89 FR 92895 (November 25, 2024) (*Initiation Notice*).

² See *Overhead Door Counterbalance Torsion Springs from the People’s Republic of China and India: Postponement of Preliminary Determinations in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigations*, 90 FR 11716 (March 11, 2025).

³ See Memorandum, “Decision Memorandum for the Preliminary Affirmative Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Overhead Door Counterbalance Torsion Springs from the People’s Republic of China,” dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Preliminary Decision Memorandum).

⁴ See *Antidumping Duties; Countervailing Duties, Final Rule*, 62 FR 27296, 27323 (May 19, 1997).

⁵ See *Initiation Notice*.

⁶ See Memorandum, “Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum,” dated March 28, 2025 (Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum).

⁷ See *Initiation Notice*, 89 FR at 92899–900.

⁸ See Enforcement and Compliance’s Policy Bulletin No. 05.1, regarding, “Separate-Rates Practice and Application of Combination Rates in Antidumping Investigations Involving Non-Market Economy Countries,” (April 5, 2005) (Policy Bulletin 05.1), available on Commerce’s website at <https://enforcement.trade.gov/policy/bull05-1.pdf>.

⁹ *Id.*

¹⁰ See, e.g., *Disposable Aluminum Containers, Pans, Trays, and Lids from the People’s Republic of China: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Final Affirmative Determination of Critical Circumstances*, 90 FR 11705 (March 11, 2025); *see also* Preliminary Decision Memorandum at 8.

¹¹ See Petitioners’ Letter, “Petitioners’ Response to the Department’s Supplemental Questionnaire Regarding the Petition for the Imposition of Antidumping Duties on Imports from China,” dated November 7, 2024 at Exhibit Supp–AD–CN–5; *see also* Preliminary Decision Memorandum at 8.

¹² To determine the cash deposit rate, Commerce normally adjusts the estimated weighted-average dumping margin by the amount of domestic subsidy pass-through and export subsidies determined in a companion countervailing duty (CVD) proceeding when CVD provisional measures are in effect. Accordingly, where Commerce has made a preliminary affirmative determination for domestic subsidy pass-through or export subsidies, Commerce has offset the calculated estimated weighted-average dumping margin by the appropriate rates. Further details are discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum accompanying to this notice.

Producer	Exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)	Cash deposit rate (adjusted for subsidy offsets) (percent) ¹²
Wuxi Xinhui Spring Factory	Chi Hardware Corporation Limited	734.33	734.33
Hangzhou Fuxing Spring Co., Ltd	Chi Hardware Corporation Limited	734.33	734.33
Hangzhou Fuxing Spring Co., Ltd	Hangzhou Fuxing Spring Co., Ltd	734.33	734.33
Tianjin Gangzhen Auto Parts Co., Ltd	Hebei Meirui Metals & Minerals Co., Ltd	734.33	734.33
MFG Direct (Ningbo) Limited	MFG Direct (Ningbo) Limited	734.33	734.33
Tianjin Wangxia Spring Co., Ltd	Ningbo Well Lift Door Co., Ltd	734.33	734.33
Hangzhou Fuxing Spring Co., Ltd	Ningbo Well Lift Door Co., Ltd	734.33	734.33
Hefei Wangqin Spring Co., Ltd	Ningbo Well Lift Door Co., Ltd	734.33	734.33
Tianjin Wangxia Spring Co., Ltd	Wuxi Jiupie Information Technology Co., Ltd	734.33	734.33
Wuxi New Fire Technology Co., Ltd	Wuxi Jiupie Information Technology Co., Ltd	734.33	734.33
Hangzhou Fuxing Spring Co., Ltd	Wuxi Jiupie Information Technology Co., Ltd	734.33	734.33
Hangzhou Fuxing Spring Co., Ltd	Wuxi Kop Door Technology Co., Ltd	734.33	734.33
China-wide Entity		* 778.31	778.31

* Rate based on facts available with adverse inferences.

Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 733(d)(2) of the Act, Commerce will direct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to suspend liquidation of subject merchandise as described in the scope of the investigation section entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, as discussed below. Further, pursuant to section 733(d)(1)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.205(d), Commerce will instruct CBP to require a cash deposit equal to the weighted average amount by which normal value exceeds U.S. price, as indicated in the chart above as follows: (1) for the producer/exporter combinations listed in the table above, the cash deposit rate is equal to the estimated weighted-average dumping margin listed for that combination in the table; (2) for all combinations of Chinese producers/exporters of merchandise under consideration that have not established eligibility for their own separate rates, the cash deposit rate will be equal to the estimated weighted-average dumping margin established for the China-wide entity; and (3) for all third-country exporters of merchandise under consideration not listed in the table above, the cash deposit rate is the cash deposit rate applicable to the Chinese producer/exporter combination (or China-wide entity) that supplied that third-country exporter.

Should provisional measures in the companion CVD investigation expire prior to the expiration of provisional measures in this LTFV investigation, Commerce will direct CBP to begin collecting cash deposits at a rate equal to the estimated weighted-average dumping margins calculated in this preliminary determination unadjusted for the passed-through domestic

subsidies or for export subsidies at the time the CVD provisional measures expire.

Disclosure

Commerce intends to disclose to interested parties the calculations performed in connection with this preliminary determination within five days of its public announcement or, if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of publication of this notice in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Consistent with 19 CFR 351.224(e), Commerce will analyze and, if appropriate, correct any timely allegations of significant ministerial errors by amending the preliminary determination. However, consistent with 19 CFR 351.224(d), Commerce will not consider incomplete allegations that do not address the significance standard under 19 CFR 351.224(g) following the preliminary determination. Instead, Commerce will address such allegations in the final determination together with issues raised in the case briefs or other written comments.

Verification

Because the mandatory respondents in this investigation did not provide information requested by Commerce and Commerce preliminarily determines each of the mandatory respondents to have been uncooperative, we will not conduct verification.

Public Comment

Case briefs or other written comments may be submitted to the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance no later than 30 days after the date of publication of the preliminary determination, unless the

Secretary alters the time limit.¹³

Rebuttal briefs, limited to issues raised in the case briefs, may be filed not later than five days after the date for filing case briefs.¹⁴ Interested parties who submit case briefs or rebuttal briefs in this proceeding must submit: (1) a table of contents listing each issue; and (2) a table of authorities.¹⁵

As provided under 19 CFR 351.309(c)(2) and (d)(2), in prior proceedings we have encouraged interested parties to provide an executive summary of their brief that should be limited to five pages total, including footnotes. In this investigation, we instead request that interested parties provide at the beginning of their briefs a public, executive summary for each issue raised in their briefs.¹⁶ Further, we request that interested parties limit their executive summary of each issue to no more than 450 words, not including citations. We intend to use the executive summaries as the basis of the comment summaries included in the issues and decision memorandum that will accompany the final determination in this investigation. We request that interested parties include footnotes for relevant citations in the executive summary of each issue. Note that Commerce has amended certain of its requirements pertaining to the service of documents in 19 CFR 351.303(f).¹⁷

¹³ See 19 CFR 351.309(c)(1)(i); see also 19 CFR 351.303 (for general filing requirements).

¹⁴ See 19 CFR 351.309(d); see also *Administrative Protective Order, Service, and Other Procedures in Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings*, 88 FR 67069, 67077 (September 29, 2023) (*APO and Service Final Rule*).

¹⁵ See 19 CFR 351.309(c)(2) and (d)(2).

¹⁶ We use the term "issue" here to describe an argument that Commerce would normally address in a comment of the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

¹⁷ See *APO and Service Final Rule*.

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.310(c), interested parties who wish to request a hearing, limited to issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs, must submit a written request to the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance, U.S. Department of Commerce, within 30 days after the date of publication of this notice. Requests should contain: (1) the party's name, address, and telephone number; (2) the number of participants and whether any participant is a foreign national; and (3) a list of the issues to be discussed. If a request for a hearing is made, Commerce intends to hold the hearing at a date and time to be determined.

Final Determination

Section 735(a)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(b)(1) provide that Commerce will issue the final determination within 75 days after the date of its preliminary determination. Accordingly, Commerce will make its final determination no later than 75 days after the signature date of this preliminary determination.

U.S. International Trade Commission Notification

In accordance with section 733(f) of the Act, Commerce will notify the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) of its preliminary determination of sales at LTFV. If the final determination is affirmative, the ITC will determine before the later of 120 days after the date of this preliminary determination or 45 days after the final determination whether imports of subject merchandise are materially injuring, or threaten material injury to, the U.S. industry.

Notification to Interested Parties

This determination is issued and published in accordance with sections 733(f) and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.205(c).

Dated: May 27, 2025.

Christopher Abbott,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix I

Scope of the Investigation

The merchandise covered by this investigation is helically-wound, overhead door counterbalance torsion steel springs (overhead door counterbalance torsion springs) and any cones, plugs or other similar fittings for mounting and creating torque in the spring (herein collectively referred to as cones) attached to or entered with and invoiced with the subject overhead door counterbalance torsion springs. Overhead door counterbalance torsion springs are helical steel springs with tightly wound coils

that store and release mechanical energy by winding and unwinding along the spring's axis by an angle, using torque to create a lifting force in the counterbalance assembly typically used to raise and lower overhead doors, including garage doors, industrial rolling doors, warehouse doors, trailer doors, and other overhead doors, gates, grates, or similar devices. The merchandise covered by this investigation covers all overhead door counterbalance torsion springs with a coil inside diameter of 15.8 millimeters (mm) or more but not exceeding 304.8 mm (measured across the diameter from inner edge to inner edge); a wire diameter of 2.5 mm to 20.4 mm; a length of 127 mm or more; and regardless of the following characteristics:

- wire type (including, but not limited to, oil-tempered wire, hard-drawn wire, music wire, galvanized or other coated wire);
- wire cross-sectional shape (e.g., round, square, or other shapes);
- coating (e.g., uncoated, oil- or water-based coatings, lubricant coatings, zinc, aluminum, zinc-aluminum, paint or plastic coating, etc.);
- winding orientation (left-hand or right-hand wind direction);
- end type (including, but not limited to, looped, double looped, clipped, long length, mini warehouse, Barcol, Crawford, Kinnear, Wagner, rolling steel or barrel ends); and
- whether the overhead door counterbalance torsion springs are fitted with hardware, including but not limited to fasteners, clips, and cones (winding or stationary cones).

For purposes of the diameters referenced above, where the nominal and actual measurements vary, a product is within the scope if application of either the nominal or actual measurement would place it within the scope based on the definitions set forth above.

The steel torsion springs included in the scope of this investigation are produced from steel in which: (1) iron predominates, by weight, over each of the other contained elements; and (2) the carbon content is 2 percent or less, by weight.

Subject merchandise includes cones attached to or entered with and invoiced with the subject overhead door counterbalance torsion springs. Such cones, which are typically cast aluminum, aluminum alloy or steel (but may be made from other materials) are made to mount the subject springs to the overhead door counterbalance system and create and maintain torque in the spring. Cones or other similar fittings that are not attached to the subject springs or are not entered with and invoiced with the subject springs are not included within the scope unless entered as parts of kits as described below.

Subject merchandise also includes all subject overhead door counterbalance torsion springs and cones or other similar fittings for mounting and tensioning the spring entered as a part of overhead door kits, overhead door mounting or assembly kits, or as a part of a spring-operated motor assembly or as a part of a spring winder assembly kit for torsion springs. When counterbalance torsion springs and cones or other similar fittings for attaching and tensioning the torsion spring

are entered as a part of such kits, only the counterbalance spring and cones or other similar fittings in the kit are within scope.

Subject merchandise also includes overhead door counterbalance torsion springs that have been further processed in a third country, including but not limited to cutting to length, attachment of hardware, cones or end-fittings, inclusion in garage door kits or garage door mounting or assembly kits, or any other processing that would not remove the merchandise from the scope of these investigations if performed in the country of manufacture of the in-scope overhead door counterbalance torsion springs.

All products that meet the written physical description are within the scope of these investigations unless specifically excluded. The following products are specifically excluded from the scope of these investigations:

- leaf springs (slender arc-shaped length of spring steel of a rectangular cross-section);
- disc springs (conical springs consisting of a convex disc with the outer edge working against the center of the disc);
- extension springs (close-wound round helical wire springs that store and release energy by resisting the external pulling forces applied to the spring's ends in the direction of its length);
- compression springs (helical coiled springs with open wound active coils (such open winding is also known as pitch) that are designed to compress under load or force); and
- spiral springs (torsion springs wound as concentric spirals such as a clock spring or mainspring).

The products subject to this investigation are currently classified under Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheadings 7320.20.5020, 7320.20.5045, and 7320.20.5060. They may also be classified under HTSUS subheading 8412.90.9085 if entered as parts of spring-operated motors. They may also be classified in HTSUS subheading 8412.80.1000 (spring-operated motors) if entered as part of a spring counterweight assembly for an overhead door. They may also be classified in HTSUS subheading 7308.90.9590, a basket category that includes metal garage doors entered with mounting accessories or assemblies. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of this investigation is dispositive.

Appendix II

List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Period of Investigation
- IV. Discussion of the Methodology
- V. Adjustment Under Section 777(A) of the Act
- VI. Adjustments to the Cash Deposit Rates for Export Subsidies in the Companion Countervailing Duty Investigation
- VII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2025-09944 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**Background****International Trade Administration****Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation; Advance Notification of Sunset Review**

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

Every five years, pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) and the U.S. International Trade Commission automatically initiate and conduct reviews to determine whether revocation of a countervailing or antidumping duty order or termination of an investigation suspended under section 704 or 734 of

the Act would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping or a countervailable subsidy (as the case may be) and of material injury.

Upcoming Sunset Reviews for July 2025

Pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, the following Sunset Reviews are scheduled for initiation in July 2025 and will appear in that month's *Notice of Initiation of Five-Year Sunset Reviews* (Sunset Review).

	Department contact
Antidumping Duty Proceedings	
Carbon And Certain Alloy Steel Wire Rod from Brazil	Thomas Martin
A-351-832 (4th Review)	(202) 482-3936
Utility Scale Wind Towers from Canada	Thomas Martin
A-122-867 (1st Review)	(202) 482-3936
Barium Carbonate from China	Thomas Martin
A-570-880 (4th Review)	(202) 482-3936
Ferrovandium from China	Mary Kolberg
A-570-873 (4th Review)	(202) 482-1785
Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from China	Thomas Martin
A-570-914 (3rd Review)	(202) 482-3936
Tow-Behind Lawn Groomers and Parts Thereof from China	Thomas Martin
A-570-939 (3rd Review)	(202) 482-3936
Oil Country Tubular Goods from India	Thomas Martin
A-533-857 (2nd Review)	(202) 482-3936
Carbon And Certain Alloy Steel Wire Rod from Indonesia	Thomas Martin
A-560-815 (4th Review)	(202) 482-3936
Utility Scale Wind Towers from Indonesia	Thomas Martin
A-560-833 (1st Review)	(202) 482-3936
Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from Korea	Thomas Martin
A-580-859 (3rd Review)	(202) 482-3936
Oil Country Tubular Goods from Korea	Thomas Martin
A-580-870 (2nd Review)	(202) 482-3936
Utility Scale Wind Towers from Korea	Thomas Martin
A-580-902 (1st Review)	(202) 482-3936
Carbon And Certain Alloy Steel Wire Rod from Mexico	Thomas Martin
A-201-830 (4th Review)	(202) 482-3936
Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from Mexico	Thomas Martin
A-201-836 (3rd Review)	(202) 482-3936
Carbon And Certain Alloy Steel Wire Rod from Moldova	Thomas Martin
A-841-805 (4th Review)	(202) 482-3936
Ferrovandium from South Africa	Mary Kolberg
A-791-815 (4th Review)	(202) 482-178
Carbon And Certain Alloy Steel Wire Rod from Trinidad and Tobago	Thomas Martin
A-274-804 (4th Review)	(202) 482-3936
Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from Türkiye	Thomas Martin
A-489-815 (3rd Review)	(202) 482-3936
Oil Country Tubular Goods from Türkiye	Thomas Martin
A-489-816 (2nd Review)	(202) 482-3936
Oil Country Tubular Goods from Ukraine	Thomas Martin
A-823-815 (2nd Review)	(202) 482-3936
Oil Country Tubular Goods from Vietnam	Thomas Martin
A-552-817 (2nd Review)	(202) 482-3936
Utility Scale Wind Towers from Vietnam	Thomas Martin
A-552-825 (1st Review)	(202) 482-3936
Countervailing Duty Proceedings Department Contact	
Carbon And Certain Alloy Steel Wire Rod from Brazil	Thomas Martin
C-351-833 (4th Review)	(202) 482-3936
Utility Scale Wind Towers from Canada	Thomas Martin
C-122-868 (1st Review)	(202) 482-3936
Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from China	Mary Kolberg
C-570-915 (3rd Review)	(202) 482-1785
Oil Country Tubular Goods from India	Thomas Martin
C-533-858 (2nd Review)	(202) 482-3936
Oil Country Tubular Goods from Türkiye	Mary Kolberg
C-489-817 (2nd Review)	(202) 482-1785
Utility Scale Wind Towers from Vietnam	Thomas Martin
C-552-826 (1st Review)	(202) 482-3936

Suspended Investigations

No Sunset Review of suspended investigations is scheduled for initiation in July 2025.

Commerce's procedures for the conduct of Sunset Review are set forth in 19 CFR 351.218. The *Notice of Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset Review)* provides further information regarding what is required of all parties to participate in Sunset Review.

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.103(c), Commerce will maintain and make available a service list for these proceedings. To facilitate the timely preparation of the service list(s), it is requested that those seeking recognition as interested parties to a proceeding contact Commerce in writing within 10 days of the publication of the Notice of Initiation.

Please note that if Commerce receives a Notice of Intent to Participate from a member of the domestic industry within 15 days of the date of initiation, the review will continue.

Thereafter, any interested party wishing to participate in the Sunset Review must provide substantive comments in response to the notice of initiation no later than 30 days after the date of initiation. Note that Commerce has amended certain of its requirements pertaining to the service of documents in 19 CFR 351.303(f).¹ An electronically filed document must be received successfully in its entirety by ACCESS by 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time on the day on which it is due.

In prior proceedings we have encouraged interested parties to provide an executive summary of their comments, including footnotes. In these sunset reviews, we request that interested parties provide at the beginning of their comments, an executive summary for each issue raised in their comments. Further, we request that interested parties limit their public executive summary of each issue to no more than 450 words, not including citations. We intend to use the public executive summaries as the basis of the comment summaries included in the decision memorandum that will accompany the notice to be published in the **Federal Register**. Finally, we request that interested parties include footnotes for relevant citations in the public executive summary of each issue.

This notice is not required by statute but is published as a service to the international trading community.

Dated: May 16, 2025.

Scot Fullerton,

Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.

[FR Doc. 2025–09940 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–533–936]

Overhead Door Counterbalance Torsion Springs From India: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, Postponement of Final Determination, and Extension of Provisional Measures

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily determines that overhead door counterbalance torsion springs (overhead door springs) from India are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV). The period of investigation (POI) is October 1, 2023, through September 30, 2024. Interested parties are invited to comment on this preliminary determination.

DATES: Applicable June 2, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Seth Brown, AD/CVD Operations, Office IX, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0029.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

This preliminary determination is made in accordance with section 733(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). Commerce published the notice of initiation of this investigation on November 25, 2024.¹ On March 11, 2025, Commerce postponed the preliminary determination of this investigation and the revised deadline is now May 27, 2025.²

For a complete description of the events that followed the initiation of

this investigation, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.³ A list of topics included in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum is included as Appendix II to this notice. The Preliminary Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

Scope of the Investigation

The products covered by this investigation are overhead door springs from India. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, see Appendix I.

Scope Comments

In accordance with the *Preamble* to Commerce's regulations,⁴ the *Initiation Notice* set aside a period of time for parties to raise issues regarding product coverage (*i.e.*, scope).⁵ Certain interested parties commented on the scope of the investigation as it appeared in the *Initiation Notice*. For a summary of the product coverage comments and rebuttal responses submitted to the record for this investigation, and accompanying discussion and analysis of all comments timely received, see the Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum.⁶ Commerce is not preliminarily modifying the scope language as it appeared in the *Initiation Notice*. See the scope in Appendix I to this notice.

Methodology

Commerce is conducting this investigation in accordance with section 731 of the Act. Commerce has calculated export prices in accordance with section 772(a) of the Act. Constructed export prices have been calculated in accordance with section 772(b) of the Act. Normal value is calculated in accordance with section 773 of the Act. Furthermore, pursuant to sections 776(a) and (b) of the Act,

³ See Memorandum, "Decision Memorandum for the Preliminary Affirmative Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Overhead Door Counterbalance Torsion Springs from India," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Preliminary Decision Memorandum).

⁴ See *Antidumping Duties; Countervailing Duties, Final Rule*, 62 FR 27296, 27323 (May 19, 1997).

⁵ See *Initiation Notice*, 89 FR at 92896.

⁶ See Memorandum, "Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum," dated March 28, 2025, (Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum).

¹ See *Administrative Protective Order, Service, and Other Procedures in Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings; Final Rule*, 88 FR 67069 (September 29, 2023).

¹ See *Overhead Door Counterbalance Torsion Springs From the People's Republic of China and India: Initiation of Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigations*, 89 FR 92895 (November 25, 2024) (*Initiation Notice*).

² See *Overhead Door Counterbalance Torsion Springs From the People's Republic of China and India: Postponement of Preliminary Determinations of Antidumping Duty Investigations*, 90 FR 11716 (March 11, 2025).

Commerce has preliminarily relied upon facts otherwise available, with adverse inferences for Asha Spring and Engineering Company; Balaji Springs Pvt. Ltd.; Modern Engineering & Spring Company; and Reliable Springs Ltd. For a full description of the methodology underlying the preliminary determination, *see* the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

All-Others Rate

Sections 733(d)(1)(ii) and 735(c)(5)(A) of the Act provide that in the preliminary determination Commerce

shall determine an estimated all-others rate for all exporters and producers not individually examined. This rate shall be an amount equal to the weighted average of the estimated weighted-average dumping margins established for exporters and producers individually investigated, excluding any zero and *de minimis* margins, and any margins determined entirely under section 776 of the Act.

Commerce calculated an individual estimated weighted-average dumping margin for Alcomex Springs Pvt Ltd. (Alcomex), the only individually

examined exporter/producer in this investigation. Because the only individually calculated dumping margin is not zero, *de minimis*, or based entirely on facts otherwise available, the estimated weighted-average dumping margin calculated for Alcomex is the margin assigned to all other producers and exporters, pursuant to section 735(c)(5)(A) of the Act.

Preliminary Determination

Commerce preliminarily determines that the following estimated weighted-average dumping margins exist:

Exporter/producer	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)	Cash deposit rate (adjusted for subsidy offset(s)) (percent) ⁷
Alcomex Springs Pvt Ltd	87.20	84.54
Asha Spring and Engineering Company	* 124.86	122.20
Balaji Springs Pvt. Ltd	* 124.86	122.20
Modern Engineering & Spring Company	* 124.86	122.20
Reliable Springs Ltd	* 124.86	122.20
All Others	87.20	84.54

* Rate based on facts available with adverse inferences.

Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 733(d)(2) of the Act, Commerce will direct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to suspend liquidation of entries of subject merchandise, as described in Appendix I, entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. Further, pursuant to section 733(d)(1)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.205(d), Commerce will instruct CBP to require a cash deposit equal to the estimated weighted-average dumping margin or the estimated all-others rate, as follows: (1) the cash deposit rate for the respondents listed above will be equal to the company-specific estimated weighted-average dumping margins determined in this preliminary determination; (2) if the exporter is not a respondent identified above, but the producer is, then the cash deposit rate will be equal to the company-specific estimated weighted-average dumping margin established for that producer of the subject merchandise; and (3) the cash deposit rate for all other producers and exporters will be equal to the all-others estimated weighted-average dumping

margin. These suspension of liquidation instructions will remain in effect until further notice.

Disclosure

Commerce intends to disclose its calculations and analysis performed to interested parties in this preliminary determination within five days of any public announcement or, if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of publication of this notice in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Consistent with 19 CFR 351.224(e), Commerce will analyze and, if appropriate, correct any timely allegations of significant ministerial errors by amending the preliminary determination. However, consistent with 19 CFR 351.224(d), Commerce will not consider incomplete allegations that do not address the significance standard under 19 CFR 351.224(g) following the preliminary determination. Instead, Commerce will address such allegations in the final determination together with issues raised in the case briefs or other written comments.

Verification

As provided in section 782(i)(1) of the Act, Commerce intends to verify the

information relied upon in making its final determination.

Public Comment

Case briefs or other written comments may be submitted to the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance no later than seven days after the date on which the last verification report is issued in this investigation. A timeline for the submission of case briefs and written comments will be notified to interested parties at a later date. Rebuttal briefs, limited to issues raised in the case briefs, may be filed not later than five days after the date for filing case briefs.⁸ Interested parties who submit case briefs or rebuttal briefs in this proceeding must submit: (1) a table of contents listing each issue; and (2) a table of authorities.⁹

As provided under 19 CFR 351.309(c)(2) and (d)(2), in prior proceedings we have encouraged interested parties to provide an executive summary of their brief that should be limited to five pages total, including footnotes. In this investigation, we instead request that interested parties provide at the beginning of their briefs a public,

⁷ We adjusted the cash deposit rates for export subsidies of 2.66 percent (comprised of 0.66 percent for the advance authorization program, 1.50 percent for the duty drawback program, and 0.50 percent for the remission of duties and taxes on export products program). *See Overhead Door Counterbalance Torsion Springs from India: Preliminary Affirmative Countervailing Duty*

Determination and Alignment of Final Determination with Final Antidumping Duty Determination, 90 FR 14602 (April 3, 2025), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum, unchanged in *Overhead Door Counterbalance Torsion Springs from India: Preliminary Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination and Alignment of Final Determination with Final Antidumping*

Duty Determination; Correction, 90 FR 15447 (April 11, 2025).

⁸ *See* 19 CFR 351.309(d); *see also Administrative Protective Order, Service, and Other Procedures in Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings*, 88 FR 67069, 67077 (September 29, 2023) (*APO and Service Final Rule*).

⁹ *See* 19 CFR 351.309(c)(2) and (d)(2).

executive summary for each issue raised in their briefs.¹⁰ Further, we request that interested parties limit their executive summary of each issue to no more than 450 words, not including citations. We intend to use the executive summaries as the basis of the comment summaries included in the issues and decision memorandum that will accompany the final determination in this investigation. We request that interested parties include footnotes for relevant citations in the executive summary of each issue. Note that Commerce has amended certain of its requirements pertaining to the service of documents in 19 CFR 351.303(f).¹¹

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.310(c), interested parties who wish to request a hearing, limited to issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs, must submit a written request to the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance, U.S. Department of Commerce, within 30 days after the date of publication of this notice. Requests should contain: (1) the party's name, address, and telephone number; (2) the number of participants and whether any participant is a foreign national; and (3) a list of the issues to be discussed. If a request for a hearing is made, Commerce intends to hold the hearing at a time and date to be determined. Parties should confirm by telephone the date, time, and location of the hearing two days before the scheduled date.

Postponement of Final Determination and Extension of Provisional Measures

Section 735(a)(2) of the Act provides that a final determination may be postponed until not later than 135 days after the date of the publication of the preliminary determination if, in the event of an affirmative preliminary determination, a request for such postponement is made by exporters who account for a significant proportion of exports of the subject merchandise, or in the event of a negative preliminary determination, a request for such postponement is made by the petitioner. Section 351.210(e)(2) of Commerce's regulations requires that a request by exporters for postponement of the final determination be accompanied by a request for extension of provisional measures from a four-month period to a period not more than six months in duration.

On April 29, 2025, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.210(e), Alcomex requested that Commerce postpone the final

determination and that provisional measures be extended to a period not to exceed six months.¹² In accordance with section 735(a)(2)(A) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(b)(2)(ii), because: (1) the preliminary determination is affirmative; (2) the requesting exporter accounts for a significant proportion of exports of the subject merchandise; and (3) no compelling reasons for denial exist, Commerce is postponing the final determination and extending the provisional measures from a four-month period to a period not greater than six months. Accordingly, Commerce will make its final determination no later than 135 days after the date of publication of this preliminary determination.

U.S. International Trade Commission Notification

In accordance with section 733(f) of the Act, Commerce will notify the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) of its preliminary determination. If the final determination is affirmative, the ITC will determine before the later of 120 days after the date of this preliminary determination or 45 days after the final determination whether these imports are materially injuring, or threaten material injury to, the U.S. industry.

Notification to Interested Parties

This determination is issued and published in accordance with sections 733(f) and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.205(c).

Dated: May 27, 2025.

Christopher Abbott,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix I

Scope of the Investigation

The merchandise covered by this investigation is helically-wound, overhead door counterbalance torsion steel springs (overhead door counterbalance torsion springs) and any cones, plugs or other similar fittings for mounting and creating torque in the spring (herein collectively referred to as cones) attached to or entered with and invoiced with the subject overhead door counterbalance torsion springs. Overhead door counterbalance torsion springs are helical steel springs with tightly wound coils that store and release mechanical energy by winding and unwinding along the spring's axis by an angle, using torque to create a lifting force in the counterbalance assembly typically used to raise and lower overhead doors, including garage doors, industrial

rolling doors, warehouse doors, trailer doors, and other overhead doors, gates, grates, or similar devices. The merchandise covered by this investigation covers all overhead door counterbalance torsion springs with a coil inside diameter of 15.8 millimeters (mm) or more but not exceeding 304.8 mm (measured across the diameter from inner edge to inner edge); a wire diameter of 2.5 mm to 20.4 mm; a length of 127 mm or more; and regardless of the following characteristics:

- wire type (including, but not limited to, oil-tempered wire, hard-drawn wire, music wire, galvanized or other coated wire);
- wire cross-sectional shape (e.g., round, square, or other shapes);
- coating (e.g., uncoated, oil- or water-based coatings, lubricant coatings, zinc, aluminum, zinc-aluminum, paint or plastic coating, etc.);
- winding orientation (left-hand or right-hand wind direction);
- end type (including, but not limited to, looped, double looped, clipped, long length, mini warehouse, Barcol, Crawford, Kinnear, Wagner, rolling steel or barrel ends); and
- whether the overhead door counterbalance torsion springs are fitted with hardware, including but not limited to fasteners, clips, and cones (winding or stationary cones).

For purposes of the diameters referenced above, where the nominal and actual measurements vary, a product is within the scope if application of either the nominal or actual measurement would place it within the scope based on the definitions set forth above.

The steel torsion springs included in the scope of this investigation are produced from steel in which: (1) iron predominates, by weight, over each of the other contained elements; and (2) the carbon content is 2 percent or less, by weight.

Subject merchandise includes cones attached to or entered with and invoiced with the subject overhead door counterbalance torsion springs. Such cones, which are typically cast aluminum, aluminum alloy or steel (but may be made from other materials) are made to mount the subject springs to the overhead door counterbalance system and create and maintain torque in the spring. Cones or other similar fittings that are not attached to the subject springs or are not entered with and invoiced with the subject springs are not included within the scope unless entered as parts of kits as described below.

Subject merchandise also includes all subject overhead door counterbalance torsion springs and cones or other similar fittings for mounting and tensioning the spring entered as a part of overhead door kits, overhead door mounting or assembly kits, or as a part of a spring-operated motor assembly or as a part of a spring winder assembly kit for torsion springs. When counterbalance torsion springs and cones or other similar fittings for attaching and tensioning the torsion spring are entered as a part of such kits, only the counterbalance spring and cones or other similar fittings in the kit are within scope.

Subject merchandise also includes overhead door counterbalance torsion springs that have been further processed in a third

¹⁰ We use the term "issue" here to describe an argument that Commerce would normally address in a comment of the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

¹¹ See APO and Service Final Rule.

¹² See Alcomex's Letter, "Alcomex's Request to Postpone the Final Determination," dated April 29, 2025.

country, including but not limited to cutting to length, attachment of hardware, cones or end-fittings, inclusion in garage door kits or garage door mounting or assembly kits, or any other processing that would not remove the merchandise from the scope of this investigation if performed in the country of manufacture of the in-scope overhead door counterbalance torsion springs.

All products that meet the written physical description are within the scope of this investigation unless specifically excluded. The following products are specifically excluded from the scope of this investigation:

- leaf springs (slender arc-shaped length of spring steel of a rectangular cross-section);
- disc springs (conical springs consisting of a convex disc with the outer edge working against the center of the disc);
- extension springs (close-wound round helical wire springs that store and release energy by resisting the external pulling forces applied to the spring's ends in the direction of its length);
- compression springs (helical coiled springs with open wound active coils (such open winding is also known as pitch) that are designed to compress under load or force); and
- spiral springs (torsion springs wound as concentric spirals such as a clock spring or mainspring).

The products subject to this investigation are currently classified under Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheadings 7320.20.5020, 7320.20.5045, and 7320.20.5060. They may also be classified under HTSUS subheading 8412.90.9085 if entered as parts of spring-operated motors. They may also be classified in HTSUS subheading 8412.80.1000 (spring-operated motors) if entered as part of a spring counterweight assembly for an overhead door. They may also be classified in HTSUS subheading 7308.90.9590, a basket category that includes metal garage doors entered with mounting accessories or assemblies.

Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of this investigation is dispositive.

Appendix II

List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Period of Investigation
- IV. Application of Facts Available and Use of Adverse Inference
- V. Discussion of the Methodology
- VI. Currency Conversion
- VII. Adjustments to Cash Deposit Rates for Export Subsidies in the Companion Countervailing Duty Investigation
- VIII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2025–09945 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–570–190]

Sol Gel Alumina-Based Ceramic Abrasive Grains From the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily determines that sol gel alumina-based ceramic abrasive grains (ceramic abrasive grains) from the People's Republic of China (China) are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV). The period of investigation (POI) is April 1, 2024, through September 30, 2024. Interested parties are invited to comment on this preliminary determination.

DATES: Applicable June 2, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Thomas Cloyd, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–1246.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

This preliminary determination is made in accordance with section 733(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). Commerce published the notice of initiation of this investigation in the **Federal Register** on January 14, 2025.¹ On January 22, 2025, Commerce published a correction notice to correct an error contained in the scope of the investigation listed in the *Initiation Notice*.²

For a complete description of the events that followed the initiation of this investigation, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.³ A list of topics

¹ See *Sol Gel Alumina-Based Ceramic Abrasive Grains from the People's Republic of China: Initiation of Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation*, 90 FR 3179 (January 14, 2025) (*Initiation Notice*).

² See *Sol Gel Alumina-Based Ceramic Abrasive Grains From the People's Republic of China: Initiation of Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation; Correction*, 90 FR 7657 (January 22, 2025) (*Correction Notice*).

³ See Memorandum, “Decision Memorandum for the Preliminary Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Sol Gel Alumina-Based Ceramic Abrasive Grains from the People's Republic of China,” dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Preliminary Decision Memorandum).

included in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum is included as Appendix II to this notice. The Preliminary Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

Scope of the Investigation

The products covered by this investigation are ceramic abrasive grains from China. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, see Appendix I.

Scope Comments

In accordance with the preamble to Commerce's regulations,⁴ the *Initiation Notice* set aside a period of time for parties to raise issues regarding product coverage (*i.e.*, scope).⁵ On January 27, 2025, Weiler Corporation (Weiler) commented on the scope of the investigation as it appeared in the *Initiation Notice*.⁶ For a summary of the product coverage comments, and accompanying discussion and analysis of all comments timely received, see the Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum.⁷ Commerce is not preliminarily modifying the scope language as it appeared in the *Initiation Notice* and *Correction Notice*. See the scope in Appendix I to this notice.

Methodology

Commerce is conducting this investigation in accordance with section 731 of the Act. Furthermore, pursuant to sections 776(a) and (b) of the Act, Commerce preliminarily has relied upon facts otherwise available, with adverse inferences (AFA), for the China-wide entity. For a full description of the methodology underlying Commerce's preliminary determination, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

⁴ See *Antidumping Duties; Countervailing Duties, Final Rule*, 62 FR 27296, 27323 (May 19, 1997).

⁵ See *Initiation Notice*.

⁶ See Weiler's Letter, “Scope Comments,” dated January 27, 2025.

⁷ See Memorandum, “Less-Than-Fair Value and Countervailing Duty Investigations of Sol Gel Alumina-Based Ceramic Abrasive Grains from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum,” dated concurrently with this preliminary determination (Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum).

Combination Rates

In the *Initiation Notice*,⁸ Commerce stated that it would calculate producer/exporter combination rates for the respondents that are eligible for a

separate rate in this investigation. Policy Bulletin 05.1 describes this practice.⁹ In this case, because no respondent qualified for a separate rate, producer/exporter combination rates were not calculated.

Preliminary Determination

Commerce preliminarily determines that the following estimated weighted-average dumping margin exists:

Producer/exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)	Cash deposit rate (adjusted for subsidy offsets) (percent)
China-wide Entity	* 88.32	72.22

* Rate based on facts available with adverse inferences.

Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 733(d)(2) of the Act, Commerce will direct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to suspend liquidation of subject merchandise as described in the scope of the investigation section entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, as discussed below. Further, pursuant to section 733(d)(1)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.205(d), Commerce will instruct CBP to require a cash deposit equal to the weighted average amount by which normal value exceeds U.S. price, as indicated in the chart above.

To determine the cash deposit rate, Commerce normally adjusts the estimated weighted-average dumping margin by the amount of domestic subsidy pass-through and export subsidies determined in a companion countervailing duty (CVD) proceeding when CVD provisional measures are in effect. Accordingly, where Commerce has made a preliminary affirmative determination for domestic subsidy pass-through or export subsidies, Commerce has offset the calculated estimated weighted-average dumping margin by the appropriate rate(s). As discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum, however, we have made no adjustment for domestic subsidy passthrough. As further explained in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum, the appropriate export subsidy adjustment is 16.10 percent.

Should provisional measures in the companion CVD investigation expire prior to the expiration of provisional measures in this LTFV investigation, Commerce will direct CBP to begin

collecting cash deposits at a rate equal to the estimated weighted-average dumping margin calculated in this preliminary determination unadjusted for the passed-through domestic subsidies or for export subsidies at the time the CVD provisional measures expire. These suspension of liquidation instructions will remain in effect until further notice.

Disclosure

Normally, Commerce discloses to interested parties the calculations performed in connection with a preliminary determination within five days of its public announcement or, if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of publication of the notice of preliminary determination in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b). However, because Commerce preliminarily applied total AFA to the China-wide entity in this investigation, in accordance with section 776 of the Act, and the applied AFA rate is based solely on the petition, there are no calculations to disclose.

Verification

Because the mandatory respondents in this investigation did not provide information requested by Commerce and Commerce preliminarily determines each of the mandatory respondents to have been uncooperative, we will not conduct verification.

Public Comment

Case briefs or other written comments may be submitted to the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance no later than 30 days after the date of publication of the preliminary determination.¹⁰ Rebuttal

briefs, limited to issues raised in the case briefs, may be filed not later than five days after the date for filing case briefs.¹¹ Interested parties who submit case briefs or rebuttal briefs in this proceeding must submit: (1) a table of contents listing each issue; and (2) a table of authorities.¹²

As provided under 19 CFR 351.309(c)(2) and (d)(2), in prior proceedings we have encouraged interested parties to provide an executive summary of their brief that should be limited to five pages total, including footnotes. In this investigation, we instead request that interested parties provide at the beginning of their briefs a public, executive summary for each issue raised in their briefs.¹³ Further, we request that interested parties limit their executive summary of each issue to no more than 450 words, not including citations. We intend to use the executive summaries as the basis of the comment summaries included in the issues and decision memorandum that will accompany the final determination in this investigation. We request that interested parties include footnotes for relevant citations in the executive summary of each issue. Note that Commerce has amended certain of its requirements pertaining to the service of documents in 19 CFR 351.303(f).¹⁴

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.310(c), interested parties who wish to request a hearing, limited to issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs, must submit a written request to the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance, U.S. Department of Commerce, within 30 days after the date of publication of this notice. Requests should contain: (1) the party's name, address, and telephone number; (2) the

⁸ See *Initiation Notice*, 90 FR at 3179.

⁹ See Enforcement and Compliance's Policy Bulletin No. 05.1, regarding, "Separate-Rates Practice and Application of Combination Rates in Antidumping Investigations Involving Non-Market Economy Countries," (April 5, 2005) (Policy Bulletin 05.1), available on Commerce's website at <https://enforcement.trade.gov/policy/bull05-1.pdf>.

¹⁰ See 19 CFR 351.309(c)(1)(i); see also 19 CFR 351.303 for general filing requirements.

¹¹ See 19 CFR 351.309(d); see also *Administrative Protective Order, Service, and Other Procedures in Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings*, 88 FR 67069, 67077 (September 29, 2023) (*APO and Service Final Rule*).

¹² See 19 351.309(c)(2) and (d)(2)

¹³ We use the term "issue" here to describe an argument that Commerce would normally address in a comment of the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

¹⁴ See *APO and Service Final Rule*.

number of participants and whether any participant is a foreign national; and (3) a list of the issues to be discussed. If a request for a hearing is made, Commerce intends to hold the hearing at a date and time to be determined.

Final Determination

Section 735(a)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(b)(1) provide that Commerce will issue the final determination within 75 days after the date of its preliminary determination. Accordingly, Commerce will make its final determination no later than 75 days after the signature date of this preliminary determination.

U.S. International Trade Commission Notification

In accordance with section 733(f) of the Act, Commerce will notify the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) of its preliminary determination of sales at LTFV. If the final determination is affirmative, the ITC will determine before the later of 120 days after the date of this preliminary determination or 45 days after the final determination whether imports of the subject merchandise are materially injuring, or threaten material injury to, the U.S. industry.

Notification to Interested Parties

This determination is issued and published in accordance with sections 733(f) and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.205(c).

Dated: May 27, 2025.

Christopher Abbott,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix I

Scope of the Investigation

The merchandise covered by this investigation is sol gel alumina-based ceramic abrasive grains which are comprised of minimum 94% aluminum oxide (Al₂O₃), and may contain other compounds, including, but not limited to, titanium dioxide, silicon dioxide, calcium oxide, sodium superoxide, ferric oxide, magnesium oxide, di-aluminum magnesium tetroxide, lanthanum oxide, lanthanum magnesium oxide, zirconium dioxide, or zirconium carbonate. Grain sizes of sol gel alumina-based ceramic abrasive grains range from 0.85 mm to 0.0395 mm (which corresponds to American National Standards Institute (ANSI) grit sizes from 20 to 280).

Shapes include but are not limited to angular, sharp, extra sharp, blocky, splintery, round stripped, triangular or shaped like extruded rods or stars.

Ceramic abrasive grains have unique crystalline structures that impart certain advanced properties, such as their extreme

hardness and strength ranging between 16 and 22 gigapascals by the Vickers Diamond Indent Method, high melting point (2050 °C), and a single- or multi-phase microstructure, which may contain multiple phases, having crystalline sizes ranging from 0.05 to 30 μm. These ceramic abrasive grains include but are not limited to blue, white, white-translucent, or off-white opaque colors.

Sol gel alumina-based ceramic abrasive grains are covered by the scope of this investigation, whether or not incorporated into downstream articles, including but not limited to, abrasive papers, grinding wheels, grinding cylinders, and grinding discs. When incorporated into downstream articles, only the sol gel alumina-based ceramic abrasive grains component of such articles is covered by the product scope, and not the downstream product as a whole.

The merchandise subject to this investigation is properly classified under subheadings 2818.10.2010 and 2818.10.2090 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Other merchandise subject to the current scope, including when incorporated into the abovementioned downstream articles, may be classified under HTSUS subheadings 2818.10.1000, 2818.20.0000, 2818.30.0000, 3824.99.1100, 3824.99.1900, 6805.10.0000, 6805.20.0000, 6805.30.1000, 6805.30.5000, 6804.22.1000, 6804.22.4000, 6804.22.6000, 8204.12.0000, 8474.90.0010, 8474.90.0020, 8474.90.0050, and 8474.90.0090. Although the HTSUS statistical reporting numbers are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the merchandise is dispositive.

Appendix II

List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Period of Investigation
- IV. Discussion of the Methodology
- V. Adjustment Under Section 777A(f) of the Act
- VI. Adjustment to Cash Deposit Rate for Export Subsidies
- VII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2025-09935 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[RTID 0648-XE952]

Western Pacific Fishery Management Council; Public Meetings; Correction

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of agenda change of the Western Pacific Regional Fishery Management Council's 203rd meeting.

SUMMARY: The Western Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council) will hold its 203rd meeting to take actions on fishery management issues in the Western Pacific Region.

DATES: The meeting will be held between June 9 and June 11, 2025. For specific times and agendas, see **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**. Written public comments on final action items at the 203rd Council meeting should be received at the Council office by 5 p.m. HST, on Thursday, June 5, 2025 (see **ADDRESSES** section below).

ADDRESSES: The 203rd Council meeting will be held as a hybrid meeting for members and the public, with a remote participation option available via Webex. In-person attendance for the 203rd Council meeting will be hosted at the Ala Moana Hotel, Hibiscus Ballroom, 410 Atkinson Drive, Honolulu, HI 96814.

Specific information on joining the meeting, connecting to the web conference and providing oral public comments will be posted on the Council website at <https://www.wpcouncil.org>. For assistance with the web conference connection, contact the Council office at (808) 522-8220.

Council address: Western Pacific Fishery Management Council, 1164 Bishop Street, Suite 1400, Honolulu, HI 96813.

Background documents for the 203rd Council meeting will be available at <https://www.wpcouncil.org>. Written public comments on final action items at the 203rd Council meeting should be received at the Council office by 5 p.m. HST, Thursday, June 5, 2025, and should be sent to Kitty M. Simonds, Executive Director; Western Pacific Fishery Management Council, 1164 Bishop Street, Suite 1400, Honolulu, HI 96813, phone: (808) 522-8220 or fax: (808) 522-8226; or email: info@wpcouncil.org. Written public comments on all other agenda items may be submitted for the record by email throughout the duration of the meeting. Instructions for providing oral public comments during the meeting will be posted on the Council website.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kitty M. Simonds, Executive Director, Western Pacific Fishery Management Council; phone: (808) 522-8220.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The original notice published in the **Federal Register** on May 19, 2025 (90 FR 21289). This notice changes the agenda for the 203rd Council meeting. All other information previously published remains unchanged.

The 203rd Council meeting will be held between 1 p.m. and 5 p.m. HST on

June 9, 2025, between 8:30 a.m. and 5 p.m. on June 10, 2025, and between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. on June 11, 2025. Public Comment on Non-Agenda Items will be held between 4:30 p.m. and 5 p.m. HST on June 9, 2025. The Fishers Forum will be held between 6 p.m. and 8:30 p.m. HST on June 9, 2025.

Agenda items noted as “Final Action” refer to actions that may result in Council transmittal of a proposed fishery management plan, proposed plan amendment, or proposed regulations to the U.S. Secretary of Commerce, under sections 304 or 305 of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act). In addition to the agenda items listed here, the Council and its advisory bodies will hear recommendations from Council advisors. An opportunity to submit public comment will be provided throughout the agendas. The order in which agenda items are addressed may change and will be announced in advance at the Council meeting. The meetings will run as late as necessary to complete scheduled business.

This meeting will be recorded (audio only) for the purposes of generating the minutes of the meeting. As public comments will be made publicly available, participants and public commenters are urged not to provide personally identifiable information (PII) at this meeting. Participation in the meeting by web conference, or by telephone, constitutes consent to the audio recording.

Revised Agenda for the 203rd Council Meeting

Monday, June 9, 2025, 1 p.m. to 5 p.m. HST

1. Welcome and Introductions
2. Approval of the 203rd Council Meeting Agenda
3. Approval of the 202nd Council Meeting Minutes
4. Executive Director's Report
5. Agency Reports
 - A. National Marine Fisheries Service
 - A.1. Pacific Islands Regional Office
 - A.2. Pacific Islands Fisheries Science Center
 - B. NOAA Office of General Counsel Pacific Islands Section
 - C. U.S. Coast Guard
 - D. Enforcement
 - D.1. NOAA Office of Law Enforcement
 - D.2. NOAA Office of General Counsel Enforcement Section
 - E. U.S. State Department
 - F. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service/ Department of the Interior
 - G. Bureau of Ocean Energy

- Management
- H. Public Comment
- I. Council Discussion and Action

Monday, June 9, 2025, 4:30 p.m. to 5 p.m. HST

Public Comment on Non-Agenda Items

Monday, June 9, 2025, 6 p.m. to 9 p.m. HST

Fishers Forum

Tuesday, June 10, 2025, 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. HST

6. Pelagics and International
 - A. 2024 Pelagic Annual SAFE Report
 - B. Hawaii and American Samoa Longline Fisheries (LL) Crew Training Requirement (Final Action)
 - C. Implementation of Electronic Monitoring (EM) in Hawaii and American Samoa LL Fisheries (Final Action)
 - D. Management Procedure for South Pacific Albacore
 - E. Advisory Group Report and Recommendations
 - E.1. Advisory Panels (AP)
 - E.2. Plan Teams (PT)
 - E.3. Social Science Planning Committee (SSPC)
 - E.4. Fishing Industry Advisory Committee (FIAC)
 - E.5. Scientific and Statistical Committee (SSC)
 - E.6. Pelagic & International Standing Committee
 - F. Public Comment
 - G. Council Discussion and Action
7. Hawaii Archipelago and Pacific Remote Island Area (PRIA)
 - A. Moku Pepa
 - B. Division of Aquatic Resources Report
 - C. 2024 Hawaii and PRIA Annual SAFE Report
 - D. Annual Catch Limit (ACL) Specifications for Main Hawaiian Islands Uku for 2026 to 2029 (Final Action)
 - E. Fishing Regulations for the Papahānaumokuākea National Marine Sanctuary Final Rule Update
 - F. Advisory Group Report and Recommendations
 - F.1. AP
 - F.2. PT
 - F.3. SSPC
 - F.4. FIAC
 - F.5. SSC
 - G. Public Comment
 - H. Council Discussion and Action
8. Program Planning and Research
 - A. Legislative Report
 - B. Executive Order (E.O.) and Presidential Proclamations
 - B.1. Proclamation 10918 Unleashing

American Commercial Fishing in the Pacific

- B.2. E.O. 14276 Restoring American Seafood Competitiveness, including Review of Marine National Monuments (Marianas Trench, Rose Atoll and Papahānaumokuākea)
- C. Aligning Science and Management Priorities
- D. Report on Inflation Reduction Act Program Projects
 - D.1. Scenario Planning
 - D.2. Community engagement/capacity building
- E. Council Education and Outreach Report
- F. Advisory Group Report and Recommendations
 - F.1. AP
 - F.2. PT
 - F.3. SSPC
 - F.4. FIAC
 - F.5. Fishery Data Collection and Research Committee
 - F.6. SSC
 - F.7. Military Expansion Standing Committee
- G. Public Comment
- H. Council Discussion and Action

Wednesday, June 11, 2025, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. HST

9. Mariana Archipelago
 - A. Guam
 - A.1. Isla Informe
 - A.2. Department of Agriculture/ Division of Aquatic and Wildlife Resources Report
 - A.3. 2024 Guam SAFE Report
 - B. Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI)
 - B.1. Arongol Falú
 - B.2. Department of Lands and Natural Resources/Division of Fish and Wildlife Report
 - B.3. 2024 CNMI Annual SAFE Report
 - B.4. 2025 CNMI Bottomfish Management Unit Species (BMUS) Stock Assessment/Western Pacific Stock Assessment Review (WPSAR) Report
 - C. Advisory Group Report and Recommendations
 - C.1. Marianas AP
 - C.2. PT
 - C.3. FIAC
 - C.4. SSC
 - C.5. Military Expansion Standing Committee
 - D. Public Comment
 - E. Council Discussion and Action
10. American Samoa Archipelago
 - A. Motu Lipoti
 - B. Department of Marine and Wildlife Resources Report
 - C. 2024 American Samoa Annual SAFE Report
 - D. Advisory Group Report and Recommendations

- D.1. American Samoa AP
 - D.2. PT
 - D.3. FIAC
 - D.4. SSC
 - E. Public Comment
 - F. Council Discussion and Action
 - 11. Administrative Matters
 - A. Financial Reports
 - B. Administrative Reports
 - C. Council Family Changes
 - D. Report on Council Coordination Committee
 - E. Meetings and Workshops
 - F. Executive and Budget Standing Committee Report
 - G. Public Comment
 - H. Council Discussion and Action
- Non-emergency issues not contained in this agenda may come before the Council for discussion during its 203rd meeting. However, Council action on regulatory issues will be restricted to those issues specifically listed in this document and any regulatory issue arising after publication of this document that requires emergency action under section 305(c) of the Magnuson-Stevens Act, provided the public has been notified of the Council's intent to take action to address the emergency.

Special Accommodations

These meetings are accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to Kitty M. Simonds, (808) 522-8220 (voice) or (808) 522-8226 (fax), at least 5 days prior to the meeting date.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: May 28, 2025.

Rey Israel Marquez,

Acting Deputy Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2025-09933 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

CONSUMER FINANCIAL PROTECTION BUREAU

[Docket No. CFPB-2025-0032]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Comment Request

AGENCY: Consumer Financial Protection Bureau.

ACTION: Notice and request for comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB) requests the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB's) extension for the existing information collection titled "Electronic Fund Transfer Act (Regulation E)"

approved under OMB Control Number 3170-0014.

DATES: Written comments are encouraged and must be received on or before July 2, 2025 to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function. In general, all comments received will become public records, including any personal information provided. Sensitive personal information, such as account numbers or Social Security numbers, should not be included.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Requests for additional information should be directed to Anthony May, Paperwork Reduction Act Officer, at (304) 481-5511, or email: CFPB_PRA@cfpb.gov. If you require this document in an alternative electronic format, please contact CFPB_Accessibility@cfpb.gov. Please do not submit comments to these email boxes.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title of Collection: Electronic Fund Transfer Act (Regulation E).

OMB Control Number: 3170-0014.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved information collection.

Affected Public: Businesses and other for-profit institutions.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 600,000.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 3,361,056.

Abstract: The Electronic Fund Transfer Act (EFTA), 15 U.S.C. 1693 *et seq.*, requires accurate disclosure of the costs, terms, and rights relating to electronic fund transfer (EFT) services and remittance transfer services to consumers. Entities offering EFT services must provide consumers with full and accurate information regarding consumers' rights and responsibilities in connection with EFT services. These disclosures are intended to protect the rights of consumers using EFT services, such as automated teller machine (ATM) transfers, telephone bill-payment services, point-of-sale transfers at retail establishments, electronic check conversion, payroll cards, and preauthorized transfers from or to a consumer's account. EFTA also establishes error resolution procedures and limits consumer liability for unauthorized transfers in connection

with EFT services. EFTA and Regulation E impose disclosure and other requirements on issuers and sellers of gift cards, gift certificates, and general-use prepaid cards. Further, EFTA and Regulation E provide protections for consumers in the United States who send remittance transfers to persons in a foreign country. It also provides comprehensive protections for consumers who use "prepaid accounts." Tailored provisions governing disclosures, limited liability, error resolution, and periodic statements added new requirements regarding the posting of account agreements. Additionally, Regulations E regulates overdraft credit features offered in connection with prepaid accounts.

Request for Comments: The CFPB published a 60-day **Federal Register** notice on March 10, 2025 (90 FR 11600) under Docket Number: CFPB-2025-0009. The CFPB is publishing this notice and soliciting comments on: (a) Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the CFPB, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) The accuracy of the CFPB's estimate of the burden of the collection of information, including the validity of the methods and the assumptions used; (c) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) Ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Comments submitted in response to this notice will be reviewed by OMB as part of its review of this request. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Anthony May,

Paperwork Reduction Act Officer, Consumer Financial Protection Bureau.

[FR Doc. 2025-09880 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4810-AM-P

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Personnel Development To Improve Services and Results for Children With Disabilities—Interdisciplinary Preparation of Early Intervention, Special Education, and Related Services Personnel Serving Children With Disabilities Who Have High-Intensity Needs; Correction

AGENCY: Department of Education.

ACTION: Notice; correction.

SUMMARY: The Department of Education published a document in the **Federal**

Register of May 27, 2025, concerning applications for new awards for fiscal year (FY) 2025 for Personnel Development to Improve Services and Results for Children with Disabilities—Interdisciplinary Preparation of Early Intervention, Special Education, and Related Services Personnel Serving Children with Disabilities who have High-Intensity Needs. The document contained incorrect information in footnote 5.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sunyoung Ahn, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Ave. SW, Washington, DC 20202. Telephone: 202–987–0141. Email: Sunyoung.Ahn@ed.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Correction

In the **Federal Register** of May 27, 2025, in FR Doc. 2025–09431, on page 22254, in the second column, correct footnote 5 to read:

⁵For the purposes of this priority, “scholar” means an individual who: (a) is pursuing a master’s, educational specialist, or clinical doctoral degree in early intervention, special education, or related services; (b) receives scholarship assistance as authorized under section 662 of IDEA (34 CFR 304.3(g)); (c) will be eligible for a license, endorsement, or certification from a State or national credentialing authority following completion of the degree program identified in the application; and (d) will be able to be employed in a position that serves children with disabilities for a minimum of 51 percent of their time or case load. Individuals pursuing degrees in general education or early childhood education do not qualify as “scholars” eligible for scholarship assistance.

Dated: May 27, 2025.

Sharon Cooke,

Associate Director, Office of Executive Secretariat.

[FR Doc. 2025–09859 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4000–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

[Docket Nos. 13–04–LNG and 16–109–LNG]

Lake Charles LNG Export Company, LLC; Application for an Amendment To Extend the Commencement of Operations Deadline in Long-Term Authorizations To Export Liquefied Natural Gas

AGENCY: Office of Fossil Energy and Carbon Management, Department of Energy.

ACTION: Notice of application.

SUMMARY: The Office of Fossil Energy and Carbon Management (FECM) (formerly the Office of Fossil Energy) of

the Department of Energy (DOE) gives notice (Notice) of receipt of an application (Extension Application), filed on April 17, 2025, by Lake Charles LNG Export Company, LLC (Lake Charles LNG Export). Lake Charles LNG Export asks DOE to amend its existing authorizations to export domestically produced liquefied natural gas (LNG) to non-free trade agreement countries set forth in DOE/FE Order Nos. 3868 and 4010 (both as amended)—specifically, to extend the current commencement of export operations deadline in both orders. Lake Charles LNG Export filed the Extension Application under the Natural Gas Act (NGA).

DATES: Protests, motions to intervene, or notices of intervention, as applicable, and written comments are to be filed electronically as detailed in the Public Comment Procedures section no later than 4:30 p.m., Eastern time, July 2, 2025.

ADDRESSES:

Electronic Filing by email (Strongly encouraged): fergas@hq.doe.gov.

Postal Mail, Hand Delivery, or Private Delivery Services (e.g., FedEx, UPS, etc.), U.S. Department of Energy (FE–34), Office of Regulation, Analysis, and Engagement, Office of Fossil Energy and Carbon Management, Forrestal Building, Room 3E–056, 1000 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20585

Due to potential delays in DOE’s receipt and processing of mail sent through the U.S. Postal Service, we encourage respondents to submit filings electronically to ensure timely receipt.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jennifer Wade or Peri Ulrey, U.S.

Department of Energy (FE–34), Office of Regulation, Analysis, and Engagement, Office of Resource Sustainability, Office of Fossil Energy and Carbon Management, Forrestal Building, Room 3E–042, 1000 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20585, (202) 586–4749 or (202) 586–7893, jennifer.wade@hq.doe.gov or peri.ulrey@hq.doe.gov

Cassandra Bernstein, U.S. Department of Energy (GC–76), Office of the Assistant General Counsel for Energy Delivery and Resilience, Forrestal Building, Room 6D–033, 1000 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20585, (240) 780–1691, cassandra.bernstein@hq.doe.gov

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Previously, DOE authorized Lake Charles LNG Export to export domestically produced LNG by vessel

from the Lake Charles Terminal, located in Lake Charles, Louisiana, to any country with which the United States has not entered into a free trade agreement (FTA) requiring national treatment for trade in natural gas, and with which trade is not prohibited by U.S. law or policy (non-FTA countries), pursuant to NGA section 3(a),¹ under the following orders:

- DOE/FE Order No. 3868, as amended (Docket No. 13–04–LNG), in a volume equivalent to 730 billion cubic per year (Bcf/yr) of natural gas, through December 31, 2050;² and
- DOE/FE Order No. 4010, as amended (Docket No. 16–109–LNG), in a volume equivalent to 121 Bcf/yr of natural gas, through December 31, 2050.³

Both orders originally required Lake Charles LNG Export to “commence export operations using the planned liquefaction facilities no later than seven years from the date of issuance of this Order”—i.e., by July 29, 2023, for Order No. 3868, and by June 29, 2024, for Order No. 4010—but, in October 2020, those deadlines were extended to December 16, 2025, for both orders.⁴ In the Extension Application, Lake Charles LNG Export asks DOE to extend the current “commencement of export operations deadline” in both orders from December 16, 2025, to December 31, 2031.⁵

¹ 15 U.S.C. 717b(a).

² *Lake Charles LNG Export Co., LLC*, DOE/FE Order No. 3868, Docket No. 13–04–LNG, Opinion and Order Granting Long-Term, Multi-Contract Authorization to Export Liquefied Natural Gas by Vessel From the Lake Charles Terminal in Calcasieu Parish, Louisiana to Non-Free Trade Agreement Nations (July 29, 2016), *amended by* DOE/FE Order No. 3868–A (Oct. 6, 2020) (extending export commencement deadline in non-FTA authorization), *requested amendment denied by* DOE/FECM Order No. 3868–B (Apr. 21, 2023) (denying second commencement extension), *reh’g denied*, DOE/FECM Order No. 3868–C (June 21, 2023), *amended by* DOE/FECM Order No. 3868–D (Nov. 1, 2023) (extending export term).

³ *Lake Charles LNG Export Co., LLC*, DOE/FE Order No. 4010, Docket No. 16–109–LNG, Opinion and Order Granting Long-Term, Multi-Contract Authorization to Export Liquefied Natural Gas by Vessel From the Lake Charles Terminal in Lake Charles, Louisiana, to Free Trade and Non-Free Trade Agreement Nations (June 29, 2017), *amended by* Order No. 4010–A (Oct. 6, 2020) (amending the term of FTA export authorization and extending export commencement deadline in non-FTA authorization), *requested amendment denied by* DOE/FECM Order No. 4010–B (Apr. 21, 2023) (denying second commencement extension), *reh’g denied* DOE/FECM Order No. 4010–C (June 21, 2023), *amended by* DOE/FECM Order No. 4010–D (Nov. 1, 2023) (extending export term). The portion of this order authorizing Lake Charles LNG Export to export LNG to FTA countries is not subject to this Notice. *See* 15 U.S.C. 717b(c).

⁴ *See supra* notes 2–3 (citing DOE/FE Order No. 3868–A and 4010–A, respectively).

⁵ *Lake Charles LNG Export Co., LLC*, Application for an Amendment to Extend the Commencement

In support of the extension request, Lake Charles LNG Export asserts that it is unable to meet the current commencement of export operations deadline due to circumstances outside of its control. Lake Charles LNG Export further states that, on April 11, 2025, it (together with its affiliates Lake Charles LNG Company, LLC and Trunkline Gas Company, LLC, and collectively, Lake Charles LNG Export) applied to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) for an extension of the existing FERC construction deadline for the Lake Charles LNG Liquefaction Project and related Pipeline Modifications Project (collectively, Projects) to December 31, 2031 (the same date as the requested extension in this proceeding).⁶ DOE takes administrative notice that, on May 8, 2025, FERC issued a letter order granting Lake Charles LNG Export's requested extension of time "until and including December 31, 2031," to construct the Projects and make them available for service.⁷

In the Extension Application, Lake Charles LNG Export also identifies the actions it has taken to advance the Liquefaction Project and to continue construction. Lake Charles LNG Export maintains that it requests only "a change in the timing" to commence export operations and "does not request any changes to the nature of the Project."⁸

Additional details can be found in the Extension Application, posted on the DOE website at: <https://www.energy.gov/sites/default/files/2025-04/Lake;%20Charles;%20LNG;%20Export;%20DOE;%20Extension;%20Application;%20April%2017%202025.pdf>.

DOE Evaluation

In reviewing the Extension Application, DOE will consider any issues required by law or policy under NGA section 3(a), DOE's regulations, and any other documents deemed appropriate.

Parties that may oppose the Extension Application should address these issues and documents in their comments and/or protests, as well as other issues deemed relevant to the Extension Application.

of Operations Deadline and Request for Expedited Action, Docket Nos. 13–04–LNG and 16–109–LNG, at 1 (Apr. 17, 2025) [hereinafter Ext. App.] (requesting that DOE approve the Extension Application on or before June 16, 2025).

⁶ See Ext. App. at 20.

⁷ *Lake Charles LNG Co., LLC, et al.*, Letter Order, FERC Docket Nos. CP14–119, *et al.* (May 8, 2025), https://elibrary.ferc.gov/eLibrary/filelist?accession_num=20250508-3019 (granting request for extension of time).

⁸ Ext. App. at 33.

The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*, requires DOE to give appropriate consideration to the environmental effects of its proposed decisions. No final decision will be issued in this proceeding until DOE has met its environmental responsibilities.

Public Comment Procedures

In response to this Notice, any person may file a protest, comments, or a motion to intervene or notice of intervention, as applicable, addressing the Extension Application. Interested parties will be provided 30 days from the date of publication of this Notice in which to submit comments, protests, motions to intervene, or notices of intervention. The public previously was given an opportunity to intervene in, protest, and comment on Lake Charles LNG Export's long-term non-FTA applications in Docket Nos. 13–04–LNG and 16–109–LNG. Therefore, DOE will not consider comments or protests that do not bear directly on the Extension Application.

Any person wishing to become a party to this proceeding evaluating the Extension Application must file a motion to intervene or notice of intervention.⁹ The filing of comments or a protest with respect to the Extension Application will not serve to make the commenter or protestant a party to this proceeding, although protests and comments received from persons who are not parties will be considered in determining the appropriate action to be taken on the Extension Application. All protests, comments, motions to intervene, or notices of intervention must meet the requirements specified by DOE's regulations in 10 CFR part 590, including the service requirements.

Filings may be submitted using one of the following methods:

- (1) Submitting the filing electronically at fergas@hq.doe.gov;
- (2) Mailing the filing to the Office of Regulation, Analysis, and Engagement at the address listed in the **ADDRESSES** section; or
- (3) Hand delivering the filing to the Office of Regulation, Analysis, and Engagement at the address listed in the **ADDRESSES** section.

For administrative efficiency, DOE prefers filings to be filed electronically. All filings must include a reference to

⁹ Status as an intervenor in prior proceeding(s) in the Lake Charles LNG Export dockets does not continue to this proceeding evaluating the Extension Application, and therefore any person interested in intervening to address the Extension Application must file a new motion to intervene (or notice of intervention, as applicable). 10 CFR 590.303.

"Docket Nos. 13–04–LNG and 16–109–LNG" or "Lake Charles LNG Export Company, LLC Extension Application" in the title line.

For electronic submissions: Please include all related documents and attachments (e.g., exhibits) in the original email correspondence. Please do not include any active hyperlinks or password protection in any of the documents or attachments related to the filing. All electronic filings submitted to DOE must follow these guidelines to ensure that all documents are filed in a timely manner.

The Extension Application, and any filed protests, motions to intervene, notices of intervention, and comments will be available electronically on the DOE website at www.energy.gov/fecm/regulation.

A decisional record on the Extension Application will be developed through responses to this Notice by parties, including the parties' written comments and replies thereto. Additional procedures will be used as necessary to achieve a complete understanding of the facts and issues. If an additional procedure is scheduled, notice will be provided to all parties. If no party requests additional procedures, a final Order may be issued based on the official record, including the Extension Application and responses filed by parties pursuant to this Notice, in accordance with 10 CFR 590.316.

Signed in Washington, DC, on May 27, 2025.

Amy Sweeney,

Director, Office of Regulation, Analysis, and Engagement, Office of Resource Sustainability.

[FR Doc. 2025–09881 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Project No. 420–115]

City of Ketchikan, Alaska; Notice of Intent To File License Application, Filing of Pre-Application Document (Pad), Commencement of ILP Pre-Filing Process and Scoping, Request for Comments on the Pad and Scoping Document, and Identification of Issues and Associated Study Requests

a. *Type of Filing:* Notice of Intent to File License Application for a New License and Commencing Pre-filing Licensing Process.

b. *Project No.:* 420–115.

c. *Dated Filed:* March 31, 2025.

d. *Submitted By:* Ketchikan Public Utilities (KPU), on behalf of the City of Ketchikan, Alaska.

e. *Name of Project:* Ketchikan Lakes Hydroelectric Project (Ketchikan Lakes Project or project).

f. *Location:* The project is located on Ketchikan Creek and Granite Basin Creek, in the Ketchikan Gateway Borough, Alaska.

g. *Filed Pursuant to:* 18 CFR part 5 of the Commission's regulations.

h. *Applicant Contact:* Jennifer Holstrom, Regulatory Compliance Manager, Ketchikan Public Utilities, 1065 Fair Street, Ketchikan, AK 99901; phone: (907) 228-4733; email at JenniferHolstrom@ketchikan.gov.

i. *FERC Contact:* Amy Chang, (202) 502-6150 or email at amy.chang@ferc.gov.

j. *Cooperating agencies:* Federal, state, local, and tribal agencies with jurisdiction and/or special expertise with respect to environmental issues that wish to cooperate in the preparation of the environmental document should follow the instructions for filing such requests described in item o below. Cooperating agencies should note the Commission's policy that agencies that cooperate in the preparation of the environmental document cannot also intervene. *See* 94 FERC ¶ 61,076 (2001).

k. *With this notice, we are initiating informal consultation with:* (a) the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and NOAA Fisheries under section 7 of the Endangered Species Act and the joint agency regulations thereunder at 50 CFR, Part 402; (b) NOAA Fisheries under section 305(b) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act and implementing regulations at 50 CFR 600.920; and (c) the Alaska State Historic Preservation Officer, as required by section 106, National Historic Preservation Act, and the implementing regulations of the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation at 36 CFR 800.2.

l. With this notice, we are designating KPU as the Commission's non-federal representative for carrying out informal consultation, pursuant to section 7 of the Endangered Species Act and section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

m. KPU filed with the Commission a Pre-Application Document (PAD; including a proposed process plan and schedule), pursuant to 18 CFR 5.6 of the Commission's regulations.

n. A copy of the PAD is available for review on the Commission's website (<http://www.ferc.gov>), using the "eLibrary" link. Enter the docket number, excluding the last three digits

of the sub-docket in the docket number field to access the document. For assistance, contact FERC Online Support at FERCOnlineSupport@ferc.gov, (866) 208-3676 (toll free), or (202) 502-8659 (TTY). A copy is also available via the contact in paragraph h.

You may register online at <https://ferconline.ferc.gov/FEROnline.aspx> to be notified via email of new filings and issuances related to this or other pending projects. For assistance, contact FERC Online Support.

The Commission's Office of Public Participation (OPP) supports meaningful public engagement and participation in Commission proceedings. OPP can help members of the public, including landowners, Tribal members and others, access publicly available information and navigate Commission processes. For public inquiries and assistance with making filings such as interventions, comments, or requests for rehearing, the public is encouraged to contact OPP at (202) 502-6595, or at OPP@ferc.gov.

o. With this notice, we are soliciting comments on the PAD and Commission staff's Scoping Document 1 (SD1), as well as study requests. All comments on the PAD and SD1, and study requests should be sent to the address above in paragraph h. In addition, all comments on the PAD and SD1, study requests, requests for cooperating agency status, and all communications to and from Commission staff related to the merits of the potential application must be filed with the Commission.

The Commission strongly encourages electronic filing. Please file documents using the Commission's eFiling system at <https://ferconline.ferc.gov/FEROnline.aspx>. Commenters can submit brief comments up to 6,000 characters, without prior registration, using the eComment system at <https://ferconline.ferc.gov/QuickComment.aspx>. You must include your name and contact information at the end of your comments. For assistance, please contact FERC Online. In lieu of electronic filing, you may submit a paper copy. Submissions sent via the U.S. Postal Service must be addressed to: Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE, Room 1A, Washington, DC 20426. Submissions sent via any other carrier must be addressed to: Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 12225 Wilkins Avenue, Rockville, Maryland 20852. All filings must clearly identify the project name and docket number on the first page: Ketchikan Lakes Hydroelectric Project (P-420-115).

All filings with the Commission must bear the appropriate heading: "Comments on Pre-Application Document," "Study Requests," "Comments on Scoping Document 1," "Request for Cooperating Agency Status," or "Communications to and from Commission Staff." Any individual or entity interested in submitting study requests, commenting on the PAD or SD1, and any agency requesting cooperating status must do so by 5:00 p.m. Eastern Daylight Time, July 28, 2025.

p. Scoping Process

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), Commission staff will prepare either an environmental assessment (EA) or an environmental impact statement (EIS) (collectively referred to as the "NEPA document"). The NEPA document will consider both site-specific and cumulative environmental effects, and reasonable alternatives to the proposed action. The Commission's scoping process will help determine the required level of analysis and satisfy the NEPA scoping requirements, irrespective of whether the Commission prepares an EA or EIS.

Scoping Meetings

Commission staff will hold two scoping meetings for the project to receive input on the scope of the NEPA document. An evening meeting will focus on receiving input from the public and a daytime meeting will focus on concerns of resource agencies, Native American tribes, and non-governmental organizations (NGO). We invite all interested agencies, Native American tribes, NGOs, and the public to attend one or both meetings to assist us in identifying the scope of environmental issues that should be analyzed in the NEPA document. The dates and times of the scoping meetings are listed below.

Daytime Scoping Meeting

Date: Wednesday, June 25, 2025.

Time: 9:30 a.m. to 11:30 p.m. Alaska Daylight Time (AKDT).

Location: Ted Ferry Civic Center, 888 Venetia Avenue, Ketchikan, AK 99901.

Evening Scoping Meeting

Date: Wednesday, June 25, 2025.

Time: 6:00 p.m. to 8:00 p.m. AKDT.

Location: Ted Ferry Civic Center, 888 Venetia Avenue, Ketchikan, AK 99901.

Copies of SD1, outlining the subject areas to be addressed in the environmental document, was mailed to the individuals and entities on the Commission's mailing list and KPU's PAD distribution list. Copies of SD1 may be viewed on the web at <http://>

www.ferc.gov, using the “eLibrary” link. Follow the directions for accessing information in paragraph n. Based on all oral and written comments, a Scoping Document 2 (SD2) may be issued. SD2 may include a revised process plan and schedule, as well as a list of issues, identified through the scoping process.

Environmental Site Visit

KPU and Commission staff will conduct an environmental site visit of the Ketchikan Lakes Project on Thursday, June 26, 2025, from 9:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m. AKDT.

The site review will begin at KPU’s office, 1065 Fair Street, Ketchikan, AK 99901 and will visit several locations to view the project.

All interested individuals, agencies, Tribes, and NGOs are invited to attend. Participants should meet at 9:00 a.m. at KPU’s office located at 1065 Fair Street, Ketchikan, AK. Please contact Cory Warnock at (360) 739-0187 or via email at warnock@mcmillen.com or Jeanette Ayala at ayala@mcmillen.com on or before June 10, 2025, if you plan to attend the site review.

Meeting Procedures

Agencies, Tribes, NGOs, and individuals with environmental expertise and concerns are encouraged to attend the meetings and to assist the staff in defining and clarifying the issues to be addressed in the NEPA document. At the start of each meeting, Commission staff will provide a brief overview of the meeting format and objectives. Individual oral comments will be taken on a one-on-one basis with a court reporter (with Commission staff present). This format is designed to receive the maximum number of oral comments in a convenient way during the timeframe allotted. If you wish to speak, Commission staff will hand out numbers in the order of your arrival. If all individuals who wish to provide comments have had an opportunity to do so, Commission staff may conclude the meeting a half hour earlier than the scheduled time. Please see appendix C of the SD1 for additional information on the session format and conduct.¹

Scoping comments will be recorded by the court reporter and become part of the public record for this proceeding. Transcripts will be publicly available on FERC’s eLibrary system. If a significant number of people are interested in

providing oral comments in the one-on-one settings, a time limit may be implemented for each commentor.

It is important to note that the Commission provides equal consideration to all comments received, whether filed in writing or provided orally at a scoping session. Although there will not be a formal presentation, Commission staff will be available throughout the scoping meeting(s) to answer your questions about the environmental review process. Representatives from KPU will also be present to answer project-specific questions.

Dated: May 27, 2025.

Carlos D. Clay,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025-09924 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. CP25-491-000]

Texas Eastern Transmission, LP; Notice of Application and Establishing Intervention Deadline

Take notice that on May 15, 2025, Texas Eastern Transmission, LP (Texas Eastern), 915 N. Eldridge Pkwy, Suite 1100, Houston, Texas 77079-2703, filed an application under sections 7(b) and 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act (NGA) and Part 157 of the Commission’s regulations requesting authorization for its Appalachia to Market III Project (Project). The Project proposes to (i) take-up approximately 1.95 miles of 24-inch-diameter idled Line 1 pipeline in Adams and York counties, Pennsylvania and relay approximately 2.0 miles of 36-inch-diameter pipeline (Line 1 Pipeline) adjacent to and south of Texas Eastern’s existing Line 2 pipeline; (ii) abandon and remove an existing receiver at Texas Eastern’s Bakers Watering Trough Valve Site at the western terminus of the Line 1 Pipeline; (iii) construct a new receiver, 36-inch-diameter valve, and 30-inch-diameter crossover at the eastern terminus of the Line 1 Pipeline; (iv) modify its Bedford Compressor Station in Bedford County, Pennsylvania, by uprating the existing electric motor driven (EMD) compressor unit 13E from 26,000 horsepower (hp) to 35,500 hp, installing a new emergency shut down gas conditioning skid, and changing impellers on the existing EMD compressor units 11E and 12E; and (v) install related appurtenances. The Project will provide up to 32,000

dekatherms per day of additional firm natural gas transportation service from the Appalachian supply basin in southwest Pennsylvania to meet the needs of two existing local distribution company customers in Pennsylvania and Delaware. Texas Eastern estimates the total cost of the Project to be \$42,211,930 and proposes to charge initial incremental recourse rates, incremental electric power cost rates, and the applicable system fuel percentage, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open for public inspection.

In addition to publishing the full text of this document in the **Federal Register**, the Commission provides all interested persons an opportunity to view and/or print the contents of this document via the internet through the Commission’s Home Page (<http://www.ferc.gov>). From the Commission’s Home Page on the internet, this information is available on eLibrary. The full text of this document is available on eLibrary in PDF and Microsoft Word format for viewing, printing, and/or downloading. To access this document in eLibrary, type the docket number excluding the last three digits of this document in the docket number field.

User assistance is available for eLibrary and the Commission’s website during normal business hours from FERC Online Support at (202) 502-6652 (toll free at 1-866-208-3676) or email at ferconlinesupport@ferc.gov, or the Public Reference Room at (202) 502-8371, TTY (202) 502-8659. Email the Public Reference Room at public.reference@ferc.gov.

Any questions regarding the proposed project should be directed to Brian Kim, Manager, Rates and Certificates, Texas Eastern Transmission, LP, P.O. Box 1642, Houston, Texas 77251-1642, by phone at (713) 627-4186, or by email at brian.kim@enbridge.com.

Pursuant to section 157.9 of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure,¹ within 90 days of this Notice the Commission staff will either: complete its environmental review and place it into the Commission’s public record (eLibrary) for this proceeding; or issue a Notice of Schedule for Environmental Review. If a Notice of Schedule for Environmental Review is issued, it will indicate, among other milestones, the anticipated date for the Commission staff’s issuance of the final environmental impact statement (FEIS) or environmental assessment (EA) for this proposal. The filing of an EA in the

¹ The appendix referenced in this notice will not appear in the **Federal Register**. Copies of the appendix were sent to all those receiving this notice in the mail and are available at www.ferc.gov using the “eLibrary” link. For assistance, contact FERC at FERCOnlineSupport@ferc.gov, or (866) 208-3676 (toll free) or (202) 502-8659 (TTY).

¹ 18 CFR 157.9.

Commission's public record for this proceeding or the issuance of a Notice of Schedule for Environmental Review will serve to notify federal and state agencies of the timing for the completion of all necessary reviews, and the subsequent need to complete all federal authorizations within 90 days of the date of issuance of the Commission staff's FEIS or EA.

Water Quality Certification

Texas Eastern stated that a water quality certificate under section 401 of the Clean Water Act is required for the project from the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection Regional Permit Coordination Office. When available, Texas Eastern should submit to the Commission a copy of the request for certification for the Commission authorization, including the date the request was submitted to the certifying agency, and either (1) a copy of the certifying agency's decision or (2) evidence of waiver of water quality certification.

Public Participation

There are three ways to become involved in the Commission's review of this project: you can file comments on the project, you can protest the filing, and you can file a motion to intervene in the proceeding. There is no fee or cost for filing comments or intervening. The deadline for filing a motion to intervene is 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time on June 17, 2025. How to file protests, motions to intervene, and comments is explained below.

The Commission's Office of Public Participation (OPP) supports meaningful public engagement and participation in Commission proceedings. OPP can help members of the public, including landowners, community organizations, Tribal members and others, access publicly available information and navigate Commission processes. For public inquiries and assistance with making filings such as interventions, comments, or requests for rehearing, the public is encouraged to contact OPP at (202) 502-6595 or OPP@ferc.gov.

Comments

Any person wishing to comment on the project may do so. Comments may include statements of support or objections, to the project as a whole or specific aspects of the project. The more specific your comments, the more useful they will be.

Protests

Pursuant to sections 157.10(a)(4)² and 385.211³ of the Commission's regulations under the NGA, any person⁴ may file a protest to the application. Protests must comply with the requirements specified in section 385.2001⁵ of the Commission's regulations. A protest may also serve as a motion to intervene so long as the protestor states it also seeks to be an intervenor.

To ensure that your comments or protests are timely and properly recorded, please submit your comments on or before June 17, 2025.

There are three methods you can use to submit your comments or protests to the Commission. In all instances, please reference the Project docket number CP25-491-000 in your submission.

(1) You may file your comments electronically by using the eComment feature, which is located on the Commission's website at www.ferc.gov under the link to Documents and Filings. Using eComment is an easy method for interested persons to submit brief, text-only comments on a project;

(2) You may file your comments or protests electronically by using the eFiling feature, which is located on the Commission's website (www.ferc.gov) under the link to Documents and Filings. With eFiling, you can provide comments in a variety of formats by attaching them as a file with your submission. New eFiling users must first create an account by clicking on "eRegister." You will be asked to select the type of filing you are making; first select "General" and then select "Comment on a Filing"; or

(3) You can file a paper copy of your comments or protests by mailing them to the following address below. Your written comments must reference the Project docket number (CP25-491-000).

To file via USPS: Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE, Washington, DC 20426.

To file via any other courier: Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 12225 Wilkins Avenue, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

The Commission encourages electronic filing of comments (options 1 and 2 above) and has eFiling staff available to assist you at (202) 502-8258 or FercOnlineSupport@ferc.gov.

² 18 CFR 157.10(a)(4).

³ 18 CFR 385.211.

⁴ Persons include individuals, organizations, businesses, municipalities, and other entities. 18 CFR 385.102(d).

⁵ 18 CFR 385.2001.

Persons who comment on the environmental review of this project will be placed on the Commission's environmental mailing list, and will receive notification when the environmental documents (EA or EIS) are issued for this project and will be notified of meetings associated with the Commission's environmental review process.

The Commission considers all comments received about the project in determining the appropriate action to be taken. However, the filing of a comment alone will not serve to make the filer a party to the proceeding. To become a party, you must intervene in the proceeding. For instructions on how to intervene, see below.

Interventions

Any person, which includes individuals, organizations, businesses, municipalities, and other entities,⁶ has the option to file a motion to intervene in this proceeding. Only intervenors have the right to request rehearing of Commission orders issued in this proceeding and to subsequently challenge the Commission's orders in the U.S. Circuit Courts of Appeal.

To intervene, you must submit a motion to intervene to the Commission in accordance with Rule 214 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure⁷ and the regulations under the NGA⁸ by the intervention deadline for the project, which is June 17, 2025. As described further in Rule 214, your motion to intervene must state, to the extent known, your position regarding the proceeding, as well as your interest in the proceeding. For an individual, this could include your status as a landowner, ratepayer, resident of an impacted community, or recreationist. You do not need to have property directly impacted by the project in order to intervene. For more information about motions to intervene, refer to the FERC website at <https://www.ferc.gov/resources/guides/how-to/intervene.asp>.

There are two ways to submit your motion to intervene. In both instances, please reference the Project docket number CP25-491-000 in your submission.

(1) You may file your motion to intervene by using the Commission's eFiling feature, which is located on the Commission's website (www.ferc.gov) under the link to Documents and Filings. New eFiling users must first create an account by clicking on "eRegister." You will be asked to select

⁶ 18 CFR 385.102(d).

⁷ 18 CFR 385.214.

⁸ 18 CFR 157.10.

the type of filing you are making; first select “General” and then select “Intervention.” The eFiling feature includes a document-less intervention option; for more information, visit <https://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/efiling/document-less-intervention.pdf>; or

(2) You can file a paper copy of your motion to intervene, along with three copies, by mailing the documents to the address below. Your motion to intervene must reference the Project docket number CP25–491–000.

To file via USPS: Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE, Washington, DC 20426.

To file via any other courier: Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 12225 Wilkins Avenue, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

The Commission encourages electronic filing of motions to intervene (option 1 above) and has eFiling staff available to assist you at (202) 502–8258 or FercOnlineSupport@ferc.gov.

Protests and motions to intervene must be served on the applicant either by mail at: Brian Kim, Manager, Rates and Certificates, Texas Eastern Transmission, LP, P.O. Box 1642, Houston, Texas 77251–1642 or by email (with a link to the document) at brian.kim@enbridge.com. Any subsequent submissions by an intervenor must be served on the applicant and all other parties to the proceeding. Contact information for parties can be downloaded from the service list at the eService link on FERC Online. Service can be via email with a link to the document.

All timely, unopposed⁹ motions to intervene are automatically granted by operation of Rule 214(c)(1).¹⁰ Motions to intervene that are filed after the intervention deadline are untimely, and may be denied. Any late-filed motion to intervene must show good cause for being late and must explain why the time limitation should be waived and provide justification by reference to factors set forth in Rule 214(d) of the Commission’s Rules and Regulations.¹¹ A person obtaining party status will be placed on the service list maintained by the Secretary of the Commission and will receive copies (paper or electronic) of all documents filed by the applicant and by all other parties.

Tracking The Proceeding

Throughout the proceeding, additional information about the project will be available from the Commission’s Office of External Affairs, at (866) 208–FERC, or on the FERC website at www.ferc.gov using the “eLibrary” link as described above. The eLibrary link also provides access to the texts of all formal documents issued by the Commission, such as orders, notices, and rulemakings.

In addition, the Commission offers a free service called eSubscription which allows you to keep track of all formal issuances and submittals in specific dockets. This can reduce the amount of time you spend researching proceedings by automatically providing you with notification of these filings, document summaries, and direct links to the documents. For more information and to register, go to www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/esubscription.asp.

Intervention Deadline: 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time on June 17, 2025.

Dated: May 27, 2025.

Carlos D. Clay,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025–09918 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket Nos. ER22–2310–000, ER22–2310–001]

PacifiCorp; Notice of Motion for Extension of Time To Comply

On May 2, 2025, PacifiCorp filed a motion for extension of time to comply with implementing the requirements of Order No. 881 and Order No. 881–A¹ and the Commission’s May 18, 2023 order,² from July 12, 2025, to October 15, 2027. Specifically, PacifiCorp requests an extension of time (1) to test critical vendor programs necessary for PacifiCorp’s Order No. 881 compliance on its own system and to align PacifiCorp’s compliance with the Order No. 881 integration timelines proposed by California Independent System Operator Corporation (CAISO) for the Western Energy Imbalance Market; (2) to mitigate potential reliability, operational, and market concerns with starting new and minimally tested line ratings during the 2025 and 2026 peak

summer loading periods and without full market integration by CAISO; and (3) to ensure there is appropriate time to train PacifiCorp staff on the newly implemented programs, and to comply with the documentation requirements of Order No. 881.

Answers to the motion must be filed by 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time on June 17, 2025.

Dated: May 27, 2025.

Carlos D. Clay,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025–09923 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. CP25–493–000]

Colorado Interstate Gas Company, L.L.C.; Notice of Request Under Blanket Authorization and Establishing Intervention and Protest Deadline

Take notice that on May 15, 2025, Colorado Interstate Gas Company, L.L.C. (CIG), Post Office Box 1087, Colorado Springs, Colorado 80944, filed in the above referenced docket, a prior notice request pursuant to sections 157.205 and 157.211(a)(2) of the Commission’s regulations under the Natural Gas Act (NGA), and Texas Eastern’s blanket certificate issued in Docket No. CP83–21–000, for authorization to design and construct a delivery meter station, River Ranch Delivery Meter Station, located in Albany County, Wyoming (River Ranch Delivery Meter Station Project). The Project will allow CIG to permit the transportation and delivery of up to 28.5 million cubic feet per day of natural gas to Mountain Cement Company, LLC. The estimated cost for the Project is \$2,500,000, all as more fully set forth in the request which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

In addition to publishing the full text of this document in the **Federal Register**, the Commission provides all interested persons an opportunity to view and/or print the contents of this document via the internet through the Commission’s Home Page (<http://www.ferc.gov>). From the Commission’s Home Page on the internet, this information is available on eLibrary. The full text of this document is available on eLibrary in PDF and Microsoft Word format for viewing, printing, and/or downloading. To access this document in eLibrary, type the docket number excluding the last three

⁹ The applicant has 15 days from the submittal of a motion to intervene to file a written objection to the intervention.

¹⁰ 18 CFR 385.214(c)(1).

¹¹ 18 CFR 385.214(b)(3) and (d).

¹ *Managing Transmission Line Ratings*, Order No. 881, 177 FERC ¶ 61,179 (2021), *order addressing arguments raised on reh’g*, Order No. 881–A, 179 FERC ¶ 61,125 (2022).

² *PacifiCorp*, 183 FERC ¶ 61,101 (2023).

digits of this document in the docket number field.

User assistance is available for eLibrary and the Commission's website during normal business hours from FERC Online Support at (202) 502-6652 (toll free at 1-866-208-3676) or email at ferconlinesupport@ferc.gov, or the Public Reference Room at (202) 502-8371, TTY (202) 502-8659. Email the Public Reference Room at public.referenceroom@ferc.gov.

Any questions concerning this request should be directed to Francisco Tarin, Director, Regulatory, Colorado Interstate Gas Company, L.L.C., Two North Nevada Avenue, Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903, by telephone at (719) 667-7515, or by email at francisco_tarin@kindermorgan.com.

Public Participation

There are three ways to become involved in the Commission's review of this project: you can file a protest to the project, you can file a motion to intervene in the proceeding, and you can file comments on the project. There is no fee or cost for filing protests, motions to intervene, or comments. The deadline for filing protests, motions to intervene, and comments is 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time on July 28, 2025. How to file protests, motions to intervene, and comments is explained below.

The Commission's Office of Public Participation (OPP) supports meaningful public engagement and participation in Commission proceedings. OPP can help members of the public, including landowners, community organizations, Tribal members and others, access publicly available information and navigate Commission processes. For public inquiries and assistance with making filings such as interventions, comments, or requests for rehearing, the public is encouraged to contact OPP at (202) 502-6595 or OPP@ferc.gov.

Protests

Pursuant to section 157.205 of the Commission's regulations under the NGA,¹ any person² or the Commission's staff may file a protest to the request. If no protest is filed within the time allowed or if a protest is filed and then withdrawn within 30 days after the allowed time for filing a protest, the proposed activity shall be deemed to be authorized effective the day after the time allowed for protest. If a protest is filed and not withdrawn within 30 days after the time allowed for filing a

protest, the instant request for authorization will be considered by the Commission.

Protests must comply with the requirements specified in section 157.205(e) of the Commission's regulations,³ and must be submitted by the protest deadline, which is July 28, 2025. A protest may also serve as a motion to intervene so long as the protestor states it also seeks to be an intervenor.

Interventions

Any person has the option to file a motion to intervene in this proceeding. Only intervenors have the right to request rehearing of Commission orders issued in this proceeding and to subsequently challenge the Commission's orders in the U.S. Circuit Courts of Appeal.

To intervene, you must submit a motion to intervene to the Commission in accordance with Rule 214 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure⁴ and the regulations under the NGA⁵ by the intervention deadline for the project, which is July 28, 2025. As described further in Rule 214, your motion to intervene must state, to the extent known, your position regarding the proceeding, as well as your interest in the proceeding. For an individual, this could include your status as a landowner, ratepayer, resident of an impacted community, or recreationist. You do not need to have property directly impacted by the project in order to intervene. For more information about motions to intervene, refer to the FERC website at <https://www.ferc.gov/resources/guides/how-to/intervene.asp>.

All timely, unopposed motions to intervene are automatically granted by operation of Rule 214(c)(1). Motions to intervene that are filed after the intervention deadline are untimely and may be denied. Any late-filed motion to intervene must show good cause for being late and must explain why the time limitation should be waived and provide justification by reference to factors set forth in Rule 214(d) of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. A person obtaining party status will be placed on the service list maintained by the Secretary of the Commission and will receive copies (paper or electronic) of all documents filed by the applicant and by all other parties.

Comments

Any person wishing to comment on the project may do so. The Commission

considers all comments received about the project in determining the appropriate action to be taken. To ensure that your comments are timely and properly recorded, please submit your comments on or before July 28, 2025. The filing of a comment alone will not serve to make the filer a party to the proceeding. To become a party, you must intervene in the proceeding.

How To File Protests, Interventions, and Comments

There are two ways to submit protests, motions to intervene, and comments. In both instances, please reference the Project docket number CP25-493-000 in your submission.

(1) You may file your protest, motion to intervene, and comments by using the Commission's eFiling feature, which is located on the Commission's website (www.ferc.gov) under the link to Documents and Filings. New eFiling users must first create an account by clicking on "eRegister." You will be asked to select the type of filing you are making; first select "General" and then select "Protest", "Intervention", or "Comment on a Filing"; or⁶

(2) You can file a paper copy of your submission by mailing it to the address below. Your submission must reference the Project docket number CP25-493-000.

To file via USPS: Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE, Washington, DC 20426.

To file via any other method: Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 12225 Wilkins Avenue, Rockville, Maryland. 20852

The Commission encourages electronic filing of submissions (option 1 above) and has eFiling staff available to assist you at (202) 502-8258 or FercOnlineSupport@ferc.gov.

Protests and motions to intervene must be served on the applicant either by mail at: Francisco Tarin, Director, Regulatory, Colorado Interstate Gas Company, L.L.C., Two North Nevada Avenue, Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903, or by email (with a link to the document) at francisco_tarin@kindermorgan.com. Any subsequent submissions by an intervenor must be served on the applicant and all other parties to the proceeding. Contact information for parties can be

⁶ Additionally, you may file your comments electronically by using the eComment feature, which is located on the Commission's website at www.ferc.gov under the link to Documents and Filings. Using eComment is an easy method for interested persons to submit brief, text-only comments on a project.

¹ 18 CFR 157.205.

² Persons include individuals, organizations, businesses, municipalities, and other entities. 18 CFR 385.102(d).

³ 18 CFR 157.205(e).

⁴ 18 CFR 385.214.

⁵ 18 CFR 157.10.

downloaded from the service list at the eService link on FERC Online.

Tracking the Proceeding

Throughout the proceeding, additional information about the project will be available from the Commission's Office of External Affairs, at (866) 208–FERC, or on the FERC website at www.ferc.gov using the “eLibrary” link as described above. The eLibrary link also provides access to the texts of all formal documents issued by the Commission, such as orders, notices, and rulemakings.

In addition, the Commission offers a free service called eSubscription which allows you to keep track of all formal issuances and submittals in specific dockets. This can reduce the amount of time you spend researching proceedings by automatically providing you with notification of these filings, document summaries, and direct links to the documents. For more information and to register, go to www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/esubscription.asp.

Dated: May 27, 2025.

Carlos D. Clay,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025–09920 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. CP25–209–000]

Great Basin Gas Transmission Company; Notice of Scoping Period Requesting Comments on Environmental Issues for the Proposed 2026 Great Basin Expansion Project

The staff of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC or Commission) will prepare an environmental document, that will discuss the environmental impacts of the 2026 Great Basin Expansion Project involving construction and operation of facilities by Great Basin Gas Transmission Company (Great Basin) in Washoe and Lyon Counties, Nevada. The Commission will use this environmental document in its decision-making process to determine whether the project is in the public convenience and necessity.

This notice announces the opening of the scoping process the Commission will use to gather input from the public and interested agencies regarding the project. As part of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) review process, the Commission takes

into account concerns the public may have about proposals and the environmental impacts that could result from its action whenever it considers the issuance of a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity. This gathering of public input is referred to as “scoping.” The main goal of the scoping process is to focus the analysis in the environmental document on the important environmental issues. Additional information about the Commission's NEPA process is described below in the *NEPA Process and Environmental Document* section of this notice.

By this notice, the Commission requests public comments on the scope of issues to address in the environmental document. To ensure that your comments are timely and properly recorded, please submit your comments so that the Commission receives them in Washington, DC on or before 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time on June 26, 2025. Comments may be submitted in written form. Further details on how to submit comments are provided in the *Public Participation* section of this notice.

Your comments should focus on the potential environmental effects, reasonable alternatives, and measures to avoid or lessen environmental impacts. Your input will help the Commission staff determine what issues they need to evaluate in the environmental document. Commission staff will consider all written comments during the preparation of the environmental document.

If you submitted comments on this project to the Commission before the opening of this docket on April 15, 2025, you will need to file those comments in Docket No. CP25–209–000 to ensure they are considered as part of this proceeding.

This notice is being sent to the Commission's current environmental mailing list for this project. State and local government representatives should notify their constituents of this proposed project and encourage them to comment on their areas of concern.

If you are a landowner receiving this notice, a pipeline company representative may contact you about the acquisition of an easement to construct, operate, and maintain the proposed facilities. The company would seek to negotiate a mutually acceptable easement agreement. You are not required to enter into an agreement. However, if the Commission approves the project, the Natural Gas Act conveys the right of eminent domain to the company. Therefore, if you and the company do not reach an easement

agreement, the pipeline company could initiate condemnation proceedings in court. In such instances, compensation would be determined by a judge in accordance with state law. The Commission does not subsequently grant, exercise, or oversee the exercise of that eminent domain authority. The courts have exclusive authority to handle eminent domain cases; the Commission has no jurisdiction over these matters.

Great Basin provided landowners with a fact sheet prepared by the FERC entitled “An Interstate Natural Gas Facility On My Land? What Do I Need To Know?” which addresses typically asked questions, including the use of eminent domain and how to participate in the Commission's proceedings. This fact sheet along with other landowner topics of interest are available for viewing on the FERC website (www.ferc.gov) under the Natural Gas, Landowner Topics link.

Public Participation

There are three methods you can use to submit your comments to the Commission. Please carefully follow these instructions so that your comments are properly recorded. The Commission encourages electronic filing of comments and has staff available to assist you at (866) 208–3676 or FercOnlineSupport@ferc.gov.

(1) You can file your comments electronically using the eComment feature, which is located on the Commission's website (www.ferc.gov) under the link to FERC Online. Using eComment is an easy method for submitting brief, text-only comments on a project;

(2) You can file your comments electronically by using the eFiling feature, which is located on the Commission's website (www.ferc.gov) under the link to FERC Online. With eFiling, you can provide comments in a variety of formats by attaching them as a file with your submission. New eFiling users must first create an account by clicking on “eRegister.” You will be asked to select the type of filing you are making; a comment on a particular project is considered a “Comment on a Filing”; or

(3) You can file a paper copy of your comments by mailing them to the Commission. Be sure to reference the project docket number (CP25–209–000) on your letter. Submissions sent via the U.S. Postal Service must be addressed to: Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE, Room 1A, Washington, DC 20426. Submissions sent via any other carrier must be

addressed to: Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 12225 Wilkins Avenue, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

Additionally, the Commission offers a free service called eSubscription which makes it easy to stay informed of all issuances and submittals regarding the dockets/projects to which you subscribe. These instant email notifications are the fastest way to receive notification and provide a link to the document files which can reduce the amount of time you spend researching proceedings. Go to <https://www.ferc.gov/ferc-online/overview> to register for eSubscription.

The Commission's Office of Public Participation (OPP) supports meaningful public engagement and participation in Commission proceedings. OPP can help members of the public, including landowners, community organizations, Tribal members and others, access publicly available information and navigate Commission processes. For public inquiries and assistance with making filings such as interventions, comments, or requests for rehearing, the public is encouraged to contact OPP at (202) 502-6595 or OPP@ferc.gov.

Summary of the Proposed Project

Great Basin proposes to expand its certificated natural gas transportation capacity downstream of its existing Wadsworth Receipt Point in Washoe and Lyon Counties, Nevada. According to Great Basin, the Project would increase Great Basin's system firm transportation capacity by 8,129 Dekatherms per day in response to growing market demand as requested by two existing shippers in North Nevada and Northern California. The Project would require the construction of approximately 4.7 miles of upsized or looped pipeline in two segments along Great Basin's Carson Lateral.

The 2026 Expansion would consist of the following facilities:

- installing approximately 2.3 miles of new 20-inch-diameter steel pipeline loop¹ along Great Basin's Carson Lateral (Wadsworth segment) in Washoe County, Nevada;
- replacing approximately 2.4 miles of existing 10-inch-diameter steel pipeline with new 20-inch-diameter steel pipeline (Highway segment) in Lyon County, Nevada;
- constructing pig launchers,² receivers, a meter station, mainline

valves, and intermediate mainline valve assemblies; and

- installing and abandoning associated appurtenant facilities

The general location of the project facilities is shown in appendix 1.³

Land Requirements for Construction

Construction of the proposed facilities would disturb about 63.7 acres of land for the aboveground facilities and the pipeline. Following construction, Great Basin would maintain about 43.7 acres for permanent operation of the project's facilities; the remaining acreage would be restored. The entirety of the proposed pipeline route parallels existing pipeline, utility, or road rights-of-way.

NEPA Process and the Environmental Document

Any environmental document issued by the Commission will discuss impacts that could occur as a result of the construction and operation of the proposed project under the relevant general resource areas:

- geology and soils;
- water resources and wetlands;
- vegetation and wildlife;
- threatened and endangered species;
- cultural resources;
- land use and visual resources;
- socioeconomics and traffic;
- air quality and noise; and
- reliability and safety.

Commission staff will also evaluate reasonable alternatives to the proposed project or portions of the project and make recommendations on how to lessen or avoid impacts on the various resource areas. Your comments will help Commission staff identify and focus on the issues that might have an effect on the human environment and potentially eliminate others from further study and discussion in the environmental document.

Following this scoping period, Commission staff will determine whether to prepare an Environmental Assessment (EA) or an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). The EA or the EIS will present Commission staff's independent analysis of the issues. If Commission staff prepares an EA, a *Notice of Schedule for the Preparation of an Environmental Assessment* will be issued. The EA may be issued for an allotted public comment period. The Commission would consider timely

comments on the EA before making its decision regarding the proposed project. If Commission staff prepares an EIS, a *Notice of Intent to Prepare an EIS/ Notice of Schedule* will be issued, which will open up an additional comment period. Staff will then prepare a draft EIS which will be issued for public comment. Commission staff will consider all timely comments received during the comment period on the draft EIS and revise the document, as necessary, before issuing a final EIS. Any EA or draft and final EIS will be available in electronic format in the public record through eLibrary⁴ and the Commission's natural gas environmental documents web page (<https://www.ferc.gov/industries-data/natural-gas/environment/environmental-documents>). If eSubscribed, you will receive instant email notification when the environmental document is issued.

With this notice, the Commission is asking agencies with jurisdiction by law and/or special expertise with respect to the environmental issues of this project to formally cooperate in the preparation of the environmental document.⁵ Agencies that would like to request cooperating agency status should follow the instructions for filing comments provided under the *Public Participation* section of this notice.

Consultation Under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act

In accordance with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's implementing regulations for section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, the Commission is using this notice to initiate consultation with the applicable State Historic Preservation Office(s), and to solicit their views and those of other government agencies, interested Indian tribes, and the public on the project's potential effects on historic properties.⁶ The environmental document for this project will document findings on the impacts on historic properties and summarize the status of consultations under section 106.

⁴ For instructions on connecting to eLibrary, refer to the last page of this notice.

⁵ Cooperating agency responsibilities are addressed in Section 107(a)(3) of NEPA (42 U.S.C. 4336(a)(3)).

⁶ The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's regulations are at Title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 800. Those regulations define historic properties as any prehistoric or historic district, site, building, structure, or object included in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places.

¹ A pipeline loop is a segment of pipe constructed parallel to an existing pipeline to increase capacity.

² A "pig" is a tool that the pipeline company inserts into and pushes through the pipeline for cleaning the pipeline, conducting internal inspections, or other purposes.

³ The appendices referenced in this notice will not appear in the **Federal Register**. Copies of the appendices were sent to all those receiving this notice in the mail and are available at www.ferc.gov using the link called "eLibrary". For instructions on connecting to eLibrary, refer to the last page of this notice. For assistance, contact FERC at FERCOnlineSupport@ferc.gov or call toll free, (886) 208-3676 or TTY (202) 502-8659.

Environmental Mailing List

The environmental mailing list includes federal, state, and local government representatives and agencies; elected officials; environmental and public interest groups; Native American Tribes; other interested parties; and local libraries and newspapers. This list also includes all affected landowners (as defined in the Commission's regulations) who are potential right-of-way grantors, whose property may be used temporarily for project purposes, or who own homes within certain distances of aboveground facilities, and anyone who submits comments on the project and includes a mailing address with their comments. Commission staff will update the environmental mailing list as the analysis proceeds to ensure that Commission notices related to this environmental review are sent to all individuals, organizations, and government entities interested in and/or potentially affected by the proposed project.

If you need to make changes to your name/address, or if you would like to remove your name from the mailing list, please complete one of the following steps:

(1) Send an email to GasProjectAddressChange@ferc.gov stating your request. You must include the docket number CP25–209–000 in your request. If you are requesting a change to your address, please be sure to include your name and the correct address. If you are requesting to delete your address from the mailing list, please include your name and address as it appeared on this notice. This email address is unable to accept comments. OR

(2) Return the attached “Mailing List Update Form” (appendix 2).

Additional Information

Additional information about the project is available from the Commission's Office of External Affairs, at (866) 208–FERC, or on the FERC website at www.ferc.gov using the eLibrary link. Click on the eLibrary link, click on “General Search” and enter the docket number in the “Docket Number” field. Be sure you have selected an appropriate date range. For assistance, please contact FERC Online Support at FercOnlineSupport@ferc.gov or (866) 208–3676, or for TTY, contact (202) 502–8659. The eLibrary link also provides access to the texts of all formal documents issued by the Commission, such as orders, notices, and rulemakings.

Public sessions or site visits will be posted on the Commission's calendar located at <https://www.ferc.gov/news-events/events> along with other related information.

Dated: May 27, 2025.

Carlos D. Clay,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025–09917 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**Federal Energy Regulatory Commission**

[Docket Nos. ER22–2162–001, ER22–2162–002]

Deseret Generation & Transmission Co-operative, Inc.; Notice of Request for Deferral of Effective Date

On May 19, 2025, Deseret Generation & Transmission Co-operative, Inc. (Deseret) filed a request for deferral of the July 12, 2025 effective date of its Open Access Transmission Tariff (Tariff) Attachment T—Transmission Line Ratings accepted by the Commission¹ in compliance with Order Nos. 881 and 881–A.² Deseret requests that the Commission grant an extension of the deadline to implement its Tariff revisions from July 12, 2025 to a future date that aligns with California Independent System Operator Corporation's (CAISO) and the Western Area Power Administration's (Western) ability to integrate Ambient Adjusted Rates (AAR's) into their respective network models. Deseret states that it must work with third-party vendors to design and implement systems that will be compatible with systems in CAISO and Western that are under development and that will not be functional to meet its compliance deadline.

Answers to the motion must be filed by 5 p.m. Eastern Time on June 2, 2025.

Dated: May 27, 2025.

Carlos D. Clay,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025–09921 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

¹ *Deseret Generation & Transmission Co-operative, Inc.*, 184 FERC ¶ 61,174 (2023).

² *Managing Transmission Line Ratings*, Order No. 881, 177 FERC ¶ 61,179 (2021), *order addressing arguments raised on reh'g*, Order No. 881–A, 179 FERC ¶ 61,125 (2022).

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**Federal Energy Regulatory Commission**

[Docket Nos. ER22–2304–000, ER22–2304–001]

Nevada Power Company; Notice of Motion for Extension of Time To Comply

On May 5, 2025, Nevada Power Company and Sierra Pacific Power Company (together, Nevada Power) filed a motion for extension of time to comply with implementing the requirements of Order No. 881 and Order No. 881–A¹ and the Commission's May 18, 2023 order,² from July 12, 2025, to October 15, 2027. Specifically, Nevada Power requests: an extension of time (1) to test critical vendor programs necessary for Nevada Power's Order No. 881 compliance on its own system and to align compliance with the Order No. 881 integration timelines proposed by California Independent System Operator Corporation (CAISO) for, among other markets, the Western Energy Imbalance Market; (2) to mitigate potential reliability, operational, and market concerns with starting new and minimally tested line ratings during the 2025 and 2026 peak summer loading periods and without full market integration by CAISO; and (3) to ensure there is appropriate time to train Nevada Power staff on the newly implemented programs, and to comply with the documentation requirements of Order No. 881.

Answers to the motion must be filed by 5 p.m. Eastern Time on June 17, 2025.

Dated: May 27, 2025.

Carlos D. Clay,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025–09922 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

¹ *Managing Transmission Line Ratings*, Order No. 881, 177 FERC ¶ 61,179 (2021), *order addressing arguments raised on reh'g*, Order No. 881–A, 179 FERC ¶ 61,125 (2022).

² *Nev. Power Co.*, 184 FERC ¶ 61,048 (2023).

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**Federal Energy Regulatory
Commission****[Docket No. CP25–492–000]****Texas Eastern Transmission, LP;
Notice of Request Under Blanket
Authorization and Establishing
Intervention and Protest Deadline**

Take notice that on May 15, 2025, Texas Eastern Transmission, LP (Texas Eastern), 915 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 1100, Houston, Texas 77079, filed in the above referenced docket, a prior notice request pursuant to sections 157.205 and 157.208 of the Commission's regulations under the Natural Gas Act (NGA), and Texas Eastern's blanket certificate issued in Docket No. CP82–535–000, for authorization for the replacement of segments of its existing 30-inch-diameter Lines 10, 15, and 25 pipelines and upgrades to an existing meter and regulator station, in Rutherford County, Tennessee (5423 CR TETLP 270 Class Replacements Project or Project). The project will allow Texas Eastern to comply with the new class change designation set forth by the Pipeline Hazardous and Materials Safety Administration and Department of Transportation, due to a class location change because of an increase in population density in and around the project vicinity. The estimated cost for the project is \$32,100,000, all as more fully set forth in the request which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

In addition to publishing the full text of this document in the **Federal Register**, the Commission provides all interested persons an opportunity to view and/or print the contents of this document via the internet through the Commission's Home Page (<http://www.ferc.gov>). From the Commission's Home Page on the internet, this information is available on eLibrary. The full text of this document is available on eLibrary in PDF and Microsoft Word format for viewing, printing, and/or downloading. To access this document in eLibrary, type the docket number excluding the last three digits of this document in the docket number field.

User assistance is available for eLibrary and the Commission's website during normal business hours from FERC Online Support at (202) 502–6652 (toll free at 1–866–208–3676) or email at ferconlinesupport@ferc.gov, or the Public Reference Room at (202) 502–8371, TTY (202) 502–8659. Email the

Public Reference Room at public.referenceroom@ferc.gov.

Any questions concerning this request should be directed to Berk Donaldson, Director, Regulatory, Texas Eastern Transmission, LP, P.O. Box 1642, Houston, Texas 77251–1642, by telephone (713) 627–4488, or by email at Berk.Donaldson@enbridge.com.

Public Participation

There are three ways to become involved in the Commission's review of this project: you can file a protest to the project, you can file a motion to intervene in the proceeding, and you can file comments on the project. There is no fee or cost for filing protests, motions to intervene, or comments. The deadline for filing protests, motions to intervene, and comments is 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time on July 28, 2025. How to file protests, motions to intervene, and comments is explained below.

The Commission's Office of Public Participation (OPP) supports meaningful public engagement and participation in Commission proceedings. OPP can help members of the public, including landowners, community organizations, Tribal members and others, access publicly available information and navigate Commission processes. For public inquiries and assistance with making filings such as interventions, comments, or requests for rehearing, the public is encouraged to contact OPP at (202) 502–6595 or OPP@ferc.gov.

Protests

Pursuant to section 157.205 of the Commission's regulations under the NGA,¹ any person² or the Commission's staff may file a protest to the request. If no protest is filed within the time allowed or if a protest is filed and then withdrawn within 30 days after the allowed time for filing a protest, the proposed activity shall be deemed to be authorized effective the day after the time allowed for protest. If a protest is filed and not withdrawn within 30 days after the time allowed for filing a protest, the instant request for authorization will be considered by the Commission.

Protests must comply with the requirements specified in section 157.205(e) of the Commission's regulations,³ and must be submitted by the protest deadline, which is July 28, 2025. A protest may also serve as a motion to intervene so long as the

protestor states it also seeks to be an intervenor.

Interventions

Any person has the option to file a motion to intervene in this proceeding. Only intervenors have the right to request rehearing of Commission orders issued in this proceeding and to subsequently challenge the Commission's orders in the U.S. Circuit Courts of Appeal.

To intervene, you must submit a motion to intervene to the Commission in accordance with Rule 214 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure⁴ and the regulations under the NGA⁵ by the intervention deadline for the project, which is July 28, 2025. As described further in Rule 214, your motion to intervene must state, to the extent known, your position regarding the proceeding, as well as your interest in the proceeding. For an individual, this could include your status as a landowner, ratepayer, resident of an impacted community, or recreationist. You do not need to have property directly impacted by the project in order to intervene. For more information about motions to intervene, refer to the FERC website at <https://www.ferc.gov/resources/guides/how-to/intervene.asp>.

All timely, unopposed motions to intervene are automatically granted by operation of Rule 214(c)(1). Motions to intervene that are filed after the intervention deadline are untimely and may be denied. Any late-filed motion to intervene must show good cause for being late and must explain why the time limitation should be waived and provide justification by reference to factors set forth in Rule 214(d) of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. A person obtaining party status will be placed on the service list maintained by the Secretary of the Commission and will receive copies (paper or electronic) of all documents filed by the applicant and by all other parties.

Comments

Any person wishing to comment on the project may do so. The Commission considers all comments received about the project in determining the appropriate action to be taken. To ensure that your comments are timely and properly recorded, please submit your comments on or before July 28, 2025. The filing of a comment alone will not serve to make the filer a party to the proceeding. To become a party, you must intervene in the proceeding.

¹ 18 CFR 157.205.

² Persons include individuals, organizations, businesses, municipalities, and other entities. 18 CFR 385.102(d).

³ 18 CFR 157.205(e).

⁴ 18 CFR 385.214.

⁵ 18 CFR 157.10.

How to File Protests, Interventions, and Comments

There are two ways to submit protests, motions to intervene, and comments. In both instances, please reference the Project docket number CP25–492–000 in your submission.

(1) You may file your protest, motion to intervene, and comments by using the Commission's eFiling feature, which is located on the Commission's website (www.ferc.gov) under the link to Documents and Filings. New eFiling users must first create an account by clicking on "eRegister." You will be asked to select the type of filing you are making; first select "General" and then select "Protest", "Intervention", or "Comment on a Filing"; or⁶

(2) You can file a paper copy of your submission by mailing it to the address below. Your submission must reference the Project docket number CP25–492–000.

To file via USPS: Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE, Washington, DC 20426.

To file via any other method: Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 12225 Wilkins Avenue, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

The Commission encourages electronic filing of submissions (option 1 above) and has eFiling staff available to assist you at (202) 502–8258 or FercOnlineSupport@ferc.gov.

Protests and motions to intervene must be served on the applicant either by mail at: Berk Donaldson, Director, Regulatory, Texas Eastern Transmission, LP, P.O. Box 1642, Houston, Texas 77251–1642, or by email (with a link to the document) at Berk.Donaldson@enbridge.com. Any subsequent submissions by an intervenor must be served on the applicant and all other parties to the proceeding. Contact information for parties can be downloaded from the service list at the eService link on FERC Online.

Tracking The Proceeding

Throughout the proceeding, additional information about the project will be available from the Commission's Office of External Affairs, at (866) 208–FERC, or on the FERC website at www.ferc.gov using the "eLibrary" link as described above. The eLibrary link also provides access to the texts of all

formal documents issued by the Commission, such as orders, notices, and rulemakings.

In addition, the Commission offers a free service called eSubscription which allows you to keep track of all formal issuances and submittals in specific dockets. This can reduce the amount of time you spend researching proceedings by automatically providing you with notification of these filings, document summaries, and direct links to the documents. For more information and to register, go to www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/esubscription.asp.

Dated: May 27, 2025

Carlos D. Clay,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025–09919 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA–HQ–OPPT–2025–0077; FRL–12476–03–OCSPP]

Certain New Chemicals or Significant New Uses; Statements of Findings—March 2025

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) requires EPA to publish in the **Federal Register** a statement of its findings after its review of certain TSCA submissions when EPA makes a finding that a new chemical substance or significant new use is not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. Such statements apply to premanufacture notices (PMNs), microbial commercial activity notices (MCANs), and significant new use notices (SNUNs) submitted to EPA under TSCA. This document presents statements of findings made by EPA on such submissions during the period from March 1, 2025 to March 31, 2025.

ADDRESSES: The docket for this action, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA–HQ–OPPT–2025–0077, is available online at <https://www.regulations.gov>. Additional information about dockets generally, along with instructions for visiting the docket in-person, is available at <https://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

For technical information: Rebecca Edelstein, New Chemical Division (7405M), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW,

Washington, DC 20460–0001; telephone number: (202) 564–1667 email address: edelstein.rebecca@epa.gov.

For general information: The TSCA–Hotline, ABVI–Goodwill, 422 South Clinton Ave., Rochester, NY 14620; telephone number: (202) 554–1404; email address: TSCA-Hotline@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**I. Executive Summary****A. Does this action apply to me?**

This action provides information that is directed to the public in general.

B. What action is the Agency taking?

This document lists the statements of findings made by EPA after review of submissions under TSCA section 5(a) that certain new chemical substances or significant new uses are not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. This document presents statements of findings made by EPA during the applicable period.

C. What is the Agency's authority for taking this action?

TSCA section 5(a)(3) requires EPA to review a submission under TSCA section 5(a) and make specific findings pertaining to whether the substance may present unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. Among those potential findings is that the chemical substance or significant new use is not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment per TSCA Section 5(a)(3)(C).

TSCA section 5(g) requires EPA to publish in the **Federal Register** a statement of its findings after its review of a submission under TSCA section 5(a) when EPA makes a finding that a new chemical substance or significant new use is not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. Such statements apply to PMNs, MCANs, and SNUNs submitted to EPA under TSCA section 5.

Anyone who plans to manufacture (which includes import) a new chemical substance for a non-exempt commercial purpose and any manufacturer or processor wishing to engage in a use of a chemical substance designated by EPA as a significant new use must submit a notice to EPA at least 90 days before commencing manufacture of the new chemical substance or before engaging in the significant new use.

The submitter of a notice to EPA for which EPA has made a finding of "not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment" may commence manufacture of the

⁶ Additionally, you may file your comments electronically by using the eComment feature, which is located on the Commission's website at www.ferc.gov under the link to Documents and Filings. Using eComment is an easy method for interested persons to submit brief, text-only comments on a project.

chemical substance or manufacture or processing for the significant new use notwithstanding any remaining portion of the applicable review period.

II. Statements of Findings Under TSCA Section 5(a)(3)(C)

In this unit, EPA identifies the PMNs, MCANs and SNUNs for which EPA has made findings under TSCA section 5(a)(3)(C) that the new chemical substances or significant new uses are not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. For the findings made during this period, the following list provides the EPA case number assigned to the TSCA section 5(a) submission and the chemical identity (generic name if the specific name is claimed as confidential).

- J-25-0003, Strain of *Escherichia coli* modified with genetically-stable, plasmid-borne DNA for the production of an enzyme (Generic Name).
- P-21-0191, Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, hydrogenated, polymers with polyethylene glycol, dihexanoates, CASRN: 2641992-22-3.
- P-21-0192, Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, hydrogenated, polymers with polyethylene glycol, diesters with C8-10 fatty acids, CASRN: 2641992-26-7.

To access EPA's decision document describing the basis of the "not likely to present an unreasonable risk" finding made by EPA under TSCA section 5(a)(3)(C), lookup the specific case number at <https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new-chemicals-under-toxic-substances-control-act-tsca/determined-not-likely>.

Authority: 15 U.S.C. 2601 *et seq.*

Dated: May 23, 2025.

Shari Z. Barash,

Director, New Chemicals Division, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

[FR Doc. 2025-09897 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

Sunshine Act Meetings

TIME AND DATE: 10 a.m., Thursday, June 12, 2025.

PLACE: You may observe this meeting in person at 1501 Farm Credit Drive, McLean, Virginia 22102-5090, or virtually. If you would like to observe, at least 24 hours in advance, visit [FCA.gov](https://fca.gov), select "Newsroom," then select "Events." From there, access the linked "Instructions for board meeting visitors" and complete the described registration process.

STATUS: This meeting will be open to the public.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED: The following matters will be considered:

- Approval of May 8, 2025, Minutes
- Quarterly Report on Economic Conditions and Farm Credit System Condition and Performance
- Semiannual Report on Office of Examination Operations

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION:

If you need more information or assistance for accessibility reasons, or have questions, contact Ashley Waldron, Secretary to the Board. Telephone: 703-883-4009. TTY: 703-883-4056.

Ashley Waldron,

Secretary to the Board.

[FR Doc. 2025-10080 Filed 5-29-25; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 6705-01-P

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Meetings

TIME AND DATE: Thursday, June 5, 2025, 10:00 a.m.

PLACE: Hybrid meeting: 1050 First Street NE, Washington, DC (12th Floor) and virtual.

STATUS: The June 5, 2025 Open Meeting has been canceled.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION:

Myles Martin, Deputy Press Officer. Telephone: (202) 694-1221.

(Authority: Government in the Sunshine Act, 5 U.S.C. 552b)

Vicktoria J. Allen,

Deputy Secretary of the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025-10079 Filed 5-29-25; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 6715-01-P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of a Bank or Bank Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (Act) (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire shares of a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the applications are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The public portions of the applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, if any, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank(s) indicated below and at

the offices of the Board of Governors. This information may also be obtained on an expedited basis, upon request, by contacting the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank and from the Board's Freedom of Information Office at <https://www.federalreserve.gov/foia/request.htm>. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in paragraph 7 of the Act.

Comments received are subject to public disclosure. In general, comments received will be made available without change and will not be modified to remove personal or business information including confidential, contact, or other identifying information. Comments should not include any information such as confidential information that would not be appropriate for public disclosure.

Comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors, Ann E. Misback, Secretary of the Board, 20th Street and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20551-0001, not later than June 17, 2025.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City (Jeffrey Imgarten, Assistant Vice President) 1 Memorial Drive, Kansas City, Missouri 64198-0001. Comments can also be sent electronically to KCApplicationComments@kc.frb.org:

1. *Ryan Sullivan, Dorado, Puerto Rico, and Bryan Adams, Loch Lloyd, Missouri*; to establish the Sullivan/Adams Control Group, a group acting in concert, to acquire voting shares of Orrick Financial Corporation, and thereby indirectly acquire voting shares of TBO Bank, both of Orrick, Missouri.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Michele Taylor Fennell,

Associate Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2025-09938 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Advisory Committee to the Director; Notice of Charter Renewal

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice of charter renewal.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), within the Department of Health and Human

Services (HHS), announces the renewal of the charter of the Advisory Committee to the Director (ACD).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Melissa O'Connor, MPH, Office of the Chief of Staff, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21-10, Atlanta, Georgia 30329-4027; Telephone: (404) 498-1062; Email Address: ACDDirector@cdc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: CDC is providing notice under 5 U.S.C. 1001-1014 of the renewal of the charter of the Advisory Committee to the Director, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Department of Health and Human Services. This charter has been renewed for a two-year period through April 15, 2027.

The Director, Office of Strategic Business Initiatives, Office of the Chief Operating Officer, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, has been delegated the authority to sign **Federal Register** notices pertaining to announcements of meetings and other committee management activities, for both the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

Kalwant Smagh,

Director, Office of Strategic Business Initiatives, Office of the Chief Operating Officer, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2025-09840 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4163-18-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

[CMS-3469-FN]

Medicare and Medicaid Programs; Application From The Joint Commission for Continued Approval of its Hospice Accreditation Program

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces our decision to approve The Joint Commission for continued recognition as a national accrediting organization for hospices that wish to participate in the Medicare or Medicaid programs.

DATES: The decision announced in this notice is applicable from June 18, 2025 through June 18, 2030.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Joann Fittzell, (410) 786-4280 or Lillian Williams, (410) 786-8636.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Under the Medicare program, eligible beneficiaries may receive covered services in a hospice, provided certain requirements are met by the hospice. Section 1861(dd) of the Social Security Act (the Act) establishes distinct criteria for facilities seeking designation as a hospice. Regulations concerning provider agreements are at 42 CFR part 489, and those pertaining to activities relating to the survey and certification of facilities are at 42 CFR part 488. The regulations at 42 CFR part 418 specify the conditions that a hospice must meet in order to participate in the Medicare program, the scope of covered services, and the conditions for Medicare payment for hospices.

Generally, to enter into an agreement, a hospice must first be certified as complying with the conditions set forth in part 418 and recommended to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid (CMS) for participation by a State survey agency. Thereafter, the hospice is subject to periodic surveys by a State survey agency to determine whether it continues to meet these conditions. However, there is an alternative to certification surveys by State agencies. Accreditation by a nationally recognized Medicare accreditation program approved by CMS may substitute for both initial and ongoing State review.

Section 1865(a)(1) of the Act provides that, if the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services (the Secretary) finds that accreditation of a provider entity by an approved national accrediting organization (AO) meets or exceeds all applicable Medicare conditions, CMS may treat the provider entity as having met those conditions; that is, we may “deem” the provider entity to be in compliance. Accreditation by an AO is voluntary and is not required for Medicare participation.

If an AO is recognized by the Secretary as having standards for accreditation that meet or exceed Medicare requirements, any provider entity accredited by the national AO's approved program may be deemed to meet the Medicare conditions. A national AO applying for CMS approval of its accreditation program under part 488, must provide CMS with reasonable assurance that the accrediting organization requires the accredited provider entities to meet requirements that are at least as stringent as the Medicare conditions of participation (CoPs). Our regulations concerning the approval of AOs are set forth at § 488.5. Section 488.5(e)(2)(i) requires an AO to

reapply for continued approval of its Medicare accreditation program every 6 years or sooner as determined by CMS. The Joint Commission's (TJC's) term of approval as a recognized accreditation program for hospices expires June 18, 2025.

II. Application Approval Process

Section 1865(a)(3)(A) of the Act provides a statutory timetable to ensure that our review of applications for CMS approval of an accreditation program is conducted in a timely manner. The Act provides us 210 days after the date of receipt of a complete application, with any documentation necessary to make the determination, to complete our survey activities and application process. Within 60 days after receiving a complete application, we must publish a notice in the **Federal Register** that identifies the national accrediting body making the request, describes the request, and provides no less than a 30-day public comment period. At the end of the 210-day period, we must publish a notice in the **Federal Register** of our decision to approve or deny the application.

III. Provisions of the Proposed Notice

On January 13, 2025 we published a proposed notice in the **Federal Register** (90 FR 2706), announcing TJC's request for continued approval of its Medicare hospice accreditation program. In the January 13, 2025 proposed notice, we detailed our evaluation criteria. Under section 1865(a)(2) of the Act and in our regulations at § 488.5, we conducted a review of TJC's Medicare hospice accreditation program application in accordance with the criteria specified by our regulations, which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- A virtual administrative review of TJC's: (1) Corporate policies; (2) financial and human resources available to accomplish the proposed surveys; (3) procedures for training, monitoring, and evaluation of its hospice surveyors; (4) ability to investigate and respond appropriately to complaints against accredited hospices; and (5) survey review and decision-making process for accreditation.

- The comparison of TJC's Medicare hospice accreditation program standards to our current Medicare hospice CoPs.

- A documentation review of TJC's survey process to—

- ++ Determine the composition of the survey team, surveyor qualifications, and TJC's ability to provide continuing surveyor training.

- ++ Compare TJC's processes to those we require of State survey agencies, including periodic resurvey and the

ability to investigate and respond appropriately to complaints against accredited hospices.

++ Evaluate TJC's procedures for monitoring hospices it has found to be out of compliance with TJC's program requirements. (This pertains only to monitoring procedures when TJC identifies noncompliance. If noncompliance is identified by a State survey agency through a validation survey, the State survey agency monitors corrections as specified at § 488.9(c)).

++ Assess TJC's ability to report deficiencies to the surveyed hospice and respond to the hospice's plan of correction in a timely manner.

++ Establish TJC's ability to provide CMS with electronic data and reports necessary for effective validation and assessment of the organization's survey process.

++ Determine the adequacy of TJC's staff and other resources.

++ Confirm TJC's ability to provide adequate funding for performing required surveys.

++ Confirm TJC's policies with respect to surveys being unannounced.

++ Confirm TJC's policies and procedures to avoid conflicts of interest, including the appearance of conflicts of interest, involving individuals who conduct surveys or participate in accreditation decisions.

++ Obtain TJC's agreement to provide CMS with a copy of the most current accreditation survey together with any other information related to the survey as we may require, including corrective action plans.

IV. Analysis of and Responses to Public Comments on the Proposed Notice

In accordance with section 1865(a)(3)(A) of the Act, the January 13, 2025 proposed notice also solicited public comments regarding whether TJC's requirements met or exceeded the Medicare CoPs for hospices. We received no comments in response to our proposed notice.

V. Provisions of the Final Notice

A. Differences Between TJC's Standards and Requirements for Accreditation and Medicare Conditions and Survey Requirements

We compared TJC's hospice accreditation requirements and survey process with the Medicare CoPs of part 418, and the survey and certification process requirements of parts 488 and 489. Our review and evaluation of TJC's hospice application, which were conducted as described in section III of this notice, yielded the following areas

where, as of the date of this notice, TJC has completed revising its standards and certification processes in order to meet the requirements at:

- Section 418.52(b)(4)(iii), to include reference to the State survey agency.
- Section 418.52(c)(5), to include reference to "45 CFR parts 160 and 164".
- Section 418.52(c)(6), to address the right of a patient to be free of the misappropriation of the patient's property.
- Section 418.54(e), to address the hospice's quality assessment and performance improvement program.
- Section 418.58(c)(1)(ii), to address the program activity requirement to consider the incidence, prevalence, and severity of problems in those areas.
- Section 418.60(c), to address the requirement for contracted providers, patients, family members, and other caregivers.
- Section 418.66(a), to address the requirement that the hospice must provide evidence to CMS that it has made a good faith effort to hire a sufficient number of nurses to provide services.
- Section 418.76(b)(3)(xiii), to address the requirement the hospice is responsible for training hospice aids, as needed, for skills not covered in the basic checklist, as described in paragraph (b)(3)(ix) of this section.
- Section 418.100(f)(1), to address the Medicare approval requirement.
- Section 418.102(a)(1)(ii), to address the requirement that the contract must specify the physician who assumes the medical director's responsibilities and obligations.
- Section 418.104(e)(2), to address the requirement that if a patient revokes the election of hospice care or is discharged from hospice in accordance with § 418.26, the hospice must forward to the patient's attending physician a copy of the hospice discharge summary, and the patient's clinical record, if requested.
- Section 418.104(f), to address the requirement of making the clinical record available in hardcopy or electronic form.
- Section 418.110(c)(1), to address the hospice's requirement to address real or potential threats to the health and safety of patients, others, and property.
- Section 418.110(c)(2)(i) through (c)(2)(iv), to address the requirement for their associated procedures to control "reliability and quality."
- Section 418.110(d)(3), to address that the provisions of the adopted edition of the Life Safety Code do not apply in a State if CMS finds that a fire

and safety code imposed by State law adequately protects patients in hospices.

- Section 418.110(e)(2), to address the requirement for Health Care Facilities Code waiver/equivalency requests.

- Section 418.110(n), to address the requirement that restraint or seclusion must be discontinued at the earliest possible time.

- Section 418.110(q), to include the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 99), Standards for Health Care Facilities Code requirements.

- Section 418.113(a), to address the requirement to update the emergency preparedness plan every 2 years.

- Section 418.113(c)(7), to address the requirement that the emergency preparedness communication plan must include a means of providing information about the hospice's inpatient occupancy, needs, and its ability to provide assistance, to the authority having jurisdiction, the Incident Command Center, or designee.

In addition to the standards review, we also reviewed TJC's comparable survey processes, which were conducted as described in section III. of this notice, and yielded the following areas where, as of the date of this notice, TJC has completed revising its survey processes to demonstrate that it uses survey processes that are comparable to State survey agency processes by:

- Revising TJC's surveyor guide to revise the current Life Safety Code Building Assessment document to address both the Life Safety Code and Health Care Facilities Code (HCFC) in accordance with §§ 418.110(d) and (e).
- Revising TJC's surveyor guidance to be comparable with Appendix I related to inpatient hospice care.
- Ensuring that all Hospice Life Safety Code surveyors have received instructions, procedures, or resources for conducting inpatient hospice Life Safety Code/Health Care Facilities Code certification surveys consistent with SOM Chapter 4, Section 4009C—Training, Education, and Experience.

B. Term of Approval

Based on our review and observations described in section III. of this notice, we approve TJC as a national accreditation organization for hospices that request participation in the Medicare program, effective June 18, 2025 through June 18, 2030. Due to the temporary travel suspensions for non-critical or mission essential activities for the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) in early 2025, CMS was unable to observe a hospice survey completed by TJC surveyors as part of the application review process, which is typically one component of the

comparability evaluation. Therefore, we are providing TJC with a shorter period of approval. Based on our discussions with TJC and the information provided in its application, we are confident that TJC will continue to ensure that its accredited hospices will continue to meet or exceed the required standards. While TJC has taken actions based on the findings noted in section IV. of this notice (Differences Between TJC's Standards and Requirements for Accreditation and Medicare Conditions and Survey Requirements), as authorized under § 488.8, we will continue ongoing review of TJC hospice survey processes and will conduct a survey observation on a modified schedule until further notice.

VI. Collection of Information Requirements

This document does not impose information collection requirements, that is, reporting, recordkeeping or third-party disclosure requirements. Consequently, there is no need for review by the Office of Management and Budget under the authority of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

The Administrator of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), Mehmet Oz, having reviewed and approved this document, authorizes Vanessa Garcia, who is the Federal Register Liaison, to electronically sign this document for purposes of publication in the **Federal Register**.

Vanessa Garcia,

Federal Register Liaison, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services.

[FR Doc. 2025-09870 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4120-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. FDA-2023-D-0093]

M13B Bioequivalence for Immediate-Release Solid Oral Dosage Forms: Additional Strengths Biowaiver; International Council for Harmonisation; Draft Guidance for Industry; Availability

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA or Agency) is announcing the availability of a draft guidance for industry entitled “M13B Bioequivalence for Immediate-Release Solid Oral Dosage Forms: Additional

Strengths Biowaiver.” The draft guidance was prepared under the auspices of the International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use (ICH). The draft guidance is the second in the ICH M13 series of guidances and describes the scientific and technical aspects of study design and data analysis to support bioequivalence (BE) assessment for additional strengths of orally administered immediate-release (IR) solid oral dosage forms (*i.e.*, tablets, capsules, and granules/powders for oral suspension), including considerations for biowaivers. The intent of this draft guidance is to provide harmonized criteria and data that support waivers for drug applications with multiple strengths when in vivo BE has been demonstrated for at least one strength using the principles outlined in the final guidance “M13A Bioequivalence for Immediate-Release Solid Oral Dosage Forms” published in October 2024.

DATES: Submit either electronic or written comments on the draft guidance by August 1, 2025 to ensure that the Agency considers your comment on this draft guidance before it begins work on the final version of the guidance.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments on any guidance at any time as follows:

Electronic Submissions

Submit electronic comments in the following way:

- **Federal eRulemaking Portal:** <https://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments. Comments submitted electronically, including attachments, to <https://www.regulations.gov> will be posted to the docket unchanged. Because your comment will be made public, you are solely responsible for ensuring that your comment does not include any confidential information that you or a third party may not wish to be posted, such as medical information, your or anyone else's Social Security number, or confidential business information, such as a manufacturing process. Please note that if you include your name, contact information, or other information that identifies you in the body of your comments, that information will be posted on <https://www.regulations.gov>.

- If you want to submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made available to the public, submit the comment as a written/paper submission and in the manner detailed (see “Written/Paper Submissions” and “Instructions”).

Written/Paper Submissions

Submit written/paper submissions as follows:

- **Mail/Hand Delivery/Courier (for written/paper submissions):** Dockets Management Staff (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

- For written/paper comments submitted to the Dockets Management Staff, FDA will post your comment, as well as any attachments, except for information submitted, marked and identified, as confidential, if submitted as detailed in “Instructions.”

Instructions: All submissions received must include the Docket No. FDA-2023-D-0093 for “M13B Bioequivalence for Immediate-Release Solid Oral Dosage Forms: Additional Strengths Biowaiver.” Received comments will be placed in the docket and, except for those submitted as “Confidential Submissions,” publicly viewable at <https://www.regulations.gov> or at the Dockets Management Staff between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, 240-402-7500.

- **Confidential Submissions—**To submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made publicly available, submit your comments only as a written/paper submission. You should submit two copies total. One copy will include the information you claim to be confidential with a heading or cover note that states “THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.” The Agency will review this copy, including the claimed confidential information, in its consideration of comments. The second copy, which will have the claimed confidential information redacted/blacked out, will be available for public viewing and posted on <https://www.regulations.gov>. Submit both copies to the Dockets Management Staff. If you do not wish your name and contact information to be made publicly available, you can provide this information on the cover sheet and not in the body of your comments and you must identify this information as “confidential.” Any information marked as “confidential” will not be disclosed except in accordance with 21 CFR 10.20 and other applicable disclosure law. For more information about FDA's posting of comments to public dockets, see 80 FR 56469, September 18, 2015, or access the information at: <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2015-09-18/pdf/2015-23389.pdf>.

Docket: For access to the docket to read background documents or the electronic and written/paper comments received, go to <https://>

www.regulations.gov and insert the docket number, found in brackets in the heading of this document, into the "Search" box and follow the prompts and/or go to the Dockets Management Staff, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852, 240-402-7500.

You may submit comments on any guidance at any time (see 21 CFR 10.115(g)(5)).

Submit written requests for single copies of the draft guidance to the Division of Drug Information, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research, Food and Drug Administration, 10001 New Hampshire Ave., Hillandale Building, 4th Floor, Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002. Send one self-addressed adhesive label to assist that office in processing your requests. See the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section for electronic access to the draft guidance document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Regarding the guidance: Lei Zhang, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research, Food and Drug Administration, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 75, Rm. 4724, Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002, 301-796-1635, Leik.Zhang@fda.hhs.gov.

Regarding the ICH: Brooke Dal Santo, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research, Food and Drug Administration, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 51, Rm. 6304, Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002, 301-348-1967, Brooke.DalSanto@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

FDA is announcing the availability of a draft guidance for industry entitled "M13B Bioequivalence for Immediate-Release Solid Oral Dosage Forms: Additional Strengths Biowaiver." The draft guidance was prepared under the auspices of ICH. ICH seeks to achieve greater regulatory harmonization worldwide to ensure that safe, effective, high-quality medicines are developed, registered, and maintained in the most resource-efficient manner.

By harmonizing the regulatory requirements in regions around the world, ICH guidelines enhance global drug development, improve manufacturing standards, and increase the availability of medications. For example, ICH guidelines have substantially reduced duplicative clinical studies, prevented unnecessary animal studies, standardized the reporting of important safety information, and standardized marketing application submissions.

The six Founding Members of the ICH are the FDA; the Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers of America;

the European Commission; the European Federation of Pharmaceutical Industries Associations; the Japanese Ministry of Health, Labour, and Welfare; and the Japanese Pharmaceutical Manufacturers Association. The Standing Members of the ICH Association include Health Canada and Swissmedic. ICH membership continues to expand to include other regulatory authorities and industry associations from around the world (refer to <https://www.ich.org/>).

ICH works by engaging global regulatory and industry experts in a detailed, science-based, and consensus-driven process that results in the development of ICH guidelines. The regulators around the world are committed to consistently adopting these consensus-based guidelines, realizing the benefits for patients and for industry.

As a Founding Regulatory Member of ICH, FDA plays a major role in the development of each of the ICH guidelines, which FDA then adopts and issues as guidance for industry. FDA's guidance documents do not establish legally enforceable responsibilities. Instead, they describe the Agency's current thinking on a topic and should be viewed only as recommendations, unless specific regulatory or statutory requirements are cited.

In February 2025, the ICH Assembly endorsed the draft guideline entitled "M13B Bioequivalence for Immediate-Release Solid Oral Dosage Forms: Additional Strengths Biowaiver" and agreed that the guideline should be made available for public comment. The draft guideline is the product of the M13 Multidisciplinary Expert Working Group of the ICH. Comments about this draft will be considered by FDA and the M13 Multidisciplinary Expert Working Group.

The draft guidance provides guidance on scientific and technical aspects of demonstrating BE for additional strengths of IR solid oral dosage forms, including internationally harmonized criteria for biowaivers. The draft guidance builds upon BE principles discussed in the final guidance "M13A Bioequivalence for Immediate-Release Solid Oral Dosage Forms" published in October 2024.

As we develop any final guidance on this topic, FDA will consider comments on the applicability of Executive Order 14192, per OMB guidance M-25-20, and in particular, on any costs or cost savings.

This draft guidance has been left in the original ICH format. The final guidance will be reformatted and edited to conform with FDA's good guidance

practices regulation (21 CFR 10.115) and style before publication. The draft guidance, when finalized, will represent the current thinking of FDA on "M13B Bioequivalence for Immediate-Release Solid Oral Dosage Forms: Additional Strengths Biowaiver." It does not establish any rights for any person and is not binding on FDA or the public. You can use an alternative approach if it satisfies the requirements of the applicable statutes and regulations.

II. Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995

While this guidance contains no collection of information, it does refer to previously approved FDA collections of information. The previously approved collections of information are subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501-3521). The collections of information for content and format for BE studies submitted under new and abbreviated new drug applications have been approved under OMB control number 0910-0001. The collections of information for the implementation of improved quality and integrity of the study data approaches pertaining to bioequivalence of additional strengths of immediate-release solid oral dosage forms have been approved under OMB control number 0910-0014.

III. Electronic Access

Persons with access to the internet may obtain the draft guidance at <https://www.regulations.gov>, <https://www.fda.gov/drugs/guidance-compliance-regulatory-information/guidances-drugs>, <https://www.fda.gov/vaccines-blood-biologics/guidance-compliance-regulatory-information-biologics/biologics-guidances>, or <https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents>.

Dated: May 27, 2025.

Grace R. Graham,

Deputy Commissioner for Policy, Legislation, and International Affairs.

[FR Doc. 2025-09900 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4164-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**Food and Drug Administration****[Docket No. FDA-2025-P-1021]****Determination That EPINEPHRINE (Epinephrine) Solution, 1 Milligram/Milliliter, Prefilled Syringe for Intravenous Use, Was Not Withdrawn From Sale for Reasons of Safety or Effectiveness****AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.**ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA or Agency) has determined that EPINEPHRINE (epinephrine) solution, 1 milligram (mg)/milliliter (mL), prefilled syringe for intravenous use, was not withdrawn from sale for reasons of safety or effectiveness. This determination means that FDA will not begin procedures to withdraw approval of abbreviated new drug applications (ANDAs) that refer to this drug product, and it will allow FDA to continue to approve ANDAs that refer to the product as long as they meet relevant legal and regulatory requirements.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Stacy Kane, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research, Food and Drug Administration, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 51, Rm. 6236, Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002, 301-796-8363, Stacy.Kane@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 505(j) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act) (21 U.S.C. 355(j)) allows the submission of an ANDA to market a generic version of a previously approved drug product. To obtain approval, the ANDA applicant must show, among other things, that the generic drug product: (1) has the same active ingredient(s), dosage form, route of administration, strength, conditions of use, and (with certain exceptions) labeling as the listed drug, which is a version of the drug that was previously approved and (2) is bioequivalent to the listed drug. ANDA applicants do not have to repeat the extensive clinical testing otherwise necessary to gain approval of a new drug application (NDA).

Section 505(j)(7) of the FD&C Act requires FDA to publish a list of all approved drugs. FDA publishes this list as part of the “Approved Drug Products With Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations,” which is known generally as the “Orange Book.” Under FDA regulations, drugs are removed from the

list if the Agency withdraws or suspends approval of the drug’s NDA or ANDA for reasons of safety or effectiveness or if FDA determines that the listed drug was withdrawn from sale for reasons of safety or effectiveness (21 CFR 314.162).

A person may petition the Agency to determine, or the Agency may determine on its own initiative, whether a listed drug was withdrawn from sale for reasons of safety or effectiveness. This determination may be made at any time after the drug has been withdrawn from sale but must be made prior to approving an ANDA that refers to the listed drug (21 CFR 314.161). FDA may not approve an ANDA that does not refer to a listed drug.

EPINEPHRINE (epinephrine) solution, 1 mg/mL, prefilled syringe for intravenous use, is the subject of NDA 205029, held by BPI Labs, LLC. The NDA was initially approved on July 29, 2014. EPINEPHRINE is indicated to increase mean arterial blood pressure in adult patients with hypotension associated with septic shock.

In a letter dated May 29, 2024, BPI Labs, LLC notified FDA that EPINEPHRINE (epinephrine) solution, 1 mg/mL, prefilled syringe for intravenous use, was being discontinued, and FDA moved the drug product to the “Discontinued Drug Product List” section of the Orange Book.

Alembic Pharmaceuticals Ltd. submitted a citizen petition dated March 29, 2025 (Docket No. FDA-2025-P-1021), under 21 CFR 10.30, requesting that the Agency determine whether EPINEPHRINE (epinephrine) solution, 1 mg/mL, prefilled syringe for intravenous use, was withdrawn from sale for reasons of safety or effectiveness.

After considering the citizen petition and reviewing Agency records and based on the information we have at this time, FDA has determined under § 314.161 that EPINEPHRINE (epinephrine) solution, 1 mg/mL, prefilled syringe for intravenous use, was not withdrawn from sale for reasons of safety or effectiveness. The petitioner has identified no data or other information suggesting that EPINEPHRINE (epinephrine) solution, 1 mg/mL, prefilled syringe for intravenous use, was withdrawn from sale for reasons of safety or effectiveness. We have carefully reviewed our files for records concerning the withdrawal of EPINEPHRINE (epinephrine) solution, 1 mg/mL, prefilled syringe for intravenous use, from sale. We have also independently evaluated relevant literature and data for possible postmarketing adverse events. We have

found no information that would indicate that this drug product was withdrawn from sale for reasons of safety or effectiveness.

Accordingly, the Agency will continue to list EPINEPHRINE (epinephrine) solution, 1 mg/mL, prefilled syringe for intravenous use, in the “Discontinued Drug Product List” section of the Orange Book. The “Discontinued Drug Product List” delineates, among other items, drug products that have been discontinued from marketing for reasons other than safety or effectiveness. FDA will not begin procedures to withdraw approval of approved ANDAs that refer to this drug product. Additional ANDAs for this drug product may also be approved by the Agency as long as they meet all other legal and regulatory requirements for the approval of ANDAs. If FDA determines that labeling for this drug product should be revised to meet current standards, the Agency will advise ANDA applicants to submit such labeling.

Dated: May 23, 2025.

Grace R. Graham,

Deputy Commissioner for Policy, Legislation, and International Affairs.

[FR Doc. 2025-09901 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4164-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**National Institutes of Health****Prospective Grant of an Exclusive Patent License: Exceptionally Selective D2 Dopamine Receptor Antagonists as Therapeutics**

AGENCY: National Institutes of Health, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke and the National Center for Advancing Translational Sciences, institutes of the National Institutes of Health, Department of Health and Human Services, are contemplating the grant of an Exclusive Patent License to practice the inventions embodied in the Patents and Patent Applications listed in the Supplementary Information section of this Notice to Psycala Bio, Inc. (Psycala), incorporated in Delaware.

DATES: Only written comments and/or applications for a license which are received by the National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke Technology Transfer on or before July 17, 2025 will be considered.

ADDRESSES: Requests for copies of the patent applications, inquiries, and comments relating to the contemplated Exclusive Patent License should be directed to: Susan Ano, Ph.D., Chief, Technology Transfer Branch, Telephone: 301-435-5515; Email: susan.ano@nih.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Intellectual Property

“2,4-Diphenyl-3,4-Dihydroquinazoline Derivatives and Related Compounds as D2 Dopamine Receptor-Selective Antagonists”.

U.S. Patent Application No. 63/666,563, filed July 1, 2024 (HHS Reference E-119-2021-0-US-01).

The patent rights in this invention have been assigned to the government of the United States of America.

The prospective exclusive license territory may be worldwide, and the field of use may be limited to the following:

NCGC-1360 ((s)-4-(6-chloro-2-(5-methoxy-pyridin-2-yl)-4-phenylquinazolin-3(4h)-yl)-2-methylbutan-2-ol) and related analogs for the treatment of central nervous system disorders, including but not limited to schizophrenia spectrum and other psychotic disorders, bipolar disorder and related disorders, and depressive disorders as classified by the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM V).

Researchers at NINDS and NCATS have developed a new class of therapeutic agents that may significantly advance the treatment of CNS disorders. These compounds are antagonists with high selectivity for the dopamine D2 receptor (D2R), showing over 1,000-fold selectivity compared to D3R and D4R. Promising in vitro ADME (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, and Excretion) data and in vivo pharmacokinetics indicate effective brain penetration, positioning these molecules as potential treatments for schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, and depression. Designed to minimize off-target side effects, particularly extrapyramidal motor side effects (EPS), these compounds maintain therapeutic efficacy. These compounds exhibit atypical antipsychotic properties without typical off-target effects and are expected to have reduced overall side effects. These molecules can be administered in various pharmaceutical forms, either alone or in combination with other therapeutic agents.

This Notice is made in accordance with 35 U.S.C. 209 and 37 CFR part 404. The prospective exclusive license will be royalty bearing, and the prospective exclusive license may be granted unless within forty-five (45) days from the date of this published Notice, the National

Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke receives written evidence and argument that establishes that the grant of the license would not be consistent with the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 209 and 37 CFR part 404.

In response to this Notice, the public may file comments or objections. Comments and objections, other than those in the form of a license application, will not be treated confidentially and may be made publicly available.

License applications submitted in response to this Notice will be presumed to contain business confidential information and any release of information from these license applications will be made only as required and upon a request under the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552.

Susan E. Ano,

Chief, Technology Transfer Branch, National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke.

[FR Doc. 2025-09844 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4140-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Center for Scientific Review; Notice of Closed Meetings

Pursuant to section 1009 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of the following meetings.

The meetings will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: Social and Community Influences on Health Integrated Review Group; Social Psychology, Personality and Interpersonal Processes Study Section.

Date: June 26–27, 2025.

Time: 10:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Address: National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

Meeting Format: Virtual Meeting.

Contact Person: Joshua J. Maticotta, PSYD, Scientific Review Officer, Center for

Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 827-7498, josh.maticotta@nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Digestive, Kidney and Urological Systems Integrated Review Group; Environmental Determinants of Disease Study Section.

Date: June 30–July 1, 2025.

Time: 8:30 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Address: National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

Meeting Format: Virtual Meeting.

Contact Person: Stacey Nicole Williams, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 867-5309, stacey.williams@nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Oncology 1—Basic Translational Integrated Review Group; Basic Cancer Immunobiology Study Section.

Date: June 30–July 1, 2025.

Time: 9:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Address: National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

Meeting Format: Virtual Meeting.

Contact Person: Sarita Kandula Sastry, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20782, 301-402-4788, sarita.sastry@nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Fellowships: Sensory and Motor Neurosciences, Cognition and Perception.

Date: June 30–July 1, 2025.

Time: 9:30 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Address: National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

Meeting Format: Virtual Meeting.

Contact Person: Melanie Marie Pina, Scientific Review Officer, The Center for Scientific Review, The National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 594-0718, melanie.pina@nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Program Projects: National Center for Biomedical Imaging and Bioengineering.

Date: June 30–July 2, 2025.

Time: 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Address: National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

Meeting Format: Virtual Meeting.

Contact Person: Tianhong Wang, Scientific Review Officer, National Institute of Biomedical Imaging and Bioengineering, 6707 Democracy Boulevard, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 435-11889, wangt3@mail.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Member

Conflict: Topics in Adaptive and Innate Immunity.

Date: June 30, 2025.

Time: 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Address: National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

Meeting Format: Virtual Meeting.

Contact Person: Seyhan Boyoglu barnum, Scientific Review Officer, The Center for Scientific Review, The National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 480-1446, seyhan.boyoglu-barnum@nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Member Conflict: Cancer Preventions and Therapeutics.

Date: June 30, 2025.

Time: 10:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Address: National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

Meeting Format: Virtual Meeting.

Contact Person: Ola Mae Zack Howard, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 4192, MSC 7806, Bethesda, MD 20892, 301-451-4467, howardz@mail.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Musculoskeletal, Oral and Skin Sciences Integrated Review Group; Skin and Connective Tissue Sciences Study Section.

Date: July 1-2, 2025.

Time: 9:30 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Address: National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

Meeting Format: Virtual Meeting.

Contact Person: Robert Gersch, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 800K, Bethesda, MD 20817, (301) 867-5309, robert.gersch@nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; PAR Panel: Cancer Etiology, Diagnosis, Prevention and Treatment.

Date: July 1, 2025.

Time: 9:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Address: National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

Meeting Format: Virtual Meeting.

Contact Person: Hasan Siddiqui, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Special Review Branch, Division of Extramural Activities, National Cancer Institute, NIH, 9609 Medical Center Drive, Room 7W240, Rockville, MD 20850, 240-276-5122, hasan.siddiqui@nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; RFA-RM-24-012: In Vivo Non-Invasive Optical Imaging Approaches for Biological Systems.

Date: July 1-2, 2025.

Time: 10:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Address: National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

Meeting Format: Virtual Meeting.

Contact Person: Steven Anthony Ripp, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 594-3010, steven.ripp@nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Fellowships: Behavioral Neuroscience.

Date: July 1-2, 2025.

Time: 10:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Address: National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

Meeting Format: Virtual Meeting.

Contact Person: John Drake Morgan, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Dr., Room 1015A, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 827-9283, morganjod@csr.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; PAR-24-260 Review of Tribal Institutional Review Board Establishment and Enhancement (TIRBEE) Award (R24).

Date: July 1, 2025.

Time: 10:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Address: National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

Meeting Format: Virtual Meeting.

Contact Person: Kimberly Hammer, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, National Institute of General Medical Sciences, 45 Center Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 827-0041, kimberly.hammer@nih.gov.

(Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.306, Comparative Medicine; 93.333, Clinical Research, 93.306, 93.333, 93.337, 93.393-93.396, 93.837-93.844, 93.846-93.878, 93.892, 93.893, National Institutes of Health, HHS)

Dated: May 27, 2025.

Sterlyn H. Gibson,

Program Specialist, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 2025-09845 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4140-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

Current List of HHS-Certified Laboratories and Instrumented Initial Testing Facilities Which Meet Minimum Standards To Engage in Urine and Oral Fluid Drug Testing for Federal Agencies

AGENCY: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) notifies Federal agencies of the laboratories and Instrumented Initial Testing Facilities (IITFs) currently certified to meet the standards of the Mandatory Guidelines for Federal Workplace Drug Testing Programs (Mandatory Guidelines) using Urine and the laboratories currently certified to meet the standards of the Mandatory Guidelines using Oral Fluid.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Anastasia Flanagan, Division of Workplace Programs, SAMHSA/CSAP, 5600 Fishers Lane, Room 16N06B, Rockville, Maryland 20857; 240-276-2600 (voice); Anastasia.Flanagan@samhsa.hhs.gov (email).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) publishes a notice listing all HHS-certified laboratories and Instrumented Initial Testing Facilities (IITFs) in the **Federal Register** during the first week of each month, in accordance with Section 9.19 of the Mandatory Guidelines for Federal Workplace Drug Testing Programs (Mandatory Guidelines) using Urine and Section 9.17 of the Mandatory Guidelines using Oral Fluid. If any laboratory or IITF certification is suspended or revoked, the laboratory or IITF will be omitted from subsequent lists until such time as it is restored to full certification under the Mandatory Guidelines.

If any laboratory or IITF has withdrawn from the HHS National Laboratory Certification Program (NLCP) during the past month, it will be listed at the end and will be omitted from the monthly listing thereafter.

This notice is also available on the internet at <https://www.samhsa.gov/workplace/drug-testing-resources/certified-lab-list>.

HHS separately notifies Federal agencies of the laboratories and IITFs currently certified to meet the standards of the Mandatory Guidelines using Urine and of the laboratories currently

certified to meet the standards of the Mandatory Guidelines using Oral Fluid.

The Mandatory Guidelines using Urine were first published in the **Federal Register** on April 11, 1988 (53 FR 11970), and subsequently revised in the **Federal Register** on June 9, 1994 (59 FR 29908); September 30, 1997 (62 FR 51118); April 13, 2004 (69 FR 19644); November 25, 2008 (73 FR 71858); December 10, 2008 (73 FR 75122); April 30, 2010 (75 FR 22809); January 23, 2017 (82 FR 7920); and on October 12, 2023 (88 FR 70768).

The Mandatory Guidelines using Oral Fluid were first published in the **Federal Register** on October 25, 2019 (84 FR 57554) with an effective date of January 1, 2020, and subsequently revised in the **Federal Register** on October 12, 2023 (88 FR 70814).

The Mandatory Guidelines were initially developed in accordance with Executive Order 12564 and section 503 of Public Law 100–71 and allowed urine drug testing only. The Mandatory Guidelines using Urine have since been revised, and new Mandatory Guidelines allowing for oral fluid drug testing have been published. The Mandatory Guidelines require strict standards that laboratories and IITFs must meet in order to conduct drug and specimen validity tests on specimens for Federal agencies. HHS does not allow IITFs to conduct oral fluid testing.

To become certified, an applicant laboratory or IITF must undergo three rounds of performance testing plus an on-site inspection. To maintain that certification, a laboratory or IITF must participate in a quarterly performance testing program plus undergo periodic, on-site inspections.

Laboratories and IITFs in the applicant stage of certification are not to be considered as meeting the minimum requirements described in the HHS Mandatory Guidelines using Urine and/or Oral Fluid. An HHS-certified laboratory or IITF must have its letter of certification from HHS/SAMHSA (formerly: HHS/NIDA), which attests that the test facility has met minimum standards. HHS does not allow IITFs to conduct oral fluid testing.

HHS-Certified Laboratories Approved To Conduct Oral Fluid Drug Testing

In accordance with the Mandatory Guidelines using Oral Fluid effective October 10, 2023 (88 FR 70814), the following HHS-certified laboratories meet the minimum standards to conduct drug and specimen validity tests on oral fluid specimens:

At this time, there are no laboratories certified to conduct drug and specimen validity tests on oral fluid specimens.

HHS-Certified Instrumented Initial Testing Facilities Approved To Conduct Urine Drug Testing

In accordance with the Mandatory Guidelines using Urine effective February 1, 2024 (88 FR 70768), the following HHS-certified IITFs meet the minimum standards to conduct drug and specimen validity tests on urine specimens:

Dynacare*, 6628 50th Street NW, Edmonton, AB Canada T6B 2N7, 780–784–1190, (Formerly: Gamma-Dynacare Medical Laboratories)

HHS-Certified Laboratories Approved To Conduct Urine Drug Testing

In accordance with the Mandatory Guidelines using Urine effective February 1, 2024 (88 FR 70768), the following HHS-certified laboratories meet the minimum standards to conduct drug and specimen validity tests on urine specimens:

Alere Toxicology Services, 1111 Newton St., Gretna, LA 70053, 504–361–8989/800–433–3823, (Formerly: Kroll Laboratory Specialists, Inc., Laboratory Specialists, Inc.)

Alere Toxicology Services, 450 Southlake Blvd., Richmond, VA 23236, 804–378–9130, (Formerly: Kroll Laboratory Specialists, Inc., Scientific Testing Laboratories, Inc.; Kroll Scientific Testing Laboratories, Inc.)

Clinical Reference Laboratory, Inc., 8433 Quivira Road, Lenexa, KS 66215–2802, 800–445–6917.

Desert Tox, LLC, 5425 E Bell Rd., Suite 125, Scottsdale, AZ, 85254, 602–457–5411/623–748–5045

DrugScan, Inc., 200 Precision Road, Suite 200, Horsham, PA 19044, 800–235–4890

Dynacare *, 245 Pall Mall Street, London, ONT, Canada N6A 1P4, 519–679–1630, (Formerly: Gamma-Dynacare Medical Laboratories)

ElSohly Laboratories, Inc., 5 Industrial Park Drive, Oxford, MS 38655, 662–236–2609

LabOne, Inc. d/b/a Quest Diagnostics, 10101 Renner Blvd., Lenexa, KS 66219, 913–888–3927/800–873–8845, (Formerly: Quest Diagnostics Incorporated; LabOne, Inc.; Center for Laboratory Services, a Division of LabOne, Inc.)

Laboratory Corporation of America Holdings, 7207 N. Gessner Road, Houston, TX 77040, 713–856–8288/800–800–2387

Laboratory Corporation of America Holdings, 69 First Ave., Raritan, NJ 08869, 908–526–2400/800–437–4986, Formerly: Roche Biomedical Laboratories, Inc.)

Laboratory Corporation of America Holdings, 1904 TW Alexander Drive, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709, 919–572–6900/800–833–3984, (Formerly: LabCorp Occupational Testing Services, Inc., CompuChem Laboratories, Inc.; CompuChem Laboratories, Inc., A Subsidiary of Roche Biomedical Laboratory; Roche CompuChem Laboratories, Inc., A Member of the Roche Group)

Laboratory Corporation of America Holdings, 1120 Main Street, Southaven, MS 38671, 866–827–8042/800–233–6339, (Formerly: LabCorp Occupational Testing Services, Inc.; MedExpress/National Laboratory Center)

MedTox Laboratories, Inc., 402 W. County Road D, St. Paul, MN 55112, 651–636–7466/800–832–3244

Minneapolis Veterans Affairs Medical Center, Forensic Toxicology Laboratory, 1 Veterans Drive, Minneapolis, MN 55417, 612–725–2088. Testing for Veterans Affairs (VA) Employees Only

Omega Laboratories, Inc.*, 2150 Dunwin Drive, Unit 1 & 2, Mississauga, ON, Canada L5L 5M8, 289–919–3188

Pacific Toxicology Laboratories, 9348 DeSoto Ave., Chatsworth, CA 91311, 800–328–6942, (Formerly: Centinela Hospital Airport Toxicology Laboratory)

Phamatech, Inc., 15175 Innovation Drive, San Diego, CA 92128, 888–635–5840

US Army Forensic Toxicology Drug Testing Laboratory, 2490 Wilson St., Fort George G. Meade, MD 20755–5235, 301–677–7085

Testing for Department of Defense (DoD) Employees Only

The following laboratory is voluntarily withdrawing from the National Laboratory Certification Program effective January 10, 2025:

Laboratory Corporation of America, 1225 NE 2nd Ave., Portland, OR 97323, 503–413–5295/800–950–5295, (Formerly: Legacy Laboratory Services Toxicology MetroLab)

* The Standards Council of Canada (SCC) voted to end its Laboratory Accreditation Program for Substance Abuse (LAPSA) effective May 12, 1998. Laboratories certified through that program were accredited to conduct forensic urine drug testing as required by U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) regulations. As of that date, the certification of those accredited Canadian laboratories continued under DOT authority. The responsibility for conducting quarterly performance

testing plus periodic on-site inspections of those LAPSA-accredited laboratories was transferred to the U.S. HHS, with the HHS' NLCP contractor continuing to have an active role in the performance testing and laboratory inspection processes. Other Canadian laboratories wishing to be considered for the NLCP may apply directly to the NLCP contractor just as U.S. laboratories do.

Upon finding a Canadian laboratory to be qualified, HHS will recommend that DOT certify the laboratory as meeting the minimum standards of the current Mandatory Guidelines published in the **Federal Register**. After receiving DOT certification, the laboratory will be included in the monthly list of HHS-certified laboratories and participate in the NLCP certification maintenance program. DOT established this process in July 1996 (61 FR 37015) to allow foreign laboratories to participate in the DOT drug testing program.

Anastasia D. Flanagan,

Public Health Advisor, Division of Workplace Programs.

[FR Doc. 2025-09882 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4162-20-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Accreditation and Approval of Intertek USA, Inc. (Nederland, TX) as a Commercial Gauger and Laboratory

AGENCY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: Notice of accreditation and approval of Intertek USA, Inc. (Nederland, TX) as a commercial gauger and laboratory.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given, pursuant to CBP regulations, that Intertek USA, Inc. (Nederland, TX), has been approved to gauge petroleum and certain petroleum products and accredited to test petroleum and certain petroleum products for customs purposes for the next three years as of May 15, 2024.

DATES: Intertek USA, Inc. (Nederland, TX) was approved and accredited as a commercial gauger and laboratory as of May 15, 2024. The next inspection date will be scheduled for May 2027.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Eugene Bondoc, Laboratories and Scientific Services, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, 1331 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite 1501-A North, Washington, DC 20004, tel. 202-344-1060.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given pursuant to 19 CFR 151.12 and 19 CFR 151.13, that Intertek USA, Inc., 2780 Highway 69 N., Nederland, TX 77627, has been approved to gauge petroleum and certain petroleum products and accredited to test petroleum and certain petroleum products for customs purposes, in accordance with the provisions of 19 CFR 151.12 and 19 CFR 151.13.

Intertek USA, Inc. (Nederland, TX) is approved for the following gauging procedures for petroleum and certain petroleum products from the American Petroleum Institute (API):

API chapters	Title
3	Tank Gauging.
5	Metering.
7	Temperature Determination.
8	Sampling.
11	Physical Properties Data.
12	Calculation of Petroleum Quantities.
14	Natural Gas Fluids Measurement.
17	Marine Measurement.

Intertek USA, Inc. (Nederland, TX) is accredited for the following laboratory analysis procedures and methods for petroleum and certain petroleum products set forth by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Laboratory Methods (CBPL) and American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):

CBPL No.	ASTM	Title
27-04	D95	Standard Test Method for Water in Petroleum Products and Bituminous Materials by Distillation.
27-05	D4928	Standard Test Method for Water in Crude Oils by Coulometric Karl Fischer Titration.
27-06	D473	Standard Test Method for Sediment in Crude Oils and Fuel Oils by the Extraction Method.
27-07	D4807	Standard Test Method for Sediment in Crude Oil by Membrane Filtration.
27-08	D86	Standard Test Method for Distillation of Petroleum Products at Atmospheric Pressure.
27-11	D445	Standard Test Method for Kinematic Viscosity of Transparent and Opaque Liquids (and Calculation of Dynamic Viscosity).
27-13	D4294	Standard Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum and Petroleum Products by Energy-Dispersive X-ray Fluorescence Spectrometry.
27-46	D5002	Standard Test Method for Density, Relative Density, and API Gravity of Crude Oils by Digital Density Analyzer.
27-48	D4052	Standard Test Method for Density, Relative Density, and API Gravity of Liquids by Digital Density Meter.
27-53	D2709	Standard Test Method for Water and Sediment in Middle Distillate Fuels by Centrifuge.
27-54	D1796	Standard Test Method for Water and Sediment in Fuel Oils by the Centrifuge Method (Laboratory Procedure).
N/A	D4007	Standard Test Method for Water and Sediment in Crude Oil by the Centrifuge Method (Laboratory Procedure).

Anyone wishing to employ this entity to conduct laboratory analyses and gauger services should request and receive written assurances from the entity that it is accredited or approved by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection to conduct the specific test or gauger service requested. Alternatively, inquiries regarding the specific test or gauger service this entity is accredited or approved to perform may be directed to the U.S. Customs and Border Protection by calling (202) 344-1060.

The inquiry may also be sent to CBPGaugersLabs@cbp.dhs.gov. Please reference the website listed below for a complete listing of CBP approved gaugers and accredited laboratories. <https://www.cbp.gov/about/labs-scientific/commercial-gaugers-and-laboratories>.

Lina M. Acosta,

Acting Laboratory Director, Houston, Laboratories and Scientific Services.

[FR Doc. 2025-09913 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111-14-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Accreditation and Approval of Intertek USA, Inc. (Ferndale, WA) as a Commercial Gauger and Laboratory

AGENCY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: Notice of accreditation and approval of Intertek USA, Inc.

(Ferndale, WA) as a commercial gauger and laboratory.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given, pursuant to CBP regulations, that Intertek USA, Inc. (Ferndale, WA), has been approved to gauge petroleum and certain petroleum products and accredited to test petroleum and certain petroleum products for customs purposes for the next three years as of January 9, 2024.

DATES: Intertek USA, Inc. (Ferndale, WA) was approved and accredited as a commercial gauger and laboratory as of January 9, 2024. The next inspection date will be scheduled for January 2027.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Eugene Bondoc, Laboratories and Scientific Services, U.S. Customs and

Border Protection, 1331 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite 1501–A North, Washington, DC 20004, tel. 202–344–1060.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given pursuant to 19 CFR 151.12 and 19 CFR 151.13, that Intertek USA, Inc., 5060 Pacific Coast Highway, Suite 121, Ferndale, WA 98248, has been approved to gauge petroleum and certain petroleum products and accredited to test petroleum and certain petroleum products for customs purposes, in accordance with the provisions of 19 CFR 151.12 and 19 CFR 151.13. Intertek USA, Inc. (Ferndale, WA) is approved for the following gauging procedures for petroleum and

certain petroleum products from the American Petroleum Institute (API):

API chapters	Title
3	Tank Gauging.
7	Temperature Determination.
8	Sampling.
11	Physical Properties Data.
12	Calculation of Petroleum Quantities.
17	Marine Measurement.

Intertek USA, Inc. (Ferndale, WA) is accredited for the following laboratory analysis procedures and methods for petroleum and certain petroleum products set forth by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Laboratory Methods (CBPL) and American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):

CBPL No.	ASTM	Title
27–03	D4006	Standard Test Method for Water in Crude Oil by Distillation.
27–05	D4928	Standard Test Method for Water in Crude Oils by Coulometric Karl Fischer Titration.
27–06	D473	Standard Test Method for Sediment in Crude Oils and Fuel Oils by the Extraction Method.
27–07	D4807	Standard Test Method for Sediment in Crude Oil by Membrane Filtration.
27–13	D4294	Standard Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum and Petroleum Products by Energy-Dispersive X-ray Fluorescence Spectrometry.
27–46	D5002	Standard Test Method for Density, Relative Density, and API Gravity of Crude Oils by Digital Density Analyzer.
27–48	D4052	Standard Test Method for Density, Relative Density, and API Gravity of Liquids by Digital Density Meter.
27–54	D1796	Standard Test Method for Water and Sediment in Fuel Oils by the Centrifuge Method (Laboratory Procedure).
N/A	D4007	Standard Test Method for Water and Sediment in Crude Oil by the Centrifuge Method (Laboratory Procedure).

Anyone wishing to employ this entity to conduct laboratory analyses and gauger services should request and receive written assurances from the entity that it is accredited or approved by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection to conduct the specific test or gauger service requested. Alternatively, inquiries regarding the specific test or gauger service this entity is accredited or approved to perform may be directed to the U.S. Customs and Border Protection by calling (202) 344–1060. The inquiry may also be sent to CBPGaugersLabs@cbp.dhs.gov. Please reference the website listed below for a complete listing of CBP approved gaugers and accredited laboratories. <https://www.cbp.gov/about/labs-scientific/commercial-gaugers-and-laboratories>

Lina M. Acosta,
Acting Laboratory Director, Houston, Laboratories and Scientific Services.
[FR Doc. 2025–09910 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 9111–14–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Accreditation and Approval of Intertek USA, Inc. (Marion, AR) as a Commercial Gauger and Laboratory

AGENCY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: Notice of accreditation and approval of Intertek USA, Inc. (Marion, AR) as a commercial gauger and laboratory.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given, pursuant to CBP regulations, that Intertek USA, Inc. (Marion, AR), has been approved to gauge petroleum and certain petroleum products and accredited to test petroleum and certain petroleum products for customs purposes for the next three years as of April 25, 2024.

DATES: Intertek USA, Inc. (Marion, AR) was approved and accredited as a commercial gauger and laboratory as of April 25, 2024. The next inspection date will be scheduled for April 2027.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Eugene Bondoc, Laboratories and Scientific Services, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, 1331 Pennsylvania

Avenue NW, Suite 1501–A North, Washington, DC 20004, tel. 202–344–1060.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given pursuant to 19 CFR 151.12 and 19 CFR 151.13, that Intertek USA, Inc., 4398 Highway 77 N, Marion, AR 72364, has been approved to gauge petroleum and certain petroleum products and accredited to test petroleum and certain petroleum products for customs purposes, in accordance with the provisions of 19 CFR 151.12 and 19 CFR 151.13.

Intertek USA, Inc. (Marion, AR) is approved for the following gauging procedures for petroleum and certain petroleum products from the American Petroleum Institute (API):

API chapters	Title
3	Tank Gauging.
7	Temperature Determination.
8	Sampling.
12	Calculation of Petroleum Quantities.
17	Marine Measurement.

Intertek USA, Inc. (Marion, AR) is accredited for the following laboratory analysis procedures and methods for petroleum and certain petroleum products set forth by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Laboratory

Methods (CBPL) and American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):

CBPL No.	ASTM	Title
27-08	D86	Standard Test Method for Distillation of Petroleum Products at Atmospheric Pressure.
27-11	D445	Standard Test Method for Kinematic Viscosity of Transparent and Opaque Liquids (and Calculation of Dynamic Viscosity).
27-13	D4294	Standard Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum and Petroleum Products by Energy-Dispersive X-ray Fluorescence Spectrometry.
27-46	D5002	Standard Test Method for Density, Relative Density, and API Gravity of Crude Oils by Digital Density Analyzer.
27-48	D4052	Standard Test Method for Density, Relative Density, and API Gravity of Liquids by Digital Density Meter.
27-53	D2709	Standard Test Method for Water and Sediment in Middle Distillate Fuels by Centrifuge.
27-58	D5191	Standard Test Method for Vapor Pressure of Petroleum Products and Liquid Fuels (Mini Method).

Anyone wishing to employ this entity to conduct laboratory analyses and gauger services should request and receive written assurances from the entity that it is accredited or approved by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection to conduct the specific test or gauger service requested. Alternatively, inquiries regarding the specific test or gauger service this entity is accredited or approved to perform may be directed to the U.S. Customs and Border Protection by calling (202) 344-1060. The inquiry may also be sent to CBPGaugersLabs@cbp.dhs.gov. Please reference the website listed below for a complete listing of CBP approved gaugers and accredited laboratories.

<https://www.cbp.gov/about/labs-scientific/commercial-gaugers-and-laboratories>

Lina M. Acosta,

Acting Laboratory Director, Houston, Laboratories and Scientific Services.

[FR Doc. 2025-09907 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111-14-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Accreditation and Approval of NMK Resources, Inc. (Roselle, NJ) as a Commercial Gauger and Laboratory

AGENCY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: Notice of accreditation and approval of NMK Resources, Inc. (Roselle, NJ), as a commercial gauger and laboratory.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given, pursuant to CBP regulations, that NMK Resources, Inc. (Roselle, NJ), has been approved to gauge petroleum and certain petroleum products and accredited to test petroleum and certain petroleum products for customs purposes for the next three years as of August 18, 2023.

DATES: NMK Resources, Inc. (Roselle, NJ) was approved and accredited as a commercial gauger and laboratory as of August 18, 2023. The next triennial inspection date will be scheduled for August 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Eugene Bondoc, Laboratories and Scientific Services, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, 1331 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite 1501-A North,

Washington, DC 20004, tel. 202-344-1060.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given pursuant to 19 CFR 151.12 and 19 CFR 151.13, that NMK Resources, Inc., 1100 Walnut St., Roselle, NJ 94520, has been approved to gauge petroleum and certain petroleum products and accredited to test petroleum and certain petroleum products for customs purposes, in accordance with the provisions of 19 CFR 151.12 and 19 CFR 151.13.

NMK Resources, Inc. (Roselle, NJ) is approved for the following gauging procedures for petroleum and certain petroleum products from the American Petroleum Institute (API):

API chapters	Title
3	Tank Gauging.
7	Temperature Determination.
8	Sampling.
11	Physical Properties Data.
12	Calculation of Petroleum Quantities.
17	Marine Measurement.

NMK Resources, Inc. (Roselle, NJ) is accredited for the following laboratory analysis procedures and methods for petroleum and certain petroleum products set forth by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Laboratory Methods (CBPL) and American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):

CBPL No.	ASTM	Title
27-04	D95	Standard Test Method for Water in Petroleum Products and Bituminous Materials by Distillation.
27-06	D473	Standard Test Method for Sediment in Crude Oils and Fuel Oils by the Extraction Method.
27-11	D445	Standard Test Method for Kinematic Viscosity of Transparent and Opaque Liquids (and Calculation of Dynamic Viscosity).
27-13	D4294	Standard Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum and Petroleum Products by Energy-Dispersive X-ray Fluorescence Spectrometry.
27-46	D5002	Standard Test Method for Density, Relative Density, and API Gravity of Crude Oils by Digital Density Analyzer.
27-48	D4052	Standard Test Method for Density, Relative Density, and API Gravity of Liquids by Digital Density Meter.
27-50	D93	Standard Test Methods for Flash Point by Pensky-Martens Closed Cup Tester.
N/A	D97	Standard Test Method for Pour Point of Petroleum Products.
N/A	D4530	Standard Test Method for Determination of Carbon Residue (Micro Method).
N/A	D482	Standard Test Method for Ash from Petroleum Products.
N/A	D664	Standard Test Method for Acid Number of Petroleum Products by Potentiometric Titration.
N/A	D5762	Standard Test Method for Nitrogen in Liquid Hydrocarbons, Petroleum and Petroleum Products by Boat-Inlet Chemiluminescence.

CBPL No.	ASTM	Title
N/A	D1160	Standard Test Method for Distillation of Petroleum Products at Reduced Pressure.

Anyone wishing to employ this entity to conduct laboratory analyses and gauger services should request and receive written assurances from the entity that it is accredited or approved by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection to conduct the specific test or gauger service requested. Alternatively, inquiries regarding the specific test or gauger service this entity is accredited or approved to perform may be directed to the U.S. Customs and Border Protection by calling (202) 344–1060. The inquiry may also be sent to CBPGaugersLabs@cbp.dhs.gov. Please reference the website listed below for a complete listing of CBP approved gaugers and accredited laboratories.

<https://www.cbp.gov/about/labs-scientific/commercial-gaugers-and-laboratories>

Lina M. Acosta,
Acting Laboratory Director, Houston, Laboratories and Scientific Services.
[FR Doc. 2025–09909 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 9111–14–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY
U.S. Customs and Border Protection
Accreditation and Approval of Intertek USA, Inc. (St. Rose, LA) as a Commercial Gauger and Laboratory
AGENCY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Department of Homeland Security.
ACTION: Notice of accreditation and approval of Intertek USA, Inc. (St. Rose, LA) as a commercial gauger and laboratory.
SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given, pursuant to CBP regulations, that Intertek USA, Inc. (St. Rose, LA), has been approved to gauge petroleum and certain petroleum products and accredited to test petroleum and certain petroleum products for customs purposes for the next three years as of May 7, 2024.
DATES: Intertek USA, Inc. (St. Rose, LA) was approved and accredited as a commercial gauger and laboratory as of May 7, 2024. The next inspection date will be scheduled for May 2027.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Eugene Bondoc, Laboratories and Scientific Services, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, 1331 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite 1501–A North, Washington, DC 20004, tel. 202–344–1060.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given pursuant to 19 CFR 151.12 and 19 CFR 151.13, that Intertek USA, Inc., 149 Pintail Street, St. Rose, LA 70087, has been approved to gauge petroleum and certain petroleum products and accredited to test petroleum and certain petroleum products for customs purposes, in accordance with the provisions of 19 CFR 151.12 and 19 CFR 151.13.
Intertek USA, Inc. (St. Rose, LA) is approved for the following gauging procedures for petroleum and certain petroleum products from the American Petroleum Institute (API):

API chapters	Title
3	Tank Gauging.
5	Metering.
7	Temperature Determination.
8	Sampling.
11	Physical Properties Data.
12	Calculation of Petroleum Quantities.
17	Marine Measurement.

Intertek USA, Inc. (St. Rose, LA) is accredited for the following laboratory analysis procedures and methods for petroleum and certain petroleum products set forth by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection Laboratory Methods (CBPL) and American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):

CBPL No.	ASTM	Title
27–03	D4006	Standard Test Method for Water in Crude Oil by Distillation.
27–04	D95	Standard Test Method for Water in Petroleum Products and Bituminous Materials by Distillation.
27–05	D4928	Standard Test Method for Water in Crude Oils by Coulometric Karl Fischer Titration.
27–06	D473	Standard Test Method for Sediment in Crude Oils and Fuel Oils by the Extraction Method.
27–07	D4807	Standard Test Method for Sediment in Crude Oil by Membrane Filtration.
27–08	D86	Standard Test Method for Distillation of Petroleum Products at Atmospheric Pressure.
27–11	D445	Standard Test Method for Kinematic Viscosity of Transparent and Opaque Liquids (and Calculation of Dynamic Viscosity).
27–13	D4294	Standard Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum and Petroleum Products by Energy-Dispersive X-ray Fluorescence Spectrometry.
27–14	D2622	Standard Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum Products by Wavelength Dispersive X-Ray Fluorescence Spectrometry.
27–46	D5002	Standard Test Method for Density, Relative Density, and API Gravity of Crude Oils by Digital Density Analyzer.
27–48	D4052	Standard Test Method for Density, Relative Density, and API Gravity of Liquids by Digital Density Meter.
27–50	D93	Standard Test Methods for Flash Point by Pensky-Martens Closed Cup Tester.
27–54	D1796	Standard Test Method for Water and Sediment in Fuel Oils by the Centrifuge Method (Laboratory Procedure).
27–58	D5191	Standard Test Method for Vapor Pressure of Petroleum Products and Liquid Fuels (Mini Method).
N/A	D4007	Standard Test Method for Water and Sediment in Crude Oil by the Centrifuge Method (Laboratory Procedure).

Anyone wishing to employ this entity to conduct laboratory analyses and gauger services should request and receive written assurances from the entity that it is accredited or approved by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection to conduct the specific test or gauger service requested. Alternatively, inquiries regarding the specific test or gauger service this entity is accredited or approved to perform may be directed to the U.S. Customs and Border

Protection by calling (202) 344–1060. The inquiry may also be sent to CBPGaugersLabs@cbp.dhs.gov. Please reference the website listed below for a complete listing of CBP approved gaugers and accredited laboratories.

<https://www.cbp.gov/about/labs-scientific/commercial-gaugers-and-laboratories>

Lina M. Acosta,

Acting Laboratory Director, Houston, Laboratories and Scientific Services.

[FR Doc. 2025–09908 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111–14–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement

[OMB Control Number 1653–0054]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Extension, Without Change, of a Currently Approved Collection: Training Plan for Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) Optional Practical Training (OPT) Students

AGENCY: U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: 30-Day notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995 the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) will submit the following Information Collection Request (ICR) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance. This information collection was previously published in the **Federal Register** on March 20, 2025, allowing for a 60-day comment period. ICE received forty-six comments. The burden totals have been adjusted from

the 60-day notice based on revised estimates. The purpose of this notice is to allow an additional 30 days for public comments.

DATES: Comments are encouraged and will be accepted until July 2, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of the publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions related to this collection, call or email Sharon Snyder, Student and Exchange Visitor Program (SEVP), 703–603–3400 or 1–800–892–4829, email: sevp@ice.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information should address one or more of the following four points:

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or

other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of This Information Collection

(1) *Type of Information Collection:* Extension, Without Change, of a Currently Approved Collection.

(2) *Title of the Form/Collection:* Training Plan for STEM OPT Students.

(3) *Agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department of Homeland Security sponsoring the collection:* Form I–983; U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement.

(4) *Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract:* Primary: Individuals or households. The Form I–983 serves as a planning document for STEM OPT students, the SEVP-certified school, and the employer. The Training Plan for STEM OPT Students also serves as an evidentiary document for SEVP, by tracking the STEM OPT student’s progress, setting forth the terms and conditions of the practical training, and documenting the obligations of the three parties that are involved—the F student, the SEVP-certified school, and the employer.

The student and the employer must each complete and sign their part of the Form I–983. The SEVP-certified school will incorporate the completed and signed Form I–983 as part of the student’s school file. The SEVP-certified school will make the student’s Form I–983 available to DHS upon request.

Additionally, ICE is reformatting the Form I–983 to improve the collection of school officials’ contact information and students’ compensation while on STEM OPT.

(5) *An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond:*

TABLE 1—CALCULATION OF ANNUAL REPORTING BURDEN FOR TRAINING PLAN

Function	Average annual responses	Time per response (hours)	Average annual hour burden
Student Burden			
Initial Completion of Training Plan	122,101	2.17	264,959
12-month Evaluation Requirements	122,101	1.50	183,152
Subtotal .....	.....	.....	488,111
DSO Burden			
Initial Review of Training Plan & Recordkeeping	122,101	1.33	162,394
Review of Evaluation & Recordkeeping	122,101	1.33	162,394

TABLE 1—CALCULATION OF ANNUAL REPORTING BURDEN FOR TRAINING PLAN—Continued

Function	Average annual responses	Time per response (hours)	Average annual hour burden
Subtotal .....	.....	.....	324,788
Employer Burden			
Initial Completion of Training Plan	122,101	4.00	488,404
Evaluation Requirements	122,101	0.75	91,576
Subtotal .....	.....	.....	579,980
Total Burden Hours .....	.....	.....	1,352,879

(6) *An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection: 1,352,879 annual burden hours.*

Dated: May 28, 2025.

Scott Elmore,
PRA Clearance Officer.

[FR Doc. 2025–09891 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111–28–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement

[OMB Control Number 1653–0034]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Extension, Without Change, of a Currently Approved Collection: Form No. I–901; Fee Remittance for Certain F, J and M Nonimmigrants

AGENCY: U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: 60-Day notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995, the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) will submit the following Information Collection Request (ICR) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance.

DATES: Comments are encouraged and will be accepted until August 1, 2025.

ADDRESSES: All submissions received must include the OMB Control Number 1653–0034 in the body of the correspondence, the agency name, and Docket ID ICEB–2007–0002–0001. All comments received will be posted without change to <http://www.regulations.gov>, including any personal information provided.

(1) *Online.* Submit comments via the Federal eRulemaking Portal website at <http://www.regulations.gov> under e-

Docket ID number ICEB–2007–0002–0001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions related to this collection, call or email Sharon Snyder, Student and Exchange Visitor Program (SEVP), 703–603–3400 or 1–800–892–4829, email: sevp@ice.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information should address one or more of the following four points:

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of This Information Collection

(1) *Type of Information Collection:* Extension, Without Change, of a Currently Approved Collection.

(2) *Title of the Form/Collection:* Fee Remittance for Certain F, J and M Nonimmigrants.

(3) *Agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department of Homeland Security sponsoring the collection:* Form I–901;

U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement.

(4) *Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract:* Primary: Individuals or households. This information collection is necessary to implement section 641 of IIRIRA, 8 U.S.C. section 1372, which directs DHS to collect information relating to academic nonimmigrant students (F–1), vocational nonimmigrant students (M–1), and exchange visitors (J–1), as well as their dependents (F–2, M–2, or J–2), and provides for the collection of the required fee to defray the costs of this program. Section 641 of IIRIRA requires DHS to collect current information, on an ongoing basis, from schools and exchange visitor program sponsors relating to F, J, and M nonimmigrants during their stay in the United States, using electronic reporting technology to the fullest extent practicable. SEVP implemented the Student and Exchange Visitor Information System (SEVIS) to carry out this statutory requirement. SEVP used the Form I–901, Fee Remittance for Certain F, J and M Nonimmigrants, to provide a receipt to the F, J, or M nonimmigrant upon payment and to positively identify that a particular F, J, or M nonimmigrant has paid the fee.

(5) *An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond:* 902,586 responses at 13 minutes (0.216 hours) per response.

(6) *An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection:* 194,959 annual burden hours.

Dated: May 28, 2025.

Scott Elmore,
PRA Clearance Officer.

[FR Doc. 2025–09867 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111–28–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY**Transportation Security Administration****Intent To Request Revision From OMB of One Current Public Collection of Information: Aviation Security Customer Satisfaction Performance Measurement Passenger Survey**

AGENCY: Transportation Security Administration, DHS.

ACTION: 60-Day notice.

SUMMARY: The Transportation Security Administration (TSA) invites public comment on one currently approved Information Collection Request (ICR), Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number 1652-0013, that we will submit to OMB for a revision in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA). The ICR describes the nature of the information collection and its expected burden. The collection involves surveying travelers to measure customer satisfaction with their aviation security screening experience in an effort to manage TSA's performance at the airport more efficiently.

DATES: Send your comments by August 1, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be emailed to TSAPRA@tsa.dhs.gov or delivered to the TSA PRA Officer, Information Technology (IT), TSA-11, Transportation Security Administration, 6595 Springfield Center Drive, Springfield, VA 20598-6011.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christina A. Walsh at the above address, or by telephone (571) 227-2062.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Comments Invited**

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The ICR documentation will be available at <https://www.reginfo.gov> upon its submission to OMB. Therefore, in preparation for OMB review and approval of the following information collection, TSA is soliciting comments to—

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed information requirement is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including using appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Information Collection Requirement

OMB Control Number 1652-0013; *Aviation Security Customer Satisfaction Performance Measurement Passenger Survey*. TSA, with OMB's approval, has conducted surveys of passengers at airports nationwide and now seeks approval to continue this effort. The surveys are administered using an intercept methodology. The intercept methodology uses TSA personnel who are not in uniform to approach passengers immediately following their screening experience and offer, but not require, the opportunity to complete a survey. The surveyors will have their identification displayed, showing they are government employees or contractors. TSA uses the intercept methodology to randomly select passengers to complete the survey (such as by approaching one out of every 10 passengers in a given screening area) in an effort to gain survey data representative of the most relevant passenger demographics to capture data from a wide range of passengers, including passengers who—

- Travel on weekdays or weekends;
- Travel in the morning, mid-day, or evening;
- Pass through each of the different security screening locations in the airport;
- Are subject to more intensive screening of their baggage or person; and
- Experience different volume conditions and wait times as they proceed through the security checkpoints.

Each survey includes no more than 10 questions. All questions concern aspects of the passenger's security screening experience and are designed to help TSA identify areas in need of improvement. Participation is always voluntary.

Before each survey collection at an airport, TSA personnel determine whether to offer individuals a chance to participate using a printed card, an online portal accessed with a QR code link, or using a tablet or similar device. The method selected is usually based on the objective of a particular collection. For example, if internet access is limited, a paper-based survey would be more appropriate than using tablets displaying an online survey. Passengers may be given an opportunity to respond

in writing to the survey questions on the customer satisfaction card and depositing the card in a drop-box at the airport. In other situations, passengers may be provided an opportunity to follow a QR code link to an online survey or following a link listed on a printed card to an online survey).

Section 3(c) of Executive Order 14168 of January 20, 2025 (Defending Women from Gender Ideology Extremism and Restoring Biological Truth to the Federal Government) requires Federal agencies to use the term “sex” and not “gender” in all applicable agency policies and documents. In compliance with this section of the Executive Order, TSA is revising the collection by removing the optional question which uses the term “gender.” TSA is requesting approval of the revision of the information collection.

TSA personnel have the capability to conduct this survey at approximately 25 airports each year. Based on prior survey data and research, TSA estimates 384 responses from the passengers at each airport. The average number of respondents is estimated to be 9,600 per year (384 passengers × 25 airports). TSA estimates that the time it takes to complete the survey either online or by writing on the form ranges from 3 to 7 minutes, with an average of 5 minutes (0.083 hours) per respondent. Therefore, the annual burden is 800 hours (9,600 responses × 0.083 hours).

Dated: May 28, 2025.

Christina A. Walsh,

Paperwork Reduction Act Officer, Office of Information Technology, Transportation Security Administration.

[FR Doc. 2025-09949 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-05-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY**Transportation Security Administration****Extension of Agency Information Collection Activity Under OMB Review: TSA Customer Comment Tools**

AGENCY: Transportation Security Administration, DHS.

ACTION: 30-Day notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces that the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) has forwarded the Information Collection Request (ICR), Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number 1652-0030, abstracted below to OMB for an extension of the currently approved collection under the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA). The ICR describes

the nature of the information collection and its expected burden. This collection allows customers to provide feedback to TSA about their experiences with TSA's processes and procedures, to request information or request assistance at the TSA checkpoint, and to report security threats and vulnerabilities.

DATES: Send your comments by July 2, 2025. A comment to OMB is most effective if OMB receives it within 30 days of publication.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to <https://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain>. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under Review—Open for Public Comments" and by using the find function.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christina A. Walsh, TSA PRA Officer, Information Technology, TSA-11, Transportation Security Administration, 6595 Springfield Center Drive, Springfield, VA 20598-6011; telephone (571) 227-2062; email TSAPRA@dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: TSA published a **Federal Register** notice, with a 60-day comment period soliciting comments, of the following collection of information on March 17, 2025 (90 FR 12333). TSA did not receive any comments on the notice.

Comments Invited

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The ICR documentation will be made available at <https://www.reginfo.gov> upon its submission to OMB. Therefore, in preparation for OMB review and approval of the following information collection, TSA is soliciting comments to—

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed information requirement is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including using appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological

collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Information Collection Requirement

Title: TSA Customer Comment Tools.

Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

OMB Control Number: 1652-0030.

Form(s): NA.

Affected Public: Travelling public.

Abstract: The TSA Contact Center continues to serve as the main portal of communication for the traveling public. TSA provides airport passengers with TSA Customer Comment Cards to provide feedback, complaints, or compliments. In addition, TSA provides passengers with six electronic methods of providing feedback to TSA regarding their experiences with TSA security procedures. The following online forms are available at www.tsa.gov/contact/contact-forms: Complaint, TSA PreCheck®, Compliment, TSA Cares, Request for Information, and Security Issues. The collection of information allows TSA to evaluate and address customer concerns about security procedures and policies. The TSA Contact Center provides a receipt to any person who submits an electronic form or email to TSA as required by 49 CFR 1503.3(a).

Estimated Annual Number of Respondents: 261,046.

Estimated Annual Burden Hours: 21,649.

Dated: May 28, 2025.

Christina A. Walsh,

*Paperwork Reduction Act Officer,
Information Technology, Transportation
Security Administration.*

[FR Doc. 2025-09948 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-05-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Transportation Security Administration

[Docket No. TSA-2004-17131]

Extension of Agency Information Collection Activity Under OMB Review: Aircraft Repair Station Security

AGENCY: Transportation Security Administration, DHS.

ACTION: 30-Day notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces that the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) has forwarded the Information Collection Request (ICR), Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number 1652-0060, abstracted below to OMB for review and approval of an extension of the currently approved collection under the

Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA). The ICR describes the nature of the information collection and its expected burden. The collection involves recordkeeping requirements and petitions for reconsideration for certain aircraft repair stations.

DATES: Send your comments by July 2, 2025. A comment to OMB is most effective if OMB receives it within 30 days of publication.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to <https://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain>. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under Review—Open for Public Comments" and by using the find function.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christina A. Walsh, TSA PRA Officer, Information Technology, TSA-11, Transportation Security Administration, 6595 Springfield Center Drive, Springfield, VA 20598-6011; telephone (571) 227-2062; email TSAPRA@tsa.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: TSA published a **Federal Register** notice, with a 60-day comment period soliciting comments, of the following collection of information on March 26, 2025, 90 FR 13772. TSA did not receive any comments on the notice.

Comments Invited

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The ICR documentation is available at <https://www.reginfo.gov> upon its submission to OMB. Therefore, in preparation for OMB review and approval of the following information collection, TSA is soliciting comments to—

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed information requirement is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including using appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Information Collection Requirement

Title: Aircraft Repair Station Security.

Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

OMB Control Number: 1652–0060.

Forms(s): NA.

Affected Public: Aircraft Repair Stations.

Abstract: In accordance with TSA's authority and responsibility over aviation security, TSA conducts reviews and audits of aircraft repair stations with a 145-certificate issued by the FAA, located within and outside of the United States to ensure compliance with the requirements of 49 CFR part 1554. This includes the collection of information relating to point of contact, recordkeeping of employment history records, compliance with the recordkeeping requirements of Security Directives and petitions for reconsideration.

Estimated Annual Number of Respondents: 4,899.¹

Estimated Annual Burden Hours: 330.

Dated: May 28, 2025.

Christina A. Walsh,

*Paperwork Reduction Act Officer,
Information Technology, Transportation
Security Administration.*

[FR Doc. 2025–09942 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110–05–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY**Transportation Security Administration****Intent to Request Extension From OMB of One Current Public Collection of Information: TSA Airspace Waiver Program**

AGENCY: Transportation Security Administration, DHS.

ACTION: 60-Day notice.

SUMMARY: The Transportation Security Administration (TSA) invites public comment on one currently approved Information Collection Request (ICR), Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number 1652–0033, that we will submit to OMB for an extension in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA). The ICR describes the nature of the information collection and its expected burden. The collection of information allows TSA to conduct security threat assessments (STAs) of individuals who operate manned aircraft and unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) in restricted airspace pursuant to

an airspace waiver or flight authorization.

DATES: Send your comments by August 1, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be emailed to TSAPRA@tsa.dhs.gov or delivered to the TSA PRA Officer, Information Technology, TSA–11, Transportation Security Administration, 6595 Springfield Center Drive, Springfield, VA 20598–6011.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christina A. Walsh at the above address, or by telephone (571) 227–2062.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Comments Invited**

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The ICR documentation will be available at <https://www.reginfo.gov> upon its submission to OMB. Therefore, in preparation for OMB review and approval of the following information collection, TSA is soliciting comments to—

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed information requirement is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including using appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Information Collection Requirement

OMB Control Number 1652–0033; TSA Airspace Waiver Program. TSA is seeking approval to extend this collection of information. The airspace waiver program allows U.S. and foreign general aviation aircraft operators to apply for approval to operate in U.S. restricted airspace, including flying over the United States and its territories. This program includes both processing of applications for airspace waivers and flight authorizations for flights operating under the Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport Access Standard Security Program (*see* subpart B of 49 CFR part 1562), which requires name-based STAs for all passengers, flight crews and armed security officers operating manned aircraft and UAS.

TSA uses the information to conduct STAs of persons on these flights to protect against and mitigate threats to transportation or national security.

TSA collects information from applicants applying for a waiver or flight authorization either online via <https://waivers.faa.gov>, or by completing a waiver or flight authorization form, which can be requested via facsimile. To ensure adequate time to process the information and obtain approval, TSA recommends that applicants submit the request electronically within, at a minimum, five business days before the start-date of the flight.

The type of information collected depends upon the purpose of the application; however, both waiver and flight authorization requests must include the purpose of the flight, the aircraft type and registration number, including aircraft operator's company name and address, and the proposed itinerary. To enable TSA to conduct STAs, the aircraft operator must provide the name, sex, date and place of birth, and Social Security or passport number for each individual onboard manned aircraft, including all pilots, passengers, crew and armed security officers, and on individuals who conduct UAS flight operations.

The estimated number of respondents is 9,687, and the annual reporting burden is 7,173 hours.

Dated: May 28, 2025.

Christina A. Walsh,

*Paperwork Reduction Act Officer, Office of
Information Technology, Transportation
Security Administration.*

[FR Doc. 2025–09950 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110–05–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY**Transportation Security Administration****Extension of Agency Information Collection Activity Under OMB Review: Pipeline Operator Security Information**

AGENCY: Transportation Security Administration, DHS.

ACTION: 30-Day notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces that the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) has forwarded the Information Collection Request (ICR), Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number 1652–0055, abstracted below, to OMB for review and approval of an extension of the currently approved collection under the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA). The

¹ Since the publication of the 60-day notice, TSA has updated the annual number of respondents from 4,900 to 3,899 and the annual burden hours from 412 to 330.

ICR describes the nature of the information collection and its expected burden. Specifically, the collection involves the submission of data concerning pipeline security incidents, and the cybersecurity coordinator(s) and alternate(s) contact information.

DATES: Send your comments by July 2, 2025. A comment to OMB is most effective if OMB receives it within 30 days of publication.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to <https://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain>. Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under Review—Open for Public Comments” and by using the find function.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christina A. Walsh, TSA PRA Officer, Information Technology (IT), TSA–11, Transportation Security Administration, 6595 Springfield Center Drive, Springfield, VA 20598–6011; telephone (571) 227–2062; email TSAPRA@tsa.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: TSA published a **Federal Register** notice, with a 60-day comment solicitation period, of the following collection of information on November 15, 2024, 86 FR 90305. TSA did not receive any comments on the notice.

Comments Invited

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The ICR documentation will be available at <https://www.reginfo.gov> upon its submission to OMB. Therefore, in preparation for OMB review and approval of the following information collection, TSA is soliciting comments to—

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed information requirement is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including using appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Information Collection Requirement

Title: Pipeline Operator Security Information.

Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

OMB Control Number: 1652–0055.

Forms(s): CISA ¹ Reporting System form.

Affected Public: Pipeline system operators.

Abstract: In addition to TSA’s broad responsibility and authority for “security in all modes of transportation” under 49 U.S.C. 114(d), TSA is statutorily required to develop and transmit to pipeline operators security recommendations for natural gas and hazardous liquid pipelines and pipeline facilities. *See* sec. 1557 of the Implementing Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007, Public Law 110–53 (121 Stat. 266; August 3, 2007), codified at 6 U.S.C. 1207.

Voluntary Collection. Consistent with these requirements, TSA produced Pipeline Security Guidelines in December 2010, and April 2011, with an update published in April 2021. As the lead federal agency for pipeline security and consistent with its statutory authorities, TSA requests to be notified of all (1) incidents that may indicate a deliberate attempt to disrupt pipeline operations; and (2) activities that could be precursors to such an attempt.

Mandatory collection. In May 2021 in response to a ransomware attack on the Colonial Pipeline Company, TSA issued a security directive series with requirements for owner/operators of hazardous liquid and natural gas pipelines and liquefied natural gas facilities that TSA designated as critical. The security directive series included two mandatory information collections, reporting pipeline security incidents, and providing contact information for the cybersecurity coordinator(s) and alternate(s).

Estimated Annual Respondents: 100.

Estimated Annual Burden Hours: 726.²

Dated: May 28, 2025.

Christina A. Walsh,

*Paperwork Reduction Act Officer,
Information Technology, Transportation
Security Administration.*

[FR Doc. 2025–09943 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110–05–P

¹ Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA).

² Since the publication of 60-day notice, TSA adjusted the estimated annual burden from 4,109 hours to 726 hours as a result of the decrease in time to submit incidents to CISA.

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR–7103–N–01; OMB Control No.: 2528–0345]

60-Day Notice of Proposed Information Collection: Moving to Work (MTW), Asset Building Cohort Evaluation

AGENCY: Office of Policy Development and Research, HUD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: HUD is seeking approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for the information collection described below. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, HUD is requesting comment from all interested parties on the proposed collection of information. The purpose of this notice is to allow for 60 days of public comment.

DATES: *Comments Due Date:* August 1, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments regarding this proposal. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection can be sent within 60 days of publication of this notice to www.regulations.gov. Interested persons are also invited to submit comments regarding this proposed information collection to HUD. Comments should refer to the information collection by name and/or OMB Control Number and should be sent to: Elizabeth Rudd, Social Science Analyst, Office of Policy Development and Research, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, SW, Room 8120, Washington, DC 20410–5000. Comments may also be submitted via email to PDRPublicComments@hud.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Elizabeth Rudd, Social Science Analyst, Office of Policy Development and Research, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street SW, Room 8120, Washington, DC 20410; email PDRPublicComments@hud.gov or telephone 202–402–7607. This is not a toll-free number. HUD welcomes and is prepared to receive calls from individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing, as well as individuals with speech or communication disabilities. To learn more about how to make an accessible telephone call, please visit <https://www.fcc.gov/consumers/guides/telecommunications-relay-service-trs>.

Copies of available documents submitted to OMB may be obtained from Elizabeth Rudd.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice informs the public that HUD is

seeking approval from OMB for the information collection described in Section A.

A. Overview of Information Collection

Title of Information Collection: Moving to Work Expansion, Asset Building Cohort Evaluation.

OMB Approval Number: 2528–0345.

Type of Request: Revision of a currently approved collection.

Form Number: N/A.

Description of the need for the information and proposed use: HUD contracted with Abt Global and its partner MEF Associates to evaluate the Moving to Work Asset Building Cohort (hereinafter “Asset Building Cohort”). This 60-day Notice informs the public of intent to collect data from HUD-assisted households at Public Housing Agencies (PHAs) participating in the Moving to Work, Asset Building Cohort.

Nine of the 17 PHAs in the Asset Building Cohort implemented an opt-out savings program. (See PIH Notice 2022–11 for information on the opt-out savings account program.)

OMB approved data collection for the first phase of the evaluation of the Moving to Work Asset Building Cohort on January 10, 2024, under OMB Control Number 2528–0345. This 60-Day Notice seeks approval for the second phase of data collection, which

includes a new instrument—the Opt-Out Saving Account Household Survey.

The first phase of the Asset Building Cohort evaluation was guided by a few overarching questions: (1) What programs are PHAs implementing? What are the characteristics of the group of residents participating in the programs? (2) How do participants understand the programs? And what do the programs mean for them personally? The programs will run for up to two years. This information collection request covers the second phase, which is guided by the following questions: (1) What is the impact of the opt-out savings program on assisted households’ ability to build and maintain an emergency savings fund that helps them avoid material hardships?” (2) What is the impact of the program on their ability to use traditional financial products and decrease reliance on high-cost alternative financial products?”

This information collection request seeks approval for data collection needed to answer second phase questions. Consequently, it requests approval to collect data from a random sample of HUD-assisted households at PHAs implementing the opt-out savings account program, including randomly selected program participants and randomly selected non-participants (the

control group) (n = 1,100). The evaluator will contact selected residents and ask them to participate in a 30-minute survey about financial goals and aspirations, and experiences with banking, savings, and credit. Participants assigned to the treatment group will be asked a few additional questions about their experiences with the program. Prior to the survey, the participants will receive an advance letter notifying them of the upcoming data collection.

Respondents: Adults who are assisted by PHAs participating in the Asset Building Cohort.

Estimated Number of Respondents: Up to 1,100 respondents (555 respondents from the treatment group and 545 respondents from the control group).

Estimated Number of Responses: 1,100.

Frequency of Response: Once.

Average Hours per Response: The advance letter for the opt-out savings study survey will take .08 hours (less than 5 minutes) to read and consider. The survey will take about 0.5 hours (30 minutes) to complete. Average total response time per respondent will be 35 minutes.

Total Estimated Burdens:

Information collection	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Burden hour per response	Annual burden hours	Hourly cost per response	Annual cost
Survey Advance Letter	1,100	1	.08	88	\$11.89	\$1,046
Survey	1,100	1	.5	550	11.89	6,540
Total .....	.....	.....	.....	638	.....	7,586

B. Solicitation of Public Comment

This notice is soliciting comments from members of the public and affected parties concerning the collection of information described in Section A on the following:

(1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) The accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information;

(3) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses.

HUD encourages interested parties to submit comments in response to these questions.

C. Authority

Section 2 of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. 3507.

Todd M. Richardson,

General Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy Development and Research.

[FR Doc. 2025–09941 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210–67–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR–7098–N–02]

60-Day Notice of Proposed Information Collection: OMB Title: Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD); Supporting Contracts and Processing Requirements; OMB Control No.: 2502–0612

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant Secretary for Housing—Federal Housing Commissioner, HUD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: HUD is seeking approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for the information collection described below. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, HUD is requesting comment from all interested parties on the proposed collection of information. The purpose of this notice is to allow for 60 days of public comment.

DATES: *Comments Due Date:* August 1, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments regarding this proposal. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection can be sent within 60 days of publication of this notice to www.regulations.gov. Interested persons are also invited to submit comments regarding this proposal and comments should refer to the proposal by name and/or OMB Control Number and should be sent to: Darian Ziegler, PRA Liaison, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street SW, Room 9139-37, Washington, DC 20410.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Darian Ziegler, PRA Liaison, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street SW, Washington, DC 20410; email: darian.ziegler@hud.gov or telephone (202) 402-4144. This is not a toll-free number. HUD welcomes and is prepared to receive calls from individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing, as well as individuals with speech or communication disabilities. To learn more about how to make an accessible telephone call, please visit <https://www.fcc.gov/consumers/guides/telecommunications-relay-service-trs>. Copies of available documents submitted to OMB may be obtained from Darian Ziegler.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice informs the public that HUD is seeking approval from OMB for the information collection described in Section A.

A. Overview of Information Collection

Title of Information Collection: Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD); Supporting Contracts and Processing Requirements.

OMB Approval Number: 2502-0612.

Type of Request: Revision of a currently approved collection.

Form Number(s): 52611, 52614, 52617, 52619, 52620A, 52620B, 52621A, 52621B, 52624, 52625, 5679, 5977, 5978, 5886, 5887, 5888, 5889, 5890, 5891, 5892, 5893, 5894, 5895, 5896, 5897, 5898, 5899, 5901, 5902, 5903, 5904.

Description of the need for the information and proposed use: RAD is authorized by the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act of 2012 (Pub. L. 112-55, approved November 18, 2011), as amended by the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 (Pub. L. 113-76, approved January 17, 2014), the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015

(Pub. L. 113-235, approved December 16, 2014), the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016 (Pub. L. 114-113, approved December 18, 2015), the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017 (Pub. L. 115-31, approved May 5, 2017), the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018 (Pub. L. 115-141, approved March 23, 2018), the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022 (Pub. L. 117-103, approved March 15, 2022), and the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024 (Pub. L. 118-42, approved March 9, 2024) (collectively, the “RAD Statute”).

RAD allows Public Housing, Mod Rehab, Rent Supp, RAP, and 202 PRAC properties to convert to long-term project-based Section 8 rental assistance contracts. Participation in the demonstration is voluntary, and HUD approval is discretionary. Participating Public Housing Agencies (PHAs) and Multifamily Owners are required to submit documentation for processing and completing the conversion. Through these documents (collectively, the RAD documents), HUD evaluates whether the PHA or owner has met all of the requirements necessary to complete conversion as outlined in Housing Notice 2019-09/PIH Notice 2019-23 (HA) Rental Assistance Demonstration—Final Implementation Notice (RAD Notice) Revision 4 and Housing/PIH Notice 2016-17—Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) Notice Regarding Fair Housing and Civil Rights Requirements and Relocation Requirements Applicable to RAD First Component—Public Housing Conversions or successor notices. The RAD processing request is made through a Web-based portal. Overall, the RAD documents and information requested through such documents allow HUD to determine which applicants continue to meet the eligibility and conversion requirements. Finally, all applicants will be required to sign the appropriate contractual documents to complete conversion and bind both the applicant and HUD, as well as set forth the rights and duties of the applicant and HUD, with respect to the converted project and any payments under that project. This is a revision of a currently approved collection to include three documents that required edits per the President’s Executive Order 14168 to remove references of Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Accessibility (DEIA). The edit revises subpart (a) to remove equal access and adds a reference to regulation 24 CFR.5.105(a). Additionally, subpart (b) of Section 2.12 and 2.10 that references the Equal Access Rule is deleted in its entirety.

Documents that include those subparts are:

- Form 52620B, Part II PBRA Housing Assistance Payments Contract Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) for Conversions of Public Housing to Project-Based Section 8 (Component 1).
- Form 52617, Second Component Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) Contract RAD for the Conversion of Moderate Rehabilitation to Project-Based Section 8 (PBRA) Part II.
- Form 5897, RAD Second Component Project Rental Assistance Contract (PRAC) Project-Based Section 8 (PBRA) Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) Contract Part II. In addition to the edits described above, the RAD/Section 18 Blend Rider to the RAD Use Agreement (Form 5900) is removed from the currently approved collection as the Rider is no longer applicable. The RAD Supplemental Notice 4C, published January 16, 2025, changed policy to streamline RAD/Section 18 blends by permitting both RAD units and PBV units resulting from a Section 18 action to be on a single RAD HAP contract.

Respondents: Public housing agencies and multifamily owners.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 370.

Estimated Number of Responses: 370.

Frequency of Response: Once per application.

Average Hours per Response: 15.

Total Estimated Burdens: 3,041.

B. Solicitation of Public Comment

This notice is soliciting comments from members of the public and affected parties concerning the collection of information described in Section A on the following:

(1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) The accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information;

(3) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond; including through the use of appropriate automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses. HUD encourages interested parties to submit comment in response to these questions.

C. Authority

Section 2 of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. 3507.

Vance T. Morris,

Associate General Deputy Assistant Secretary for Housing.

[FR Doc. 2025–09884 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210–67–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR–7103–N–02]

60-Day Notice of Proposed Information Collection: Statutorily-Mandated Collection of Information for Tenants in LIHTC Properties; OMB Control No.: 2528–0230

AGENCY: Office of Policy Development and Research, HUD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: HUD is seeking approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for the information collection described below. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, HUD is requesting comments from all interested parties on the proposed collection of information. The purpose of this notice is to allow for 60 days of public comment.

DATES: *Comments Due Date:* August 1, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments regarding this proposal.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection can be sent within 60 days of publication of this notice to www.regulations.gov. Interested persons are also invited to submit comments regarding this proposed information collection to HUD. Comments should refer to the information collection by name and/or

OMB Control Number and should be sent to: Michael Hollar, Senior Economist, Office of Policy Development and Research, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street SW, Room 8120, Washington, DC 20410–5000. Comments may also be submitted via email to PDRPublicComments@hud.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Michael Hollar, Senior Economist, Office of Policy Development and Research, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street SW, Room 8120, Washington, DC 20410; email PDRPublicComments@hud.gov or telephone 202–402–5878. This is not a toll-free number. HUD welcomes and is prepared to receive calls from individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing, as well as individuals with speech or communication disabilities. To learn more about how to make an accessible telephone call, please visit <https://www.fcc.gov/consumers/guides/telecommunications-relay-service-trs>. Copies of available documents submitted to OMB may be obtained from Michael Hollar.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice informs the public that HUD is seeking approval from OMB for the information collection described in Section A.

A. Overview of Information Collection

Title of Information Collection: Statutorily-Mandated Collection of Information for Tenants in LIHTC Properties.

OMB Approval Number: 2528–0230.

Type of Request: Revision of a currently approved collection.

Form Number: HUD–52695 (HUD LIHTC Property Data Collection Form); HUD–52697 (HUD LIHTC Tenant Data Collection Form).

Description of the need for the information and proposed use: Section 2835(d) of the Housing and Economic

Recovery Act, or HERA, (Pub. L. 110–289, approved July 30, 2008) amends Title I of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437 *et seq.*) (1937 Act) to add a new section 36 (codified as 42 U.S.C. 1437z–8) that requires each state agency administering tax credits under section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (low-income housing tax credits or LIHTC) to furnish HUD, not less than annually, information concerning the race, ethnicity, family composition, age, income, use of rental assistance under section 8(o) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 or other similar assistance, disability status, and monthly rental payments of households residing in each property receiving such credits through such agency.

New section 36 requires HUD to establish standards and definitions for the information to be collected by state agencies and to provide states with technical assistance in establishing systems to compile and submit such information and, in coordination with other Federal agencies administering housing programs, establish procedures to minimize duplicative reporting requirements for properties assisted under multiple housing programs. In 2010, OMB approved the first collection instrument used for the collection of LIHTC household information (expiration date 05/31/2013). The form was subsequently approved with expiration dates of June 30, 2016, May 31, 2019, August 31, 2022, and October 31, 2025. Renewal of this form is required for HUD to remain in compliance with the statute.

Respondents: State and local LIHTC administering agencies.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 61.

Estimated Number of Responses: 122.

Frequency of Response: Annual.

Average Hours per Response: 48.

Total Estimated Burdens: 2,928 hours.

Information collection	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Responses per annum	Burden hour per response	Annual burden hours	Hourly cost per response	Annual cost
HUD LIHTC Database Data Collection Form 52695	61	Annual	1	40	2,440	\$55.67	\$135,835
HUD LIHTC Tenant Data Collection Form 52697	61	Annual	1	8	488	55.67	27,167
Total					2,928		163,002

B. Solicitation of Public Comment

This notice is soliciting comments from members of the public and affected parties concerning the collection of information described in Section A on the following:

(1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the

proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) The accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information;

(3) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond; including through the use of appropriate automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses.

HUD encourages interested parties to submit comments in response to these questions.

C. Authority

Section 2 of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. 3507.

Todd M. Richardson,

General Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy Development and Research.

[FR Doc. 2025–09866 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210–67–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS–WASO–NRNHL–DTS#–40305;
PPWOCRADIO, PCU00RP14.R50000]

National Register of Historic Places; Notification of Pending Nominations and Related Actions

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The National Park Service is soliciting electronic comments on the significance of properties nominated before May 17, 2025, for listing or related actions in the National Register of Historic Places.

DATES: Comments should be submitted electronically by June 17, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Comments are encouraged to be submitted electronically to *National_Register_Submissions@nps.gov* with the subject line “Public Comment on <property or proposed district name, (County) State>.” If you have no access to email, you may send them via U.S. Postal Service and all other carriers to the National Register of Historic Places, National Park Service, 1849 C Street NW, MS 2013, Washington, DC 20240.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sherry A. Frear, Chief, National Register of Historic Places/National Historic Landmarks Program, 1849 C Street NW, MS 2013, Washington, DC 20240, *sherry_frear@nps.gov*, 202–913–3763.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The properties listed in this notice are being considered for listing or related actions in the National Register of Historic Places. Nominations for their consideration were received by the National Park Service before May 17, 2025. Pursuant to Section 60.13 of 36 CFR part 60, comments are being accepted concerning the significance of the nominated properties under the National Register criteria for evaluation.

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other

personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Nominations submitted by State or Tribal Historic Preservation Officers **KEY:** State, County, Property Name, Multiple Name(if applicable), Address/Boundary, City, Vicinity, Reference Number.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

District of Columbia

Latin American Youth Center (LAYC), 3045
15th Street NW, Washington, SG100011967

FLORIDA

Franklin County

Saint Paul A.M.E. Church, 81, 83, and 85
Avenue I, Apalachicola, SG100011954

LOUISIANA

Acadia Parish

Rayne Historic District, Roughly bounded by
Clegg Street, Edwards Street, Parkerson
Street, Arenas Street, Bernard Street,
Gabriel’s Alley, Perrodin Street, 4th Street,
West South 1st Street, and the railroad
tracks, Rayne, SG100011959

East Baton Rouge Parish

Wooddale Tower, 1885 Wooddale Boulevard,
Baton Rouge, SG100011958

East Feliciana Parish

Hickory Hill Plantation House, 6139
Highway 952, Jackson, SG100011968

Evangeline Parish

Ville Platte Post Office, 242 West Main
Street, Ville Platte, SG100011956

Iberia Parish

Citizens Bank, 1320–24 Main Street,
Jeanerette, SG100011969

West Carroll Parish

Oak Grove Historic District, E Main Street,
roughly bounded by E. Jefferson Street,
Johnson Street, Marietta Street and N.
Front Street, Oak Grove, SG100011955

OKLAHOMA

Seminole County

Van-Sanford Apartments, 501 N. Milt
Phillips Avenue, Seminole, SG100011957

SOUTH DAKOTA

Hutchinson County

Mettler Cattle Barn, 616 N. 5th St., Menno,
SG100011964

WISCONSIN

Racine County

Root River Parks (Island, Riverside, Cedar
Bend, and Washington Parks), Along the

Root River, to the South of Spring Street
and to the north of Washington Avenue
Racine, SG100011952

An owner objection received for the
following resource(s):

CALIFORNIA

San Mateo County

Sunset Headquarters, 80 Willow Road, Menlo
Park, SG100011963

A request for removal has been made
for the following resource(s):

NORTH DAKOTA

Richland County

Nelson’s Grocery, Main and 3rd Sts.,
Christine, OT77001027
Post Office, Main and 3rd Sts., Christine,
OT77001028

SOUTH DAKOTA

Hughes County

Graham, Mentor, House, U.S. 14, Blunt,
OT76001736

Additional documentation has been
received for the following resource(s):

ILLINOIS

Whiteside County

Mckeown Mound and Village Site
(Additional Documentation), Address
Restricted, Sterling vicinity, AD79000873

Will County

Alternate Route 66, Wilmington to Joliet
(Additional Documentation), (Route 66
through Illinois MPS), IL 53 bet.
Wilmington and Joliet, Joliet, AD06000381

INDIANA

Cass County

Kendrick-Baldwin House (Cass County
Memorial Home) Additional
Documentation), 706 E. Market St.,
Logansport, AD82000060

Authority: Section 60.13 of 36 CFR
part 60.

Sherry A. Frear,

*Chief, National Register of Historic Places/
National Historic Landmarks Program.*

[FR Doc. 2025–09834 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312–52–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS–WASO–NRNHL–DTS#–40193;
PPWOCRADIO, PCU00RP14.R50000]

National Register of Historic Places; Notification of Pending Nominations and Related Actions

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The National Park Service is
soliciting electronic comments on the

significance of properties nominated before May 10, 2025, for listing or related actions in the National Register of Historic Places.

DATES: Comments should be submitted electronically by June 17, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Comments are encouraged to be submitted electronically to *National_Register_Submissions@nps.gov* with the subject line "Public Comment on <property or proposed district name, (County) State>". If you have no access to email, you may send them via U.S. Postal Service and all other carriers to the National Register of Historic Places, National Park Service, 1849 C Street NW, MS 2013, Washington, DC 20240.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sherry A. Frear, Chief, National Register of Historic Places/National Historic Landmarks Program, 1849 C Street NW, MS 2013, Washington, DC 20240, *sherry_frear@nps.gov*, 202–913–3763.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The properties listed in this notice are being considered for listing or related actions in the National Register of Historic Places. Nominations for their consideration were received by the National Park Service before May 10, 2025. Pursuant to section 60.13 of 36 CFR part 60, comments are being accepted concerning the significance of the nominated properties under the National Register criteria for evaluation.

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Nominations submitted by State or Tribal Historic Preservation Officers
Key: State, County, Property Name, Multiple Name (if applicable), Address/Boundary, City, Vicinity, Reference Number.

ALABAMA

Calhoun County

Oxford Railway Depot, 50 Spring Street, Oxford, SG100011947

Shelby County

Wallace House, 35184 Highway 25, Harpersville, SG100011941

CALIFORNIA

Humboldt County

Karuk Trail Home Ridge Cultural Landscape, Address Restricted, Somes Bar vicinity, SG100011940

KENTUCKY

Jefferson County

Fifth and Market Streets Historic District, 201–235 S Fifth Street (east side only) and 426–440 W Market, Louisville, 90001487

MAINE

Androscoggin County

Araxine Wilkins Sawyer Memorial, 371 Sawyer Road, Greene, SG100011942

Penobscot County

Johonnot, Co. Gabriel, House, 588 Kennebec Road, Hampden, SG100011943

MISSISSIPPI

Benton County

J.W. Crawford & Co. General Store, 1187 Spruce St., Hickory Flat, SG100011933

OREGON

Marion County

Mill Place House Site, (Oregon Country Methodist Mission Sites: 1834–1847 MPS), Address Restricted, Salem, MP100011951

VIRGINIA

Frederick, Shenandoah, and Warren Counties

Cedar Creek and Belle Grove National Historical Park, 8693 Valley Pike, Middletown vicinity, 04000273

WISCONSIN

Kewaunee County

MARGARET A. MUIR Shipwreck (Schooner), (Great Lakes Shipwreck Sites of Wisconsin MPS), Address Restricted, Algoma vicinity, MP100011949

A request for removal has been made for the following resource(s):

OREGON

Baker County

Oregon Commercial Company Building, 40–50 E Washington St., Huntington, OT92000666

An additional documentation has been received for the following resource(s):

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

District of Columbia

Mount Pleasant Historic District (Additional Documentation), Roughly bounded by Sixteenth & Harvard Sts., Rock Creek Church Rd., & Adams Mill Rd., Washington, AD87001726

Nomination(s) submitted by Federal Preservation Officers:

The State Historic Preservation Officer reviewed the following nomination(s) and responded to the Federal Preservation Officer within 45 days of receipt of the nomination(s) and supports listing the properties in the National Register of Historic Places.

CALIFORNIA

San Bernardino County

Kelso Depot, Restaurant and Employees Hotel (Boundary Increase II), Kelbaker Rd., jct. of Kelbaker and Cima Rds. at Union Pacific Railroad crossing, Kelso, BC100011934

NEW MEXICO

Eddy County

Dark Canyon Fire Lookout Complex, (National Forest Fire Lookouts in the Southwestern Region TR), Tower is 0.4 mile east of the junction of Forest Service (FS) road 69A and FS 201. Tower is on FS 201 at 32.081667, –104.739601. Carlsbad vicinity, MP100011945

Lincoln County

Mesa Ranger Station Barn, Lincoln County, New Mexico, National Forest Road 131/ Ranger Road, Lincoln National Forest, Nogal vicinity, SG100011946

Authority: Section 60.13 of 36 CFR part 60.

Sherry A. Frear,

Chief, National Register of Historic Places/ National Historic Landmarks Program.

[FR Doc. 2025–09836 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312–52–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 701–TA–750 and 731–TA–1728 (Final)]

Sol Gel Alumina-Based Ceramic Abrasive Grains From China; Scheduling of the Final Phase of Countervailing Duty and Antidumping Duty Investigations

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Commission hereby gives notice of the scheduling of the final phase of antidumping and countervailing duty investigation Nos. 701–TA–750 and 731–TA–1728 (Final) pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 (“the Act”) to determine whether an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury, or the establishment of an industry in the United States is materially retarded, by reason of imports of sol gel alumina-based ceramic abrasive grains from China, provided for in subheading 2818.10.20 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, preliminarily determined by the Department of Commerce (“Commerce”) to be subsidized.

DATES: May 22, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Keysha Martinez (202–205–2136), Office

of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436. Hearing-impaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205-1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202-205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (<https://www.usitc.gov>). The public record for these investigations may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Scope.—For purposes of these investigations, Commerce has defined the subject merchandise as “sol gel alumina-based ceramic abrasive grains which are comprised of minimum 94% aluminum oxide (Al₂O₃), and may contain other compounds, including, but not limited to, titanium dioxide, silicon dioxide, calcium oxide, sodium superoxide, ferric oxide, magnesium oxide, di-aluminum magnesium tetroxide, lanthanum oxide, lanthanum magnesium oxide, zirconium dioxide, or zirconium carbonate. Grain sizes of sol gel alumina-based ceramic abrasive grains range from 0.85 mm to 0.0395 mm (which corresponds to American National Standards Institute (ANSI) grit sizes from 20 to 280).

Shapes include but are not limited to angular, sharp, extra sharp, blocky, splintery, round stripped, triangular or shaped like extruded rods or stars.

Ceramic abrasive grains have unique crystalline structures that impart certain advanced properties, such as their extreme hardness and strength ranging between 16 and 22 gigapascals by the Vickers Diamond Indent Method, high melting point (2050°C), and a single- or multi-phase microstructure, which may contain multiple phases, having crystalline sizes ranging from 0.05 to 30 µm. These ceramic abrasive grains include but are not limited to blue, white, white-translucent, or off-white opaque colors.

Sol gel alumina-based ceramic abrasive grains are covered by the scope of these investigations, whether or not incorporated into downstream articles, including but not limited to, abrasive papers, grinding wheels, grinding cylinders, and grinding discs. When incorporated into downstream articles, only the sol gel alumina-based ceramic abrasive grains component of such articles is covered by the product scope, and not the downstream product as a whole.”

Background.—The final phase of these investigations is being scheduled pursuant to sections 705(b) and 731(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1671d(b) and 1673d(b)), as a result of an affirmative preliminary determination by Commerce that certain benefits which constitute subsidies within the meaning of section 703 of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1671b) are being provided to manufacturers, producers, or exporters in China of sol gel alumina-based ceramic abrasive grains. The investigations were requested in petitions filed on November 25, 2024, by Saint-Gobain Ceramics & Plastics, Inc., Malvern, Pennsylvania.

For further information concerning the conduct of this phase of the investigations, hearing procedures, and rules of general application, consult the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, part 201, subparts A and B (19 CFR part 201), and part 207, subparts A and C (19 CFR part 207).

Participation in the investigations and public service list.—Persons, including industrial users of the subject merchandise and, if the merchandise is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations, wishing to participate in the final phase of these investigations as parties must file an entry of appearance with the Secretary to the Commission, as provided in § 201.11 of the Commission's rules, no later than 21 days prior to the hearing date specified in this notice. A party that filed a notice of appearance during the preliminary phase of the investigations need not file an additional notice of appearance during this final phase. The Secretary will maintain a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the investigations.

Please note the Secretary's Office will accept only electronic filings during this time. Filings must be made through the Commission's Electronic Document Information System (EDIS, <https://edis.usitc.gov>). No in-person paper-based filings or paper copies of any electronic filings will be accepted until further notice.

Limited disclosure of business proprietary information (BPI) under an administrative protective order (APO) and BPI service list.—Pursuant to § 207.7(a) of the Commission's rules, the Secretary will make BPI gathered in the final phase of these investigations available to authorized applicants under the APO issued in the investigations, provided that the application is made no later than 21 days prior to the hearing date specified in this notice. Authorized applicants must represent

interested parties, as defined by 19 U.S.C. 1677(9), who are parties to the investigations. A party granted access to BPI in the preliminary phase of the investigations need not reapply for such access. A separate service list will be maintained by the Secretary for those parties authorized to receive BPI under the APO.

Staff report.—The prehearing staff report in the final phase of these investigations will be placed in the nonpublic record on July 24, 2025, and a public version will be issued thereafter, pursuant to § 207.22 of the Commission's rules.

Hearing.—The Commission will hold a hearing in connection with the final phase of these investigations beginning at 9:30 a.m. on August 7, 2025. Requests to appear at the hearing should be filed in writing with the Secretary to the Commission on or before August 1, 2025. Any requests to appear as a witness via videoconference must be included with your request to appear. Requests to appear via videoconference must include a statement explaining why the witness cannot appear in person; the Chairman, or other person designated to conduct the investigation, may in their discretion for good cause shown, grant such a request. Requests to appear as remote witness due to illness or a positive COVID-19 test result may be submitted by 3pm the business day prior to the hearing. Further information about participation in the hearing will be posted on the Commission's website at <https://www.usitc.gov/calendarpad/calendar.html>.

A nonparty who has testimony that may aid the Commission's deliberations may request permission to present a short statement at the hearing. All parties and nonparties desiring to appear at the hearing and make oral presentations should attend a prehearing conference, if deemed necessary, to be held at 9:30 a.m. on August 4, 2025. Parties shall file and serve written testimony and presentation slides in connection with their presentation at the hearing by no later than noon on August 6, 2025. Oral testimony and written materials to be submitted at the public hearing are governed by sections 201.6(b)(2), 201.13(f), and 207.24 of the Commission's rules. Parties must submit any request to present a portion of their hearing testimony *in camera* no later than 7 business days prior to the date of the hearing.

Written submissions.—Each party who is an interested party shall submit a prehearing brief to the Commission. Prehearing briefs must conform with the provisions of § 207.23 of the

Commission's rules; the deadline for filing is July 31, 2025. Parties shall also file written testimony in connection with their presentation at the hearing, and posthearing briefs, which must conform with the provisions of § 207.25 of the Commission's rules. The deadline for filing posthearing briefs is August 14, 2025. In addition, any person who has not entered an appearance as a party to the investigations may submit a written statement of information pertinent to the subject of the investigations, including statements of support or opposition to the petition, on or before August 14, 2025. On August 27, 2025, the Commission will make available to parties all information on which they have not had an opportunity to comment. Parties may submit final comments on this information on or before August 29, 2025, but such final comments must not contain new factual information and must otherwise comply with § 207.30 of the Commission's rules. All written submissions must conform with the provisions of § 201.8 of the Commission's rules; any submissions that contain BPI must also conform with the requirements of §§ 201.6, 207.3, and 207.7 of the Commission's rules. The Commission's *Handbook on Filing Procedures*, available on the Commission's website at https://www.usitc.gov/documents/handbook_on_filing_procedures.pdf, elaborates upon the Commission's procedures with respect to filings.

Additional written submissions to the Commission, including requests pursuant to § 201.12 of the Commission's rules, shall not be accepted unless good cause is shown for accepting such submissions, or unless the submission is pursuant to a specific request by a Commissioner or Commission staff.

In accordance with §§ 201.16(c) and 207.3 of the Commission's rules, each document filed by a party to the investigations must be served on all other parties to the investigations (as identified by either the public or BPI service list), and a certificate of service must be timely filed. The Secretary will not accept a document for filing without a certificate of service.

Authority: These investigations are being conducted under authority of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930; this notice is published pursuant to § 207.21 of the Commission's rules.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: May 27, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025-09863 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 701-TA-510 and 731-TA-1245 (Second Review)]

Calcium Hypochlorite From China; Institution of Five-Year Reviews

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Commission hereby gives notice that it has instituted reviews pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 ("the Act"), as amended, to determine whether revocation of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on calcium hypochlorite from China would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury. Pursuant to the Act, interested parties are requested to respond to this notice by submitting the information specified below to the Commission.

DATES: Instituted June 2, 2025. To be assured of consideration, the deadline for responses is July 2, 2025. Comments on the adequacy of responses may be filed with the Commission by August 13, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jesse Sanchez (202-205-2402), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436. Hearing-impaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205-1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202-205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (<https://www.usitc.gov>). The public record for this proceeding may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background.—On January 30, 2015, the Department of Commerce ("Commerce") issued antidumping and countervailing duty orders on imports of calcium hypochlorite from China (80 FR 5082 and 5085). Following the first five-year reviews by Commerce and the Commission, effective July 1, 2020, Commerce issued a continuation of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on imports of calcium hypochlorite from China (85 FR 39522). The Commission is now conducting second reviews pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1675(c)), to determine whether

revocation of the orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to the domestic industry within a reasonably foreseeable time. Provisions concerning the conduct of this proceeding may be found in the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure at 19 CFR part 201, subparts A and B, and 19 CFR part 207, subparts A and F. The Commission will assess the adequacy of interested party responses to this notice of institution to determine whether to conduct full or expedited reviews. The Commission's determinations in any expedited reviews will be based on the facts available, which may include information provided in response to this notice.

Definitions.—The following definitions apply to these reviews:

(1) *Subject Merchandise* is the class or kind of merchandise that is within the scope of the five-year reviews, as defined by Commerce.

(2) *The Subject Country* in these reviews is China.

(3) *The Domestic Like Product* is the domestically produced product or products which are like, or in the absence of like, most similar in characteristics and uses with, the *Subject Merchandise*. In its original determinations and its expedited first five-year review determinations, the Commission defined a single *Domestic Like Product* consisting of all calcium hypochlorite coextensive with Commerce's scope.

(4) *The Domestic Industry* is the U.S. producers as a whole of the *Domestic Like Product*, or those producers whose collective output of the *Domestic Like Product* constitutes a major proportion of the total domestic production of the product. In its original determinations and its expedited first five-year review determinations, the Commission defined the *Domestic Industry* to include all domestic producers of calcium hypochlorite. In its original determinations, the Commission also determined that domestic firms that did not produce calcium hypochlorite but solely converted it to tablet form did not engage in sufficient production-related activities and therefore were not included in the *Domestic Industry* definition.

(5) An *Importer* is any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing the *Subject Merchandise* into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

Participation in the proceeding and public service list.—Persons, including industrial users of the *Subject*

Merchandise and, if the merchandise is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations, wishing to participate in the proceeding as parties must file an entry of appearance with the Secretary to the Commission, as provided in § 201.11(b)(4) of the Commission's rules, no later than 21 days after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. The Secretary will maintain a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the proceeding.

Former Commission employees who are seeking to appear in Commission five-year reviews are advised that they may appear in a review even if they participated personally and substantially in the corresponding underlying original investigation or an earlier review of the same underlying investigation. The Commission's designated agency ethics official has advised that a five-year review is not the same particular matter as the underlying original investigation, and a five-year review is not the same particular matter as an earlier review of the same underlying investigation for purposes of 18 U.S.C. 207, the post-employment statute for Federal employees, and Commission rule 201.15(b) (19 CFR 201.15(b)), 79 FR 3246 (Jan. 17, 2014), 73 FR 24609 (May 5, 2008).

Consequently, former employees are not required to seek Commission approval to appear in a review under Commission rule 19 CFR 201.15, even if the corresponding underlying original investigation or an earlier review of the same underlying investigation was pending when they were Commission employees. For further ethics advice on this matter, contact Charles Smith, Office of the General Counsel, at 202–205–3408.

Limited disclosure of business proprietary information (BPI) under an administrative protective order (APO) and APO service list.—Pursuant to § 207.7(a) of the Commission's rules, the Secretary will make BPI submitted in this proceeding available to authorized applicants under the APO issued in the proceeding, provided that the application is made no later than 21 days after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. Authorized applicants must represent interested parties, as defined in 19 U.S.C. 1677(9), who are parties to the proceeding. A separate service list will be maintained by the Secretary for those parties authorized to receive BPI under the APO.

Certification.—Pursuant to § 207.3 of the Commission's rules, any person submitting information to the

Commission in connection with this proceeding must certify that the information is accurate and complete to the best of the submitter's knowledge. In making the certification, the submitter will acknowledge that information submitted in response to this request for information and throughout this proceeding or other proceeding may be disclosed to and used: (i) by the Commission, its employees and Offices, and contract personnel (a) for developing or maintaining the records of this or a related proceeding, or (b) in internal investigations, audits, reviews, and evaluations relating to the programs, personnel, and operations of the Commission including under 5 U.S.C. Appendix 3; or (ii) by U.S. government employees and contract personnel, solely for cybersecurity purposes. All contract personnel will sign appropriate nondisclosure agreements.

Written submissions.—Pursuant to § 207.61 of the Commission's rules, each interested party response to this notice must provide the information specified below. The deadline for filing such responses is 5:15 p.m. on July 2, 2025. Pursuant to § 207.62(b) of the Commission's rules, eligible parties (as specified in Commission rule 207.62(b)(1)) may also file comments concerning the adequacy of responses to the notice of institution and whether the Commission should conduct expedited or full reviews. The deadline for filing such comments is 5:15 p.m. on August 13, 2025. All written submissions must conform with the provisions of § 201.8 of the Commission's rules; any submissions that contain BPI must also conform with the requirements of §§ 201.6, 207.3, and 207.7 of the Commission's rules. The Commission's *Handbook on Filing Procedures*, available on the Commission's website at https://www.usitc.gov/documents/handbook_on_filing_procedures.pdf, elaborates upon the Commission's procedures with respect to filings. Also, in accordance with §§ 201.16(c) and 207.3 of the Commission's rules, each document filed by a party to the proceeding must be served on all other parties to the proceeding (as identified by either the public or APO service list as appropriate), and a certificate of service must accompany the document (if you are not a party to the proceeding you do not need to serve your response).

Please note the Secretary's Office will accept only electronic filings at this time. Filings must be made through the Commission's Electronic Document Information System (EDIS, <https://edis.usitc.gov>). No in-person paper-based filings or paper copies of any

electronic filings will be accepted until further notice.

No response to this request for information is required if a currently valid Office of Management and Budget (“OMB”) number is not displayed; the OMB number is 3117 0016/USITC No. 25–5–639, expiration date June 30, 2026. Public reporting burden for the request is estimated to average 15 hours per response. Please send comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate to the Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436.

Inability to provide requested information.—Pursuant to § 207.61(c) of the Commission's rules, any interested party that cannot furnish the information requested by this notice in the requested form and manner shall notify the Commission at the earliest possible time, provide a full explanation of why it cannot provide the requested information, and indicate alternative forms in which it can provide equivalent information. If an interested party does not provide this notification (or the Commission finds the explanation provided in the notification inadequate) and fails to provide a complete response to this notice, the Commission may take an adverse inference against the party pursuant to § 776(b) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1677e(b)) in making its determinations in the reviews.

Information To Be Provided in Response to This Notice of Institution: As used below, the term “firm” includes any related firms.

Those responding to this notice of institution are encouraged, but not required, to visit the USITC's website at https://usitc.gov/reports/response_noi_worksheet, where one can download and complete the “NOI worksheet” Excel form for the subject proceeding, to be included as attachment/exhibit 1 of your overall response.

(1) The name and address of your firm or entity (including World Wide Web address) and name, telephone number, fax number, and Email address of the certifying official.

(2) A statement indicating whether your firm/entity is an interested party under 19 U.S.C. 1677(9) and if so, how, including whether your firm/entity is a U.S. producer of the *Domestic Like Product*, a U.S. union or worker group, a U.S. importer of the *Subject Merchandise*, a foreign producer or exporter of the *Subject Merchandise*, a U.S. or foreign trade or business association (a majority of whose members are interested parties under the statute), or another interested party

(including an explanation). If you are a union/worker group or trade/business association, identify the firms in which your workers are employed or which are members of your association.

(3) A statement indicating whether your firm/entity is willing to participate in this proceeding by providing information requested by the Commission.

(4) A statement of the likely effects of the revocation of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on the *Domestic Industry* in general and/or your firm/entity specifically. In your response, please discuss the various factors specified in section 752(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675a(a)) including the likely volume of subject imports, likely price effects of subject imports, and likely impact of imports of *Subject Merchandise* on the *Domestic Industry*.

(5) A list of all known and currently operating U.S. producers of the *Domestic Like Product*. Identify any known related parties and the nature of the relationship as defined in section 771(4)(B) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1677(4)(B)).

(6) A list of all known and currently operating U.S. importers of the *Subject Merchandise* and producers of the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* that currently export or have exported *Subject Merchandise* to the United States or other countries after 2018.

(7) A list of 3–5 leading purchasers in the U.S. market for the *Domestic Like Product* and the *Subject Merchandise* (including street address, World Wide Web address, and the name, telephone number, fax number, and Email address of a responsible official at each firm).

(8) A list of known sources of information on national or regional prices for the *Domestic Like Product* or the *Subject Merchandise* in the U.S. or other markets.

(9) If you are a U.S. producer of the *Domestic Like Product*, provide the following information on your firm's operations on that product during calendar year 2024, except as noted (report quantity data in pounds and value data in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. plant). If you are a union/worker group or trade/business association, provide the information, on an aggregate basis, for the firms in which your workers are employed/which are members of your association.

(a) Production (quantity) and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total U.S. production of the *Domestic Like Product* accounted for by your firm's(s') production;

(b) Capacity (quantity) of your firm to produce the *Domestic Like Product* (that

is, the level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain during the year, assuming normal operating conditions (using equipment and machinery in place and ready to operate), normal operating levels (hours per week/weeks per year), time for downtime, maintenance, repair, and cleanup, and a typical or representative product mix);

(c) the quantity and value of U.S. commercial shipments of the *Domestic Like Product* produced in your U.S. plant(s);

(d) the quantity and value of U.S. internal consumption/company transfers of the *Domestic Like Product* produced in your U.S. plant(s); and

(e) the value of (i) net sales, (ii) cost of goods sold (COGS), (iii) gross profit, (iv) selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses, and (v) operating income of the *Domestic Like Product* produced in your U.S. plant(s) (include both U.S. and export commercial sales, internal consumption, and company transfers) for your most recently completed fiscal year (identify the date on which your fiscal year ends).

(10) If you are a U.S. importer or a trade/business association of U.S. importers of the *Subject Merchandise* from the *Subject Country*, provide the following information on your firm's(s') operations on that product during calendar year 2024 (report quantity data in pounds and value data in U.S. dollars). If you are a trade/business association, provide the information, on an aggregate basis, for the firms which are members of your association.

(a) The quantity and value (landed, duty-paid but not including antidumping or countervailing duties) of U.S. imports and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total U.S. imports of *Subject Merchandise* from the *Subject Country* accounted for by your firm's(s') imports;

(b) the quantity and value (f.o.b. U.S. port, including antidumping and countervailing duties) of U.S. commercial shipments of *Subject Merchandise* imported from the *Subject Country*; and

(c) the quantity and value (f.o.b. U.S. port, including antidumping and countervailing duties) of U.S. internal consumption/company transfers of *Subject Merchandise* imported from the *Subject Country*.

(11) If you are a producer, an exporter, or a trade/business association of producers or exporters of the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country*, provide the following information on your firm's(s') operations on that product during calendar year 2024 (report quantity data in pounds and

value data in U.S. dollars, landed and duty-paid at the U.S. port but not including antidumping or countervailing duties). If you are a trade/business association, provide the information, on an aggregate basis, for the firms which are members of your association.

(a) Production (quantity) and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total production of *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* accounted for by your firm's(s') production;

(b) Capacity (quantity) of your firm(s) to produce the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* (that is, the level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain during the year, assuming normal operating conditions (using equipment and machinery in place and ready to operate), normal operating levels (hours per week/weeks per year), time for downtime, maintenance, repair, and cleanup, and a typical or representative product mix); and

(c) the quantity and value of your firm's(s') exports to the United States of *Subject Merchandise* and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total exports to the United States of *Subject Merchandise* from the *Subject Country* accounted for by your firm's(s') exports.

(12) Identify significant changes, if any, in the supply and demand conditions or business cycle for the *Domestic Like Product* that have occurred in the United States or in the market for the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* after 2018, and significant changes, if any, that are likely to occur within a reasonably foreseeable time. Supply conditions to consider include technology; production methods; development efforts; ability to increase production (including the shift of production facilities used for other products and the use, cost, or availability of major inputs into production); and factors related to the ability to shift supply among different national markets (including barriers to importation in foreign markets or changes in market demand abroad). Demand conditions to consider include end uses and applications; the existence and availability of substitute products; and the level of competition among the *Domestic Like Product* produced in the United States, *Subject Merchandise* produced in the *Subject Country*, and such merchandise from other countries.

(13) (OPTIONAL) A statement of whether you agree with the above definitions of the *Domestic Like Product* and *Domestic Industry*; if you disagree with either or both of these definitions,

please explain why and provide alternative definitions.

Authority: This proceeding is being conducted under authority of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930; this notice is published pursuant to § 207.61 of the Commission's rules.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: May 27, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025–09830 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 731–TA–1742 (Preliminary)]

Lattice-Boom Crawler Cranes (LBCCs) From Japan

Determination

On the basis of the record¹ developed in the subject investigation, the United States International Trade Commission (“Commission”) determines, pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 (“the Act”), that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports of lattice-boom crawler cranes (“LBCCs”) from Japan, provided for in subheading 8426.49.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that are alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value (“LTFV”).²

Commencement of Final Phase Investigation

Pursuant to § 207.18 of the Commission's rules, the Commission also gives notice of the commencement of the final phase of its investigation. The Commission will issue a final phase notice of scheduling, which will be published in the **Federal Register** as provided in § 207.21 of the Commission's rules, upon notice from the U.S. Department of Commerce (“Commerce”) of an affirmative preliminary determination in the investigation under section 733(b) of the Act, or, if the preliminary determination is negative, upon notice of an affirmative final determination in that investigation under section 735(a) of the Act. Parties that filed entries of appearance in the preliminary phase of the investigation need not enter a separate appearance for the final phase

of the investigation. Any other party may file an entry of appearance for the final phase of the investigation after publication of the final phase notice of scheduling. Industrial users, and, if the merchandise under investigation is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations have the right to appear as parties in Commission antidumping investigations. The Secretary will prepare a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the investigation. As provided in § 207.20 of the Commission's rules, the Director of the Office of Investigations will circulate draft questionnaires for the final phase of the investigation to parties to the investigation, placing copies on the Commission's Electronic Document Information System (EDIS, <https://edis.usitc.gov>), for comment.

Background

On April 10, 2025, the Manitowoc Company, Inc., Milwaukee, WI filed a petition with the Commission and Commerce, alleging that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury by reason of LTFV imports of LBCCs from Japan. Accordingly, effective April 10, 2025, the Commission instituted antidumping duty investigation No. 731–TA–1742 (Preliminary).

Notice of the institution of the Commission's investigation and of a public conference to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the **Federal Register** of April 16, 2025 (90 FR 15989). The Commission conducted its conference on May 1, 2025. All persons who requested the opportunity were permitted to participate.

The Commission made this determination pursuant to section 733(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1673b(a)). It completed and filed its determination in this investigation on May 27, 2025. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 5634 (June 2025), entitled “Lattice-Boom Crawler Cranes (LBCCs) from Japan: Investigation No. 731–TA–1742 (Preliminary).”

By order of the Commission.

Issued: May 27, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025–09861 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 701–TA–626 and 731–TA–1452 (Review)]

Certain Collated Steel Staples From China; Institution of Five-Year Reviews

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Commission hereby gives notice that it has instituted reviews pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 (“the Act”), as amended, to determine whether revocation of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on certain collated steel staples from China would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury. Pursuant to the Act, interested parties are requested to respond to this notice by submitting the information specified below to the Commission.

DATES: Instituted June 2, 2025. To be assured of consideration, the deadline for responses is July 2, 2025. Comments on the adequacy of responses may be filed with the Commission by August 13, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Alec Resch (202–708–1448), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436. Hearing-impaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202–205–1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202–205–2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (<https://www.usitc.gov>). The public record for this proceeding may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background.—On July 20, 2020, the Department of Commerce (“Commerce”) issued antidumping and countervailing duty orders on imports of certain collated steel staples from China (85 FR 43813 and 43815). The Commission is conducting reviews pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1675(c)), to determine whether revocation of the orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to the domestic industry within a reasonably foreseeable time. Provisions concerning the conduct of this proceeding may be found in the Commission's Rules of Practice and

¹ The record is defined in § 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

² 90 FR 15989 (April 16, 2025).

Procedure at 19 CFR part 201, subparts A and B, and 19 CFR part 207, subparts A and F. The Commission will assess the adequacy of interested party responses to this notice of institution to determine whether to conduct full or expedited reviews. The Commission's determinations in any expedited reviews will be based on the facts available, which may include information provided in response to this notice.

Definitions.—The following definitions apply to these reviews:

(1) *Subject Merchandise* is the class or kind of merchandise that is within the scope of the five-year reviews, as defined by Commerce.

(2) The *Subject Country* in these reviews is China.

(3) The *Domestic Like Product* is the domestically produced product or products which are like, or in the absence of like, most similar in characteristics and uses with, the *Subject Merchandise*. In its original determinations, the Commission defined a single *Domestic Like Product* consisting of certain collated steel staples, coextensive with Commerce's scope.

(4) The *Domestic Industry* is the U.S. producers as a whole of the *Domestic Like Product*, or those producers whose collective output of the *Domestic Like Product* constitutes a major proportion of the total domestic production of the product. In its original determinations, the Commission defined the *Domestic Industry* to include all domestic producers of certain collated steel staples.

(5) The *Order Date* is the date that the antidumping and countervailing duty orders under review became effective. In these reviews, the *Order Date* is July 20, 2020.

(6) An *Importer* is any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing the *Subject Merchandise* into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

Participation in the proceeding and public service list.—Persons, including industrial users of the *Subject Merchandise* and, if the merchandise is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations, wishing to participate in the proceeding as parties must file an entry of appearance with the Secretary to the Commission, as provided in § 201.11(b)(4) of the Commission's rules, no later than 21 days after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. The Secretary will maintain a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons,

or their representatives, who are parties to the proceeding.

Former Commission employees who are seeking to appear in Commission five-year reviews are advised that they may appear in a review even if they participated personally and substantially in the corresponding underlying original investigation or an earlier review of the same underlying investigation. The Commission's designated agency ethics official has advised that a five-year review is not the same particular matter as the underlying original investigation, and a five-year review is not the same particular matter as an earlier review of the same underlying investigation for purposes of 18 U.S.C. 207, the post-employment statute for Federal employees, and Commission rule 201.15(b) (19 CFR 201.15(b)), 79 FR 3246 (Jan. 17, 2014), 73 FR 24609 (May 5, 2008).

Consequently, former employees are not required to seek Commission approval to appear in a review under Commission rule 19 CFR 201.15, even if the corresponding underlying original investigation or an earlier review of the same underlying investigation was pending when they were Commission employees. For further ethics advice on this matter, contact Charles Smith, Office of the General Counsel, at 202–205–3408.

Limited disclosure of business proprietary information (BPI) under an administrative protective order (APO) and APO service list.—Pursuant to § 207.7(a) of the Commission's rules, the Secretary will make BPI submitted in this proceeding available to authorized applicants under the APO issued in the proceeding, provided that the application is made no later than 21 days after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. Authorized applicants must represent interested parties, as defined in 19 U.S.C. 1677(9), who are parties to the proceeding. A separate service list will be maintained by the Secretary for those parties authorized to receive BPI under the APO.

Certification.—Pursuant to § 207.3 of the Commission's rules, any person submitting information to the Commission in connection with this proceeding must certify that the information is accurate and complete to the best of the submitter's knowledge. In making the certification, the submitter will acknowledge that information submitted in response to this request for information and throughout this proceeding or other proceeding may be disclosed to and used: (i) by the Commission, its employees and Offices, and contract personnel (a) for

developing or maintaining the records of this or a related proceeding, or (b) in internal investigations, audits, reviews, and evaluations relating to the programs, personnel, and operations of the Commission including under 5 U.S.C. Appendix 3; or (ii) by U.S. government employees and contract personnel, solely for cybersecurity purposes. All contract personnel will sign appropriate nondisclosure agreements.

Written submissions.—Pursuant to § 207.61 of the Commission's rules, each interested party response to this notice must provide the information specified below. The deadline for filing such responses is on or before 5:15 p.m. on July 2, 2025. Pursuant to § 207.62(b) of the Commission's rules, eligible parties (as specified in Commission rule 207.62(b)(1)) may also file comments concerning the adequacy of responses to the notice of institution and whether the Commission should conduct expedited or full reviews. The deadline for filing such comments is on or before 5:15 p.m. on August 13, 2025. All written submissions must conform with the provisions of § 201.8 of the Commission's rules; any submissions that contain BPI must also conform with the requirements of §§ 201.6, 207.3, and 207.7 of the Commission's rules. The Commission's *Handbook on Filing Procedures*, available on the Commission's website at https://www.usitc.gov/documents/handbook_on_filing_procedures.pdf, elaborates upon the Commission's procedures with respect to filings. Also, in accordance with §§ 201.16(c) and 207.3 of the Commission's rules, each document filed by a party to the proceeding must be served on all other parties to the proceeding (as identified by either the public or APO service list as appropriate), and a certificate of service must accompany the document (if you are not a party to the proceeding you do not need to serve your response).

Please note the Secretary's Office will accept only electronic filings at this time. Filings must be made through the Commission's Electronic Document Information System (EDIS, <https://edis.usitc.gov>). No in-person paper-based filings or paper copies of any electronic filings will be accepted until further notice.

No response to this request for information is required if a currently valid Office of Management and Budget (“OMB”) number is not displayed; the OMB number is 3117 0016/USITC No. 25–5–638, expiration date June 30, 2026. Public reporting burden for the request is estimated to average 15 hours per response. Please send comments

regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate to the Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436.

Inability to provide requested information.—Pursuant to § 207.61(c) of the Commission's rules, any interested party that cannot furnish the information requested by this notice in the requested form and manner shall notify the Commission at the earliest possible time, provide a full explanation of why it cannot provide the requested information, and indicate alternative forms in which it can provide equivalent information. If an interested party does not provide this notification (or the Commission finds the explanation provided in the notification inadequate) and fails to provide a complete response to this notice, the Commission may take an adverse inference against the party pursuant to § 776(b) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1677e(b)) in making its determinations in the reviews.

Information To Be Provided in Response to This Notice of Institution: As used below, the term "firm" includes any related firms.

Those responding to this notice of institution are encouraged, but not required, to visit the USITC's website at https://usitc.gov/reports/response_noi_worksheet, where one can download and complete the "NOI worksheet" Excel form for the subject proceeding, to be included as attachment/exhibit 1 of your overall response.

(1) The name and address of your firm or entity (including World Wide Web address) and name, telephone number, fax number, and Email address of the certifying official.

(2) A statement indicating whether your firm/entity is an interested party under 19 U.S.C. 1677(9) and if so, how, including whether your firm/entity is a U.S. producer of the *Domestic Like Product*, a U.S. union or worker group, a U.S. importer of the *Subject Merchandise*, a foreign producer or exporter of the *Subject Merchandise*, a U.S. or foreign trade or business association (a majority of whose members are interested parties under the statute), or another interested party (including an explanation). If you are a union/worker group or trade/business association, identify the firms in which your workers are employed or which are members of your association.

(3) A statement indicating whether your firm/entity is willing to participate in this proceeding by providing information requested by the Commission.

(4) A statement of the likely effects of the revocation of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on the *Domestic Industry* in general and/or your firm/entity specifically. In your response, please discuss the various factors specified in § 752(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675a(a)) including the likely volume of subject imports, likely price effects of subject imports, and likely impact of imports of *Subject Merchandise* on the *Domestic Industry*.

(5) A list of all known and currently operating U.S. producers of the *Domestic Like Product*. Identify any known related parties and the nature of the relationship as defined in § 771(4)(B) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1677(4)(B)).

(6) A list of all known and currently operating U.S. importers of the *Subject Merchandise* and producers of the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* that currently export or have exported *Subject Merchandise* to the United States or other countries since the *Order Date*.

(7) A list of 3–5 leading purchasers in the U.S. market for the *Domestic Like Product* and the *Subject Merchandise* (including street address, World Wide Web address, and the name, telephone number, fax number, and Email address of a responsible official at each firm).

(8) A list of known sources of information on national or regional prices for the *Domestic Like Product* or the *Subject Merchandise* in the U.S. or other markets.

(9) If you are a U.S. producer of the *Domestic Like Product*, provide the following information on your firm's operations on that product during calendar year 2024, except as noted (report quantity data in pounds and value data in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. plant). If you are a union/worker group or trade/business association, provide the information, on an aggregate basis, for the firms in which your workers are employed/which are members of your association.

(a) Production (quantity) and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total U.S. production of the *Domestic Like Product* accounted for by your firm's(s') production;

(b) Capacity (quantity) of your firm to produce the *Domestic Like Product* (that is, the level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain during the year, assuming normal operating conditions (using equipment and machinery in place and ready to operate), normal operating levels (hours per week/weeks per year), time for downtime, maintenance, repair, and cleanup, and a typical or representative product mix);

(c) the quantity and value of U.S. commercial shipments of the *Domestic Like Product* produced in your U.S. plant(s);

(d) the quantity and value of U.S. internal consumption/company transfers of the *Domestic Like Product* produced in your U.S. plant(s); and
(e) the value of (i) net sales, (ii) cost of goods sold (COGS), (iii) gross profit, (iv) selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses, and (v) operating income of the *Domestic Like Product* produced in your U.S. plant(s) (include both U.S. and export commercial sales, internal consumption, and company transfers) for your most recently completed fiscal year (identify the date on which your fiscal year ends).

(10) If you are a U.S. importer or a trade/business association of U.S. importers of the *Subject Merchandise* from the *Subject Country*, provide the following information on your firm's(s') operations on that product during calendar year 2024 (report quantity data in pounds and value data in U.S. dollars). If you are a trade/business association, provide the information, on an aggregate basis, for the firms which are members of your association.

(a) The quantity and value (landed, duty-paid but not including antidumping or countervailing duties) of U.S. imports and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total U.S. imports of *Subject Merchandise* from the *Subject Country* accounted for by your firm's(s') imports;

(b) the quantity and value (f.o.b. U.S. port, including antidumping and/or countervailing duties) of U.S. commercial shipments of *Subject Merchandise* imported from the *Subject Country*; and

(c) the quantity and value (f.o.b. U.S. port, including antidumping and/or countervailing duties) of U.S. internal consumption/company transfers of *Subject Merchandise* imported from the *Subject Country*.

(11) If you are a producer, an exporter, or a trade/business association of producers or exporters of the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country*, provide the following information on your firm's(s') operations on that product during calendar year 2024 (report quantity data in pounds and value data in U.S. dollars, landed and duty-paid at the U.S. port but not including antidumping or countervailing duties). If you are a trade/business association, provide the information, on an aggregate basis, for the firms which are members of your association.

(a) Production (quantity) and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of

total production of *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* accounted for by your firm's(s') production;

(b) Capacity (quantity) of your firm(s) to produce the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* (that is, the level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain during the year, assuming normal operating conditions (using equipment and machinery in place and ready to operate), normal operating levels (hours per week/weeks per year), time for downtime, maintenance, repair, and cleanup, and a typical or representative product mix); and

(c) the quantity and value of your firm's(s') exports to the United States of *Subject Merchandise* and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total exports to the United States of *Subject Merchandise* from the *Subject Country* accounted for by your firm's(s') exports.

(12) Identify significant changes, if any, in the supply and demand conditions or business cycle for the *Domestic Like Product* that have occurred in the United States or in the market for the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* since the *Order Date*, and significant changes, if any, that are likely to occur within a reasonably foreseeable time. Supply conditions to consider include technology; production methods; development efforts; ability to increase production (including the shift of production facilities used for other products and the use, cost, or availability of major inputs into production); and factors related to the ability to shift supply among different national markets (including barriers to importation in foreign markets or changes in market demand abroad). Demand conditions to consider include end uses and applications; the existence and availability of substitute products; and the level of competition among the *Domestic Like Product* produced in the United States, *Subject Merchandise* produced in the *Subject Country*, and such merchandise from other countries.

(13) (OPTIONAL) A statement of whether you agree with the above definitions of the *Domestic Like Product* and *Domestic Industry*; if you disagree with either or both of these definitions, please explain why and provide alternative definitions.

Authority: This proceeding is being conducted under authority of Title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930; this notice is published pursuant to § 207.61 of the Commission's rules.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: May 27, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025–09825 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 731–TA–1125 (Third Review)]

Electrolytic Manganese Dioxide From China; Institution of a Five-Year Review

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Commission hereby gives notice that it has instituted a review pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 (“the Act”), as amended, to determine whether revocation of the antidumping duty order on electrolytic manganese dioxide from China would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury. Pursuant to the Act, interested parties are requested to respond to this notice by submitting the information specified below to the Commission.

DATES: Instituted June 2, 2025. To be assured of consideration, the deadline for responses is July 2, 2025. Comments on the adequacy of responses may be filed with the Commission by August 13, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Laurel Schwartz (202–205–2398), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436. Hearing-impaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202–205–1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202–205–2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (<https://www.usitc.gov>). The public record for this proceeding may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background.—On October 7, 2008, the Department of Commerce (“Commerce”) issued an antidumping duty order on imports of electrolytic manganese dioxide from China (73 FR 58537). Commerce issued a continuation of the antidumping duty order on imports of electrolytic

manganese dioxide from China following Commerce's and the Commission's first five-year reviews, effective January 9, 2015 (80 FR 1393), and second five-year reviews, effective July 8, 2020 (85 FR 40970). The Commission is now conducting a third five-year review pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1675(c)), to determine whether revocation of the order would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to the domestic industry within a reasonably foreseeable time. Provisions concerning the conduct of this proceeding may be found in the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure at 19 CFR part 201, subparts A and B, and 19 CFR part 207, subparts A and F. The Commission will assess the adequacy of interested party responses to this notice of institution to determine whether to conduct a full or expedited review. The Commission's determination in any expedited review will be based on the facts available, which may include information provided in response to this notice.

Definitions.—The following definitions apply to this review:

(1) *Subject Merchandise* is the class or kind of merchandise that is within the scope of the five-year review, as defined by Commerce.

(2) The *Subject Country* in this review is China.

(3) The *Domestic Like Product* is the domestically produced product or products which are like, or in the absence of like, most similar in characteristics and uses with, the *Subject Merchandise*. In its original determinations, full first five-year review determinations, and expedited second five-year review determination, the Commission defined the *Domestic Like Product* consisting of all electrolytic manganese dioxide coextensive with Commerce's scope.

(4) The *Domestic Industry* is the U.S. producers as a whole of the *Domestic Like Product*, or those producers whose collective output of the *Domestic Like Product* constitutes a major proportion of the total domestic production of the product. In its original determinations, full first five-year review determinations, and expedited second five-year review determination, the Commission defined the *Domestic Industry* as all domestic producers of electrolytic manganese dioxide.

(5) An *Importer* is any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing the *Subject Merchandise* into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

Participation in the proceeding and public service list.—Persons, including industrial users of the *Subject Merchandise* and, if the merchandise is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations, wishing to participate in the proceeding as parties must file an entry of appearance with the Secretary to the Commission, as provided in § 201.11(b)(4) of the Commission's rules, no later than 21 days after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. The Secretary will maintain a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the proceeding.

Former Commission employees who are seeking to appear in Commission five-year reviews are advised that they may appear in a review even if they participated personally and substantially in the corresponding underlying original investigation or an earlier review of the same underlying investigation. The Commission's designated agency ethics official has advised that a five-year review is not the same particular matter as the underlying original investigation, and a five-year review is not the same particular matter as an earlier review of the same underlying investigation for purposes of 18 U.S.C. 207, the post-employment statute for Federal employees, and Commission rule 201.15(b) (19 CFR 201.15(b)), 79 FR 3246 (Jan. 17, 2014), 73 FR 24609 (May 5, 2008). Consequently, former employees are not required to seek Commission approval to appear in a review under Commission rule 19 CFR 201.15, even if the corresponding underlying original investigation or an earlier review of the same underlying investigation was pending when they were Commission employees. For further ethics advice on this matter, contact Charles Smith, Office of the General Counsel, at 202–205–3408.

Limited disclosure of business proprietary information (BPI) under an administrative protective order (APO) and APO service list.—Pursuant to § 207.7(a) of the Commission's rules, the Secretary will make BPI submitted in this proceeding available to authorized applicants under the APO issued in the proceeding, provided that the application is made no later than 21 days after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. Authorized applicants must represent interested parties, as defined in 19 U.S.C. 1677(9), who are parties to the proceeding. A separate service list will be maintained by the Secretary for those parties authorized to receive BPI under the APO.

Certification.—Pursuant to § 207.3 of the Commission's rules, any person submitting information to the Commission in connection with this proceeding must certify that the information is accurate and complete to the best of the submitter's knowledge. In making the certification, the submitter will acknowledge that information submitted in response to this request for information and throughout this proceeding or other proceeding may be disclosed to and used: (i) by the Commission, its employees and Offices, and contract personnel (a) for developing or maintaining the records of this or a related proceeding, or (b) in internal investigations, audits, reviews, and evaluations relating to the programs, personnel, and operations of the Commission including under 5 U.S.C. Appendix 3; or (ii) by U.S. government employees and contract personnel, solely for cybersecurity purposes. All contract personnel will sign appropriate nondisclosure agreements.

Written submissions.—Pursuant to § 207.61 of the Commission's rules, each interested party response to this notice must provide the information specified below. The deadline for filing such responses is 5:15 p.m. on July 2, 2025. Pursuant to § 207.62(b) of the Commission's rules, eligible parties (as specified in Commission rule 207.62(b)(1)) may also file comments concerning the adequacy of responses to the notice of institution and whether the Commission should conduct an expedited or full review. The deadline for filing such comments is 5:15 p.m. on August 13, 2025. All written submissions must conform with the provisions of § 201.8 of the Commission's rules; any submissions that contain BPI must also conform with the requirements of §§ 201.6, 207.3, and 207.7 of the Commission's rules. The Commission's *Handbook on Filing Procedures*, available on the Commission's website at https://www.usitc.gov/documents/handbook_on_filing_procedures.pdf, elaborates upon the Commission's procedures with respect to filings. Also, in accordance with §§ 201.16(c) and 207.3 of the Commission's rules, each document filed by a party to the proceeding must be served on all other parties to the proceeding (as identified by either the public or APO service list as appropriate), and a certificate of service must accompany the document (if you are not a party to the proceeding you do not need to serve your response).

Please note the Secretary's Office will accept only electronic filings at this time. Filings must be made through the

Commission's Electronic Document Information System (EDIS, <https://edis.usitc.gov>). No in-person paper-based filings or paper copies of any electronic filings will be accepted until further notice.

No response to this request for information is required if a currently valid Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") number is not displayed; the OMB number is 3117 0016/USITC No. 25–5–640, expiration date June 30, 2026. Public reporting burden for the request is estimated to average 15 hours per response. Please send comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate to the Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436.

Inability to provide requested information.—Pursuant to § 207.61(c) of the Commission's rules, any interested party that cannot furnish the information requested by this notice in the requested form and manner shall notify the Commission at the earliest possible time, provide a full explanation of why it cannot provide the requested information, and indicate alternative forms in which it can provide equivalent information. If an interested party does not provide this notification (or the Commission finds the explanation provided in the notification inadequate) and fails to provide a complete response to this notice, the Commission may take an adverse inference against the party pursuant to § 776(b) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1677e(b)) in making its determination in the review.

Information To Be Provided in Response to This Notice of Institution: As used below, the term "firm" includes any related firms.

Those responding to this notice of institution are encouraged, but not required, to visit the USITC's website at https://usitc.gov/reports/response_noi_worksheet, where one can download and complete the "NOI worksheet" Excel form for the subject proceeding, to be included as attachment/exhibit 1 of your overall response.

(1) The name and address of your firm or entity (including World Wide Web address) and name, telephone number, fax number, and Email address of the certifying official.

(2) A statement indicating whether your firm/entity is an interested party under 19 U.S.C. 1677(9) and if so, how, including whether your firm/entity is a U.S. producer of the *Domestic Like Product*, a U.S. union or worker group, a U.S. importer of the *Subject Merchandise*, a foreign producer or exporter of the *Subject Merchandise*, a

U.S. or foreign trade or business association (a majority of whose members are interested parties under the statute), or another interested party (including an explanation). If you are a union/worker group or trade/business association, identify the firms in which your workers are employed or which are members of your association.

(3) A statement indicating whether your firm/entity is willing to participate in this proceeding by providing information requested by the Commission.

(4) A statement of the likely effects of the revocation of the antidumping duty order on the *Domestic Industry* in general and/or your firm/entity specifically. In your response, please discuss the various factors specified in section 752(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675a(a)) including the likely volume of subject imports, likely price effects of subject imports, and likely impact of imports of *Subject Merchandise* on the *Domestic Industry*.

(5) A list of all known and currently operating U.S. producers of the *Domestic Like Product*. Identify any known related parties and the nature of the relationship as defined in section 771(4)(B) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1677(4)(B)).

(6) A list of all known and currently operating U.S. importers of the *Subject Merchandise* and producers of the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* that currently export or have exported *Subject Merchandise* to the United States or other countries after 2018.

(7) A list of 3–5 leading purchasers in the U.S. market for the *Domestic Like Product* and the *Subject Merchandise* (including street address, World Wide Web address, and the name, telephone number, fax number, and Email address of a responsible official at each firm).

(8) A list of known sources of information on national or regional prices for the *Domestic Like Product* or the *Subject Merchandise* in the U.S. or other markets.

(9) If you are a U.S. producer of the *Domestic Like Product*, provide the following information on your firm's operations on that product during calendar year 2024, except as noted (report quantity data in short tons and value data in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. plant). If you are a union/worker group or trade/business association, provide the information, on an aggregate basis, for the firms in which your workers are employed/which are members of your association.

(a) Production (quantity) and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total U.S. production of the *Domestic*

Like Product accounted for by your firm's(s') production;

(b) Capacity (quantity) of your firm to produce the *Domestic Like Product* (that is, the level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain during the year, assuming normal operating conditions (using equipment and machinery in place and ready to operate), normal operating levels (hours per week/weeks per year), time for downtime, maintenance, repair, and cleanup, and a typical or representative product mix);

(c) the quantity and value of U.S. commercial shipments of the *Domestic Like Product* produced in your U.S. plant(s);

(d) the quantity and value of U.S. internal consumption/company transfers of the *Domestic Like Product* produced in your U.S. plant(s); and

(e) the value of (i) net sales, (ii) cost of goods sold (COGS), (iii) gross profit, (iv) selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses, and (v) operating income of the *Domestic Like Product* produced in your U.S. plant(s) (include both U.S. and export commercial sales, internal consumption, and company transfers) for your most recently completed fiscal year (identify the date on which your fiscal year ends).

(10) If you are a U.S. importer or a trade/business association of U.S. importers of the *Subject Merchandise* from the *Subject Country*, provide the following information on your firm's(s') operations on that product during calendar year 2024 (report quantity data in short tons and value data in U.S. dollars). If you are a trade/business association, provide the information, on an aggregate basis, for the firms which are members of your association.

(a) The quantity and value (landed, duty-paid but not including antidumping duties) of U.S. imports and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total U.S. imports of *Subject Merchandise* from the *Subject Country* accounted for by your firm's(s') imports;

(b) the quantity and value (f.o.b. U.S. port, including antidumping duties) of U.S. commercial shipments of *Subject Merchandise* imported from the *Subject Country*; and

(c) the quantity and value (f.o.b. U.S. port, including antidumping duties) of U.S. internal consumption/company transfers of *Subject Merchandise* imported from the *Subject Country*.

(11) If you are a producer, an exporter, or a trade/business association of producers or exporters of the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country*, provide the following information on your firm's(s') operations on that

product during calendar year 2024 (report quantity data in short tons and value data in U.S. dollars, landed and duty-paid at the U.S. port but not including antidumping duties). If you are a trade/business association, provide the information, on an aggregate basis, for the firms which are members of your association.

(a) Production (quantity) and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total production of *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* accounted for by your firm's(s') production;

(b) Capacity (quantity) of your firm(s) to produce the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* (that is, the level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain during the year, assuming normal operating conditions (using equipment and machinery in place and ready to operate), normal operating levels (hours per week/weeks per year), time for downtime, maintenance, repair, and cleanup, and a typical or representative product mix); and

(c) the quantity and value of your firm's(s') exports to the United States of *Subject Merchandise* and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total exports to the United States of *Subject Merchandise* from the *Subject Country* accounted for by your firm's(s') exports.

(12) Identify significant changes, if any, in the supply and demand conditions or business cycle for the *Domestic Like Product* that have occurred in the United States or in the market for the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* after 2018, and significant changes, if any, that are likely to occur within a reasonably foreseeable time. Supply conditions to consider include technology; production methods; development efforts; ability to increase production (including the shift of production facilities used for other products and the use, cost, or availability of major inputs into production); and factors related to the ability to shift supply among different national markets (including barriers to importation in foreign markets or changes in market demand abroad). Demand conditions to consider include end uses and applications; the existence and availability of substitute products; and the level of competition among the *Domestic Like Product* produced in the United States, *Subject Merchandise* produced in the *Subject Country*, and such merchandise from other countries.

(13) (OPTIONAL) A statement of whether you agree with the above definitions of the *Domestic Like Product* and *Domestic Industry*; if you disagree with either or both of these definitions,

please explain why and provide alternative definitions.

Authority: This proceeding is being conducted under authority of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930; this notice is published pursuant to § 207.61 of the Commission's rules.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: May 27, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025–09826 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 701–TA–451 and 731–TA–1126 (Third Review)]

Lightweight Thermal Paper From China; Institution of Five-Year Reviews

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Commission hereby gives notice that it has instituted reviews pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 (“the Act”), as amended, to determine whether revocation of the countervailing and antidumping duty orders on lightweight thermal paper from China would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury. Pursuant to the Act, interested parties are requested to respond to this notice by submitting the information specified below to the Commission.

DATES: Instituted June 2, 2025. To be assured of consideration, the deadline for responses is July 2, 2025. Comments on the adequacy of responses may be filed with the Commission by August 13, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Alexis Yim (202–708–1446), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436. Hearing-impaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202–205–1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202–205–2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (<https://www.usitc.gov>). The public record for this proceeding may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background.—On November 24, 2008, the Department of Commerce (“Commerce”) issued antidumping and countervailing duty orders on imports of lightweight thermal paper from China (73 FR 70958 and 70959). Commerce issued a continuation of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on imports of lightweight thermal paper from China following Commerce's and the Commission's first five-year reviews, effective January 30, 2015 (80 FR 5083) and second five-year reviews, effective July 6, 2020 (85 FR 40249). The Commission is now conducting third five-year reviews pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1675(c)), to determine whether revocation of the orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to the domestic industry within a reasonably foreseeable time. Provisions concerning the conduct of this proceeding may be found in the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure at 19 CFR part 201, subparts A and B, and 19 CFR part 207, subparts A and F. The Commission will assess the adequacy of interested party responses to this notice of institution to determine whether to conduct full or expedited reviews. The Commission's determinations in any expedited reviews will be based on the facts available, which may include information provided in response to this notice.

Definitions.—The following definitions apply to these reviews:

(1) *Subject Merchandise* is the class or kind of merchandise that is within the scope of the five-year reviews, as defined by Commerce.

(2) The *Subject Country* in these reviews is China.

(3) The *Domestic Like Product* is the domestically produced product or products which are like, or in the absence of like, most similar in characteristics and uses with, the *Subject Merchandise*. In its original determinations, full first five-year review determinations, and expedited second five-year review determinations, the Commission defined a single *Domestic Like Product* consisting of lightweight thermal paper coextensive with Commerce's scope.

(4) The *Domestic Industry* is the U.S. producers as a whole of the *Domestic Like Product*, or those producers whose collective output of the *Domestic Like Product* constitutes a major proportion of the total domestic production of the product. In its original determinations, full first five-year review determinations and expedited second five-year review determinations, the Commission defined one *Domestic Industry*

consisting of all converters and coaters of lightweight thermal paper consistent with Commerce's scope.

(5) An *Importer* is any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing the *Subject Merchandise* into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

Participation in the proceeding and public service list.—Persons, including industrial users of the *Subject Merchandise* and, if the merchandise is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations, wishing to participate in the proceeding as parties must file an entry of appearance with the Secretary to the Commission, as provided in § 201.11(b)(4) of the Commission's rules, no later than 21 days after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. The Secretary will maintain a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the proceeding.

Former Commission employees who are seeking to appear in Commission five-year reviews are advised that they may appear in a review even if they participated personally and substantially in the corresponding underlying original investigation or an earlier review of the same underlying investigation. The Commission's designated agency ethics official has advised that a five-year review is not the same particular matter as the underlying original investigation, and a five-year review is not the same particular matter as an earlier review of the same underlying investigation for purposes of 18 U.S.C. 207, the post-employment statute for Federal employees, and Commission rule 201.15(b) (19 CFR 201.15(b)), 79 FR 3246 (Jan. 17, 2014), 73 FR 24609 (May 5, 2008). Consequently, former employees are not required to seek Commission approval to appear in a review under Commission rule 19 CFR 201.15, even if the corresponding underlying original investigation or an earlier review of the same underlying investigation was pending when they were Commission employees. For further ethics advice on this matter, contact Charles Smith, Office of the General Counsel, at 202–205–3408.

Limited disclosure of business proprietary information (BPI) under an administrative protective order (APO) and APO service list.—Pursuant to § 207.7(a) of the Commission's rules, the Secretary will make BPI submitted in this proceeding available to authorized applicants under the APO issued in the proceeding, provided that the

application is made no later than 21 days after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. Authorized applicants must represent interested parties, as defined in 19 U.S.C. 1677(9), who are parties to the proceeding. A separate service list will be maintained by the Secretary for those parties authorized to receive BPI under the APO.

Certification.—Pursuant to § 207.3 of the Commission's rules, any person submitting information to the Commission in connection with this proceeding must certify that the information is accurate and complete to the best of the submitter's knowledge. In making the certification, the submitter will acknowledge that information submitted in response to this request for information and throughout this proceeding or other proceeding may be disclosed to and used: (i) by the Commission, its employees and Offices, and contract personnel (a) for developing or maintaining the records of this or a related proceeding, or (b) in internal investigations, audits, reviews, and evaluations relating to the programs, personnel, and operations of the Commission including under 5 U.S.C. Appendix 3; or (ii) by U.S. government employees and contract personnel, solely for cybersecurity purposes. All contract personnel will sign appropriate nondisclosure agreements.

Written submissions.—Pursuant to § 207.61 of the Commission's rules, each interested party response to this notice must provide the information specified below. The deadline for filing such responses is 5:15 p.m. on July 2, 2025. Pursuant to § 207.62(b) of the Commission's rules, eligible parties (as specified in Commission rule 207.62(b)(1)) may also file comments concerning the adequacy of responses to the notice of institution and whether the Commission should conduct expedited or full reviews. The deadline for filing such comments is 5:15 p.m. on August 13, 2025. All written submissions must conform with the provisions of § 201.8 of the Commission's rules; any submissions that contain BPI must also conform with the requirements of §§ 201.6, 207.3, and 207.7 of the Commission's rules. The Commission's *Handbook on Filing Procedures*, available on the Commission's website at https://www.usitc.gov/documents/handbook_on_filing_procedures.pdf, elaborates upon the Commission's procedures with respect to filings. Also, in accordance with §§ 201.16(c) and 207.3 of the Commission's rules, each document filed by a party to the proceeding must be served on all other

parties to the proceeding (as identified by either the public or APO service list as appropriate), and a certificate of service must accompany the document (if you are not a party to the proceeding you do not need to serve your response).

Please note the Secretary's Office will accept only electronic filings at this time. Filings must be made through the Commission's Electronic Document Information System (EDIS, <https://edis.usitc.gov>). No in-person paper-based filings or paper copies of any electronic filings will be accepted until further notice.

No response to this request for information is required if a currently valid Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") number is not displayed; the OMB number is 3117 0016/USITC No. 25–5–641, expiration date June 30, 2026. Public reporting burden for the request is estimated to average 15 hours per response. Please send comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate to the Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436.

Inability to provide requested information.—Pursuant to § 207.61(c) of the Commission's rules, any interested party that cannot furnish the information requested by this notice in the requested form and manner shall notify the Commission at the earliest possible time, provide a full explanation of why it cannot provide the requested information, and indicate alternative forms in which it can provide equivalent information. If an interested party does not provide this notification (or the Commission finds the explanation provided in the notification inadequate) and fails to provide a complete response to this notice, the Commission may take an adverse inference against the party pursuant to § 776(b) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1677e(b)) in making its determinations in the reviews.

Information To Be Provided in Response to This Notice of Institution: As used below, the term "firm" includes any related firms.

Those responding to this notice of institution are encouraged, but not required, to visit the USITC's website at https://usitc.gov/reports/response_noi_worksheet, where one can download and complete the "NOI worksheet" Excel form for the subject proceeding, to be included as attachment/exhibit 1 of your overall response.

(1) The name and address of your firm or entity (including World Wide Web address) and name, telephone number, fax number, and Email address of the certifying official.

(2) A statement indicating whether your firm/entity is an interested party under 19 U.S.C. 1677(9) and if so, how, including whether your firm/entity is a U.S. producer of the *Domestic Like Product*, a U.S. union or worker group, a U.S. importer of the *Subject Merchandise*, a foreign producer or exporter of the *Subject Merchandise*, a U.S. or foreign trade or business association (a majority of whose members are interested parties under the statute), or another interested party (including an explanation). If you are a union/worker group or trade/business association, identify the firms in which your workers are employed or which are members of your association.

(3) A statement indicating whether your firm/entity is willing to participate in this proceeding by providing information requested by the Commission.

(4) A statement of the likely effects of the revocation of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on the *Domestic Industry* in general and/or your firm/entity specifically. In your response, please discuss the various factors specified in section 752(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675a(a)) including the likely volume of subject imports, likely price effects of subject imports, and likely impact of imports of *Subject Merchandise* on the *Domestic Industry*.

(5) A list of all known and currently operating U.S. producers of the *Domestic Like Product*. Identify any known related parties and the nature of the relationship as defined in section 771(4)(B) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1677(4)(B)).

(6) A list of all known and currently operating U.S. importers of the *Subject Merchandise* and producers of the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* that currently export or have exported *Subject Merchandise* to the United States or other countries after 2018.

(7) A list of 3–5 leading purchasers in the U.S. market for the *Domestic Like Product* and the *Subject Merchandise* (including street address, World Wide Web address, and the name, telephone number, fax number, and Email address of a responsible official at each firm).

(8) A list of known sources of information on national or regional prices for the *Domestic Like Product* or the *Subject Merchandise* in the U.S. or other markets.

(9) If you are a U.S. producer of the *Domestic Like Product*, provide the following information on your firm's operations on that product during calendar year 2024, except as noted (report quantity data in short tons and value data in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. plant).

If you are a union/worker group or trade/business association, provide the information, on an aggregate basis, for the firms in which your workers are employed/which are members of your association.

(a) Production (quantity) and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total U.S. production of the *Domestic Like Product* accounted for by your firm's(s') production;

(b) Capacity (quantity) of your firm to produce the *Domestic Like Product* (that is, the level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain during the year, assuming normal operating conditions (using equipment and machinery in place and ready to operate), normal operating levels (hours per week/weeks per year), time for downtime, maintenance, repair, and cleanup, and a typical or representative product mix);

(c) the quantity and value of U.S. commercial shipments of the *Domestic Like Product* produced in your U.S. plant(s);

(d) the quantity and value of U.S. internal consumption/company transfers of the *Domestic Like Product* produced in your U.S. plant(s); and

(e) the value of (i) net sales, (ii) cost of goods sold (COGS), (iii) gross profit, (iv) selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses, and (v) operating income of the *Domestic Like Product* produced in your U.S. plant(s) (include both U.S. and export commercial sales, internal consumption, and company transfers) for your most recently completed fiscal year (identify the date on which your fiscal year ends).

(10) If you are a U.S. importer or a trade/business association of U.S. importers of the *Subject Merchandise* from the *Subject Country*, provide the following information on your firm's(s') operations on that product during calendar year 2024 (report quantity data in short tons and value data in U.S. dollars). If you are a trade/business association, provide the information, on an aggregate basis, for the firms which are members of your association.

(a) The quantity and value (landed, duty-paid but not including antidumping or countervailing duties) of U.S. imports and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total U.S. imports of *Subject Merchandise* from the *Subject Country* accounted for by your firm's(s') imports;

(b) the quantity and value (f.o.b. U.S. port, including antidumping and/or countervailing duties) of U.S. commercial shipments of *Subject Merchandise* imported from the *Subject Country*; and

(c) the quantity and value (f.o.b. U.S. port, including antidumping and/or countervailing duties) of U.S. internal consumption/company transfers of *Subject Merchandise* imported from the *Subject Country*.

(11) If you are a producer, an exporter, or a trade/business association of producers or exporters of the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country*, provide the following information on your firm's(s') operations on that product during calendar year 2024 (report quantity data in short tons and value data in U.S. dollars, landed and duty-paid at the U.S. port but not including antidumping or countervailing duties). If you are a trade/business association, provide the information, on an aggregate basis, for the firms which are members of your association.

(a) Production (quantity) and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total production of *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* accounted for by your firm's(s') production;

(b) Capacity (quantity) of your firm(s) to produce the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* (that is, the level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain during the year, assuming normal operating conditions (using equipment and machinery in place and ready to operate), normal operating levels (hours per week/weeks per year), time for downtime, maintenance, repair, and cleanup, and a typical or representative product mix); and

(c) the quantity and value of your firm's(s') exports to the United States of *Subject Merchandise* and, if known, an estimate of the percentage of total exports to the United States of *Subject Merchandise* from the *Subject Country* accounted for by your firm's(s') exports.

(12) Identify significant changes, if any, in the supply and demand conditions or business cycle for the *Domestic Like Product* that have occurred in the United States or in the market for the *Subject Merchandise* in the *Subject Country* after 2018, and significant changes, if any, that are likely to occur within a reasonably foreseeable time. Supply conditions to consider include technology; production methods; development efforts; ability to increase production (including the shift of production facilities used for other products and the use, cost, or availability of major inputs into production); and factors related to the ability to shift supply among different national markets (including barriers to importation in foreign markets or changes in market demand abroad). Demand conditions to consider

include end uses and applications; the existence and availability of substitute products; and the level of competition among the *Domestic Like Product* produced in the United States, *Subject Merchandise* produced in the *Subject Country*, and such merchandise from other countries.

(13) (OPTIONAL) A statement of whether you agree with the above definitions of the *Domestic Like Product* and *Domestic Industry*; if you disagree with either or both of these definitions, please explain why and provide alternative definitions.

Authority: This proceeding is being conducted under authority of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930; this notice is published pursuant to § 207.61 of the Commission's rules.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: May 27, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025-09829 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337-TA-1417]

Certain Hydrodermabrasion Systems and Components Thereof III; Notice of a Commission Determination To Issue a Limited Exclusion Order and Cease and Desist Orders; Termination of Investigation

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission ("Commission") has determined to issue a limited exclusion order ("LEO") barring entry of certain hydrodermabrasion systems and components thereof by or on behalf of respondents Medical Purchasing Resource, LLC, Bio-Infusions USA Inc., MIRAmtech UG, eMIRAmtech USA, LLC, and MIRAmtech SP. Z.O.O. (collectively, "Defaulting Respondents"); and cease and desist orders ("CDOs") against the Defaulting Respondents. The investigation is terminated.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Namo Kim, Esq., Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205-3459. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS)

at <https://edis.usitc.gov>. For help accessing EDIS, please email EDIS3Help@usitc.gov. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server at <https://www.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on (202) 205-1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Commission instituted this investigation on September 13, 2024, based on a complaint, as supplemented, filed by HydraFacial LLC f/k/a Edge Systems LLC of Long Beach, California ("HydraFacial"). 89 FR 74995-96 (September 13, 2024). The complaint, as supplemented, alleges violations of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 1337 ("section 337"), based upon the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, and the sale within the United States after importation of certain hydrodermabrasion systems and components thereof by reason of the infringement of certain claims of U.S. Patent No. 11,446,477 ("the '477 patent"). *Id.* The complaint also asserts that a domestic industry exists.

The Commission's notice of investigation names as respondents: Luvo Medical Technologies Inc. of Ontario, Canada; Clarion Medical Technologies, Inc. of Ontario, Canada; Healthcare Markets, Inc. d/b/a Powered by MRP of Park City, Utah; Medical Purchasing Resource, LLC of Little Elm, Texas; Bio-Infusions USA Inc. of Seminole, Florida; MIRamedtech UG of Neulingen, Germany; eMIRamed USA, LLC of Irvine, California; and MIRamedtech SP. Z.O.O. of Warsaw, Poland. *Id.* The Office of Unfair Import Investigations is not participating in this investigation. *Id.*

On January 2, 2025, the Commission found respondent Medical Purchasing Resource, LLC in default. Order No. 7 (Dec. 9, 2024), *unreviewed by Comm'n Notice* (Jan. 2, 2025).

On February 6, 2025, the Commission found respondents Bio-Infusions USA Inc., MIRamedtech UG, eMIRamed USA, LLC, and MIRamedtech SP. Z.O.O. in default. Order No. 13 (Jan. 17, 2025), *unreviewed by Comm'n Notice* (Feb. 6, 2025).

On April 10, 2025, HydraFacial filed a declaration under Commission Rule 210.16(c)(1) (19 CFR 210.16(c)(1)) ("Declaration") requesting immediate entry of an LEO and CDOs against the Defaulting Respondents. HydraFacial also requested a bond in the amount of 100 percent of the entered value of the

infringing articles imported during the period of Presidential review.

On April 24, 2025, the Commission issued a notice terminating the investigation as to the remaining active respondents, Clarion Medical Technologies, Inc., Luvo Medical Technologies, Inc., and Healthcare Markets, Inc. d/b/a Powered by MRP based on settlement agreements. Order No. 16 (April 4, 2025), *unreviewed by Comm'n Notice*, 90 FR 17259-61 (April 24, 2025) ("the Remedy Notice"). In the same notice, the Commission asked parties to the investigation, interested government agencies, and any other interested parties to file written submissions on the issues of remedy, the public interest, and bonding. *Id.*

On May 6, 2025, HydraFacial filed a written submission requesting the Commission to issue an LEO and CDOs against the Defaulting Respondents, and providing information requested by the Remedy Notice. The Commission received no other written submissions in response to the Remedy Notice.

When the conditions in section 337(g)(1)(A)-(E) (19 U.S.C. 1337(g)(1)(A)-(E)) have been satisfied, section 337(g)(1) and Commission Rule 210.16(c) (19 CFR 210.16(c)) direct the Commission, upon request, to issue a limited exclusion order or a cease and desist order or both against a respondent found in default, based on the allegations regarding a violation of section 337 in the complaint, which are presumed to be true, unless after consideration of the public interest factors in section 337(g)(1), it finds that such relief should not issue.

Having examined the record of this investigation, including HydraFacial's Declaration and its submission in response to the Remedy Notice, the Commission has determined, pursuant to section 337(g)(1) (19 U.S.C. 1337(g)(1)), that the appropriate remedy in this investigation is: (1) an LEO prohibiting the unlicensed entry of certain hydrodermabrasion systems and components thereof by reason of infringement of certain claims of the '477 patent by the Defaulting Respondents and (2) CDOs directed to the Defaulting Respondents. The Commission has determined that the public interest factors enumerated in subsection 337(g)(1) do not preclude the issuance of the LEO and CDOs. The Commission has further determined that the bond during the period of Presidential review pursuant to section 337(j) (19 U.S.C. 1337(j)) shall be in the amount of one hundred percent (100%) of the entered value of the imported articles that are subject to the LEO.

The investigation is terminated.

The Commission vote for this determination took place on May 27, 2025.

The authority for the Commission's determination is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337), and in part 210 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR part 210).

By order of the Commission.

Issued: May 27, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025-09860 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337-TA-1387]

Certain Electronic Computing Devices, and Components and Modules Thereof Notice of a Commission Determination Not To Review an Initial Determination Granting a Joint Motion To Terminate the Investigation in Its Entirety Based Upon Settlement

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission ("Commission") has determined not to review an initial determination ("ID") (Order No. 39) of the presiding administrative law judge ("ALJ"), granting a joint motion to terminate the investigation in its entirety based upon settlement.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Panyin A. Hughes, Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205-3042. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>. For help accessing EDIS, please email EDIS3Help@usitc.gov. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server at <https://www.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal, telephone (202) 205-1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On January 18, 2024, the Commission instituted this investigation based on a complaint filed by Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson of Stockholm, Sweden

(“Ericsson”). 89 FR 3427–28 (Jan. 18, 2024). The complaint alleged violations of section 337 based on the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, or the sale within the United States after importation of certain electronic computing devices, and components and modules thereof by reason of infringement of claims 1–3, 5–7, 9–11, 14, 15, and 16 of U.S. Patent No. 9,641,841 (“the ‘841 patent”); claims 1–7 and 10–16 of U.S. Patent No. 10,142,659 (“the ‘659 patent”); claims 1–19 of U.S. Patent No. 10,708,618 (“the ‘618 patent”); and claims 1–9 of U.S. Patent No. 10,708,613 (“the ‘613 patent”). *Id.* The Commission’s notice of investigation named the following respondents: Lenovo (United States) Inc. of Morrisville, North Carolina; Lenovo (Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd. of Shanghai, China; Lenovo Beijing Co., Limited of Beijing, China; Lenovo PC HK Limited of Hong Kong; Lenovo Information Products (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd. of Shenzhen, China (collectively, “Lenovo”); and Lenovo Group Limited of Beijing, China (“LGL”). The Office of Unfair Import Investigations (“OUII”) was also named as a party in this investigation. *Id.*

The Commission terminated the investigation as to LGL because LGL does not import into the United States, sell for importation, or sell within the United States the accused products. Order No. 16 (Aug. 20, 2024), *unreviewed by Comm’n Notice* (Sept. 16, 2024).

The Commission terminated the investigation as to all asserted claims of the ‘613 patent, claims 1–8 and 10–19 of the ‘618 patent, claims 1–3, 5–7, 9, and 14–16 of the ‘841 patent, and claims 1–3, 5, 6, and 13–16 of the ‘659 patent. Order No. 17 (Sept. 9, 2024), *unreviewed by Comm’n Notice* (Oct. 8, 2024); Order No. 33 (Oct. 17, 2024), *unreviewed by Comm’n Notice* (Nov. 5, 2025).

On April 17, 2025, Ericsson and Lenovo filed a joint motion to terminate the investigation in its entirety based upon settlement. On April 28, 2025, OUII filed a response in support of the motion.

On May 8, 2025, the ALJ issued the subject ID (Order No. 39) granting the motion. The ID noted that Commission Rule 210.21(a)(2) provides that “[a]ny party may move at any time to terminate an investigation in whole or in part as to any or all respondents on the basis of a settlement, a licensing or other agreement” ID at 2. The ID found that the motion complies with Commission Rule 210.21(b). *Id.* at 2. The ID further found that in accordance with Commission Rule 210.21(b)(1), the motion states that apart from the Confidential Patent License Agreement and Confidential Arbitration Agreement “there are no other agreements, written or oral, express or implied between the private parties concerning the subject matter of this Investigation.” *Id.* at 3. The ID also found that terminating the investigation will not adversely impact the public interest. *Id.* No one petitioned for review of the ID.

The Commission has determined not to review the subject ID. The investigation is hereby terminated in its entirety.

The Commission vote for this determination took place on May 27, 2025. The authority for the Commission’s determination is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337), and in part 210 of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR part 210).

By order of the Commission.
Issued: May 28, 2025.

Lisa Barton,
Secretary to the Commission.
[FR Doc. 2025–09898 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration

[Docket No. DEA–1551]

Bulk Manufacturer of Controlled Substances Application: Veranova, L.P.

AGENCY: Drug Enforcement Administration, Justice.

ACTION: Notice of application.

SUMMARY: Veranova, L.P. has applied to be registered as a bulk manufacturer of basic class(es) of controlled substance(s). Refer to Supplementary Information listed below for further drug information.

DATES: Registered bulk manufacturers of the affected basic class(es), and applicants, therefore, may submit electronic comments on or objections to the issuance of the proposed registration on or before August 1, 2025. Such persons may also file a written request for a hearing on the application on or before August 1, 2025.

ADDRESSES: The Drug Enforcement Administration requires that all comments be submitted electronically through the Federal eRulemaking Portal, which provides the ability to type short comments directly into the comment field on the web page or attach a file for lengthier comments. Please go to <https://www.regulations.gov> and follow the online instructions at that site for submitting comments. Upon submission of your comment, you will receive a Comment Tracking Number. Please be aware that submitted comments are not instantaneously available for public view on <https://www.regulations.gov>. If you have received a Comment Tracking Number, your comment has been successfully submitted and there is no need to resubmit the same comment.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with 21 CFR 1301.33(a), this is notice that on April 17, 2025, Veranova, L.P., 25 Patton Road, Pharmaceutical Service, Devens, Massachusetts 01434–3803, applied to be registered as a bulk manufacturer of the following basic class(es) of controlled substance(s):

Controlled substance	Drug code	Schedule
Lysergic Acid Diethylamide	7315	I
3,4-Methylenedioxymethamphetamine	7405	I
Dimethyltryptamine	7435	I
Amphetamine	1100	II
Methylphenidate	1724	II
Nabilone	7379	II
Hydrocodone	9193	II
Levorphanol	9220	II
Thebaine	9333	II
Alfentanil	9737	II

Controlled substance	Drug code	Schedule
Remifentanyl	9739	II
Sufentanyl	9740	II

The company plans to bulk manufacture the listed controlled substances in order to support the manufacturing and analytical testing activities at its other Drug Enforcement Administration-registered manufacturing facility. No other activities for these drug codes are authorized for this registration.

Matthew Strait,

Deputy Assistant Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2025–09929 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration

[Docket No. DEA–1550]

Importer of Controlled Substances Application: ANI Pharmaceuticals Inc.

AGENCY: Drug Enforcement Administration, Justice.

ACTION: Notice of application.

SUMMARY: ANI Pharmaceuticals Inc has applied to be registered as an importer of basic class(es) of controlled substance(s). Refer to Supplementary Information listed below for further drug information.

DATES: Registered bulk manufacturers of the affected basic class(es), and applicants, therefore, may submit electronic comments on, or objections to the issuance of the proposed registration on or before July 2, 2025. Such persons may also file a written request for a hearing on the application on or before July 2, 2025.

ADDRESSES: The Drug Enforcement Administration requires that all comments be submitted electronically through the Federal eRulemaking Portal, which provides the ability to type short comments directly into the comment field on the web page or attach a file for lengthier comments. Please go to <https://www.regulations.gov> and follow the online instructions at that site for submitting comments. Upon submission of your comment, you will receive a Comment Tracking Number. Please be aware that submitted comments are not instantaneously available for public view on <https://www.regulations.gov>. If you have received a Comment Tracking Number, your comment has been successfully submitted and there is no need to resubmit the same comment. All

requests for a hearing must be sent to: (1) Drug Enforcement Administration, Attn: Hearing Clerk/OALJ, 8701 Morrisette Drive, Springfield, Virginia 22152; and (2) Drug Enforcement Administration, Attn: DEA Federal Register Representative/DPW, 8701 Morrisette Drive, Springfield, Virginia 22152. All requests for a hearing should also be sent to: Drug Enforcement Administration, Attn: Administrator, 8701 Morrisette Drive, Springfield, Virginia 22152.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with 21 CFR 1301.34(a), this is notice that on April 21, 2025, ANI Pharmaceuticals Inc., 70 Lake Drive, East Windsor, New Jersey 08520–5321, applied to be registered as an importer of the following basic class(es) of controlled substance(s):

Controlled substance	Drug code	Schedule
Levorphanol	9220	II
Tapentadol	9780	II

Levorphanol (9220) will be imported for distribution to customers. Tapentadol (9780) will only be used to import small quantities for internal research and reference standards purposes. No other activities for these drug codes are authorized for this registration.

Approval of permit applications will occur only when the registrant's business activity is consistent with what is authorized under 21 U.S.C. 952(a)(2). Authorization will not extend to the import of Food and Drug Administration-approved or non-approved finished dosage forms for commercial sale.

Matthew Strait,

Deputy Assistant Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2025–09927 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[OMB Number 1105–0030]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed eCollection eComments Requested; Revision of a Previously Approved Collection; Electronic Applications for the Attorney General's Honors Program and the Summer Law Intern Program (HP/SLIP)

AGENCY: Office of Attorney Recruitment and Management, Justice Management Division, Department of Justice.

ACTION: 30-Day notice.

SUMMARY: The Office of Attorney Recruitment and Management, Department of Justice (DOJ), will be submitting the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The proposed information collection was previously published in the **Federal Register** on March 24, 2025, allowing a 60-day comment period.

DATES: Comments are encouraged and will be accepted for 60 days until August 1, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have additional comments especially on the estimated public burden or associated response time, suggestions, or need a copy of the proposed information collection instrument with instructions or additional information, please contact Deana Willis, Assistant Director, Office of Attorney Recruitment and Management, c/o Rae Ross, 450 5th Street NW, Suite 10200, Washington, DC 20530, 202–514–8900, Deana.Willis@usdoj.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information are encouraged. Your comments should address one or more of the following four points:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Bureau of Justice Statistics, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information,

including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

- Evaluate whether and if so how the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected can be enhanced; and
- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses.

Written comments and recommendations for this information collection should be submitted within 30 days of the publication of this notice on the following website www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function and entering either the title of the information collection or the OMB Control Number [1105–0030]. This information collection request may be viewed at www.reginfo.gov. Follow the instructions to view Department of Justice, information collections currently under review by OMB.

DOJ seeks PRA authorization for this information collection for three (3) years. OMB authorization for an ICR cannot be for more than three (3) years without renewal. The DOJ notes that information collection requirements submitted to the OMB for existing ICRs receive a month-to-month extension while they undergo review.

Abstract: Candidates enter information pertinent to legal employment on a series of electronic screens (the number of screens varies by Program; hiring organizations vary by

year). The data is then certified and submitted into a database for OARM review and transmission to the components that consider the candidates for legal employment. The candidate is automatically notified by email that his/her application has been received when he/she certifies and submits his/her electronic application, and provided other hiring status updates throughout the hiring cycle.

In compliance with the Executive Order issued January 20, 2025, (<https://www.whitehouse.gov/presidential-actions/2025/01/defending-women-from-gender-ideology-extremism-and-restoring-biological-truth-to-the-federal-government/>), the voluntary demographic question on the HP/SLIP application is revised to reflect “Sex” with the responses “Male,” “Female” or “Decline to Answer,” removing references to gender identity and sexual orientation. There is no impact on the public burden or cost.

OARM, in coordination with hiring offices, periodically reviews questions relating to qualifications and experience to ensure their focus and criteria remains relevant (*e.g.*, assists hiring officials evaluate written or oral communication skills, public service interest, relevant experience, etc.).

- Hiring officials requested the addition of two “yes/no” questions relating to written or oral communication skills for SLIP applicants. This change is limited to the questions presented to eligible applicants to the Summer Law Intern Program, who often have limited objective law school accomplishments at the time they apply. There is de minimis impact on the public burden and no impact on cost.

- In addition, hiring officials requested modification to an existing

“check the box” question presented to all applicants clarifying the type of public service experience responsive to the question. There is no impact on the public burden or cost to this change.

- A new “check the box” question relating to relevant experience was added. There is de minimis impact on the public burden and no cost to this change.

- A residency question was removed and a geographic preference question added. There is no impact on the public burden or cost.

The estimate of annualized cost to the federal government decreased from \$54,000 to \$39,885.

Overview of This Information Collection

1. *Type of Information Collection:* Revision of a previously approved collection.
2. *The Title of the Form/Collection:* Electronic Applications for the Attorney General’s Honors Program and the Summer Law Intern Program.
3. *The agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department sponsoring the collection:* N/A.
4. *Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as the obligation to respond:* Affected Public—Individuals. The obligation to respond is voluntary.
5. *Obligation to Respond:* Voluntary/Required to Obtain A Benefit.
6. *Total Estimated Number of Respondents:* An estimated average of.
7. *Estimated Time per Respondent:* 105–115 minutes.
8. *Frequency:* Once a year.
9. *Total Estimated Annual Time Burden:* 4,349 hours.
10. *Total Estimated Annual Other Costs Burden:* \$0.

TOTAL BURDEN HOURS

Activity	Number of respondents	Frequency (annually)	Total annual responses	Time per response (minutes)	Total annual burden (hours)
Electronic application (individuals)	2,428	1	2,428	105	4,249
Virtual Interview Scheduling Form (Individuals)	600	1	600	10	100
Unduplicated Totals	3,028	.....	3,028	.....	4,349

If additional information is required contact: Darwin Arceo, Department Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Justice Management Division, Policy and Planning Staff, Two Constitution Square, 145 N Street NE, 4W–218, Washington, DC.

Dated: May 27, 2025.
Darwin Arceo,
Department Clearance Officer for PRA, U.S. Department of Justice.
[FR Doc. 2025–09838 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4410–PB–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
[CPCLO Order No. 002–2025]
Privacy Act of 1974; Systems of Records
AGENCY: Justice Management Division, United States Department of Justice.

ACTION: Notice of a modified system of records.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the Privacy Act of 1974 and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular No. A-108, notice is hereby given that the Justice Management Division (JMD), a component within the United States Department of Justice (DOJ or Department), proposes to modify the system of records titled Security Monitoring and Analytics Service Records, JUSTICE/JMD-026, updating the capabilities and offerings included in it.

DATES: This notice is applicable upon publication, subject to a 30-day period in which to submit comments. Please submit any comments by July 2, 2025.

ADDRESSES: The public, OMB, and Congress are invited to submit any comments: by mail to the United States Department of Justice, Office of Privacy and Civil Liberties, ATTN: Privacy Analyst, 145 N St. NE, Suite 8W.300, Washington, DC 20530; by facsimile at 202-307-0693; or by email at privacy.compliance@usdoj.gov. To ensure proper handling, please reference the above CPCLD Order No. on your correspondence.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Vu Nguyen, DOJ Chief Information Security Officer, (202) 514-3101, 145 N Street NE, Washington, DC 20530.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Justice Management Division, Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO), Cybersecurity Services Staff (CSS), developed the Security Monitoring and Analytics Service (SMAS) to provide DOJ-managed information technology (IT) service offerings to other federal agencies wishing to leverage DOJ's cybersecurity services, referred to as "external federal agency subscribers." 28 U.S.C. 527 establishes a working capital fund for the Department of Justice, which enables the Department to recover operational expenses for certain services delivered to other federal agencies. SMAS has a suite of technology products and offerings, which include a range of commercial off-the-shelf (COTS) software as well as custom-built applications that provide insight into and protect the subscribers' operating environment. Examples of SMAS capabilities and offerings include, but are not limited to: asset discovery, vulnerability assessment, intrusion detection, forensics, penetration testing, phishing simulation, cyber threat intelligence, Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR), identity and access management, incident management, email hygiene,

Data Loss Prevention (DLP), User Behavior Analytics (UBA), User Activity Monitoring (UAM), Secure Access Service Edge (SASE), Security Orchestration, Automation, and Response (SOAR), Packet Capture (PCAP), Security Information and Event Management (SIEM), and supply chain risk assessment. SMAS enables the identification and evaluation of suspicious, unauthorized, or anomalous activity that may indicate malicious behavior and activity, which information DOJ provides directly to external federal agency subscribers for their review and further evaluation. JMD monitors user activities and captures and stores files that might be related to suspicious, unauthorized, or otherwise anomalous activities. JMD ensures that possible security events or incidents are accurately identified, analyzed, guarded against, investigated, and shared with external federal agency subscribers via secure means of communication (e.g., encrypted email).

JMD established the system of records, Security Monitoring and Analytics Service Records, JUSTICE/JMD-026, to cover records maintained by JMD while providing cybersecurity service offerings to its external federal agency subscribers. JMD tracks external federal agency subscriber's IT, information system, and/or network activity, including any access by users to any IT, information systems, and/or networks, whether authorized or unauthorized. Consistent with these requirements, JMD must ensure that it maintains accurate audit and activity records of the observable occurrences on external federal agency subscriber information systems and networks (also referred to as "events") that are significant and relevant to the security of the external federal agency subscriber's information and information systems. These audit and activity records may include, but are not limited to, information that establishes what type of event occurred, when the event occurred, where the event occurred, the source of the event, the outcome of the event, and the identity of any individuals or subjects associated with the event. These records assist DOJ and external federal agency subscribers with protecting subscribers' data and ensuring the secure operation of IT, information systems, and networks.

Events monitored by SMAS may constitute occurrences that (1) actually or imminently jeopardize, without lawful authority, the integrity, confidentiality, or availability of information or an information system; or (2) constitute a violation or imminent threat of violation of law, security

policies, security procedures, or acceptable use policies. These events may be detected utilizing information systems maintaining audit and activity records, reported to the Department or external federal agency subscriber by information system users, or reported to the Department or the external federal agency subscriber by the cybersecurity research community or members of the general public conducting good faith vulnerability discovery activities. Records of these events assist DOJ and external federal agency subscribers with tracking and documenting actual or suspected incidents, which may, in limited circumstances, include records of individuals reporting, or otherwise associated with, an actual or suspected incident.

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552a(r), the Department has provided a report to OMB and Congress on this modified system of records.

Dated: May 20, 2025.

Peter A. Winn,

Acting Chief Privacy and Civil Liberties Officer, United States Department of Justice.

JUSTICE/JMD-026

SYSTEM NAME AND NUMBER:

Security Monitoring and Analytics Service Records, JUSTICE/JMD-026.

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION:

Controlled Unclassified Information.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

Records will be maintained by a Department-authorized cloud service provider, which will be required to maintain the records within the Continental United States. Records can be accessed from all locations at which DOJ System Managers operate or are supported. Some or all system information may be duplicated at other locations where the Department has granted direct access to support DOJ System Manager operations, system backup, emergency preparedness, and/or continuity of operations. Records may also be maintained at the individual information technology or end point of activity within the external federal agency subscriber network and may be located locally on the physical information technology or end point before being consolidated and stored for analysis and investigation. Some or all system information may also be duplicated at other locations where the Department has granted direct access to support DOJ System Manager operations, system backup, emergency preparedness, and/or continuity of operations. For more specific information about the location of

records maintained in this system of records, contact the system manager using the contact information listed in the "SYSTEM MANAGER(S)" paragraph, below.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S):

DOJ Chief Information Security Officer, (202) 514-3101, 145 N Street NE, Washington, DC 20530.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

The Federal Information Security Modernization Act of 2014, 44 U.S.C. 3551 *et seq.*; the Federal Information Technology Acquisition Reform Act of 2014 (FITARA), 40 U.S.C. 11315, *et seq.*; 28 U.S.C. 527 (Department of Justice Working Capital Fund); Executive Order No. 13800, Strengthening the Cybersecurity of Federal Networks and Critical Infrastructure (2017); OMB Circular A-130, Managing Information as a Strategic Resource (2016); OMB Memorandum M-19-16, Centralized Mission Support Capabilities for the Federal Government (2019); Executive Order 14028, Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity (2023).

PURPOSE(S) OF THE SYSTEM:

The Department of Justice (DOJ) Security Monitoring and Analytics Service (SMAS) provides DOJ-managed cybersecurity services to external federal agency subscribers, giving subscribers the technical capability to protect their information, information technologies, information systems, and networks from malicious or accidental threats. SMAS enables secure access to internal networks as well as enabling users and systems to securely communicate with external networks and applications. SMAS enables the identification and evaluation of suspicious, unauthorized, or anomalous activity and/or vulnerabilities. SMAS can also quarantine or block security threats that could compromise systems and other protective capabilities. Records in this system of records are used by system administrators and security personnel, or persons authorized to assist these personnel, for the purpose of: dynamically allowing or denying connections to applications and services using security policies; reviewing and analyzing subscriber information and subscriber information system activity and access events for indications of inappropriate, unusual, or abnormal activity; tracking, documenting, and handling actual or suspected cybersecurity events and incidents; identifying and managing vulnerabilities and assessing risks; supporting audit reviews, analyses, reporting requirements, and after-the-

fact investigations of cybersecurity events and incidents; planning and managing system services; and otherwise performing their official duties. Authorized personnel may use the records in this system for the purpose of investigating improper access or other improper activity related to information system access; and referring such record(s) to external federal agency subscribers.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

A. SMAS authorized users, including DOJ employees, DOJ contractors, and employees and contractors of external federal agency subscribers with authorized access to SMAS to perform analysis on collected information; and

B. Individuals provided with external federal agency subscriber information technology that is monitored by SMAS, individuals who access external federal agency subscriber information systems monitored by SMAS or transmit information across external federal agency subscriber networks monitored by SMAS, or individuals affiliated with vendors for which supply chain risk is being assessed. Such individuals may include: individuals who use external federal agency subscriber information technology, information systems, and/or networks to send or receive information or related communications, access internet sites, or access any external federal agency subscriber information technologies, information systems, or information; individuals from outside the external federal agency subscriber who communicate electronically with subscriber users, information technologies, information systems, and/or networks; individuals reporting, tracking, documenting and/or otherwise associated with actual or suspected cybersecurity incident and/or event activities; and any individuals who attempt to access external federal agency subscriber information technologies, information systems, and/or networks, with or without authorization.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Records in this system of records may include:

A. Access and activity logs that establish what type of event occurred, when an event occurred, where an event occurred, the source of an event, the outcome of an event, and the identity of any individuals or subjects associated with an event. Such information includes but is not limited to: time stamps recording the date and time of access or activity; source and destination addresses; user, device, and

process identifiers, including internet Protocol (IP) address, Media Access Control (MAC) address, and event descriptions; success/fail indications; filenames involved; full text recording of privileged commands; and/or access control or flow control rules invoked. Such information may be collected and aggregated by the operating system or application software locally within an information technology, information system, or network.

B. Information relating to any individuals accessing an external federal agency subscriber's information, information technologies, information systems, or networks monitored by SMAS. This includes: usernames; persistent identifiers (such as a User ID); contact information, such as title, office, component, and agency; and the authorization of an individual's access to systems, files, or applications, such as signed consent forms or Rules of Behavior forms, or access authentication information (including but not limited to passwords, challenge questions/answers used to confirm/validate a user's identity, and other authentication factors).

C. Records on the use of electronic mail, instant messaging, other chat services, electronic call detail information (including name, originating/receiving numbers, duration, and date/time of call), and electronic voicemail on an external federal agency subscriber's information technology, information systems, or networks monitored by SMAS.

D. Records of internet access from any information technology connected to an external federal agency subscriber's information system or network monitored by SMAS, or through authorized connections to external federal agency subscriber's networks and information systems monitored by SMAS, including the IP address of the information technology being used to initiate the internet connection and the information accessed.

E. Audit reviews, analyses, and reporting, including but not limited to, audits that result from monitoring of account usage, remote access, wireless connectivity, mobile device connection, configuration settings, system component inventory, physical access, and communications at the boundaries of information systems monitored by SMAS. This includes records relating to supply chain risk assessment and records relating to protection from security threats.

F. Actual or suspected incident or event report information, including but not limited to: information related to individuals reporting, tracking,

documenting, and/or otherwise associated with a cybersecurity incident and/or event; information related to reporting, tracking, investigating, and/or addressing an incident or event (*e.g.*, data/time of the incident or event; location of incident or event; type of incident or event; storage medium information; safeguard information; external/internal entity report tracking; data elements associated with the incident or event; information on individuals impacted; information on information system(s) impacted; remediation, response, or notification actions; lessons learned; risk of harm and compliance assessments); and information related to discovering, testing, reporting, tracking, investigating, and/or addressing a security vulnerability or indicator of a security vulnerability.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Records covered by this system of records are generated internally (*i.e.*, information technology, information system, and/or network activity logs) regardless of the location from which an individual accesses the external agency information or information systems, manually sourced from agency personnel, or sourced directly from the individual to whom the record pertains. Records relating to supply chain risk may be obtained through public records research services.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, all or a portion of the records or information contained in this system may be disclosed outside the Department as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) under the circumstances or for the purposes described below, to the extent such disclosures are compatible with the purposes for which the information was collected:

A. To an organization or individual in both the public or private sector where there is reason to believe the recipient is or could become the target of a particular criminal activity or conspiracy or other threat, to the extent the information is relevant to the protection of life, health, or property. Information may be similarly disclosed to other recipients who share the same interests as the target or who may be able to assist in protecting against or responding to the activity or conspiracy.

B. To appropriate officials and employees of a federal agency for which the Department is authorized to provide

a service, when disclosed in accordance with an interagency agreement and when necessary to accomplish an agency function articulated in the interagency agreement.

C. To any person(s) or appropriate Federal, state, local, territorial, tribal, or foreign law enforcement authority authorized to assist in an approved investigation of or relating to the improper usage of DOJ information technologies, information systems, and/or networks.

D. To any criminal, civil, or regulatory law enforcement authority (whether Federal, state, local, territorial, tribal, or foreign) where the information is relevant to the recipient entity's law enforcement responsibilities.

E. To a governmental entity lawfully engaged in collecting law enforcement, law enforcement intelligence, or national security intelligence information for such purposes.

F. To any person, organization, or governmental entity in order to notify them of a serious terrorist threat for the purpose of guarding against or responding to such a threat.

G. To Federal, state, local, territorial, tribal, foreign, or international licensing agencies or associations which require information concerning the suitability or eligibility of an individual for a license or permit.

H. Where a record, either alone or in conjunction with other information, indicates a violation or potential violation of law—criminal, civil, or regulatory in nature—the relevant records may be referred to the appropriate Federal, state, local, territorial, tribal, or foreign law enforcement authority or other appropriate entity charged with the responsibility for investigating or prosecuting such violation or charged with enforcing or implementing such law.

I. To complainants and/or victims to the extent necessary to provide such persons with information and explanations concerning the progress and/or results of the investigation or case arising from the matters of which they complained and/or of which they were a victim.

J. To any person or entity that the Department has reason to believe possesses information regarding a matter within the jurisdiction of the Department, to the extent deemed to be necessary by the Department in order to elicit such information or cooperation from the recipient for use in the performance of an authorized activity.

K. In an appropriate proceeding before a court, grand jury, or administrative or adjudicative body,

when the Department of Justice determines that the records are arguably relevant to the proceeding; or in an appropriate proceeding before an administrative or adjudicative body when the adjudicator determines the records to be relevant to the proceeding.

L. To an actual or potential party to litigation or the party's authorized representative for the purpose of negotiation or discussion of such matters as settlement, plea bargaining, or in informal discovery proceedings.

M. To the news media and the public, including disclosures pursuant to 28 CFR 50.2, unless it is determined that release of the specific information in the context of a particular case would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

N. To contractors, grantees, experts, consultants, students, and others performing or working on a contract, service, grant, cooperative agreement, interagency agreement, or other assignment for the Federal government, when necessary to accomplish an agency function related to this system of records.

O. To designated officers and employees of state, local, territorial, or tribal law enforcement or detention agencies in connection with the hiring or continued employment of an employee or contractor, where the employee or contractor would occupy or occupies a position of public trust as a law enforcement officer or detention officer having direct contact with the public or with prisoners or detainees, to the extent that the information is relevant and necessary to the recipient agency's decision.

P. To appropriate officials and employees of a federal agency or entity that requires information relevant to a decision concerning the hiring, appointment, or retention of an employee; the issuance, renewal, suspension, or revocation of a security clearance; the execution of a security or suitability investigation; the letting of a contract; or the issuance of a grant or benefit.

Q. To a former employee of the Department for purposes of: responding to an official inquiry by a federal, state, or local government entity or professional licensing authority, in accordance with applicable Department regulations; or facilitating communications with a former employee that may be necessary for personnel-related or other official purposes where the Department requires information and/or consultation assistance from the former employee regarding a matter within that person's former area of responsibility.

R. To a Member of Congress or staff acting upon the Member's behalf when the Member or staff requests the information on behalf of, and at the request of, the individual who is the subject of the record.

S. To the National Archives and Records Administration for purposes of records management inspections conducted under the authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906.

T. To appropriate agencies, entities, and persons when (1) the Department suspects or has confirmed that there has been a breach of the system of records, (2) the Department has determined that as a result of the suspected or confirmed breach there is a risk of harm to individuals, the Department (including its information systems, programs, and operations), the Federal Government, or national security; and (3) the disclosure made to such agencies, entities, and persons is reasonably necessary to assist in connection with the Department's efforts to respond to the suspected or confirmed breach or to prevent, minimize, or remedy such harm.

U. To another federal agency or entity, when the Department determines that information from this system of records is reasonably necessary to assist the recipient agency or entity in (1) responding to a suspected or confirmed breach or (2) preventing, minimizing, or remedying the risk of harm to individuals, the recipient agency or entity (including its information systems, programs, and operations), the Federal Government, or national security, resulting from a suspected or confirmed breach.

V. To any agency, organization, or individual for the purpose of performing authorized audit or oversight operations of DOJ and meeting related reporting requirements.

W. To such recipients and under such circumstances and procedures as are mandated by federal statute or treaty.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORAGE OF RECORDS:

Records are maintained in electronic storage media, in accordance with the safeguards mentioned below.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETRIEVAL OF RECORDS:

Data shared with the external agency subscriber consists of report(s) on the automated alerts generated by the tools or manually collected through the hotline. At the request of the external agency subscriber, DOJ can provide custom reports, which may be grouped by username, host name, IP address or another key indicator. Records may be retrieved by identifying characteristics

as part of information system security monitoring, cybersecurity incident response, user activity monitoring, or in support of other security activity.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETENTION AND DISPOSAL OF RECORDS:

Records in this system are retained and disposed of in accordance with the schedule approved by the Archivist of the United States, General Records Schedule 3.2: Information Systems Security Records, Transmittal No. 26 September 2016, item 010–062 and General Records Schedule 5.6: Security Records, Transmittal No. 31 April 2020, item 210–240, for records created and maintained by federal agencies related to protecting the security of information technology systems and data, and responding to computer security incidents. Log data is maintained in Logging as a Service as the DOJ's repository for 365 days.

ADMINISTRATIVE, TECHNICAL, AND PHYSICAL SAFEGUARDS:

Information in this system is safeguarded in accordance with federal cybersecurity laws, rules, and policies, including the Department's automated systems security and access policies and Interconnection Security Agreements (ISAs) with the federal agency subscribers. Access to such information is limited to Department personnel, contractors, and other personnel who have an official need for access to perform their duties. Records are maintained in an access-controlled area, with direct access permitted to only authorized personnel. Electronic records are accessed only by authorized personnel with accounts on the Department's network. Additionally, direct access to certain information is restricted depending on a user's role and responsibility within the organization and system. Any electronic data that contains personally identifiable information will be encrypted in accordance with applicable National Institute of Standards and Technology standards when transferred between DOJ and the subscriber agency.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

A request for access to a record from this system of records must be submitted in writing and comply with 28 CFR part 16 and should be sent by mail to the Justice Management Division, ATTN: FOIA Contact, Room 1111, Robert F. Kennedy Department of Justice Building, 950 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20530–0001, or by email at JMDFOIA@usdoj.gov. The envelope and letter

should be clearly marked "Privacy Act Access Request." The request should include a general description of the records sought and must include the requester's full name, current address, and date and place of birth. The request must be signed and dated and either notarized or submitted under penalty of perjury. While no specific form is required, requesters may obtain a form (Form DOJ–361) for use in certification of identity from the FOIA/Privacy Act Mail Referral Unit, Justice Management Division, United States Department of Justice, 950 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20530–0001, or from the Department's website at http://www.justice.gov/oip/forms/cert_ind.pdf. Some information may be exempt from the access provisions as described in the "EXEMPTIONS PROMULGATED FOR THE SYSTEM" paragraph, below. An individual who is the subject of a record in this system may access any stored records that are not exempt from the access provisions. A determination whether a record may be accessed will be made at the time a request is received.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking to contest or amend information maintained in the system should direct their requests to the address indicated in the "RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES" section, above. The envelope and letter should be clearly marked "Privacy Act Amendment Request." The request must comply with 28 CFR 16.46 and state clearly and concisely what information is being contested, the reasons for contesting it, and the proposed amendment to the information sought. Some information may be exempt from the amendment provisions as described in the "EXEMPTIONS PROMULGATED FOR THE SYSTEM" paragraph, below. An individual who is the subject of a record in this system may seek amendment of those records that are not exempt. A determination whether a record may be amended will be made at the time a request is received.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES:

Individuals may be notified if a record in this system of records pertains to them when the individuals request information utilizing the same procedures as those identified in the "RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES" paragraph, above.

EXEMPTIONS PROMULGATED FOR THE SYSTEM:

The Attorney General has promulgated regulations exempting this system of records from subsections (c)(3), (d), (e)(1), (e)(4)(G), (H), and (I)

and (f) of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(k)(2) (see 86 FR 61689). These exemptions apply only to the extent that information in the system of records is subject to exemption, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(k)(2).

HISTORY:

JUSTICE/JMD-026, Security Monitoring and Analytics Service Records, 86 FR 41089 (7-30-2021).

[FR Doc. 2025-09447 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-NW-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Agency Information Collection Activities; Comment Request; Interstate Arrangement for Combining Employment and Wages

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor's (DOL) Employment and Training Administration (ETA) is soliciting comments concerning a proposed extension for the authority to conduct the information collection request (ICR) titled, "Interstate Arrangement for Combining Employment and Wages." This comment request is part of continuing Departmental efforts to reduce paperwork and respondent burden in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA).

DATES: Consideration will be given to all written comments received by August 1, 2025.

ADDRESSES: A copy of this ICR with applicable supporting documentation, including a description of the likely respondents, proposed frequency of response, and estimated total burden, may be obtained free by contacting Eric Congious by telephone at (202) 693-0763 (this is not a toll-free number), or by email at OUI-PRA@dol.gov. For persons with a hearing or speech disability who need assistance to use the telephone system, please dial 711 to access telecommunications relay services.

Submit written comments about, or requests for a copy of, this ICR by mail or courier to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Unemployment Insurance, 200 Constitution Avenue NW, Room S-4524, Washington, DC 20210; or by email: OUI-PRA@dol.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Eric Congious by telephone at (202) 693-0763 (this is not a toll-free number) or by email at OUI-PRA@dol.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: DOL, as part of continuing efforts to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, conducts a pre-clearance consultation program to provide the general public and Federal agencies an opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing collections of information before submitting them to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for final approval. This program helps to ensure requested data can be provided in the desired format, reporting burden (time and financial resources) is minimized, collection instruments are clearly understood, and the impact of collection requirements can be properly assessed.

Section 3304(a)(9)(B), of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) of 1986, requires states to participate in an arrangement for combining employment and wages covered under the different state laws for the purpose of determining unemployed workers' entitlement to unemployment compensation. The Interstate Arrangement for Combining Employment and Wages for combined wage claims (CWC), promulgated at 20 CFR part 616, requires the prompt transfer of all relevant and available employment and wage data between states upon request. The Benefit Payment Promptness Standard, 20 CFR part 640, requires the prompt payment of unemployment compensation including benefits paid under the CWC arrangement. The ETA 586 report provides the ETA's Office of Unemployment Insurance with information necessary to measure the scope and effect of the CWC program and to monitor the performance of each state in responding to wage transfer data requests and the payment of benefits. Title 20 of the Code of Federal Regulations, section 616 authorizes this information collection.

This information collection is subject to the PRA. A Federal agency generally cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information, and the public is generally not required to respond to an information collection, unless it is approved by OMB under the PRA and displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. In addition, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no person shall generally be subject to penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information that does not display a valid Control Number. See 5 CFR 1320.5(a) and 1320.6.

Interested parties are encouraged to provide comments to the contact shown

in the **ADDRESSES** section. Comments must be written to receive consideration, and they will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval of the final ICR. In order to help ensure appropriate consideration, comments should mention OMB control number 1205-0029.

Submitted comments will also be a matter of public record for this ICR and posted on the internet, without redaction. DOL encourages commenters not to include personally identifiable information, confidential business data, or other sensitive statements/information in any comments.

DOL is particularly interested in comments that:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the Agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, (e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses).

Agency: DOL-ETA.

Type of Review: Extension without changes.

Title of Collection: Interstate Arrangement for Combining Employment and Wages.

Form: ETA Report Form 586.

OMB Control Number: 1205-0029.

Affected Public: State Workforce Agencies.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 53.

Frequency: Quarterly.

Total Estimated Annual Responses: 212.

Estimated Average Time per Response: 4 hours.

Estimated Total Annual Burden

Hours: 848 hours.

Total Estimated Annual Other Cost Burden: 0.

Authority: 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A).

Susan Frazier,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Employment and Training, Labor.

[FR Doc. 2025-09905 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-FW-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; OSHA Strategic Partnership Program (OSPP) for Worker Safety and Health**

ACTION: Notice of availability; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor (DOL) is submitting this Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA)-sponsored information collection request (ICR) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA). Public comments on the ICR are invited.

DATES: The OMB will consider all written comments that the agency receives on or before July 2, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nicole Bouchet by telephone at 202–693–0213, or by email at DOL_PRA_PUBLIC@dol.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Employers who voluntarily participate in OSHA Strategic Partnership Program for Worker Safety and Health are required to monitor and to assess the impact of partnership. An OSHA strategic partnership aims to have a measurable positive impact on workplace safety and health that goes beyond what historically has been achievable through traditional enforcement method and focuses on individual work sites. For additional substantive information about this ICR, see the related notice published in the **Federal Register** on January 10, 2025 (90 FR 2033).

Comments are invited on: (1) whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Department, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the agency’s estimates of the burden and cost of the collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information collection; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who

are to respond, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

This information collection is subject to the PRA. A Federal agency generally cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information, and the public is generally not required to respond to an information collection, unless the OMB approves it and displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. In addition, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no person shall generally be subject to penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information that does not display a valid OMB Control Number. See 5 CFR 1320.5(a) and 1320.6.

DOL seeks PRA authorization for this information collection for three (3) years. OMB authorization for an ICR cannot be for more than three (3) years without renewal. The DOL notes that information collection requirements submitted to the OMB for existing ICRs receive a month-to-month extension while they undergo review.

Agency: DOL–OSHA.
Title of Collection: OSHA Strategic Partnership Program (OSPP) for Worker Safety and Health.

OMB Control Number: 1218–0244.

Affected Public: Private Sector—Businesses or other for-profits.

Total Estimated Number of Respondents: 106.

Total Estimated Number of Responses: 5,412.

Total Estimated Annual Time Burden: 33,880 hours.

Total Estimated Annual Other Costs Burden: \$0.

(Authority: 44 U.S.C. 3507(a)(1)(D))

Nicole Bouchet,

Senior Paperwork Reduction Act Analyst.

[FR Doc. 2025–09904 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–26–P

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION**Sunshine Act Meetings**

TIME AND DATE: The Finance and the Operations and Regulations Committees of the Legal Services Corporation Board of Directors will meet virtually on June 9 and 13, 2025, respectively. The Finance Committee meeting will begin on June 9 at 2:30 p.m. Eastern Time and will continue until the conclusion of the Committee’s agenda. On June 13, the Operations and Regulations Committee meeting will begin at 3:30 p.m. Eastern Time and will continue until the conclusion of the Committee’s agenda.

PLACE: Public Notice of Virtual Meeting. LSC will conduct the June 9 and June 13, 2025, meeting via videoconference.

Unless otherwise noted herein, the LSC Board of Directors meeting will be open to public observation via LSC’s YouTube channel: <https://www.youtube.com/@LegalServicesCorp/streams>.

STATUS: Open.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

Monday, June 9, 2025—Finance Committee Meeting

1. Approval of Agenda
2. External Comments Regarding LSC’s Fiscal Year 2027 Budget Request
3. Consider and Act on Other Business
4. Consider and Act on Adjournment of Meeting

Friday, June 13, 2025—Operations and Regulations Meeting

1. Approval of Agenda
2. Approval of Minutes of the Committee’s Open Session Meeting on March 31, 2025
3. Consider and Act on 2025–2026 Regulatory Agenda
4. Briefing on Employee Travel Risk Assessment Programs
5. Briefing on Development and Centralization of Organizational Policies and Procedures
6. Consider and Act on Other Business
7. Consider and Act on Adjournment of Meeting

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION: Jessica Wechter, Special Assistant to the President, at (202) 295–1626. Questions may also be sent by electronic mail to wechterj@lsc.gov.

Non-Confidential Meeting Materials: Non-confidential meeting materials will be made available in electronic format at least 24 hours in advance of the meeting on the LSC website, at <https://www.lsc.gov/about-lsc/board-meeting-materials>.

(Authority: 5 U.S.C. 552b.)

Dated: May 28, 2025.

Stefanie Davis,

Deputy General Counsel, Legal Services Corporation.

[FR Doc. 2025–09994 Filed 5–29–25; 11:15 am]

BILLING CODE 7050–01–P

MERIT SYSTEMS PROTECTION BOARD**Performance Review Board Membership**

AGENCY: Merit Systems Protection Board.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Merit Systems Protection Board announces the appointment of the members of its Senior Executive

Service Performance Review Board. This notice supersedes all previous notices regarding the Performance Review Board membership.

DATES: These appointments are effective June 2, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Michaela Klarmann, Acting Director of Financial and Administrative Management, Merit Systems Protection Board, 1615 M Street NW, Washington, DC 20419; telephone: (771) 210-1473; or email: michaela.klarmann@mspb.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Merit Systems Protection Board (MSPB) is publishing the names of the current members of its Performance Review Board (PRB) as required by 5 U.S.C. 4314(c)(4) and 5 CFR 430.311. Laura M. Alborno, MSPB, serves as Chair of the PRB. Susan M. Swafford, MSPB; Gina K. Grippando, MSPB; and Karl Kammann, Office of Special Counsel serve as members of the PRB.

Gina K. Grippando,
Clerk of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2025-09902 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7401-01-P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. 50-321 and 50-366; NRC-2025-0091]

Southern Nuclear Operating Company, Inc.; Edwin I. Hatch Nuclear Plant, Unit Nos. 1 and 2; Subsequent License Renewal Application

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Notice; receipt.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has received an application for the subsequent renewal of Renewed Facility Operating License Nos. DPR-57 and NPF-5, which authorize Southern Nuclear Operating Company, Inc. (Southern, the applicant) to operate Edwin I. Hatch Nuclear Plant (Hatch), Unit Nos. 1 and 2. The subsequent renewed licenses would authorize the applicant to operate Hatch for an additional 20 years beyond the period specified in each of the current licenses. The current operating licenses for Hatch expire as follows: Unit No. 1 on August 6, 2034, and Unit No. 2 on June 13, 2038.

DATES: The subsequent license renewal application referenced in this document is available on June 2, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Please refer to Docket ID NRC-2025-0091 when contacting the NRC about the availability of

information regarding this document. You may obtain publicly available information related to this document using any of the following methods:

- **Federal Rulemaking Website:** Go to <https://www.regulations.gov> and search for Docket ID NRC-2025-0091. Address questions about Docket IDs in [Regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov) to Bridget Curran; telephone: 301-415-1003; email: Bridget.Curran@nrc.gov. For technical questions, contact the individual listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section of this document.

- **NRC's Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS):** You may obtain publicly available documents online in the ADAMS Public Documents collection at <https://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/adams.html>. To begin the search, select "Begin Web-based ADAMS Search." For problems with ADAMS, please contact the NRC's Public Document Room (PDR) reference staff at 1-800-397-4209, at 301-415-4737, or by email to PDR.Resource@nrc.gov. The ADAMS accession number for each document referenced (if it is available in ADAMS) is provided the first time that it is mentioned in this document.

- **Public Library:** A copy of the subsequent license renewal application for Hatch can be accessed at the following public library: Appling County Public Library, 242 E Parker St., Baxley, GA 31513.

- **NRC's PDR:** The PDR, where you may examine and order copies of publicly available documents, is open by appointment. To make an appointment to visit the PDR, please send an email to PDR.Resource@nrc.gov or call 1-800-397-4209 or 301-415-4737, between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m. eastern time (ET), Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Brian Harris, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001; telephone: 301-415-2277; email: Brian.Harris2@nrc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The NRC has received an application from Southern, dated May 15, 2025 (ADAMS Package Accession No. ML25135A390), filed pursuant to section 103 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and part 54 of title 10 of the *Code of Federal Regulations*, "Requirements for Renewal of Operating Licenses for Nuclear Power Plants," to subsequently renew the renewed facility operating licenses for Hatch Unit Nos. 1 and 2. Subsequent renewal of the licenses would authorize the applicant to operate the facility for an additional 20-

year period beyond the period specified in the current operating licenses. Hatch Unit Nos. 1 and 2 are boiling-water reactors located in Appling County, Georgia, near Baxley. The acceptability of the tendered application for docketing, and other matters, including an opportunity to request a hearing, will be the subject of subsequent **Federal Register** notices.

Dated: May 28, 2025.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Alissa Neuhausen,

Acting Chief, License Renewal Project Branch, Division of New and Renewed Licenses, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation.

[FR Doc. 2025-09879 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-P

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

Submission for Review: 3206-0268, RI 20-126, Certification of Qualifying District of Columbia Service

AGENCY: Office of Personnel Management.

ACTION: 60-Day notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: Office of Personnel Management (OPM) offers the general public and other federal agencies the opportunity to comment on an expiring information collection, "Certification of Qualifying District of Columbia Service Under Section 1905 of Public Law 111-84," RI 20-126.

DATES: Comments are encouraged and will be accepted until August 1, 2025.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by title and OMB Control Number, by the following method:

- **Federal Rulemaking Portal:** <https://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

All submissions received must include the OMB Control Number for this collection. The general policy for comments and other submissions from members of the public is to make these submissions available for public viewing at <https://www.regulations.gov> as they are received without change, including any personal identifiers or contact information.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: A copy of this information collection request with applicable supporting documentation may be obtained by contacting the Retirement Services Publications Team, U.S. Office of Personnel Management, 1900 E Street NW, Room 3316-L, Washington, DC 20415, Attention: Cyrus S. Benson, or you may obtain this information by

emailing *RSPublicationsTeam@opm.gov*, sending a fax to (202) 606–1995, or calling (202) 936–0401.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: As required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, as amended (44 U.S.C. chapter 35), OPM is soliciting comments for this collection (OMB Control No. 3206–0268). The Office of Personnel Management is particularly interested in comments that:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submissions of responses.

RI 20–126, “Certification of Qualifying District of Columbia Service Under Section 1905 of Public Law 118–84,” is used to certify that an employee performed certain service with the District of Columbia (DC) that qualifies under 5 U.S.C. 8332 note, for determining retirement eligibility. However, this service cannot be used in the computation of a Civil Service Retirement System (CSRS) or Federal Employees' Retirement System (FERS) retirement benefit.

Analysis

Agency: Retirement Services, Office of Personnel Management.

Title: Certification of Qualifying District of Columbia Service under Section 1905 of Public Law 111–84.

OMB Number: 3206–0268.

Frequency: On occasion.

Affected Public: Individuals or Households.

Number of Respondents: 1,000.

Estimated Time per Respondent: 30 minutes.

Total Burden Hours: 500.

U.S. Office of Personnel Management.

Alexys Stanley,

Federal Register Liaison.

[FR Doc. 2025–09975 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6325–38–P

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

Submission for Review: 3206–0254, Request for Case Review for Enhanced Disability Annuity Benefit, RI 20–123

AGENCY: U.S. Office of Personnel Management.

ACTION: 60-Day notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: Office of Personnel Management (OPM) offers the general public and other federal agencies the opportunity to comment on an expiring information collection, “Request for Case Review for Enhanced Disability Annuity Benefit,” RI 20–123.

DATES: Comments are encouraged and will be accepted until August 1, 2025.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by title and OMB Control Number, by the following method:

—*Federal Rulemaking Portal:* <https://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

All submissions received must include the OMB Control Number for this collection. The general policy for comments and other submissions from members of the public is to make these submissions available for public viewing at <https://www.regulations.gov> as they are received without change, including any personal identifiers or contact information.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: A copy of this information collection request with applicable supporting documentation may be obtained by contacting the Retirement Services Publications Team, Office of Personnel Management, 1900 E Street NW, Room 3316–L, Washington, DC 20415, Attention: Cyrus S. Benson, or you may obtain this information by emailing *RSPublicationsTeam@opm.gov*, sending a fax to (202) 606–1995, or calling (202) 936–0401.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: As required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, as amended (44 U.S.C. chapter 35), OPM is soliciting comments for this collection (OMB Control No. 3206–0254). The Office of Personnel Management is particularly interested in comments that:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submissions of responses.

RI 20–123 is used by retirees separated for disability and the survivors of retirees separated for disability to request that Retirement Operations review the computations of disability annuities to include the formulae provided in law for individuals who performed service as law enforcement officers, firefighters, nuclear materials carriers, air traffic controllers, Congressional employees, and Capitol and Supreme Court police.

Analysis

Agency: Retirement Services, Office of Personnel Management.

Title: Request for Case Review for Enhanced Disability Annuity Benefit.

OMB Number: 3206–0254.

Frequency: On occasion.

Affected Public: Individuals or Households.

Number of Respondents: 100.

Estimated Time per Respondent: 5 minutes.

Total Burden Hours: 8.

U.S. Office of Personnel Management.

Alexys Stanley,

Federal Register Liaison.

[FR Doc. 2025–09977 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6325–38–P

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

Submission for Review: 3206–0042, Notice of Change in Student's Status, RI 25–15

AGENCY: Office of Personnel Management.

ACTION: 60-Day notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: Office of Personnel Management (OPM) offers the general public and other federal agencies the opportunity to comment on an expiring information collection, “Notice of Change in Student's Status, RI 25–15.”

DATES: Comments are encouraged and will be accepted until August 4, 2025.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by title and OMB Control Number, by the following method:

• *Federal Rulemaking Portal*: <https://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

All submissions received must include the OMB Control Number for this collection. The general policy for comments and other submissions from members of the public is to make these submissions available for public viewing at <https://www.regulations.gov> as they are received without change, including any personal identifiers or contact information.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: A copy of this information collection request with applicable supporting documentation may be obtained by contacting the Retirement Services Publications Team, U.S. Office of Personnel Management, 1900 E Street NW, Room 3316-L, Washington, DC 20415, Attention: Cyrus S. Benson, or you may obtain this information by emailing at RSPublicationsTeam@opm.gov, sending a fax to (202) 606-1995, or calling (202) 936-0401.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: As required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, as amended (44 U.S.C. chapter 35), OPM is soliciting comments for this collection (OMB Control No. 3206-0042). The Office of Personnel Management is particularly interested in comments that:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

RI 25-15, Notice of Change in Student's Status, is used to collect sufficient information from adult children of deceased Federal employees or annuitants to assure that the child continues to be eligible for payments from OPM.

Analysis

Agency: Retirement Services, Office of Personnel Management.

Title: Notice of Change in Student's Status: RI-25-15.

OMB Number: 3206-0042.

Frequency: On occasion.

Affected Public: Individuals or Households.

Number of Respondents: 2,500.

Estimated Time per Respondent: 20 minutes.

Total Burden Hours: 834.

U.S. Office of Personnel Management.

Alexys Stanley,

Federal Register Liaison.

[FR Doc. 2025-09976 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6325-38-P

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

Submission for Review: Reemployment of Annuitants

AGENCY: Office of Personnel Management.

ACTION: 60-Day notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: Office of Personnel Management (OPM) offers the general public and other federal agencies the opportunity to comment on the review of an expiring information collection, "Reemployment of Annuitants—5 CFR 837.103."

DATES: Comments are encouraged and will be accepted until August 1, 2025.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by title and OMB Control Number, by the following method:

• *Federal Rulemaking Portal*: <https://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

All submissions received must include the OMB Control Number for this collection. The general policy for comments and other submissions from members of the public is to make these submissions available for public viewing at <https://www.regulations.gov> as they are received without change, including any personal identifiers or contact information.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: A copy of this information collection request with applicable supporting documentation may be obtained by contacting the Retirement Services Publications Team, U.S. Office of Personnel Management, 1900 E Street NW, Room 3316-L, Washington, DC 20415, Attention: Cyrus S. Benson, or you may obtain this information by emailing RSPublicationsTeam@opm.gov, sending a fax to (202) 606-1995, or calling (202) 936-0401.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: As required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, as amended (44 U.S.C. chapter 35), OPM is soliciting comments

for this collection (OMB Control No. 3206-0211). The Office of Personnel Management is particularly interested in comments that:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

The regulations under 5 CFR 837.103 require agencies to collect certain information from retirees who become employed in Government positions and provide this information to OPM, such as the reemployed retiree's name, date of birth, Social Security number (if applicable), retirement claim number, a description of the kind of appointment, and whether the amount of annuity allocable to the period of reemployment will be withheld from the reemployed retiree's pay. Agencies need to collect timely information regarding the type and amount of annuity the reemployed retiree receives so the agency may determine the correct rate of the reemployed retiree's pay. Agencies provide this information to OPM so OPM may determine whether the reemployed retiree's annuity must be terminated.

Analysis

Agency: Retirement Services, Office of Personnel Management.

Title: Reemployment of Annuitants—5 CFR 837.103.

OMB Number: 3206-0211.

Frequency: On occasion.

Affected Public: Individuals or Households.

Number of Respondents: 3,000.

Estimated Time per Respondent: 5 minutes.

Total Burden Hours: 250.

U.S. Office of Personnel Management.

Alexys Stanley,

Federal Register Liaison.

[FR Doc. 2025-09978 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6325-38-P

POSTAL REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. K2024–36; MC2025–1439 and K2025–1438; MC2025–1445 and K2025–1444; MC2025–1446 and K2025–1445]

New Postal Products

AGENCY: Postal Regulatory Commission.
ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Commission is noticing a recent Postal Service filing for the Commission's consideration concerning a negotiated service agreement. This notice informs the public of the filing, invites public comment, and takes other administrative steps.

DATES: *Comments are due:* June 3, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments electronically via the Commission's Filing Online system at <https://www.prc.gov>. Those who cannot submit comments electronically should contact the person identified in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section by telephone for advice on filing alternatives.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David A. Trissell, General Counsel, at 202–789–6820.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Table of Contents**

- I. Introduction
- II. Public Proceeding(s)
- III. Summary Proceeding(s)

I. Introduction

Pursuant to 39 CFR 3041.405, the Commission gives notice that the Postal Service filed request(s) for the Commission to consider matters related to Competitive negotiated service agreement(s). The request(s) may propose the addition of a negotiated service agreement from the Competitive product list or the modification of an existing product currently appearing on the Competitive product list.

The public portions of the Postal Service's request(s) can be accessed via the Commission's website (<http://www.prc.gov>). Non-public portions of the Postal Service's request(s), if any, can be accessed through compliance with the requirements of 39 CFR 3011.301.¹

Section II identifies the docket number(s) associated with each Postal Service request, if any, that will be reviewed in a public proceeding as defined by 39 CFR 3010.101(p), the title of each such request, the request's acceptance date, and the authority cited

by the Postal Service for each request. For each such request, the Commission appoints an officer of the Commission to represent the interests of the general public in the proceeding, pursuant to 39 U.S.C. 505 and 39 CFR 3000.114 (Public Representative). The Public Representative does not represent any individual person, entity or particular point of view, and, when Commission attorneys are appointed, no attorney-client relationship is established. Section II also establishes comment deadline(s) pertaining to each such request.

The Commission invites comments on whether the Postal Service's request(s) identified in Section II, if any, are consistent with the policies of title 39. Applicable statutory and regulatory requirements include 39 U.S.C. 3632, 39 U.S.C. 3633, 39 U.S.C. 3642, 39 CFR part 3035, and 39 CFR part 3041. Comment deadline(s) for each such request, if any, appear in Section II.

Section III identifies the docket number(s) associated with each Postal Service request, if any, to add a standardized distinct product to the Competitive product list or to amend a standardized distinct product, the title of each such request, the request's acceptance date, and the authority cited by the Postal Service for each request. Standardized distinct products are negotiated service agreements that are variations of one or more Competitive products, and for which financial models, minimum rates, and classification criteria have undergone advance Commission review. *See* 39 CFR 3041.110(n); 39 CFR 3041.205(a). Such requests are reviewed in summary proceedings pursuant to 39 CFR 3041.325(c)(2) and 39 CFR 3041.505(f)(1). Pursuant to 39 CFR 3041.405(c)–(d), the Commission does not appoint a Public Representative or request public comment in proceedings to review such requests.

II. Public Proceeding(s)

1. *Docket No(s):* K2024–36; *Filing Title:* USPS Request Concerning Amendment One to Priority Mail & USPS Ground Advantage Contract 362 and Materials Under Seal; *Filing Acceptance Date:* May 23, 2025; *Filing Authority:* 39 CFR 3035.105 and 39 CFR 3041.505; *Public Representative:* Almaroof Agoro; *Comments Due:* June 3, 2025.

2. *Docket No(s):* MC2025–1439 and K2025–1438; *Filing Title:* USPS Request to Add Priority Mail Express International, Priority Mail International & First-Class Package International Service Contract 71 to Competitive Product List and Notice of Filing

Materials Under Seal; *Filing Acceptance Date:* May 23, 2025; *Filing Authority:* 39 U.S.C. 3642, 39 CFR 3035.105, and 39 CFR 3041.310; *Public Representative:* Katalin Clendenin; *Comments Due:* June 3, 2025.

3. *Docket No(s):* MC2025–1445 and K2025–1444; *Filing Title:* USPS Request to Add Priority Mail Contract 843 to the Competitive Product List and Notice of Filing Materials Under Seal; *Filing Acceptance Date:* May 23, 2025; *Filing Authority:* 39 U.S.C. 3642, 39 CFR 3035.105, and 39 CFR 3041.310; *Public Representative:* Alain Brou; *Comments Due:* June 3, 2025.

4. *Docket No(s):* MC2025–1446 and K2025–1445; *Filing Title:* USPS Request to Add Priority Mail Express, Priority Mail & USPS Ground Advantage Contract 1372 to the Competitive Product List and Notice of Filing Materials Under Seal; *Filing Acceptance Date:* May 23, 2025; *Filing Authority:* 39 U.S.C. 3642, 39 CFR 3035.105, and 39 CFR 3041.310; *Public Representative:* Kenneth Moeller; *Comments Due:* June 3, 2025.

III. Summary Proceeding(s)

None. *See* Section II for public proceedings.

This Notice will be published in the **Federal Register**.

Erica A. Barker,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025–09842 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7710–FW–P

POSTAL SERVICE

International Product Change—Priority Mail Express International, Priority Mail International & First-Class Package International Service Agreement

AGENCY: Postal Service.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Postal Service gives notice of filing a request with the Postal Regulatory Commission to add a Priority Mail Express International, Priority Mail International & First-Class Package International Service contract to the list of Negotiated Service Agreements in the Competitive Product List in the Mail Classification Schedule.

DATES: Date of notice: June 2, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christopher C. Meyerson, (202) 268–7820.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The United States Postal Service hereby gives notice that, pursuant to 39 U.S.C. 3642 and 3632(b)(3), on May 23, 2025, it filed with the Postal Regulatory

¹ *See* Docket No. RM2018–3, Order Adopting Final Rules Relating to Non-Public Information, June 27, 2018, Attachment A at 19–22 (Order No. 4679).

Commission a *USPS Request to Add Priority Mail Express International, Priority Mail International & First-Class Package International Service Contract 71 to Competitive Product List*.

Documents are available at www.prc.gov, Docket Nos. MC2025–1439 and K2025–1438.

Kevin Rayburn,

Attorney, Ethics and Legal Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2025–09903 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7710–12–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34–103125; File No. SR–NYSEAMER–2025–28]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; NYSE American LLC; Notice of Filing of a Proposed Rule Change To Amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule

May 27, 2025.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) ¹ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”) ² and Rule 19b–4 thereunder, ³ notice is hereby given that, on May 13, 2025, NYSE American LLC (“NYSE American” or “Exchange”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) a proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule to add hardware procurement services and managed services at the Mahwah Data Center. The proposed rule change is available on the Exchange’s website at www.nyse.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text

of those statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule to add hardware procurement services and managed services in the colocation halls at the Mahwah Data Center (“MDC”).⁴

Hardware Procurement Services

The Exchange has recently received requests from several Users ⁵ and prospective Users for the Exchange to start providing hardware procurement services in the colocation halls at the MDC. Under such services, FIDS ⁶ would engage a third-party procurement specialist to procure, purchase, integrate and deliver hardware for the User to use in the colocation halls at the MDC based on specifications provided by the User. FIDS would charge the User the procurement specialist’s fees for procuring such hardware plus a 10% service fee to be retained by FIDS.

The Exchange understands that some Users would find such an arrangement desirable because it would allow them to obtain all necessary hardware from FIDS, with whom the User already has a contractual relationship, as opposed to having to contract directly with a procurement specialist or with multiple third-party hardware vendors. These Users have explained that contracting with FIDS to obtain hardware would allow the Users to avoid the onerous

process of onboarding the hardware vendors as approved sellers in their procurement systems. It is the Exchange’s understanding that such onboarding generally requires Users to, among other things: evaluate each vendor’s financial and credit history; check their service track record; evaluate their sustainability credentials; assess their compliance with regulations; obtain their agreement to an ethical code of conduct; and establish ordering processes, payment terms, and delivery processes with each vendor. By contrast, the proposed arrangement would permit the User to obtain necessary hardware by contracting only with FIDS—a vendor already established in the User’s systems—in exchange for paying FIDS a service fee equal to 10% of the procurement specialist’s fees for procuring such hardware.

Managed Services

Similarly, some Users and prospective Users have also requested that the Exchange begin providing “managed services” in the colocation halls at the MDC. The term “managed services” typically refers to a customer’s hiring a third-party vendor to provide information technology (“IT”) support for the customer’s hardware in a data center, so that the customer can focus its own IT resources elsewhere. A vendor providing managed services typically monitors the customer’s servers and other hardware in the data center, diagnoses solutions for configuration challenges, works with the data center’s operations team regarding any changes to such configurations, and provides around-the-clock monitoring, troubleshooting, and remediation of any problems concerning the customer’s hardware in the data center.

As with hardware procurement, Users and prospective Users have asked the Exchange to add a service in the colocation halls at the MDC that would permit FIDS to contract with a third-party managed services provider on the User’s or prospective User’s behalf. This would allow the Users and prospective Users to benefit from managed services within the colocation halls at the MDC while avoiding the many challenges (listed above) with onboarding a new vendor as an approved seller in their procurement systems. Under the proposed arrangement, a User could purchase managed services by contracting with FIDS, which would charge the User the specialist’s fees for performing the services plus a fee to FIDS equal to 10% of the managed services provider’s fees for providing such services.

⁴ Through its Fixed Income and Data Services (“FIDS”) business, Intercontinental Exchange, Inc. (“ICE”) operates the MDC. The Exchange and its affiliates New York Stock Exchange LLC, NYSE Arca, Inc., NYSE National, Inc., and NYSE Texas, Inc. (the “Affiliate SROs”) are indirect subsidiaries of ICE. Each of the Exchange’s Affiliate SROs has submitted substantially the same proposed rule change to propose the changes described herein. See SR–NYSE–2025–17, SR–NYSEARCA–2025–35, SR–NYSENAT–2025–10, and SR–NYSETEX–2025–07.

⁵ For purposes of the Exchange’s colocation services, a “User” means any market participant that requests to receive colocation services directly from the Exchange. See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 76009 (September 29, 2015), 80 FR 60213 (October 5, 2015) (SR–NYSEMKT–2015–67). As specified in the Connectivity Fee Schedule, a User that incurs colocation fees for a particular colocation service pursuant thereto would not be subject to colocation fees for the same colocation service charged by the Affiliate SROs.

⁶ In this proposal, the term “FIDS” includes FIDS and any ICE subsidiaries that are successors-in-interest to FIDS.

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 15 U.S.C. 78a.

³ 17 CFR 240.19b–4.

Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, FIDS proposes to amend Section A of the Connectivity Fee

Schedule regarding Co-Location Fees to add hardware procurement services and managed services, as follows:

Type of service	Description	Amount of charge
Hardware Procurement Services	FIDS' engaging a hardware procurement specialist to obtain hardware on User's behalf.	Procurement specialist's fees (which FIDS passes through to the procurement specialist) plus 10% service fee payable to FIDS.
Managed Services	FIDS' engaging a managed services provider on User's behalf.	Managed services provider's fees (which FIDS passes through to the managed services provider) plus 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

Application and Impact of the Proposed Changes

The proposed changes are not targeted at, or expected to be limited in applicability to, a specific segment of market participant. The proposed services would be available to any potential User on a completely voluntary and non-discriminatory basis. The proposed changes would not apply differently to distinct types or sizes of Users. Rather, they would apply to all Users equally. The Exchange anticipates that some of the Users currently requesting the services from FIDS would use the service.

The proposed changes are not otherwise intended to address any other issues relating to services related to the MDC and/or related fees, and the Exchange is not aware of any problems that market participants would have in complying with the proposed change.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,⁷ in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act,⁸ in particular, because it is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in regulating, clearing, settling, processing information with respect to, and facilitating transactions in securities, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest and because it is not designed to permit unfair discrimination between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers. The Exchange further believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b)(4) of the Act,⁹ because it provides for the equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees, and other charges

among its members and issuers and other persons using its facilities and does not unfairly discriminate between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers.

The Proposed Change Is Reasonable

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is reasonable. First, with respect to the fees charged by the hardware procurement specialists and the managed services specialists, it is reasonable that the Exchange would pass any payments it receives from the User for such services on to the specialist who performed the services.

Second, the Exchange believes it is reasonable for FIDS to charge and retain a 10% fee for performing the service of contracting with the hardware procurement specialist or managed service specialist on the User's behalf and handling the User's payments of such specialists' fees. The proposed 10% service fee is a nominal amount that would compensate FIDS for its work contracting and handling payments on behalf of the User.

Moreover, the proposed 10% service fee is reasonable because any Users who do not wish to pay it can instead contract directly with any number of hardware procurement specialists and managed services specialists. There are numerous third parties that currently provide hardware procurement and managed services in the colocation halls at the MDC without the involvement of FIDS or the Exchange, and Users and potential Users could continue to obtain such services from these third parties in the future. The Exchange would not take any actions to block or prevent such third parties from providing their services.

In addition, there is no requirement that any User or potential User purchase the services proposed in this filing. As noted above, the Exchange is proposing such services as a convenience to Users and potential Users who have specifically indicated their preference to buy such services from FIDS instead of from a different vendor, and to pay FIDS a fee for facilitating that arrangement. If a User believes the 10% service fee is

too high, it has the option of acquiring the services it needs directly from the specialists instead.

The Proposed Change Is an Equitable Allocation of Fees and Credits

The Exchange believes that its proposal equitably allocates its fees among Users. The Exchange believes that the proposed fees are equitable because they would not apply differently to distinct types or sizes of Users. Rather, it would apply equally to any Users who opted to purchase the proposed services.

In addition, the Exchange believes that the proposal is equitable because only market participants that voluntarily select to use the proposed hardware procurement services or the managed services would be charged for them. The proposed services would be available to all Users on an equal basis, and all Users that voluntarily choose to use the proposed services would be charged the fees incurred on their behalf by the hardware procurement specialist or the managed services specialist, plus the same 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

The Proposed Change Is Not Unfairly Discriminatory

The Exchange believes its proposal is not unfairly discriminatory. The proposed change does not apply differently to different types or sizes of Users. Rather, it would apply to all Users equally.

In addition, the Exchange believes that the proposal is not unfairly discriminatory because only Users that voluntarily select to receive the proposed services would be charged for them. The proposed services would be available to all Users on an equal basis, and all Users that voluntarily choose to use the service would be charged the fees incurred on their behalf by the hardware procurement specialist or the managed services specialist, plus the same 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

For all these reasons, the Exchange believes that the proposal is consistent with the Act.

⁷ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b).

⁸ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

⁹ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(4).

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

In accordance with Section 6(b)(8) of the Act,¹⁰ the Exchange believes that the proposed rule change will not impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The proposed change would not affect competition among national securities exchanges or among members of the Exchange. Rather, the Exchange believes that by offering the proposed services, it will provide an alternate, non-exclusive method for Users who wish to purchase hardware procurement services or managed services to obtain such services in the MDC, in addition to the numerous third-party specialists from whom Users can obtain such services directly.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

No written comments were solicited or received with respect to the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** or within such longer period up to 90 days (i) as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission will:

- (A) by order approve or disapprove the proposed rule change, or
- (B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include file number SR-NYSEAMER-2025-28 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSEAMER-2025-28. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSEAMER-2025-28 and should be submitted on or before June 23, 2025.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.¹¹

Stephanie J. Fouse,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025-09849 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-103130; File No. 4-854]

Program for Allocation of Regulatory Responsibilities Pursuant to Rule 17d-2; Order Approving and Declaring Effective a Proposed Plan for the Allocation of Regulatory Responsibilities Between the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and 24X National Exchange LLC

May 27, 2025.

On April 24, 2025, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") and 24X National Exchange LLC ("24X") (together with FINRA, the "Parties") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission" or "SEC") a plan for the allocation of regulatory responsibilities, dated April 17, 2025 ("17d-2 Plan" or the "Plan"). The Plan was published for comment on May 8, 2025.¹ The Commission received no comments on the Plan. This order approves and declares effective the Plan.

I. Introduction

Section 19(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"),² among other things, requires every self-regulatory organization ("SRO") registered as either a national securities exchange or national securities association to examine for, and enforce compliance by, its members and persons associated with its members with the Act, the rules and regulations thereunder, and the SRO's own rules, unless the SRO is relieved of this responsibility pursuant to Section 17(d) or Section 19(g)(2) of the Act.³ Without this relief, the statutory obligation of each individual SRO could result in a pattern of multiple examinations of broker-dealers that maintain memberships in more than one SRO ("common members"). Such regulatory duplication would add unnecessary expenses for common members and their SROs.

Section 17(d)(1) of the Act⁴ was intended, in part, to eliminate unnecessary multiple examinations and regulatory duplication.⁵ With respect to a common member, Section 17(d)(1) authorizes the Commission, by rule or

¹ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 102972 (May 2, 2025), 90 FR 19579.

² 15 U.S.C. 78s(g)(1).

³ 15 U.S.C. 78q(d) and 15 U.S.C. 78s(g)(2), respectively.

⁴ 15 U.S.C. 78q(d)(1).

⁵ See Securities Act Amendments of 1975, Report of the Senate Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs to Accompany S. 249, S. Rep. No. 94-75, 94th Cong., 1st Session 32 (1975).

¹⁰ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(8).

¹¹ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

order, to relieve an SRO of the responsibility to receive regulatory reports, to examine for and enforce compliance with applicable statutes, rules, and regulations, or to perform other specified regulatory functions.

To implement Section 17(d)(1), the Commission adopted two rules: Rule 17d-1 and Rule 17d-2 under the Act.⁶ Rule 17d-1 authorizes the Commission to name a single SRO as the designated examining authority (“DEA”) to examine common members for compliance with the financial responsibility requirements imposed by the Act, or by Commission or SRO rules.⁷ When an SRO has been named as a common member’s DEA, all other SROs to which the common member belongs are relieved of the responsibility to examine the firm for compliance with the applicable financial responsibility rules. On its face, Rule 17d-1 deals only with an SRO’s obligations to enforce member compliance with financial responsibility requirements. Rule 17d-1 does not relieve an SRO from its obligation to examine a common member for compliance with its own rules and provisions of the federal securities laws governing matters other than financial responsibility, including sales practices and trading activities and practices.

To address regulatory duplication in these and other areas, the Commission adopted Rule 17d-2 under the Act.⁸ Rule 17d-2 permits SROs to propose joint plans for the allocation of regulatory responsibilities with respect to their common members. Under paragraph (c) of Rule 17d-2, the Commission may declare such a plan effective if, after providing for appropriate notice and comment, it determines that the plan is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors; to foster cooperation and coordination among the SROs; to remove impediments to, and foster the development of, a national market system and a national clearance and settlement system; and is in conformity with the factors set forth in Section 17(d) of the Act. Commission approval of a plan filed pursuant to Rule 17d-2 relieves an SRO of those regulatory responsibilities allocated by the plan to another SRO.

II. Proposed Plan

The proposed 17d-2 Plan is intended to reduce regulatory duplication for firms that are common members of both 24X and FINRA.⁹ Pursuant to the proposed 17d-2 Plan, FINRA would assume certain examination and enforcement responsibilities for common members with respect to certain applicable laws, rules, and regulations.

The text of the Plan delineates the proposed regulatory responsibilities with respect to the Parties. Included in the proposed Plan is an exhibit (the “24X Certification of Common Rules,” referred to herein as the “Certification”) that lists every 24X rule, and select federal securities laws, rules, and regulations, for which FINRA would bear responsibility under the Plan for overseeing and enforcing with respect to 24X members that are also members of FINRA and the associated persons therewith (“Dual Members”).

Specifically, under the 17d-2 Plan, FINRA would assume examination and enforcement responsibility relating to compliance by Dual Members with the rules of 24X that are substantially similar to the applicable rules of FINRA,¹⁰ as well as any provisions of the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder delineated in the Certification (“Common Rules”). In the event that a Dual Member is the subject of an investigation relating to a transaction on 24X, the plan acknowledges that 24X may, in its discretion, exercise concurrent jurisdiction and responsibility for such matter.¹¹

Under the Plan, 24X would retain full responsibility for surveillance, examination, investigation and enforcement with respect to trading activities or practices involving 24X’s own marketplace, including, without limitation, registration pursuant to its applicable rules of associated persons (*i.e.*, registration rules that are not Common Rules); its duties as a DEA pursuant to Rule 17d-1 under the Act; and any 24X rules that are not Common Rules.¹²

III. Discussion

The Commission finds that the proposed Plan is consistent with the factors set forth in Section 17(d) of the Act¹³ and Rule 17d-2(c) thereunder¹⁴ in that the proposed Plan is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors, fosters cooperation and coordination among SROs, and removes impediments to and fosters the development of the national market system. In particular, the Commission believes that the proposed Plan should reduce unnecessary regulatory duplication by allocating to FINRA certain examination and enforcement responsibilities for common members that would otherwise be performed by 24X and FINRA. Accordingly, the proposed Plan promotes efficiency by reducing costs to common members. Furthermore, because 24X and FINRA will coordinate their regulatory functions in accordance with the Plan, the Plan should promote investor protection.

The Commission notes that, under the Plan, 24X and FINRA have allocated regulatory responsibility for those 24X rules, set forth in the Certification, that are substantially similar to the applicable FINRA rules in that examination for compliance with such provisions and rules would not require FINRA to develop one or more new examination standards, modules, procedures, or criteria in order to analyze the application of the rule, or a common member’s activity, conduct, or output in relation to such rule. In addition, under the Plan, FINRA would assume regulatory responsibility for certain provisions of the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder that are set forth in the Certification. The Common Rules covered by the Plan are specifically listed in the Certification, as may be amended by the Parties from time to time.

According to the Plan, 24X will review the Certification, at least annually, or more frequently if required by changes in either the rules of 24X or FINRA, and, if necessary, submit to FINRA an updated list of Common Rules to add 24X rules not included on the then-current list of Common Rules that are substantially similar to FINRA rules; delete 24X rules included in the then-current list of Common Rules that are no longer substantially similar to FINRA rules; and confirm that the remaining rules on the list of Common Rules continue to be 24X rules that are

⁶ 17 CFR 240.17d-1 and 17 CFR 240.17d-2, respectively.

⁷ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 12352 (April 20, 1976), 41 FR 18808 (May 7, 1976).

⁸ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 12935 (October 28, 1976), 41 FR 49091 (November 8, 1976).

⁹ The proposed 17d-2 Plan refers to these common members as “Dual Members.” See Paragraph 1(c) of the proposed 17d-2 Plan.

¹⁰ See paragraph 1(b) of the proposed 17d-2 Plan (defining Common Rules). See also paragraph 1(f) of the proposed 17d-2 Plan (defining Regulatory Responsibilities). Paragraph 2 of the Plan provides that annually, or more frequently as required by changes in either 24X rules or FINRA rules, the parties shall review and update, if necessary, the list of Common Rules.

¹¹ See paragraph 5 of the proposed 17d-2 Plan.

¹² See paragraph 2 of the proposed 17d-2 Plan.

¹³ 15 U.S.C. 78q(d).

¹⁴ 17 CFR 240.17d-2(c).

substantially similar to FINRA rules.¹⁵ FINRA will then confirm in writing whether the rules listed in any updated list are Common Rules as defined in the Plan. The Commission believes that these provisions are designed to provide for continuing communication between the Parties to ensure the continued accuracy of the scope of the proposed allocation of regulatory responsibility.

The Commission is hereby declaring effective a Plan that, among other things, allocates regulatory responsibility to FINRA for the oversight and enforcement of all 24X rules that are substantially similar to the rules of FINRA for common members of 24X and FINRA. Therefore, modifications to the Certification need not be filed with the Commission as an amendment to the Plan, provided that the Parties are only adding to, deleting from, or confirming changes to 24X rules in the Certification in conformance with the definition of Common Rules provided in the Plan. However, should the Parties decide to add a 24X rule to the Certification that is not substantially similar to a FINRA rule; delete a 24X rule from the Certification that is substantially similar to a FINRA rule; or leave on the Certification a 24X rule that is no longer substantially similar to a FINRA rule, then such a change would constitute an amendment to the Plan, which must be filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 17d-2 under the Act.¹⁶

IV. Conclusion

This Order gives effect to the Plan filed with the Commission in File No. 4-854. The Parties shall notify all members affected by the Plan of their rights and obligations under the Plan.

It is therefore ordered, pursuant to Section 17(d) of the Act, that the Plan in File No. 4-854, between FINRA and 24X, filed pursuant to Rule 17d-2 under the Act, is approved and declared effective.

It is further ordered that 24X is relieved of those responsibilities allocated to FINRA under the Plan in File No. 4-854.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.¹⁷

Stephanie J. Fouse,
Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025-09854 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-103128; File No. SR-NYSETEX-2025-07]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; NYSE Texas, Inc.; Notice of Filing of a Proposed Rule Change To Amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule

May 27, 2025.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1)¹ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”)² and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,³ notice is hereby given that, on May 13, 2025, the NYSE Texas, Inc. (“NYSE Texas” or “Exchange”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) a proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule to add hardware procurement services and managed services at the Mahwah Data Center. The proposed rule change is available on the Exchange’s website at www.nyse.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of those statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule to add hardware procurement services and managed services in the colocation halls at the Mahwah Data Center (“MDC”).⁴

Hardware Procurement Services

The Exchange has recently received requests from several Users⁵ and prospective Users for the Exchange to start providing hardware procurement services in the colocation halls at the MDC. Under such services, FIDS⁶ would engage a third-party procurement specialist to procure, purchase, integrate and deliver hardware for the User to use in the colocation halls at the MDC based on specifications provided by the User. FIDS would charge the User the procurement specialist’s fees for procuring such hardware plus a 10% service fee to be retained by FIDS.

The Exchange understands that some Users would find such an arrangement desirable because it would allow them to obtain all necessary hardware from FIDS, with whom the User already has a contractual relationship, as opposed to having to contract directly with a procurement specialist or with multiple third-party hardware vendors. These Users have explained that contracting with FIDS to obtain hardware would allow the Users to avoid the onerous process of onboarding the hardware vendors as approved sellers in their procurement systems. It is the Exchange’s understanding that such onboarding generally requires Users to, among other things: evaluate each vendor’s financial and credit history;

⁴ Through its Fixed Income and Data Services (“FIDS”) business, Intercontinental Exchange, Inc. (“ICE”) operates the MDC. The Exchange and its affiliates New York Stock Exchange LLC, NYSE American LLC, NYSE Arca, Inc., and NYSE National, Inc. (the “Affiliate SROs”) are indirect subsidiaries of ICE. Each of the Exchange’s Affiliate SROs has submitted substantially the same proposed rule change to propose the changes described herein. See SR-NYSE-2025-17, SR-NYSEAMER-2025-28, SR-NYSEARCA-2025-35, and SR-NYSEENAT-2025-10.

⁵ For purposes of the Exchange’s colocation services, a “User” means any market participant that requests to receive colocation services directly from the Exchange. See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 87408 (October 28, 2019), 84 FR 58778 at n.6 (November 1, 2019) (SR-NYSECHX-2019-12). As specified in the Connectivity Fee Schedule, a User that incurs colocation fees for a particular colocation service pursuant thereto would not be subject to colocation fees for the same colocation service charged by the Affiliate SROs.

⁶ In this proposal, the term “FIDS” includes FIDS and any ICE subsidiaries that are successors-in-interest to FIDS.

¹⁵ See paragraph 2 of the Plan.

¹⁶ The Commission also notes that the addition to or deletion from the Certification of any federal securities laws, rules, and regulations for which FINRA would bear responsibility under the Plan for examining, and enforcing compliance by, common members, also would constitute an amendment to the Plan.

¹⁷ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(34).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 15 U.S.C. 78a.

³ 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

check their service track record; evaluate their sustainability credentials; assess their compliance with regulations; obtain their agreement to an ethical code of conduct; and establish ordering processes, payment terms, and delivery processes with each vendor. By contrast, the proposed arrangement would permit the User to obtain necessary hardware by contracting only with FIDS—a vendor already established in the User’s systems—in exchange for paying FIDS a service fee equal to 10% of the procurement specialist’s fees for procuring such hardware.

Managed Services

Similarly, some Users and prospective Users have also requested that the Exchange begin providing “managed services” in the colocation halls at the MDC. The term “managed services”

typically refers to a customer’s hiring a third-party vendor to provide information technology (“IT”) support for the customer’s hardware in a data center, so that the customer can focus its own IT resources elsewhere. A vendor providing managed services typically monitors the customer’s servers and other hardware in the data center, diagnoses solutions for configuration challenges, works with the data center’s operations team regarding any changes to such configurations, and provides around-the-clock monitoring, trouble-shooting, and remediation of any problems concerning the customer’s hardware in the data center.

As with hardware procurement, Users and prospective Users have asked the Exchange to add a service in the colocation halls at the MDC that would permit FIDS to contract with a third-party managed services provider on the

User’s or prospective User’s behalf. This would allow the Users and prospective Users to benefit from managed services within the colocation halls at the MDC while avoiding the many challenges (listed above) with onboarding a new vendor as an approved seller in their procurement systems. Under the proposed arrangement, a User could purchase managed services by contracting with FIDS, which would charge the User the specialist’s fees for performing the services plus a fee to FIDS equal to 10% of the managed services provider’s fees for providing such services.

Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, FIDS proposes to amend Section A of the Connectivity Fee Schedule regarding Co-Location Fees to add hardware procurement services and managed services, as follows:

Type of service	Description	Amount of charge
Hardware Procurement Services	FIDS’ engaging a hardware procurement specialist to obtain hardware on User’s behalf.	Procurement specialist’s fees (which FIDS passes through to the procurement specialist) plus 10% service fee payable to FIDS.
Managed Services	FIDS’ engaging a managed services provider on User’s behalf.	Managed services provider’s fees (which FIDS passes through to the managed services provider) plus 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

Application and Impact of the Proposed Changes

The proposed changes are not targeted at, or expected to be limited in applicability to, a specific segment of market participant. The proposed services would be available to any potential User on a completely voluntary and non-discriminatory basis. The proposed changes would not apply differently to distinct types or sizes of Users. Rather, they would apply to all Users equally. The Exchange anticipates that some of the Users currently requesting the services from FIDS would use the service.

The proposed changes are not otherwise intended to address any other issues relating to services related to the MDC and/or related fees, and the Exchange is not aware of any problems that market participants would have in complying with the proposed change.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,⁷ in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act,⁸ in particular, because it is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to

promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in regulating, clearing, settling, processing information with respect to, and facilitating transactions in securities, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest and because it is not designed to permit unfair discrimination between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers. The Exchange further believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b)(4) of the Act,⁹ because it provides for the equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees, and other charges among its members and issuers and other persons using its facilities and does not unfairly discriminate between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers.

The Proposed Change Is Reasonable

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is reasonable. First, with respect to the fees charged by the hardware procurement specialists and the managed services specialists, it is reasonable that the Exchange would pass any payments it receives from the

User for such services on to the specialist who performed the services.

Second, the Exchange believes it is reasonable for FIDS to charge and retain a 10% fee for performing the service of contracting with the hardware procurement specialist or managed service specialist on the User’s behalf and handling the User’s payments of such specialists’ fees. The proposed 10% service fee is a nominal amount that would compensate FIDS for its work contracting and handling payments on behalf of the User.

Moreover, the proposed 10% service fee is reasonable because any Users who do not wish to pay it can instead contract directly with any number of hardware procurement specialists and managed services specialists. There are numerous third parties that currently provide hardware procurement and managed services in the colocation halls at the MDC without the involvement of FIDS or the Exchange, and Users and potential Users could continue to obtain such services from these third parties in the future. The Exchange would not take any actions to block or prevent such third parties from providing their services.

In addition, there is no requirement that any User or potential User purchase the services proposed in this filing. As noted above, the Exchange is proposing

⁷ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b).

⁸ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

⁹ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(4).

such services as a convenience to Users and potential Users who have specifically indicated their preference to buy such services from FIDS instead of from a different vendor, and to pay FIDS a fee for facilitating that arrangement. If a User believes the 10% service fee is too high, it has the option of acquiring the services it needs directly from the specialists instead.

The Proposed Change Is an Equitable Allocation of Fees and Credits

The Exchange believes that its proposal equitably allocates its fees among Users. The Exchange believes that the proposed fees are equitable because they would not apply differently to distinct types or sizes of Users. Rather, it would apply equally to any Users who opted to purchase the proposed services.

In addition, the Exchange believes that the proposal is equitable because only market participants that voluntarily select to use the proposed hardware procurement services or the managed services would be charged for them. The proposed services would be available to all Users on an equal basis, and all Users that voluntarily choose to use the proposed services would be charged the fees incurred on their behalf by the hardware procurement specialist or the managed services specialist, plus the same 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

The Proposed Change Is Not Unfairly Discriminatory

The Exchange believes its proposal is not unfairly discriminatory. The proposed change does not apply differently to different types or sizes of Users. Rather, it would apply to all Users equally.

In addition, the Exchange believes that the proposal is not unfairly discriminatory because only Users that voluntarily select to receive the proposed services would be charged for them. The proposed services would be available to all Users on an equal basis, and all Users that voluntarily choose to use the service would be charged the fees incurred on their behalf by the hardware procurement specialist or the managed services specialist, plus the same 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

For all these reasons, the Exchange believes that the proposal is consistent with the Act.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

In accordance with Section 6(b)(8) of the Act,¹⁰ the Exchange believes that the

proposed rule change will not impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The proposed change would not affect competition among national securities exchanges or among members of the Exchange. Rather, the Exchange believes that by offering the proposed services, it will provide an alternate, non-exclusive method for Users who wish to purchase hardware procurement services or managed services to obtain such services in the MDC, in addition to the numerous third-party specialists from whom Users can obtain such services directly.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

No written comments were solicited or received with respect to the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** or within such longer period up to 90 days (i) as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission will:

- (A) by order approve or disapprove the proposed rule change, or
- (B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include file number SR-NYSETEX-2025-07 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090. All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSETEX-2025-07. This file number should be included on the

subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSETEX-2025-07 and should be submitted on or before June 23, 2025.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.¹¹

Stephanie J. Fouse,
Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025-09852 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-103129; File No. SR-NYSE-2025-17]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; New York Stock Exchange LLC; Notice of Filing of a Proposed Rule Change To Amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule

May 27, 2025.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1)¹ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")² and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,³ notice is hereby given that, on May 13, 2025, New York Stock Exchange LLC ("NYSE" or "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission

¹¹ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 15 U.S.C. 78a.

³ 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

¹⁰ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(8).

(“Commission”) a proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule to add hardware procurement services and managed services at the Mahwah Data Center. The proposed rule change is available on the Exchange’s website at www.nyse.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of those statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule to add hardware procurement services and managed services in the colocation halls at the Mahwah Data Center (“MDC”).⁴

Hardware Procurement Services

The Exchange has recently received requests from several Users⁵ and

prospective Users for the Exchange to start providing hardware procurement services in the colocation halls at the MDC. Under such services, FIDS⁶ would engage a third-party procurement specialist to procure, purchase, integrate and deliver hardware for the User to use in the colocation halls at the MDC based on specifications provided by the User. FIDS would charge the User the procurement specialist’s fees for procuring such hardware plus a 10% service fee to be retained by FIDS.

The Exchange understands that some Users would find such an arrangement desirable because it would allow them to obtain all necessary hardware from FIDS, with whom the User already has a contractual relationship, as opposed to having to contract directly with a procurement specialist or with multiple third-party hardware vendors. These Users have explained that contracting with FIDS to obtain hardware would allow the Users to avoid the onerous process of onboarding the hardware vendors as approved sellers in their procurement systems. It is the Exchange’s understanding that such onboarding generally requires Users to, among other things: evaluate each vendor’s financial and credit history; check their service track record; evaluate their sustainability credentials; assess their compliance with regulations; obtain their agreement to an ethical code of conduct; and establish ordering processes, payment terms, and delivery processes with each vendor. By contrast, the proposed arrangement would permit the User to obtain necessary hardware by contracting only with FIDS—a vendor already established in the User’s systems—in exchange for paying FIDS a service fee equal to 10% of the procurement specialist’s fees for procuring such hardware.

Managed Services

Similarly, some Users and prospective Users have also requested that the

Exchange begin providing “managed services” in the colocation halls at the MDC. The term “managed services” typically refers to a customer’s hiring a third-party vendor to provide information technology (“IT”) support for the customer’s hardware in a data center, so that the customer can focus its own IT resources elsewhere. A vendor providing managed services typically monitors the customer’s servers and other hardware in the data center, diagnoses solutions for configuration challenges, works with the data center’s operations team regarding any changes to such configurations, and provides around-the-clock monitoring, trouble-shooting, and remediation of any problems concerning the customer’s hardware in the data center.

As with hardware procurement, Users and prospective Users have asked the Exchange to add a service in the colocation halls at the MDC that would permit FIDS to contract with a third-party managed services provider on the User’s or prospective User’s behalf. This would allow the Users and prospective Users to benefit from managed services within the colocation halls at the MDC while avoiding the many challenges (listed above) with onboarding a new vendor as an approved seller in their procurement systems. Under the proposed arrangement, a User could purchase managed services by contracting with FIDS, which would charge the User the specialist’s fees for performing the services plus a fee to FIDS equal to 10% of the managed services provider’s fees for providing such services.

Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, FIDS proposes to amend Section A of the Connectivity Fee Schedule regarding Co-Location Fees to add hardware procurement services and managed services, as follows:

Type of service	Description	Amount of charge
Hardware Procurement Services	FIDS’ engaging a hardware procurement specialist to obtain hardware on User’s behalf.	Procurement specialist’s fees (which FIDS passes through to the procurement specialist) plus 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

⁴Through its Fixed Income and Data Services (“FIDS”) business, Intercontinental Exchange, Inc. (“ICE”) operates the MDC. The Exchange and its affiliates NYSE American LLC, NYSE Arca, Inc., NYSE National, Inc., and NYSE Texas, Inc. (the “Affiliate SROs”) are indirect subsidiaries of ICE. Each of the Exchange’s Affiliate SROs has submitted substantially the same proposed rule change to propose the changes described herein.

See SR-NYSEAMER-2025-28, SR-NYSEARCA-2025-35, SR-NYSENAT-2025-10, and SR-NYSETEX-2025-07.
⁵For purposes of the Exchange’s colocation services, a “User” means any market participant that requests to receive colocation services directly from the Exchange. See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 76008 (September 29, 2015), 80 FR 60190 (October 5, 2015) (SR-NYSE-2015-40). As

specified in the Connectivity Fee Schedule, a User that incurs colocation fees for a particular colocation service pursuant thereto would not be subject to colocation fees for the same colocation service charged by the Affiliate SROs.
⁶In this proposal, the term “FIDS” includes FIDS and any ICE subsidiaries that are successors-in-interest to FIDS.

Type of service	Description	Amount of charge
Managed Services	FIDS' engaging a managed services provider on User's behalf.	Managed services provider's fees (which FIDS passes through to the managed services provider) plus 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

Application and Impact of the Proposed Changes

The proposed changes are not targeted at, or expected to be limited in applicability to, a specific segment of market participant. The proposed services would be available to any potential User on a completely voluntary and non-discriminatory basis. The proposed changes would not apply differently to distinct types or sizes of Users. Rather, they would apply to all Users equally. The Exchange anticipates that some of the Users currently requesting the services from FIDS would use the service.

The proposed changes are not otherwise intended to address any other issues relating to services related to the MDC and/or related fees, and the Exchange is not aware of any problems that market participants would have in complying with the proposed change.

2 Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,⁷ in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act,⁸ in particular, because it is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in regulating, clearing, settling, processing information with respect to, and facilitating transactions in securities, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest and because it is not designed to permit unfair discrimination between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers. The Exchange further believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b)(4) of the Act,⁹ because it provides for the equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees, and other charges among its members and issuers and other persons using its facilities and does not unfairly discriminate between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers.

The Proposed Change Is Reasonable

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is reasonable. First, with respect to the fees charged by the hardware procurement specialists and the managed services specialists, it is reasonable that the Exchange would pass any payments it receives from the User for such services on to the specialist who performed the services.

Second, the Exchange believes it is reasonable for FIDS to charge and retain a 10% fee for performing the service of contracting with the hardware procurement specialist or managed service specialist on the User's behalf and handling the User's payments of such specialists' fees. The proposed 10% service fee is a nominal amount that would compensate FIDS for its work contracting and handling payments on behalf of the User.

Moreover, the proposed 10% service fee is reasonable because any Users who do not wish to pay it can instead contract directly with any number of hardware procurement specialists and managed services specialists. There are numerous third parties that currently provide hardware procurement and managed services in the colocation halls at the MDC without the involvement of FIDS or the Exchange, and Users and potential Users could continue to obtain such services from these third parties in the future. The Exchange would not take any actions to block or prevent such third parties from providing their services.

In addition, there is no requirement that any User or potential User purchase the services proposed in this filing. As noted above, the Exchange is proposing such services as a convenience to Users and potential Users who have specifically indicated their preference to buy such services from FIDS instead of from a different vendor, and to pay FIDS a fee for facilitating that arrangement. If a User believes the 10% service fee is too high, it has the option of acquiring the services it needs directly from the specialists instead.

The Proposed Change Is an Equitable Allocation of Fees and Credits

The Exchange believes that its proposal equitably allocates its fees among Users. The Exchange believes that the proposed fees are equitable because they would not apply

differently to distinct types or sizes of Users. Rather, it would apply equally to any Users who opted to purchase the proposed services.

In addition, the Exchange believes that the proposal is equitable because only market participants that voluntarily select to use the proposed hardware procurement services or the managed services would be charged for them. The proposed services would be available to all Users on an equal basis, and all Users that voluntarily choose to use the proposed services would be charged the fees incurred on their behalf by the hardware procurement specialist or the managed services specialist, plus the same 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

The Proposed Change Is Not Unfairly Discriminatory

The Exchange believes its proposal is not unfairly discriminatory. The proposed change does not apply differently to different types or sizes of Users. Rather, it would apply to all Users equally.

In addition, the Exchange believes that the proposal is not unfairly discriminatory because only Users that voluntarily select to receive the proposed services would be charged for them. The proposed services would be available to all Users on an equal basis, and all Users that voluntarily choose to use the service would be charged the fees incurred on their behalf by the hardware procurement specialist or the managed services specialist, plus the same 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

For all these reasons, the Exchange believes that the proposal is consistent with the Act.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

In accordance with Section 6(b)(8) of the Act,¹⁰ the Exchange believes that the proposed rule change will not impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The proposed change would not affect competition among national securities exchanges or among members of the Exchange. Rather, the Exchange believes that by offering the proposed services, it will provide an alternate, non-exclusive method for Users who wish to purchase

⁷ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b).

⁸ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

⁹ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(4).

¹⁰ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(8).

hardware procurement services or managed services to obtain such services in the MDC, in addition to the numerous third-party specialists from whom Users can obtain such services directly.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

No written comments were solicited or received with respect to the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** or within such longer period up to 90 days (i) as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission will:

- (A) by order approve or disapprove the proposed rule change, or
- (B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include file number SR-NYSE-2025-17 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.
- All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSE-2025-17. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the

Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSE-2025-17 and should be submitted on or before June 23, 2025.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.¹¹

Stephanie J. Fouse,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025-09853 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-103124; File No. SR-CboeBZX-2025-019]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc.; Order Instituting Proceedings To Determine Whether To Approve or Disapprove a Proposed Rule Change To List and Trade Shares of the WisdomTree XRP Fund Under BZX Rule 14.11(e)(4), Commodity-Based Trust Shares

May 27, 2025.

I. Introduction

On February 6, 2025, Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc. ("BZX" or "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission"), pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² a proposed rule change to list and trade shares ("Shares") of the WisdomTree XRP Fund ("Trust") under BZX Rule 14.11(e)(4), Commodity-Based Trust Shares. The proposed rule change was

¹¹ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

published for comment in the **Federal Register** on February 26, 2025.³

On March 11, 2025, pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Act,⁴ the Commission designated a longer period within which to approve the proposed rule change, disapprove the proposed rule change, or institute proceedings to determine whether to disapprove the proposed rule change.⁵ This order institutes proceedings under Section 19(b)(2)(B) of the Act⁶ to determine whether to approve or disapprove the proposed rule change.

II. Summary of the Proposal

As described in more detail in the Notice,⁷ the Exchange proposes to list and trade the Shares of the Trust under BZX Rule 14.11(e)(4), which governs the listing and trading of Commodity-Based Trust Shares on the Exchange.

The investment objective of the Trust is to seek to track the performance of XRP,⁸ as measured by the CME CF Ripple-Dollar Reference Rate—New York Variant ("Pricing Benchmark"), adjusted for the Trust's expenses and other liabilities.⁹ In seeking to achieve its investment objective, the Trust will hold XRP and will value the Shares daily as of 4:00 p.m. ET using the same methodology used to calculate the Pricing Benchmark.¹⁰ The Trust's assets will only consist of XRP, cash, and cash equivalents.¹¹ When the Trust sells or redeems its Shares, it will do so in cash transactions with authorized participants in blocks of 5,000 Shares.¹²

III. Proceedings To Determine Whether To Approve or Disapprove SR-CboeBZX-2025-019 and Grounds for Disapproval Under Consideration

The Commission is instituting proceedings pursuant to Section

³ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 102445 (Feb. 19, 2025), 90 FR 10769 ("Notice"). Comments received on the proposed rule change are available at: <https://www.sec.gov/comments/sr-cboebzx-2025-019/srcboebzx2025019.htm>.

⁴ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2).

⁵ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 102592, 90 FR 12410 (Mar. 17, 2025). The Commission designated May 27, 2025, as the date by which the Commission shall approve, disapprove, or institute proceedings to determine whether to disapprove the proposed rule change.

⁶ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2)(B).

⁷ See Notice, *supra* note 3.

⁸ The Exchange states that XRP is a digital asset that is created and transmitted through the operations of the XRP Ledger, a decentralized ledger upon which XRP transactions are processed and settled. See *id.* at 10770-71.

⁹ See *id.* at 10773. WisdomTree Digital Commodity Services, LLC is the sponsor of the Trust, Delaware Trust Company is the trustee, and a third-party custodian will be responsible for custody of the Trust's XRP. See *id.* at 10770, 10772.

¹⁰ See *id.* at 10773.

¹¹ See *id.* at 10772.

¹² See *id.*

19(b)(2)(B) of the Act¹³ to determine whether the proposed rule change should be approved or disapproved. Institution of proceedings is appropriate at this time in view of the legal and policy issues raised by the proposed rule change. Institution of proceedings does not indicate that the Commission has reached any conclusions with respect to any of the issues involved. Rather, the Commission seeks and encourages interested persons to provide comments on the proposed rule change.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(2)(B) of the Act,¹⁴ the Commission is providing notice of the grounds for disapproval under consideration. The Commission is instituting proceedings to allow for additional analysis of the proposed rule change's consistency with Section 6(b)(5) of the Act, which requires, among other things, that the rules of a national securities exchange be "designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices" and "to protect investors and the public interest."¹⁵

The Commission asks that commenters address the sufficiency of the Exchange's statements in support of the proposal, which are set forth in the Notice, in addition to any other comments they may wish to submit about the proposed rule change. In particular, the Commission seeks comment on whether the proposal to list and trade Shares of the Trust, which would hold XRP, is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices or raises any new or novel concerns not previously contemplated by the Commission.

IV. Procedure: Request for Written Comments

The Commission requests that interested persons provide written submissions of their views, data, and arguments with respect to the issues identified above, as well as any other concerns they may have with the proposal. In particular, the Commission invites the written views of interested persons concerning whether the proposal is consistent with Section 6(b)(5) or any other provision of the Act, and the rules and regulations thereunder. Although there do not appear to be any issues relevant to approval or disapproval that would be facilitated by an oral presentation of views, data, and arguments, the Commission will consider, pursuant to Rule 19b-4, any request for an

opportunity to make an oral presentation.¹⁶

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments regarding whether the proposed rule change should be approved or disapproved by June 23, 2025. Any person who wishes to file a rebuttal to any other person's submission must file that rebuttal by July 7, 2025.

Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include file number SR-CboeBZX-2025-019 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to file number SR-CboeBZX-2025-019. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available

publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to file number SR-CboeBZX-2025-019 and should be submitted on or before June 23, 2025. Rebuttal comments should be submitted by July 7, 2025.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.¹⁷

Stephanie J. Fouse,
Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025-09848 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-103131; File No. SR-IEX-2025-07]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Investors Exchange LLC; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change To Amend IEX's Fee Schedule To Establish a Supplemental Market Quality Program

May 27, 2025.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1)¹ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Act"),² and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,³ notice is hereby given that on May 16, 2025, the Investors Exchange LLC ("IEX" or the "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 19(b)(1) under the Act,⁴ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,⁵ the Exchange is filing with the Commission a proposed rule change to amend the Exchange's fee schedule applicable to Members⁶ (the "Fee Schedule")⁷ pursuant to IEX Rule 15.110(a) and (c) to establish an Supplemental Market Quality Program, which is designed to improve displayed

¹⁷ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(57).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 15 U.S.C. 78a.

³ 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

⁴ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

⁵ 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

⁶ See IEX Rule 1.160(s).

⁷ See Investors Exchange Fee Schedule, available at <https://www.iexexchange.io/resources/trading/fee-schedule>.

¹³ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2)(B).

¹⁴ *Id.*

¹⁵ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

¹⁶ Section 19(b)(2) of the Act, as amended by the Securities Acts Amendments of 1975, Pub. L. 94-29 (June 4, 1975), grants the Commission flexibility to determine what type of proceeding—either oral or notice and opportunity for written comments—is appropriate for consideration of a particular proposal by a self-regulatory organization. See Securities Acts Amendments of 1975, Senate Comm. on Banking, Housing & Urban Affairs, S. Rep. No. 75, 94th Cong., 1st Sess. 30 (1975).

liquidity and promote order flow to the Exchange by offering a financial incentive for Members to enter displayed orders or quotes priced at the NBBO⁸ on the Exchange in certain securities designated by the Exchange. Changes to the Fee Schedule pursuant to this proposal are effective upon filing.⁹

The text of the proposed rule change is available at the Exchange's website at <https://www.iexexchange.io/resources/regulation/rule-filings>, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission's Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The self-regulatory organization has prepared summaries, set forth in Sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to modify its Fee Schedule, pursuant to IEX Rule 15.110(a) and (c), to establish a Supplemental Market Quality Program ("SMQ" or the "Program"). The Program is intended to increase displayed liquidity and promote order flow to the Exchange by offering a financial incentive for Members to enter displayed orders or quotes (*i.e.*, displayed trading interest) priced at the NBBO on the Exchange in certain securities designated by the Exchange. As discussed below, the SMQ is designed to reward Members that make a significant contribution to market quality by providing liquidity at the NBBO in a select group of securities for a significant portion of the day ("SMQ Securities"). IEX previously filed a proposal to establish an SMQ on April 28, 2025 ("First SMQ Filing").¹⁰ The First SMQ Filing was published for comment in the **Federal Register** on

May 7, 2025.¹¹ The Exchange withdrew the First SMQ Filing on May 16, 2025, and now submits this proposal for immediate effectiveness ("Second SMQ Filing"). The Second SMQ Filing makes no changes to the functionality and fees of the SMQ Program described in the First SMQ Filing, but provides additional detail about the manner in which IEX selects the SMQ Securities.

The Program is designed to incentivize the posting of displayed trading interest in SMQ Securities through incentive payments. In determining which securities to designate as SMQ Securities, IEX applies several objective factors concerning each security's trading characteristics and generally designates the securities that meet certain thresholds with respect to these factors to be SMQ Securities.¹² These factors include IEX's current relative quote presence in each security (*i.e.*, displayed order volume and time at the NBBO for each security traded on the Exchange), the number of market-wide daily price changes and the average market-wide quote size for each security, and each security's share price and average notional value traded.

IEX uses the above factors to assess which securities are suitable for inclusion in the list of SMQ Securities, with a goal of identifying securities in which increased quoting would be impactful to both IEX and the market, but not unduly burdensome to its Members in meeting the quoting requirements to qualify for the SMQ.

IEX will publish the list of SMQ Securities on its website (on the Fee Schedule), and prior to the start of each month, the Exchange will reevaluate and, as applicable, update its list of SMQ Securities. Any updates to the list of SMQ Securities will be published on IEX's Fee Schedule no later than one day prior to the start of the month (the Exchange will endeavor to update its SMQ Securities up to five trading days before the next month). IEX believes that the incentives created by the SMQ are likely to increase quoting in the SMQ Securities, thereby providing improved trading conditions for all market participants through narrower spreads and increased depth of liquidity available at the NBBO in the SMQ Securities.

To qualify for the SMQ, a Member must enter displayed trading interest (*i.e.*, at least one displayed order or

quote of at least one round lot size¹³) at either the NBB, the NBO, or the NBBO, for at least 40% of time during regular trading hours in at least 50 of the SMQ Securities on average per day during the month (the "Percent Time at NBBO" requirement). On a daily basis, the Exchange will calculate the number of SMQ Securities for which each Member's Percent Time at NBBO was at least 40% ("SMQ Qualifying Activity"). At the end of the month, the Exchange will calculate the monthly average of the Member's SMQ Qualifying Activity. If a Member has SMQ Qualifying Activity in at least 50 of the SMQ Securities during the month, the Exchange will pay the Member the "SMQ Incentive Fee" of \$125 per SMQ Security for which the Member satisfied the SMQ requirements.¹⁴

The following example illustrates how the SMQ will work:

Example

Assume that in a particular month, IEX has designated 150 securities as SMQ Securities. There are 21 trading days in that month, and on eleven of those days Member A's Percent Time at NBBO is at least 40% for 100 of the SMQ securities. On the other ten trading days, Member A's Percent Time at NBBO is at least 40% for 50 of the SMQ securities. At the end of the month, IEX calculates the number of SMQ Securities which Member A has at least 40 Percent Time at NBBO to be 76¹⁵ SMQ Securities. IEX provides a lump sum payment of \$9,500 to Member A (\$125 times 76 SMQ Securities) (the "SMQ Payment"). In that same month, Member B's monthly average Percent Time at NBBO is at least 40% for 60 SMQ Securities for eleven trading days. On the other ten trading days, Member B's Percent Time at NBBO is at least 40% for 30 SMQ Securities. At the end of the month, IEX calculates Member B's SMQ Qualifying Activity to average out to 46 SMQ Securities.¹⁶ Because Member B's SMQ Qualifying Activity was in less than 50 SMQ Securities, Member B does not receive any lump sum payment pursuant to the Program.

As proposed, the Percent Time at NBBO calculation will exclude days with system disruptions that last for

¹³ See IEX Rule 11.180(a).

¹⁴ SMQ Payments will be made for all qualified securities if Member had SMQ Qualifying Activity in at least 50 SMQ Securities during the month.

¹⁵ As set forth in the proposed changes to the Fee Schedule, the Exchange will calculate the SMQ Qualifying Activity by taking the average of the number of SMQ Securities for which the Member's Percent Time at NBBO was at least 40% and round that number to the nearest whole number. Thus, 76.19 SMQ Securities is rounded to 76.

¹⁶ 45.71 is rounded to 46.

⁸ See IEX Rule 1.160(u).

⁹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(ii).

¹⁰ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 102964 (May 1, 2025), 90 FR 19326 (May 7, 2025) (SR-IEX-2025-06).

¹¹ See *supra* note 10. The Commission has received no comments on the First SMQ Filing.

¹² The Exchange has discussed with Commission staff the thresholds it intends to apply to these objective factors.

more than 60 minutes and days with scheduled early closes when determining the numerator and the denominator. An Exchange system disruption may occur, for example, where a certain group of securities traded on the Exchange is unavailable for trading due to an Exchange system issue. Similarly, the Exchange may be able to perform certain functions with respect to accepting and processing orders, but may have a failure to another significant process, such as routing to other market centers, that would lead Members that rely on such process to avoid utilizing the Exchange until the Exchange's entire system was operational. The Exchange believes that these types of Exchange system disruptions could preclude Members from participating on the Exchange to the extent that they might have otherwise participated on such days, and thus, the Exchange believes it is appropriate to exclude such days when determining a Member's Percent Time at NBBO to avoid penalizing Members that might otherwise have met the SMQ requirements. For similar reasons, the Exchange believes it is appropriate to exclude trading days with scheduled early closes, because the shorter trading days are likely to result in a lower daily quoting activity for each Member. The Exchange notes that excluding system disruption days and trading days with scheduled early closes is consistent with the methodologies used by other exchanges that offer incentive payments for quoting activity on the Exchange.¹⁷

Additionally, as proposed, the Exchange will exclude from its calculations of Percent Time at NBBO for each SMQ Security any portion of regular trading hours when the SMQ Security is subject to a trading halt or Limit Up-Limit Down pause.¹⁸ If an SMQ Security were subject to a trading halt on IEX, Members would be unable to provide displayed trading interest in that security until it resumes trading, and thus not excluding the halted time from the Percent Time at NBBO would be unfair to Members trying to provide displayed trading interest in the SMQ Security. Thus, IEX proposes only to calculate the Percentage Time at NBBO for each SMQ Security during times when trading in the security is not halted. For example, if an SMQ Security was halted for 30 minutes during one trading day, and a Member provided displayed trading interest in that

security at the NBBO for 2.4 hours of that trading day, the Member's Percent Time at NBBO for that day would be 40%, because 2.4 hours is 40% of 6 hours.¹⁹

The Exchange will allow Members to aggregate their Percent Time at NBBO with other Members with which they are affiliated,²⁰ if Members provide prior notice to the Exchange. As proposed, to the extent that two or more affiliated companies maintain separate memberships with the Exchange and can demonstrate their affiliation by showing they control, are controlled by, or are under common control with each other, the Exchange would permit such Members to aggregate their Percent Time at NBBO. Members will be responsible for having proper internal documentation in their books and records substantiating that the two or more Members seeking to aggregate their Percent Time at NBBO are affiliates of one another. IEX notes that this grouping of Member affiliates is consistent with how IEX allows Member affiliates to group their trading activity to qualify for IEX's Displayed Liquidity Adding Rebate Tiers.

The SMQ will be open to all Members and will not impose any two-sided quotation obligations on any Member seeking to qualify for the SMQ. Accordingly, the SMQ is designed to attract liquidity from any firm that is willing to provide liquidity at the NBB or NBO in SMQ Securities. The Exchange is proposing to provide Members an opportunity to earn an SMQ Payment as a means of recognizing the value of market participants that consistently enter displayed trading interest at the NBBO in the SMQ Securities. Through the Program, the Exchange seeks to provide enhanced liquidity for all market participants through more displayed trading interest, narrower bid-ask spreads, and increased depth of liquidity in the SMQ Securities.

The Exchange notes that the proposed Supplemental Market Quality Program is similar to the Enhanced Market Quality Program offered by Nasdaq BX,²¹ which also pays a fixed sum to Members that quote exchange-specified securities at the NBBO for at least a

minimum percentage time of the day.²² The proposed SMQ is also similar to the "Market Quality" program offered by MIAx PEARL.²³ In particular, the process by which the Exchange proposes to select SMQ Securities is similar to the process applied by MIAx PEARL in selecting securities to be "MQ Securities."²⁴ Additionally, IEX's process for selecting SMQ Securities, which, as described above, is designed to use objective criteria to identify securities in which increased quoting would be impactful to both IEX and the market is analogous to the manner in which Cboe EDGA's new NBBO Setter Program provides a rebate for quoting in "illiquid securities on the Exchange."²⁵ Finally, the Exchange notes that its proposed SMQ is also similar to recently discontinued quote revenue sharing program of Nasdaq PSX.²⁶

2. Statutory Basis

IEX believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with the provisions of Section 6(b)²⁷ of the Act in general,

²² Nasdaq BX's Enhanced Market Quality Program ("EMQP") sets different percentage thresholds depending upon if the security is quoted on Tape A or B (and does not Tape C securities). The EMQP also increases its incentive fees based upon the number of securities quoted at the NBBO for at least the threshold percentage of market hours. *Id.* These differences between the proposed SMQ and the EMQP reflect different pricing approaches of different exchanges, but the core functionality of the two programs is substantially similar.

²³ See *supra* note 17. While MIAx PEARL uses quoting at the NBBO in the "Market Quality Securities" as a means of qualifying for certain rebate tiers (and not to pay a flat sum to qualifying Members like IEX proposes), the Market Quality program is like IEX's proposed SMQ in that it provides financial incentives to Members based upon increased quoting in a subset of securities specified by the exchange. *Id.*

²⁴ MIAx PEARL's original Market Quality program filing described its methodology for selecting "MQ Securities" as an analysis of volume statistics and time at the NBBO. See *supra* note 17. In subsequent filings, MIAx PEARL stated that the "list of MQ Securities is generally based on the top multi-listed symbols by ADV across all U.S. securities exchanges." See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 101611 (November 13, 2024), 89 FR 91455 (November 19, 2024) (SR-PEARL-2024-50).

²⁵ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 102842 (April 11, 2025), 90 FR 16356 (April 17, 2025) (SR-CboeEDGA-2025-009) (providing a rebate for quoting in approximately 9,700 securities that are *not* on an excluded securities list, with the excluded securities list being a combination of securities included in the S&P 500 Index, the Nasdaq 100 Index, and "certain ETPs the Exchange believes have a high level of liquidity").

²⁶ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 34-100060 (May 3, 2024), 89 FR 39668 (May 9, 2024) (SR-Phlx-2024-18) (Establishing the quote revenue sharing program) and Securities Exchange Act Release No. 34-102844 (April 11, 2025), 90 FR 16226 (April 17, 2025) (SR-Phlx-2025-19) (terminating the program because it "no longer provides a growth incentive that is aligned with the Exchange's needs").

²⁷ 15 U.S.C. 78f.

¹⁷ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 94929 (May 17, 2022), 87 FR 31269 (May 23, 2022) (SR-PEARL-2022-21) (filing establishing a Market Quality program similar to this proposal).

¹⁸ See, e.g., IEX Rules 11.271 and 11.280.

¹⁹ If IEX did not exclude the time a security is halted from its calculation of Percent Time at NBBO, in this example the Member's Percent Time at NBBO would be 37% (2.4 hours divided by the full 6.5 hour trading day), and the Member's trading activity in that security for that day would not count towards its SMQ Qualifying Activity.

²⁰ As defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Act, 17 CFR 240.12b-2.

²¹ See Nasdaq BX Equities VII Section 118(g).

and furthers the objectives of Sections 6(b)(4) ²⁸ of the Act, in particular, in that it is designed to provide for the equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees and other charges among its Members and other persons using its facilities. The Exchange believes that the proposed fee change is reasonable, fair and equitable, and non-discriminatory.

The Exchange operates in a highly competitive market in which market participants can readily direct order flow to competing venues if they deem fee levels at a particular venue to be excessive. IEX has concluded that, in the context of current regulatory requirements governing access fees and rebates, it is able to more effectively compete with other exchanges for order flow by offering Members an additional incentive for posting displayed liquidity on the Exchange in securities that have a relatively lower volume of displayed orders priced at the NBBO on the Exchange compared to other securities. Based upon informal discussions with market participants, IEX believes that Members and other market participants may be more willing to send displayed trading interest to IEX if the proposed fee change is adopted.

Accordingly, IEX has designed the proposed change to further incentivize Members to send displayed quotes at the NBBO in lower displayed volume securities. IEX believes that an increase in displayed liquidity and order flow to the Exchange will, in turn, improve the quality of the IEX market and increase its attractiveness to existing and prospective participants. In addition, the proposal is equitable and not unfairly discriminatory as the proposal would equitably allocate SMQ Payments among Members by paying Members based on their total quoting activity in SMQ Securities in any given month.

Additionally, IEX believes the manner in which it selects securities for inclusion in the SMQ Securities list is consistent with the Act because it is reasonable, equitable, and not unfairly discriminatory (to customers, issuers, brokers or dealers). As discussed in the Purpose section, IEX designates securities to be SMQ Securities by applying several objective factors concerning each security's trading characteristics and generally designating the securities that meet certain thresholds with respect to these factors to be SMQ Securities. These factors are designed to identify securities in which increased quoting would be impactful to both IEX and the market, but not unduly burdensome to its Members in meeting

the quoting requirements to qualify for the SMQ. Because the process of selecting SMQ Securities is designed to use objective criteria to create a list of securities for which inclusion in the Program could meaningfully increase displayed liquidity (increasing price improvement opportunities for those securities), it is consistent with the goals of the Act to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market.

As noted in the Purpose section, the Exchange believes the proposed incentive payments in the Supplemental Market Quality Program will incentivize Members to direct additional displayed liquidity-providing orders to the Exchange in SMQ Securities, thereby promoting price discovery and market quality in the SMQ Securities and more generally on the Exchange, and, further, that the resulting increased displayed liquidity and narrower spreads will benefit all investors by deepening the Exchange's liquidity pool, supporting the quality of price discovery, enhancing quoting competition across all exchanges, and promoting market transparency.

As discussed above, the Exchange operates in a highly competitive market in which market participants can readily direct order flow to competing venues if they deem fee levels at a particular venue to be excessive. Within that context, the proposed incentive payments are designed to attract more displayed trading interest to the Exchange. The proposed SMQ is comparable to the MQ Tiers of MIAX PEARL and the Enhanced Market Quality Program of Nasdaq BX, and thus IEX does not believe that the proposal raises any new or novel issues not already considered by the Commission in the context of other exchanges' fees.²⁹

Finally, to the extent this proposed fee change is successful in incentivizing the entry and execution of displayed trading interest on IEX, such greater liquidity will benefit all market participants by increasing price discovery and price formation as well as market quality and execution opportunities.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

IEX does not believe that the proposed rule change will result in any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on intermarket competition that

is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The Exchange operates in a highly competitive market in which market participants can readily favor competing venues if fee schedules at other venues are viewed as more favorable. Consequently, the Exchange believes that the degree to which IEX fees could impose any burden on competition is extremely limited and does not believe that such fees would burden competition between Members or competing venues. Moreover, as noted in the Statutory Basis section, the Exchange does not believe that the proposed changes raise any new or novel issues not already considered by the Commission.

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on intramarket competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act because, while different Members may qualify for different amounts of SMQ Payments, these payments are not based on the type of Member entering the displayed trading interest, but rather on the amount of displayed trading interest each Member submits to the Exchange. Further, the proposed fee changes are intended to incentivize market participants to bring increased order flow to the Exchange, which benefits all market participants.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

Written comments were neither solicited nor received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The foregoing rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act ³⁰ and paragraph (f) of Rule 19b-4 ³¹ thereunder. At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission shall institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be approved or disapproved.

²⁸ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(4).

²⁹ See *supra* notes 17 and 21.

³⁰ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

³¹ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f).

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include file number SR-IEX-2025-07 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to file number SR-IEX-2025-07. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to file number SR-IEX-2025-07 and should be submitted on or before June 23, 2025.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.³²

Stephanie J. Fouse,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025-09855 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-103126; File No. SR-NYSEARCA-2025-35]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; NYSE Arca, Inc.; Notice of Filing of a Proposed Rule Change To Amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule

May 27, 2025.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) ¹ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act") ² and Rule 19b-4 thereunder, ³ notice is hereby given that, on May 13, 2025, NYSE Arca, Inc. ("NYSE Arca" or "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") a proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule to add hardware procurement services and managed services at the Mahwah Data Center. The proposed rule change is available on the Exchange's website at www.nyse.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission's Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of those statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule to add hardware procurement services and managed services in the colocation halls at the Mahwah Data Center ("MDC").⁴

Hardware Procurement Services

The Exchange has recently received requests from several Users ⁵ and prospective Users for the Exchange to start providing hardware procurement services in the colocation halls at the MDC. Under such services, FIDS ⁶ would engage a third-party procurement specialist to procure, purchase, integrate and deliver hardware for the User to use in the colocation halls at the MDC based on specifications provided by the User. FIDS would charge the User the procurement specialist's fees for procuring such hardware plus a 10% service fee to be retained by FIDS.

The Exchange understands that some Users would find such an arrangement desirable because it would allow them to obtain all necessary hardware from FIDS, with whom the User already has a contractual relationship, as opposed to having to contract directly with a procurement specialist or with multiple third-party hardware vendors. These Users have explained that contracting with FIDS to obtain hardware would allow the Users to avoid the onerous process of onboarding the hardware vendors as approved sellers in their procurement systems. It is the Exchange's understanding that such onboarding generally requires Users to, among other things: evaluate each vendor's financial and credit history;

⁴ Through its Fixed Income and Data Services ("FIDS") business, Intercontinental Exchange, Inc. ("ICE") operates the MDC. The Exchange and its affiliates New York Stock Exchange LLC, NYSE American LLC, NYSE National, Inc., and NYSE Texas, Inc. (the "Affiliate SROs") are indirect subsidiaries of ICE. Each of the Exchange's Affiliate SROs has submitted substantially the same proposed rule change to propose the changes described herein. See SR-NYSE-2025-17, SR-NYSEAMER-2025-28, SR-NYSEENAT-2025-10, and SR-NYSETEX-2025-07.

⁵ For purposes of the Exchange's colocation services, a "User" means any market participant that requests to receive colocation services directly from the Exchange. See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 76010 (September 29, 2015), 80 FR 60197 (October 5, 2015) (SR-NYSEARCA-2015-82). As specified in the Connectivity Fee Schedule, a User that incurs colocation fees for a particular colocation service pursuant thereto would not be subject to colocation fees for the same colocation service charged by the Affiliate SROs.

⁶ In this proposal, the term "FIDS" includes FIDS and any ICE subsidiaries that are successors-in-interest to FIDS.

³² 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 15 U.S.C. 78a.

³ 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

check their service track record; evaluate their sustainability credentials; assess their compliance with regulations; obtain their agreement to an ethical code of conduct; and establish ordering processes, payment terms, and delivery processes with each vendor. By contrast, the proposed arrangement would permit the User to obtain necessary hardware by contracting only with FIDS—a vendor already established in the User’s systems—in exchange for paying FIDS a service fee equal to 10% of the procurement specialist’s fees for procuring such hardware.

typically refers to a customer’s hiring a third-party vendor to provide information technology (“IT”) support for the customer’s hardware in a data center, so that the customer can focus its own IT resources elsewhere. A vendor providing managed services typically monitors the customer’s servers and other hardware in the data center, diagnoses solutions for configuration challenges, works with the data center’s operations team regarding any changes to such configurations, and provides around-the-clock monitoring, trouble-shooting, and remediation of any problems concerning the customer’s hardware in the data center.

User’s or prospective User’s behalf. This would allow the Users and prospective Users to benefit from managed services within the colocation halls at the MDC while avoiding the many challenges (listed above) with onboarding a new vendor as an approved seller in their procurement systems. Under the proposed arrangement, a User could purchase managed services by contracting with FIDS, which would charge the User the specialist’s fees for performing the services plus a fee to FIDS equal to 10% of the managed services provider’s fees for providing such services.

Managed Services

Similarly, some Users and prospective Users have also requested that the Exchange begin providing “managed services” in the colocation halls at the MDC. The term “managed services”

As with hardware procurement, Users and prospective Users have asked the Exchange to add a service in the colocation halls at the MDC that would permit FIDS to contract with a third-party managed services provider on the

Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, FIDS proposes to amend Section A of the Connectivity Fee Schedule regarding Co-Location Fees to add hardware procurement services and managed services, as follows:

Type of service	Description	Amount of charge
Hardware Procurement Services	FIDS’ engaging a hardware procurement specialist to obtain hardware on User’s behalf.	Procurement specialist’s fees (which FIDS passes through to the procurement specialist) plus 10% service fee payable to FIDS.
Managed Services	FIDS’ engaging a managed services provider on User’s behalf.	Managed services provider’s fees (which FIDS passes through to the managed services provider) plus 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

Application and Impact of the Proposed Changes

The proposed changes are not targeted at, or expected to be limited in applicability to, a specific segment of market participant. The proposed services would be available to any potential User on a completely voluntary and non-discriminatory basis. The proposed changes would not apply differently to distinct types or sizes of Users. Rather, they would apply to all Users equally. The Exchange anticipates that some of the Users currently requesting the services from FIDS would use the service.

The proposed changes are not otherwise intended to address any other issues relating to services related to the MDC and/or related fees, and the Exchange is not aware of any problems that market participants would have in complying with the proposed change.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,⁷ in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act,⁸ in particular, because it is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to

promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in regulating, clearing, settling, processing information with respect to, and facilitating transactions in securities, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest and because it is not designed to permit unfair discrimination between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers. The Exchange further believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b)(4) of the Act,⁹ because it provides for the equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees, and other charges among its members and issuers and other persons using its facilities and does not unfairly discriminate between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers.

The Proposed Change Is Reasonable

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is reasonable. First, with respect to the fees charged by the hardware procurement specialists and the managed services specialists, it is reasonable that the Exchange would pass any payments it receives from the

User for such services on to the specialist who performed the services.

Second, the Exchange believes it is reasonable for FIDS to charge and retain a 10% fee for performing the service of contracting with the hardware procurement specialist or managed service specialist on the User’s behalf and handling the User’s payments of such specialists’ fees. The proposed 10% service fee is a nominal amount that would compensate FIDS for its work contracting and handling payments on behalf of the User.

Moreover, the proposed 10% service fee is reasonable because any Users who do not wish to pay it can instead contract directly with any number of hardware procurement specialists and managed services specialists. There are numerous third parties that currently provide hardware procurement and managed services in the colocation halls at the MDC without the involvement of FIDS or the Exchange, and Users and potential Users could continue to obtain such services from these third parties in the future. The Exchange would not take any actions to block or prevent such third parties from providing their services.

In addition, there is no requirement that any User or potential User purchase the services proposed in this filing. As noted above, the Exchange is proposing

⁷ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b).

⁸ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

⁹ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(4).

such services as a convenience to Users and potential Users who have specifically indicated their preference to buy such services from FIDS instead of from a different vendor, and to pay FIDS a fee for facilitating that arrangement. If a User believes the 10% service fee is too high, it has the option of acquiring the services it needs directly from the specialists instead.

The Proposed Change Is an Equitable Allocation of Fees and Credits

The Exchange believes that its proposal equitably allocates its fees among Users. The Exchange believes that the proposed fees are equitable because they would not apply differently to distinct types or sizes of Users. Rather, it would apply equally to any Users who opted to purchase the proposed services.

In addition, the Exchange believes that the proposal is equitable because only market participants that voluntarily select to use the proposed hardware procurement services or the managed services would be charged for them. The proposed services would be available to all Users on an equal basis, and all Users that voluntarily choose to use the proposed services would be charged the fees incurred on their behalf by the hardware procurement specialist or the managed services specialist, plus the same 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

The Proposed Change Is Not Unfairly Discriminatory

The Exchange believes its proposal is not unfairly discriminatory. The proposed change does not apply differently to different types or sizes of Users. Rather, it would apply to all Users equally.

In addition, the Exchange believes that the proposal is not unfairly discriminatory because only Users that voluntarily select to receive the proposed services would be charged for them. The proposed services would be available to all Users on an equal basis, and all Users that voluntarily choose to use the service would be charged the fees incurred on their behalf by the hardware procurement specialist or the managed services specialist, plus the same 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

For all these reasons, the Exchange believes that the proposal is consistent with the Act.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

In accordance with Section 6(b)(8) of the Act,¹⁰ the Exchange believes that the

proposed rule change will not impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The proposed change would not affect competition among national securities exchanges or among members of the Exchange. Rather, the Exchange believes that by offering the proposed services, it will provide an alternate, non-exclusive method for Users who wish to purchase hardware procurement services or managed services to obtain such services in the MDC, in addition to the numerous third-party specialists from whom Users can obtain such services directly.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

No written comments were solicited or received with respect to the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** or within such longer period up to 90 days (i) as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission will:

- (A) by order approve or disapprove the proposed rule change, or
- (B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include file number SR-NYSEARCA-2025-35 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090. All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSEARCA-2025-35. This

file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSEARCA-2025-35 and should be submitted on or before June 23, 2025.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.¹¹

Stephanie J. Fouse,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025-09850 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-103123; File No. SR-OCC-2025-007]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; The Options Clearing Corporation; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change by the Options Clearing Corporation Concerning Updates to Its Portfolio Revaluation Process for Purposes of Determining Intraday Margin Calls in Order To Better Manage OCC's Intraday Risk Exposure to Its Clearing Members

May 27, 2025.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

¹⁰ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(8).

¹¹ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

(“Exchange Act” or “Act”),¹ and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on May 15, 2025, The Options Clearing Corporation (“OCC” or “Corporation”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC” or “Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared primarily by OCC. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Clearing Agency’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

This proposed rule change would make updates to its portfolio revaluation process for purposes of determining intraday margin calls in order to better manage OCC’s intraday risk exposure to its Clearing Members.

The proposed changes are included in Exhibit 5 [sic] to File No. SR–OCC–2025–007. Material proposed to be added is underlined and material proposed to be deleted is marked in strikethrough text. All terms with initial capitalization that are not otherwise defined herein have the same meaning as set forth in the OCC By-Laws and Rules.³

II. Clearing Agency’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, OCC included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. OCC has prepared summaries, set forth in sections (A), (B), and (C) below, of the most significant aspects of these statements.

(A) Clearing Agency’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

(1) Purpose

Background

OCC is the sole clearing agency for standardized equity options listed on national securities exchanges registered with the Commission. OCC also clears certain stock loan and futures transactions. In its role as a clearing agency, OCC guarantees the performance of its Clearing Members for

all transactions cleared by OCC by becoming the buyer to every seller and the seller to every buyer (or the lender to every borrower and the borrower to every lender, in the case of stock loan transactions). These clearing activities could expose OCC to financial risks if a Clearing Member fails to fulfil its obligations to OCC. In its role as guarantor for all transactions cleared through OCC, one of the more material risks related to a Clearing Member’s failure to perform is credit risk arising from the activity of the Clearing Members whose performance OCC guarantees. OCC manages these financial risks through financial safeguards, including the collection of margin collateral from Clearing Members designed to, among other things, address the market risk associated with a Clearing Member’s positions during the period of time OCC has determined it would take to liquidate those positions.

OCC has established a proprietary system, the System for Theoretical Analysis and Numerical Simulation (“STANS”), that runs various models used to calculate each Clearing Member’s margin requirements. At the start of each business day, OCC collects margin requirements for each marginable account calculated by STANS based on the account’s end-of-day positions⁴ from the previous business day. OCC also makes intraday margin calls in defined circumstances. OCC’s Rules grant it the authority to issue intraday margin calls based on intraday market volatility, changes in the size of a Clearing Member’s positions, the value of securities deposited as margin, or otherwise to protect OCC, other Clearing Members or the general public, among other bases identified in Rule 609.⁵

In particular, OCC requires the deposit of intraday margin to reflect changes in the value of securities deposited as margin by the Clearing Member when certain thresholds are breached pursuant to OCC Rule 609⁶ and OCC’s Margin Policy.⁷ OCC

maintains a portfolio revaluation process to monitor intraday price movements on Clearing Member positions for purposes of issuing margin calls and collecting additional margin assets when necessary.⁸ Throughout the day, the portfolio revaluation process revalues Clearing Member start-of-day positions⁹ with current prices to calculate updated account profit and loss (“P&L”) for purposes of issuing intraday margin calls.¹⁰

OCC collects margin in line with requirements at the start of each business day based on an account’s end-of-day positions from the previous business day. However, OCC’s exposure to its Clearing Members may change as a result of intraday changes in both prices and positions. To mitigate intraday risk exposure to its Clearing Members, OCC currently utilizes its portfolio revaluation process to determine intraday margin calls between the collection of margin at the start of each business day. Because the portfolio revaluation process is based on a Clearing Member’s start-of-day positions, it does not consider exposure changes resulting from intraday position changes. To help mitigate such exposure

80207 (Dec. 29, 2022) (SR–OCC–2022–010); 91079 (Feb. 8, 2021), 86 FR 9410 (Feb. 12, 2021) (SR–OCC–2020–016); 90797 (Dec. 23, 2020), 85 FR 86592 (Dec. 30, 2020) (SR–OCC–2020–014); 87718 (Dec. 11, 2019), 84 FR 68992 (Dec. 17, 2019) (SR–OCC–2019–010); 86436 (July 23, 2019), 84 FR 36632 (July 29, 2019) (SR–OCC–2019–006); 86119 (June 17, 2019), 84 FR 29267 (June 21, 2019) (SR–OCC–2019–004); 83799 (Aug. 8, 2018), 83 FR 40379 (Aug. 14, 2018) (SR–OCC–2018–011); 82658 (Feb. 7, 2018), 83 FR 6646 (Feb. 14, 2018) (SR–OCC–2017–007).

⁸ The requirement that OCC engage in portfolio revaluation and revalue Clearing Member accounts using updated price data for purposes of issuing intraday margin calls is codified in the Margin Policy. See Exchange Act Release No. 82355 (Dec. 19, 2017), 82 FR 61060, 61064 (Dec. 26, 2017) (SR–OCC–2017–007) (codifying in the Margin Policy the revaluation of Clearing Member accounts using updated price data in accordance with the Portfolio Revaluation Monitoring Procedure, including the issuance of a margin call during standard equity trading hours when unrealized losses are observed for an account, based on start-of-day positions, exceeding 50% of that account’s total risk charges). The details of the portfolio revaluation process are set out in the Portfolio Revaluation Monitoring Procedure, which is included as Exhibit 3A to File No. SR–OCC–2024–00X.

⁹ The term “start-of-day positions” refers to Clearing Member end-of-day positions from the prior trading day adjusted for corporate actions, but which does not include any positions generated from overnight extended trading hours.

¹⁰ OCC also issues margin calls when unrealized losses observed for an account based on positions from extended trading hours (“ETH”) exceed a certain threshold (“ETH margin calls”). *Id.* (codifying in the Margin Policy the ETH margin call that OCC would issue when unrealized losses observed for an account, based on new ETH positions, exceed 25% of that account’s total risk charges and the overall Clearing Member portfolio is also experiencing losses).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b–4.

³ OCC’s By-Laws and Rules can be found on OCC’s public website: <https://www.theocc.com/Company-Information/Documents-and-Archives/By-Laws-and-Rules>.

⁴ The term “end-of-day positions” refers to the positions held by Clearing Members after the markets have closed each business day.

⁵ See OCC Rule 609(a).

⁶ See OCC Rule 609(a)(3). (“The Corporation may require the deposit of additional margin (‘intra-day margin’) by any Clearing Member in any account at any time during any business day to reflect changes in [. . .] the value of securities deposited by the Clearing Member as margin.”)

⁷ OCC’s Margin Policy has been filed with and approved as a rule by the Commission. See Exchange Act Release Nos. 99169 (Dec. 14, 2023), 88 FR 88163 (Dec. 20, 2023) (SR–OCC–2023–008); 98101 (Aug. 10, 2023), 88 FR 55775 (Aug. 16, 2023) (SR–OCC–2022–012); 96566 (Dec. 22, 2022), 87 FR

changes, OCC proposes to enhance its portfolio revaluation process to incorporate current positions¹¹ when determining to issue intraday margin calls. Instead of portfolio revaluation, the enhanced process would more aptly be referred to as Intraday Profit and Loss (“Intraday P&L” or “IPL”). The IPL process would calculate P&L values for each Clearing Member’s portfolio throughout the day by monitoring both changes in market prices and member positions. The proposed IPL process would also provide OCC the authority to issue intraday margin calls to cover increased exposures arising from changes in prices, positions or both. Under the proposed IPL process, OCC would measure the change in risk posed by member portfolios by calculating near real-time P&L values on current Clearing Member positions, which would allow OCC to better monitor intraday exposure and collect intraday margin when an applicable threshold is breached. For example, the proposed changes would allow OCC to account for any risk-reducing or risk-increasing trades and collect financial resources in proportion to such risk.¹² For the avoidance of doubt, such changes would have no impact on OCC’s calculation of STANS margin requirements or other models.

As noted earlier, OCC already has the authority to issue intraday margin calls under Rule 609 to maintain sufficient financial resources to cover its credit exposures.¹³ Under the existing portfolio revaluation process, OCC can issue margin calls consistent with OCC’s policies and procedures, to address the credit exposure from any unrealized losses in a Clearing Member’s account above and beyond certain predetermined thresholds based on current market prices applied to a Clearing Member’s start-of-day positions. This process measures a Clearing Member’s profits and losses throughout the trading day. However, the process is limited, as currently designed, because it only considers a static snapshot of the account, comprised of a Clearing Member’s start-of-day positions. This proposed rule change would not amend the purpose of the existing process, *i.e.*, measuring a Clearing Member’s intraday profits and losses; rather, it would introduce an

improvement to the calculations by incorporating a Clearing Member’s current positions in place of a Clearing Member’s static start-of-day positions in the calculations. The proposed change from using static start-of-day positions to using current positions as inputs would allow OCC to account for both realized and unrealized losses due to market movements, the product of which will represent a near real-time determination of losses held across all Clearing Member accounts.

Margin calls issued under OCC’s other intraday margin proposal recently approved by the Commission, File No. SR–OCC–2024–010 (the “2024 Proposal”),¹⁴ address a different type of exposure. Margin calls issued under this proposed rule change, File No. SR–OCC–2025–007, address losses on current positions caused by market movements to limit OCC’s exposure to intraday losses before the next start-of-day margin collection. In contrast, margin calls issued under the 2024 Proposal address the increase in the risk of losses (*i.e.*, risk exposures) to minimize under-margining due to intraday trading activity that is not captured by start-of-day margin requirements calculated for the account. Like the current proposed rule change, under the 2024 Proposal, OCC can call for additional financial resources intraday by issuing intraday margin calls consistent with Rule 609 and OCC’s policies and procedures. Under the 2024 Proposal, margin calls, if assessed, would target the increase in risk exposures resulting from intraday trading activities that breach certain risk-based statistical thresholds in individual Clearing Member accounts. Both proposals considered together would allow OCC to issue two separate margin calls on the same day to a Clearing Member, each targeting a specific type of exposure presented to OCC. Margin calls issued under this proposal are additional financial resources used to cover realized and unrealized losses. In contrast, margin calls issued under the 2024 Proposal are additional financial resources used to cover increased risk exposures. Both margin calls would encompass the Clearing Member’s intraday trading activity for that day.

To illustrate this scenario, consider a hypothetical Clearing Member account that on a given trading day starts with a certain profit and loss threshold (as currently is the case in OCC’s portfolio revaluation process), and an intraday monitoring threshold unique to that account’s historic activity determined under the 2024 Proposal. Suppose further that early in the trading day the Clearing Member sells out of the money naked call options on an underlying equity or index. If later in the day the underlying price increases substantially, the call option may turn deep in the money causing potential outsized losses to the Clearing Member. By midday, the loss on that trade in the Clearing Member account may exceed the loss threshold for the account on that day. This would result in a margin call being issued to the Clearing Member requesting additional financial resources under this proposal based on the losses in the account. This same trade could increase the Clearing Member’s intraday risk exposure to OCC since it would constitute a new position held in that account. The resulting increase in risk exposure could exceed the intraday monitoring threshold for the account on that day and compel OCC to seek additional financial resources to cover this rise in intraday risk by issuing a separate margin call under the 2024 Proposal. The margin call issued under this proposal would cover the losses in the Clearing Member account at that point in time, and the margin call issued under the 2024 proposal would cover potential future losses. In practice, the example envisaged above would apply to current positions to account for intraday losses and increases in intraday risk exposures in Clearing Member accounts.

Proposed Changes

OCC proposes to help mitigate its intraday risk exposure to its Clearing Members by updating its portfolio revaluation process to use current positions instead of start-of-day positions for purposes of determining intraday margin calls, as further described below. The proposed rule change is designed to allow OCC to better monitor intraday risk exposure to its Clearing Members and collect margin on an intraday basis in consideration of both position and price changes.

OCC utilizes its portfolio revaluation process to address the change in value of margin collateral. For purposes of charging intraday margin calls, OCC’s portfolio revaluation process monitors a Clearing Member account’s unrealized losses based on start-of-day positions. Start-of-day positions are revalued with

¹¹ The term “current positions” refers to Clearing Member positions at a certain point in time during the regular trading hours (“RTH”), which includes positions from the start-of-day and those generated during ETH and RTH.

¹² The proposed rule change would not change the current thresholds for intraday or ETH margin calls that are set out in the Margin Policy.

¹³ See *supra* note 6.

¹⁴ See Exchange Act Release Nos. 102768 (Apr. 3, 2025), 90 FR 15274 (Apr. 9, 2025) (File No. SR–OCC–2024–010) (Order approving OCC proposal to establish a margin add-on charge that would be applied to all Clearing Member accounts); 102202 (Jan. 15, 2025), 90 FR 7722 (Jan. 22, 2025) (File No. SR–OCC–2024–010); 100664 (Aug. 6, 2024), 89 FR 65695 (Aug. 12, 2024) (File No. SR–OCC–2024–010).

current prices at set intervals (“revaluation runs” or “runs”) during standard equity trading hours to calculate updated account P&L. In accordance with OCC’s Margin Policy, intraday margin calls are issued when unrealized losses are observed for an account, based on start-of-day positions, exceeding the threshold of 50% of that account’s total risk charges.¹⁵ OCC has established a minimum value of \$500,000¹⁶ below which OCC will not issue an intraday margin call and a standard time for processing margin calls.¹⁷ Intraday margin calls are generally issued at a single collection time at or around 12:00 p.m. Central Time (“CT”).¹⁸ OCC nonetheless retains its authority under Rule 609(a) to issue margin calls at any time on any business day.¹⁹

Under the proposed changes, the IPL process would incorporate current positions instead of start-of-day positions in intraday margin call P&L calculations. For purposes of charging intraday margin calls, OCC’s IPL process would measure the change in risk by calculating near real-time P&L values on Clearing Member positions. Current positions would be revalued with current prices every five minutes during standard equity trading hours to calculate updated account P&L.²⁰ Intraday margin calls would be issued when unrealized losses are observed for an account, based on current positions, exceeding the 50% threshold of that account’s total risk charges, as they are issued today. Such intraday margin calls would, in general, continue to be issued at a single collection time at or around 12:00 p.m. CT in accordance with the current process. OCC does not propose any changes to the minimum margin call value or the standard time for processing margin calls.

The proposed changes would allow OCC to collect resources from Clearing Members intraday based on changes in both positions and prices. Such changes are designed to allow OCC to better monitor intraday exposure by accounting for intraday position

changes and collecting intraday margin accordingly. Because the current process revalues start-of-day positions, it does not account for Clearing Members engaging in risk-reducing or risk-increasing trades throughout the trading day. By revaluing current positions, the proposed IPL process would allow OCC to call for resources in response to intraday position changes, such as Clearing Members building large positions or trading out of their positions. For instance, a Clearing Member’s start-of-day positions may present unrealized losses that exceed the threshold, whereas a Clearing Member’s intraday positions may present unrealized losses that do not exceed the threshold due to intraday risk-reducing trades. A Clearing Member’s start-of-day positions may lead to a larger margin call under the existing process than would be commensurate with the risks presented by its current positions.

For the avoidance of doubt, the proposed rule change would have no impact on OCC’s calculation of STANS margin requirements or other models. OCC does not currently re-calculate STANS margin requirements on an intraday basis for purposes of charging an intraday margin call and does not propose to do so using this proposed rule change. The proposed rule change relates to the threshold for intraday margin calls when unrealized losses on a Clearing Member’s account are greater than 50% of the account’s total risk charges. The impact will be dependent on a Clearing Member’s trading activity and whether it is risk-reducing or risk-increasing relative to start-of-day positions used under the current approach.

Portfolio Revaluation Process Changes

The changes to the portfolio revaluation process are described below. Overall, the proposed rule change is intended to help mitigate exposure resulting from intraday changes to Clearing Member positions that may not be captured by the existing process.

Current process: Currently, revaluation runs for standard equity trading hours occur between 8:30 a.m. CT and 3:15 p.m. CT. Revaluation runs provide updated account P&L pertaining to start-of-day positions using current prices approximately every 40 minutes. OCC’s system determines whether account P&L breaches the applicable threshold and sends an automated email to OCC’s Market Risk and Default Management team (“MRDM”) for review approximately every 40 minutes. After MRDM verifies that unrealized losses on a Clearing Member’s account are greater

than 50% of the account’s total risk charges, a recommendation for an intraday margin call for additional margin collateral is escalated to Financial Risk Management (“FRM”) team management. FRM management retains the authority to determine whether to approve the issuance of such intraday margin calls at a single collection time at or around 12:00 p.m. CT.²¹ Under the Margin Policy, such margin calls must be approved by an OCC employee with the title of Executive Director or above. In situations where the approver determines the accuracy of the call may be in question or other factors indicate that it may be prudent to confirm the margin call amount, the approver may defer the decision to execute the margin call to a subsequent portfolio revaluation to confirm its validity. Margin calls after 1:30 p.m. CT must be approved by the Chief Financial Risk Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, or Chief Risk Officer (“Senior Management”).²² OCC retains its authority under Rule 609(a) to issue margin calls at any time on any business day.²³

Amended process: As amended, IPL runs for standard equity trading hours will continue to occur between 8:30 a.m. CT and 3:15 p.m. CT. IPL runs will provide updated account P&L pertaining to current positions using current prices every five minutes. OCC’s system will determine whether account P&L breaches the applicable threshold and send an automated email to MRDM for review if there is a breach at set intervals. Such intervals will be configurable by OCC and will initially be set every 40 minutes. After MRDM verifies that unrealized losses on a Clearing Member’s account are greater than 50% of the account’s total risk charges, a recommendation for an intraday margin call for additional margin collateral will be escalated to FRM management. FRM management will retain the authority to determine whether to approve the issuance of such intraday margin calls at a single collection time at or around 12:00 p.m. CT.²⁴ Under the Margin Policy, margin calls will continue to require approval by an OCC employee with the title of

²¹ The margin call would be issued based on the first complete and valid revaluation run at or around 12:00 p.m. CT. If no exceedance is detected at the time, no margin call is issued, even if the account had an exceedance during earlier runs.

²² See *supra* note 15.

²³ See *supra* note 17.

²⁴ The margin call would be issued based on the first complete and valid IPL run at or around 12:00 p.m. CT. If no exceedance is detected at the time, no margin call is issued, even if the account had an exceedance during earlier runs.

¹⁵ See *supra* note 7.

¹⁶ The minimum margin call threshold is aligned with the minimum Clearing Fund deposit of \$500,000. See OCC Rule 1003(a).

¹⁷ See Exhibit 3A to File No. SR–OCC–2025–007 for the Portfolio Revaluation Monitoring Procedure.

¹⁸ *Id.*

¹⁹ See OCC Rule 609(a) (“[OCC] may require the deposit of additional margin (‘intra-day margin’) by any Clearing Member in any account at any time during any business day to reflect changes in: . . .”).

²⁰ OCC does not propose any changes to its process for issuing ETH margin calls as part of this proposed rule change and the proposed IPL process will not impact ETH margin calls.

Executive Director or above. In situations where the approver determines the accuracy of the call may be in question or other factors indicate that it may be prudent to confirm the margin call amount, the approver may defer the decision to execute the margin

call to a subsequent run to confirm its validity. Margin calls after 1:30 p.m. CT will continue to require approval by Senior Management. OCC will retain its authority under Rule 609(a) to issue margin calls at any time on any business day.²⁵

OCC also reviewed the potential impact of the proposed changes across all Clearing Members over a one-year period from February 2024 to January 2025 summarized in the following table:

TABLE 1—COMPARISON BETWEEN PORTFOLIO REVALUATION AND IPL

	Current methodology	Proposed methodology
Total Margin Call Amount	\$6,448.7 million	\$6,991.4 million.
No. of Margin Calls	93	125.
Average Call Amount	\$69.3 million	\$55.9 million.

Overall, under the proposed methodology, the total number of margin calls is expected to increase by 34%, to 125 from the current 93 margin calls issued. However, average call amounts would be lower and reduced by approximately 19.3%, the equivalent of a \$13.4 million drop for an average call of around \$55.9 million. The minimum call amount would remain the same starting at \$500,000, but under the proposed methodology the largest call amount would also be reduced by 21.8%, the equivalent of a \$190.6 million drop to a lower call of \$682.7 million. Depending on the member's activity on a given date, intraday margin call amounts generated using current positions were on average lower than those under the portfolio revaluation process. While margin calls resulting from the proposed changes may differ across Clearing Members due to members' activity, OCC believes that margin coverage under the enhanced IPL process will be more commensurate with the risks presented by its members' activity.²⁶

Policy Changes

To effect the proposed changes, OCC would amend the Margin Policy as follows. The current language requires FRM to ensure that OCC issues a margin call during standard equity trading hours, as provided in relevant procedures. OCC proposes to establish new procedures for FRM to monitor portfolios such that that OCC will be able to issue intraday margin calls during standard equity trading hours as portfolio positions change. Such changes are intended to emphasize that

OCC engages in ongoing monitoring and to consider the authority provided to FRM management to determine whether to approve the issuance of intraday margin calls, as provided in the current procedures. OCC also proposes to replace references to portfolio revaluation and the Portfolio Revaluation Monitoring Procedure with references to IPL and the Intraday Profit & Loss Monitoring Procedure.²⁷ Furthermore, the Margin Policy currently directs OCC's FRM to issue an intraday margin call during standard equity trading hours when unrealized losses are observed for an account, based on start-of-day positions, exceeding 50% of that account's total risk charges. OCC proposes to remove "start-of-day" to show that the IPL process uses current positions for purposes of determining intraday margin calls. OCC also proposes to replace "total risk charges" with "total margin charges". In this context, "total risk charges" consists of expected shortfall ("ES"),²⁸ stress test charges, and add-on charges. As amended "total margin charges" would continue to consist of ES, stress test charges and add-on charges. This change is intended to avoid potential confusion with the term "Total Risk" which is a defined term.²⁹ Given the similarity of these terms, OCC believes "total margin charges" is clearer in the context of intraday margin calls. Conforming changes are proposed in the following section when referencing "total risk charges". This proposed rule change is designed to address the risk that OCC's exposure to its Clearing Members may change as a result of intraday position

changes. Overall, this proposed rule change would allow OCC to better monitor intraday risk exposure to its Clearing Members and clarify that OCC can collect margin on an intraday basis in consideration of both position and price changes.

Implementation Timeframe

The proposed changes are related to a larger OCC technology initiative, Ovation. OCC will implement the proposed changes at the time Ovation becomes OCC's system of record, which is planned to launch in the first half of 2026.³⁰ Accordingly, OCC will announce the implementation date of the proposed changes by an Information Memorandum posted to its public website at least 2 weeks prior to implementation. OCC plans to launch Ovation and implement the proposed changes no later than June 30, 2026, and OCC will announce another intended implementation date by Information Memorandum posted to its public website if the changes will not be implemented by that date.

(2) Statutory Basis

OCC believes the proposed changes are consistent with the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to a registered clearing agency. In particular, OCC believes the proposed changes are consistent with Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act.³¹ Section 17A(b)(3)(F)³² of the Act requires, among other things, that the rules of a clearing agency be designed to promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions and, in general,

²⁵ See *supra* note 17.

²⁶ For the avoidance of doubt, the amended process will apply to all margin accounts other than cross-margin accounts for OCC's cross-margining program with the Chicago Mercantile Exchange ("CME"), which do not currently support intraday position feeds.

²⁷ The draft Intraday Profit & Loss Monitoring Procedure is provided as confidential Exhibit 3B to SR-OCC-2025-007.

²⁸ As employed by OCC, ES is established as the estimated average of potential losses higher than the 99% value at risk ("VaR") threshold. The term "VaR" refers to a statistical technique that is used in risk management to measure the potential risk of loss for a given set of assets over a particular time horizon.

²⁹ The term "Total Risk" is defined as 99% ES plus the stress test component in the STANS Methodology Description.

³⁰ See <https://www.theocc.com/Participant-Resources> (linking to reference guides and timelines for the launch of Ovation).

³¹ 15 U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(F).

³² *Id.*

to protect investors and the public interest. OCC believes that incorporating current positions in its portfolio revaluation process will help mitigate intraday risk exposure to its Clearing Members. As described above, OCC's exposure to its Clearing Members may change as a result of intraday changes in both prices and positions. OCC currently utilizes its portfolio revaluation process to determine intraday margin calls between the collection of margin at the start of each business day. Because the portfolio revaluation process is based on a Clearing Member's start-of-day positions, it does not consider exposure resulting from intraday position changes. To help mitigate such exposure, OCC proposes to incorporate current positions in the amended IPL process to determine intraday margin calls. The IPL process would calculate P&L values on Clearing Members' current portfolios using current market prices and monitor portfolios as they change throughout the day. The IPL process would measure the change in risk by calculating and incorporating near real-time P&L values on Clearing Member positions. This would allow OCC to better monitor intraday exposure by accounting for intraday position changes and collecting intraday margin accordingly, which would promote OCC's ability to continue to provide prompt and accurate clearance and settlement services. OCC thus believes that the proposed changes would be beneficial to and protective of OCC and its participants and that the proposed changes are therefore designed, in general, to protect investors and the public interest.

OCC believes that the proposed changes are also consistent with the SEC rules that apply to OCC as a covered clearing agency.³³ In particular, SEC Rule 17Ad-22(e)(6)(ii)³⁴ requires OCC to establish, implement, maintain and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to cover its credit exposures to its participants by establishing a risk-based margin system that, at a minimum, marks participant positions to market and collects margin, including variation margin or equivalent charges if relevant, at least daily and includes the authority and operational capacity to make intraday margin calls in defined circumstances. The proposed rule change would enhance OCC's ability to measure, monitor, and manage its credit exposures to its participants by utilizing the IPL process to consider current positions instead of start-of-day

positions. The proposed rule change is intended to help mitigate exposure resulting from intraday changes to Clearing Member positions that may not be currently captured by existing OCC processes. Overall, this proposed rule change would allow OCC to better monitor intraday risk exposure to its Clearing Members and collect margin on an intraday basis in consideration of both position and price changes. Moreover, OCC would be better positioned to account for risk-reducing or risk-increasing trades and collect financial resources in proportion to such risk. Such changes would help OCC further ensure that it has sufficient information to take action to manage intraday exposures that may arise. For the above reasons, OCC believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 17A of the Exchange Act³⁵ and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to OCC.

(B) Clearing Agency's Statement on Burden on Competition

Section 17A(b)(3)(I) requires that the rules of a clearing agency do not impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.³⁶ The proposed rule change is designed to help mitigate OCC's intraday risk exposure to its Clearing Members by utilizing the IPL process which incorporates current positions instead of start-of-day positions for purposes of determining intraday margin calls. The IPL process would be used by OCC across all Clearing Members. OCC thus does not believe that the proposed rule change would unfairly hinder access to OCC's services.

While the proposed rule change may impact Clearing Members differently depending on their trading activity, OCC does not believe that the proposed rule change would impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Exchange Act. As discussed above, OCC's impact analysis indicates that at the Clearing Member level, while the number of intraday margin calls may increase from using current positions due to individual Clearing Member's trading activity on a given date, intraday margin call amounts would on average be lower than those under the portfolio revaluation process. While margin calls resulting from the proposed changes may differ due to Clearing Members' activity, OCC believes that margin coverage under the enhanced IPL

process will be more commensurate with the risks presented by its Clearing Members' activity. Because the current process revalues start-of-day positions, it does not account for Clearing Members engaging in risk-reducing or risk-increasing trades throughout the trading day. By revaluing current positions, the proposed IPL process would allow OCC to call for resources in response to intraday position changes, such as Clearing Members building large positions or trading out of their positions. For example, the proposed IPL process would allow for risk-reducing positions to be incorporated into OCC's intraday margin collection cycle and would reduce intraday margin calls for some accounts which actively risk-manage their portfolios. Ultimately, the impact of the proposed rule change will be dependent on a Clearing Member's trading activity and whether it is risk-reducing or risk-increasing relative to the start-of-day positions used under the current approach. Further, the proposed rule change is intended to help mitigate exposure resulting from intraday changes to Clearing Member positions that may not be currently captured by existing OCC processes. The proposed rule change would be applied uniformly across all Clearing Members. Accordingly, OCC believes that the proposed rule change would not impose any burden or impact on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Exchange Act.

(C) Clearing Agency's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants or Others

Written comments were not and are not intended to be solicited with respect to the proposed rule change, and have not been received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** or within such longer period up to 90 days (i) as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the selfregulatory organization consents, the Commission will:

- (A) by order approve or disapprove such proposed rule change, or
- (B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

The proposal shall not take effect until all regulatory actions required

³³ 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(a)(5).

³⁴ 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(6)(ii).

³⁵ 15 U.S.C. 78q-1.

³⁶ 15 U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(I).

with respect to the proposal are completed.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include file number SR-OCC-2025-007 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to file number SR-OCC-2025-007. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Copies of such filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of OCC and on OCC's website at <https://www.theocc.com/Company-Information/Documents-and-Archives/By-Laws-and-Rules>. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection.

All submissions should refer to file number SR-OCC-2025-007 and should be submitted on or before June 23, 2025.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.³⁷

Stephanie J. Fouse,
Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025-09847 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Meetings

TIME AND DATE: Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the Government in the Sunshine Act, Public Law 94-409, that the Securities and Exchange Commission will hold an Open Meeting on Wednesday, June 4, 2025, at 1:00 p.m. (ET).

PLACE: The meeting will be held in Auditorium LL-002 at the Commission's headquarters, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549 and will be simultaneously webcast on the Commission's website at www.sec.gov.

STATUS: This meeting will begin at 1:00 p.m. (ET) and will be open to the public. Seating will be on a first-come, first-served basis. Visitors will be subject to security checks. The meeting will be webcast on the Commission's website at www.sec.gov.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

1. The Commission will consider whether to issue a concept release on the definition of a foreign private issuer.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION: For further information, please contact Vanessa A. Countryman from the Office of the Secretary at (202) 551-5400.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 552b.

Dated: May 29, 2025.

Vanessa A. Countryman,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025-10072 Filed 5-29-25; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-103127; File No. SR-NYSE-2025-10]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; NYSE National, Inc.; Notice of Filing of a Proposed Rule Change To Amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule

May 27, 2025.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) ¹ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act") ² and Rule 19b-4 thereunder, ³

³⁷ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 15 U.S.C. 78a.

³ 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

notice is hereby given that, on May 13, 2025, NYSE National, Inc. ("NYSE National" or "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") a proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule to add hardware procurement services and managed services at the Mahwah Data Center. The proposed change is available on the Exchange's website at www.nyse.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission's Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of those statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend the Connectivity Fee Schedule to add hardware procurement services and managed services in the colocation halls at the Mahwah Data Center ("MDC").⁴

Hardware Procurement Services

The Exchange has recently received requests from several Users⁵ and

⁴ Through its Fixed Income and Data Services ("FIDS") business, Intercontinental Exchange, Inc. ("ICE") operates the MDC. The Exchange and its affiliates New York Stock Exchange LLC, NYSE American LLC, NYSE Arca, Inc., and NYSE Texas, Inc. (the "Affiliate SROs") are indirect subsidiaries of ICE. Each of the Exchange's Affiliate SROs has submitted substantially the same proposed rule change to propose the changes described herein. See SR-NYSE-2025-17, SR-NYSEAMER-2025-28, SR-NYSEARCA-2025-35, and SR-NYSETEX-2025-07.

⁵ For purposes of the Exchange's colocation services, a "User" means any market participant

prospective Users for the Exchange to start providing hardware procurement services in the colocation halls at the MDC. Under such services, FIDS⁶ would engage a third-party procurement specialist to procure, purchase, integrate and deliver hardware for the User to use in the colocation halls at the MDC based on specifications provided by the User. FIDS would charge the User the procurement specialist's fees for procuring such hardware plus a 10% service fee to be retained by FIDS.

The Exchange understands that some Users would find such an arrangement desirable because it would allow them to obtain all necessary hardware from FIDS, with whom the User already has a contractual relationship, as opposed to having to contract directly with a procurement specialist or with multiple third-party hardware vendors. These Users have explained that contracting with FIDS to obtain hardware would allow the Users to avoid the onerous process of onboarding the hardware vendors as approved sellers in their procurement systems. It is the Exchange's understanding that such onboarding generally requires Users to, among other things: evaluate each vendor's financial and credit history; check their service track record; evaluate their sustainability credentials;

assess their compliance with regulations; obtain their agreement to an ethical code of conduct; and establish ordering processes, payment terms, and delivery processes with each vendor. By contrast, the proposed arrangement would permit the User to obtain necessary hardware by contracting only with FIDS—a vendor already established in the User's systems—in exchange for paying FIDS a service fee equal to 10% of the procurement specialist's fees for procuring such hardware.

Managed Services

Similarly, some Users and prospective Users have also requested that the Exchange begin providing “managed services” in the colocation halls at the MDC. The term “managed services” typically refers to a customer's hiring a third-party vendor to provide information technology (“IT”) support for the customer's hardware in a data center, so that the customer can focus its own IT resources elsewhere. A vendor providing managed services typically monitors the customer's servers and other hardware in the data center, diagnoses solutions for configuration challenges, works with the data center's operations team regarding any changes to such configurations, and provides

around-the-clock monitoring, troubleshooting, and remediation of any problems concerning the customer's hardware in the data center.

As with hardware procurement, Users and prospective Users have asked the Exchange to add a service in the colocation halls at the MDC that would permit FIDS to contract with a third-party managed services provider on the User's or prospective User's behalf. This would allow the Users and prospective Users to benefit from managed services within the colocation halls at the MDC while avoiding the many challenges (listed above) with onboarding a new vendor as an approved seller in their procurement systems. Under the proposed arrangement, a User could purchase managed services by contracting with FIDS, which would charge the User the specialist's fees for performing the services plus a fee to FIDS equal to 10% of the managed services provider's fees for providing such services.

Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, FIDS proposes to amend Section A of the Connectivity Fee Schedule regarding Co-Location Fees to add hardware procurement services and managed services, as follows:

Type of service	Description	Amount of charge
Hardware Procurement Services	FIDS' engaging a hardware procurement specialist to obtain hardware on User's behalf.	Procurement specialist's fees (which FIDS passes through to the procurement specialist) plus 10% service fee payable to FIDS.
Managed Services	FIDS' engaging a managed services provider on User's behalf.	Managed services provider's fees (which FIDS passes through to the managed services provider) plus 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

Application and Impact of the Proposed Changes

The proposed changes are not targeted at, or expected to be limited in applicability to, a specific segment of market participant. The proposed services would be available to any potential User on a completely voluntary and non-discriminatory basis. The proposed changes would not apply differently to distinct types or sizes of Users. Rather, they would apply to all Users equally. The Exchange anticipates that some of the Users currently requesting the services from FIDS would use the service.

The proposed changes are not otherwise intended to address any other issues relating to services related to the MDC and/or related fees, and the Exchange is not aware of any problems that market participants would have in complying with the proposed change.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,⁷ in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act,⁸ in particular, because it is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and

coordination with persons engaged in regulating, clearing, settling, processing information with respect to, and facilitating transactions in securities, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest and because it is not designed to permit unfair discrimination between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers. The Exchange further believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b)(4) of the Act,⁹ because it provides for the equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees, and other charges among its members and issuers and

that requests to receive colocation services directly from the Exchange. See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 83351 (May 31, 2018), 83 FR 26314 at n.9 (June 6, 2018) (SR–NYSENAT–2018–07). As specified in the Connectivity Fee Schedule, a User

that incurs colocation fees for a particular colocation service pursuant thereto would not be subject to colocation fees for the same colocation service charged by the Affiliate SROs.

⁶ In this proposal, the term “FIDS” includes FIDS and any ICE subsidiaries that are successors-in-interest to FIDS.

⁷ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b).

⁸ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

⁹ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(4).

other persons using its facilities and does not unfairly discriminate between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers.

The Proposed Change Is Reasonable

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is reasonable. First, with respect to the fees charged by the hardware procurement specialists and the managed services specialists, it is reasonable that the Exchange would pass any payments it receives from the User for such services on to the specialist who performed the services.

Second, the Exchange believes it is reasonable for FIDS to charge and retain a 10% fee for performing the service of contracting with the hardware procurement specialist or managed service specialist on the User's behalf and handling the User's payments of such specialists' fees. The proposed 10% service fee is a nominal amount that would compensate FIDS for its work contracting and handling payments on behalf of the User.

Moreover, the proposed 10% service fee is reasonable because any Users who do not wish to pay it can instead contract directly with any number of hardware procurement specialists and managed services specialists. There are numerous third parties that currently provide hardware procurement and managed services in the colocation halls at the MDC without the involvement of FIDS or the Exchange, and Users and potential Users could continue to obtain such services from these third parties in the future. The Exchange would not take any actions to block or prevent such third parties from providing their services.

In addition, there is no requirement that any User or potential User purchase the services proposed in this filing. As noted above, the Exchange is proposing such services as a convenience to Users and potential Users who have specifically indicated their preference to buy such services from FIDS instead of from a different vendor, and to pay FIDS a fee for facilitating that arrangement. If a User believes the 10% service fee is too high, it has the option of acquiring the services it needs directly from the specialists instead.

The Proposed Change Is an Equitable Allocation of Fees and Credits

The Exchange believes that its proposal equitably allocates its fees among Users. The Exchange believes that the proposed fees are equitable because they would not apply differently to distinct types or sizes of Users. Rather, it would apply equally to any Users who opted to purchase the proposed services.

In addition, the Exchange believes that the proposal is equitable because only market participants that voluntarily select to use the proposed hardware procurement services or the managed services would be charged for them. The proposed services would be available to all Users on an equal basis, and all Users that voluntarily choose to use the proposed services would be charged the fees incurred on their behalf by the hardware procurement specialist or the managed services specialist, plus the same 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

The Proposed Change Is Not Unfairly Discriminatory

The Exchange believes its proposal is not unfairly discriminatory. The proposed change does not apply differently to different types or sizes of Users. Rather, it would apply to all Users equally.

In addition, the Exchange believes that the proposal is not unfairly discriminatory because only Users that voluntarily select to receive the proposed services would be charged for them. The proposed services would be available to all Users on an equal basis, and all Users that voluntarily choose to use the service would be charged the fees incurred on their behalf by the hardware procurement specialist or the managed services specialist, plus the same 10% service fee payable to FIDS.

For all these reasons, the Exchange believes that the proposal is consistent with the Act.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

In accordance with Section 6(b)(8) of the Act,¹⁰ the Exchange believes that the proposed rule change will not impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The proposed change would not affect competition among national securities exchanges or among members of the Exchange. Rather, the Exchange believes that by offering the proposed services, it will provide an alternate, non-exclusive method for Users who wish to purchase hardware procurement services or managed services to obtain such services in the MDC, in addition to the numerous third-party specialists from whom Users can obtain such services directly.

¹⁰ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(8).

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

No written comments were solicited or received with respect to the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** or within such longer period up to 90 days (i) as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission will:

- (A) by order approve or disapprove the proposed rule change, or
- (B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include file number SR-NYSENAT-2025-10 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSENAT-2025-10. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the

provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSENAT-2025-10 and should be submitted on or before June 23, 2025.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.¹¹

Stephanie J. Fouse,
Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025-09851 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE P

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

**[Disaster Declaration #21106 and #21107;
ARKANSAS Disaster Number AR-20028]**

Presidential Declaration of a Major Disaster for Public Assistance Only for the State of Arkansas

AGENCY: U.S. Small Business
Administration.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This is a Notice of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for Public Assistance Only for the State of Arkansas (FEMA-4873-DR), dated May 21, 2025.

Incident: Severe Storms, Tornadoes, and Flooding.

DATES: Issued on May 21, 2025.

Incident Period: April 2, 2025 through April 22, 2025.

Physical Loan Application Deadline Date: July 21, 2025.

Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date: February 23, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Visit the MySBA Loan Portal at <https://lending.sba.gov> to apply for a disaster assistance loan.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sharon Henderson, Office of Disaster Recovery & Resilience, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street SW, Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416, (202) 205-6734.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that as a result of the President's major disaster declaration on May 21, 2025, Private Non-Profit organizations that provide essential services of a governmental nature may file disaster loan applications online using the MySBA Loan Portal <https://lending.sba.gov> or other locally announced locations. Please contact the SBA disaster assistance customer service center by email at disastercustomerservice@sba.gov or by phone at 1-800-659-2955 for further assistance.

The following areas have been determined to be adversely affected by the disaster:

Primary Counties: Clark, Clay, Craighead, Cross, Dallas, Desha, Fulton, Greene, Hempstead, Hot Spring, Izard, Jackson, Lafayette, Lawrence, Lee, Little River, Lonoke, Marion, Miller, Monroe, Montgomery, Nevada, Newton, Pike, Poinsett, Prairie, Pulaski, Randolph, Saline, Scott, Searcy, Sevier, Sharp, St. Francis, Stone, Woodruff.

The Interest Rates are:

	Percent
<i>For Physical Damage:</i> Non-Profit Organizations with Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625
Non-Profit Organizations without Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625
<i>For Economic Injury:</i> Non-Profit Organizations without Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625

The number assigned to this disaster for physical damage is 211066 and for economic injury is 211070.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number 59008)

James Stallings,

Associate Administrator, Office of Disaster Recovery & Resilience.

[FR Doc. 2025-09930 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8026-09-P

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

**[Disaster Declaration #21108 and #21109;
MISSOURI Disaster Number MO-20016]**

Presidential Declaration of a Major Disaster for Public Assistance Only for the State of Missouri

AGENCY: U.S. Small Business
Administration.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This is a Notice of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for Public Assistance Only for the State of Missouri (FEMA-4867-DR), dated May 21, 2025.

Incident: Severe Storms, Straight-line Winds, Tornadoes, and Wildfires.

DATES: Issued on May 21, 2025.

Incident Period: March 14, 2025 through March 15, 2025.

Physical Loan Application Deadline Date: July 21, 2025.

Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date: February 23, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Visit the MySBA Loan Portal at <https://lending.sba.gov> to apply for a disaster assistance loan.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sharon Henderson, Office of Disaster Recovery & Resilience, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street SW, Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416, (202) 205-6734.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that as a result of the President's major disaster declaration on May 21, 2025, Private Non-Profit organizations that provide essential services of a governmental nature may file disaster loan applications online using the MySBA Loan Portal <https://lending.sba.gov> or other locally announced locations. Please contact the SBA disaster assistance customer service center by email at disastercustomerservice@sba.gov or by phone at 1-800-659-2955 for further assistance.

The following areas have been determined to be adversely affected by the disaster:

Primary Counties: Bollinger, Butler, Callaway, Carter, Dunklin, Franklin, Howell, Iron, Madison, New Madrid, Oregon, Ozark, Perry, Phelps, Reynolds, Ripley, Scott, Shannon, Stoddard, Wayne.

The Interest Rates are:

	Percent
<i>For Physical Damage:</i> Non-Profit Organizations with Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625
Non-Profit Organizations without Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625
<i>For Economic Injury:</i> Non-Profit Organizations without Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625

The number assigned to this disaster for physical damage is 21108C and for economic injury is 211090.

¹¹ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number 59008)

James Stallings,

Associate Administrator, Office of Disaster Recovery & Resilience.

[FR Doc. 2025-09926 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8026-09-P

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration #21100 and #21101; MISSISSIPPI Disaster Number MS-20012]

Presidential Declaration of a Major Disaster for the State of Mississippi

AGENCY: U.S. Small Business Administration.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This is a Notice of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for the State of Mississippi (FEMA-4874-DR), dated May 21, 2025.

Incident: Severe Storms, Straight-line Winds, Tornadoes, and Flooding.

DATES: Issued on May 21, 2025.

Incident Period: March 14, 2025 through March 15, 2025.

Physical Loan Application Deadline Date: July 21, 2025.

Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date: February 23, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Visit the MySBA Loan Portal at <https://lending.sba.gov> to apply for a disaster assistance loan.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sharon Henderson, Office of Disaster Recovery & Resilience, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street SW, Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416, (202) 205-6734.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that as a result of the President's major disaster declaration on May 21, 2025, applications for disaster loans may be submitted online using the MySBA Loan Portal <https://lending.sba.gov> or other locally announced locations. Please contact the SBA disaster assistance customer service center by email at disastercustomerservice@sba.gov or by phone at 1-800-659-2955 for further assistance.

The following areas have been determined to be adversely affected by the disaster:

Primary Counties (Physical Damage and Economic Injury Loans): Covington, Grenada, Issaquena, Itawamba, Jefferson Davis, Leflore, Marion, Montgomery, Pike, Smith, Walthall.
Contiguous Counties/Parishes (Economic Injury Loans Only): Mississippi: Amite, Attala, Calhoun, Carroll, Choctaw, Forrest, Holmes,

Humphreys, Jasper, Jones, Lamar, Lawrence, Lee, Lincoln, Monroe, Newton, Pearl River, Prentiss, Rankin, Scott, Sharkey, Simpson, Sunflower, Tallahatchie, Tishomingo, Warren, Washington, Webster, Yalobusha, Yazoo.

Alabama: Franklin, Marion.

Arkansas: Chicot.

Louisiana: East Carroll, Tangipahoa, Washington.

The Interest Rates are:

	Percent
<i>For Physical Damage:</i>	
Homeowners with Credit Available Elsewhere	5.500
Homeowners without Credit Available Elsewhere	2.750
Businesses with Credit Available Elsewhere	8.000
Businesses without Credit Available Elsewhere	4.000
Non-Profit Organizations with Credit Available Elsewhere ...	3.625
Non-Profit Organizations without Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625
<i>For Economic Injury:</i>	
Business and Small Agricultural Cooperatives without Credit Available Elsewhere	4.000
Non-Profit Organizations without Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625

The number assigned to this disaster for physical damage is 21100C and for economic injury is 211010.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number 59008)

James Stallings,

Associate Administrator, Office of Disaster Recovery & Resilience.

[FR Doc. 2025-09839 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8026-09-P

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration #21094 and #21095; MISSOURI Disaster Number MO-20011]

Presidential Declaration of a Major Disaster for the State of Missouri

AGENCY: U.S. Small Business Administration.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This is a Notice of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for the State of Missouri (FEMA-4867-DR), dated May 21, 2025.

Incident: Severe Storms, Straight-line Winds, Tornadoes, and Wildfires.

DATES: Issued on May 21, 2025.

Incident Period: March 14, 2025 through March 15, 2025.

Physical Loan Application Deadline Date: July 21, 2025.

Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date: February 23, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Visit the MySBA Loan Portal at <https://lending.sba.gov> to apply for a disaster assistance loan.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sharon Henderson, Office of Disaster Recovery & Resilience, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street SW, Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416, (202) 205-6734.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that as a result of the President's major disaster declaration on May 21, 2025, applications for disaster loans may be submitted online using the MySBA Loan Portal <https://lending.sba.gov> or other locally announced locations. Please contact the SBA disaster assistance customer service center by email at disastercustomerservice@sba.gov or by phone at 1-800-659-2955 for further assistance.

The following areas have been determined to be adversely affected by the disaster:

Primary Counties (Physical Damage and Economic Injury Loans): Bollinger, Butler, Camden, Carter, Franklin, Howell, Iron, Jefferson, Oregon, Ozark, Perry, Phelps, Reynolds, Ripley, St. Louis, Wayne, Webster, Wright.

Contiguous Counties (Economic Injury Loans Only):

Missouri: Benton, Cape Girardeau, Christian, Crawford, Dallas, Dent, Douglas, Dunklin, Gasconade, Greene, Hickory, Laclede, Madison, Maries, Miller, Morgan, Pulaski, Shannon, St. Charles, St. Francois, St. Louis City, Ste. Genevieve, Stoddard, Taney, Texas, Warren, Washington.

Arkansas: Baxter, Clay, Fulton, Marion, Randolph, Sharp.
Illinois: Jackson, Madison, Monroe, Randolph, St. Clair, Union.

The Interest Rates are:

	Percent
<i>For Physical Damage:</i>	
Homeowners with Credit Available Elsewhere	5.500
Homeowners without Credit Available Elsewhere	2.750
Businesses with Credit Available Elsewhere	8.000
Businesses without Credit Available Elsewhere	4.000
Non-Profit Organizations with Credit Available Elsewhere ...	3.625
Non-Profit Organizations without Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625
<i>For Economic Injury:</i>	

	Percent
Business and Small Agricultural Cooperatives without Credit Available Elsewhere	4.000
Non-Profit Organizations without Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625

The number assigned to this disaster for physical damage is 21094C and for economic injury is 210950.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number 59008)

James Stallings,

Associate Administrator, Office of Disaster Recovery & Resilience.

[FR Doc. 2025–09843 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8026–09–P

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration #21104 and #21105; MISSISSIPPI Disaster Number MS–20015]

Presidential Declaration of a Major Disaster for Public Assistance Only for the State of Mississippi

AGENCY: U.S. Small Business Administration.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This is a Notice of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for Public Assistance Only for the State of Mississippi (FEMA–4874–DR), dated May 21, 2025.

Incident: Severe Storms, Straight-line Winds, Tornadoes, and Flooding.

DATES: Issued on May 21, 2025.

Incident Period: March 14, 2025 through March 15, 2025.

Physical Loan Application Deadline Date: July 21, 2025.

Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date: February 23, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Visit the MySBA Loan Portal at <https://lending.sba.gov> to apply for a disaster assistance loan.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sharon Henderson, Office of Disaster Recovery & Resilience, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street SW, Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416, (202) 205–6734.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that as a result of the President's major disaster declaration on May 21, 2025, Private Non-Profit organizations that provide essential services of a governmental nature may file disaster loan applications online using the MySBA Loan Portal <https://lending.sba.gov> or other locally announced locations. Please contact the SBA disaster assistance customer

service center by email at disastercustomerservice@sba.gov or by phone at 1–800–659–2955 for further assistance.

The following areas have been determined to be adversely affected by the disaster:

Primary Counties: Calhoun, Carroll, Covington, Grenada, Humphreys, Issaquena, Itawamba, Jefferson Davis, Lee, Leflore, Marion, Pike, Prentiss, Sharkey, Smith, Walthall, Washington.

The Interest Rates are:

	Percent
<i>For Physical Damage:</i>	
Non-Profit Organizations with Credit Available Elsewhere ...	3.625
Non-Profit Organizations without Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625
<i>For Economic Injury:</i>	
Non-Profit Organizations without Credit Available Elsewhere	3.625

The number assigned to this disaster for physical damage is 21104C and for economic injury is 211050.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number 59008)

James Stallings,

Associate Administrator, Office of Disaster Recovery & Resilience.

[FR Doc. 2025–09899 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8026–09–P

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice: 12742]

Shipping Coordinating Committee Charter Renewal

ACTION: Notice of renewal of an advisory committee charter.

SUMMARY: The Secretary of State announces the renewal of the charter of the Shipping Coordinating Committee, hereinafter referred to as ‘the Committee,’ in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further information about the Committee, please contact Leslie Hunt, Executive Secretary, Shipping Coordinating Committee, U.S. Department of State, Office of Ocean and Polar Affairs, at HuntLW@state.gov or by telephone at (202) 647–3946.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The main objectives of the Committee are:

(a) To provide an avenue for the views of interested members of the public to be presented to the Department of State

on a wide range of technical issues connected with international shipping safety, security, and environmental protection.

(b) Generally, meetings are convened prior to meetings of the International Maritime Organization (IMO) and other international meetings as necessary to discuss and make recommendations to the Assistant Secretary of State for Oceans and International Environmental and Scientific Affairs, and to guide U.S. delegations.

The Committee is established under the general authority of the Secretary of State and the Department of State (“the Department”) as set forth in 22 U.S.C. 2656. In accordance with Public Law 92–463, Section 14, it has been formally determined to be in the public interest to continue the Charter for another two years. The Charter was filed on March 7, 2025.

(Authority: 5 U.S.C. 1001 *et seq.*; 22 U.S.C. 2651a)

Leslie W. Hunt,

Executive Secretary, Shipping Coordinating Committee, Department of State.

[FR Doc. 2025–09846 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710–09–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

[Docket No. FAA–2025–0800]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Requests for Comments; Clearance of Renewed Approval of Information Collection: Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Support Center Case Management System (CMS)

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, FAA invites public comments about our intention to request the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval for a renewal of an information collection. The collection involves a public form on the faa.gov website to streamline how stakeholders’ questions are answered in a timely manner. Specifically, the Contact Customer Support form allows the public and other stakeholders to ask the FAA questions, as well as get the appropriate answer or information they need to operate their UAS or drone safely. The information to be collected will be used to and/or is necessary because it allows the UAS Integration Office to collect the

appropriate information about the stakeholder's name, preferred method of communications email address, phone number, zip code, type of flyer that would allow the Support Center Analysts to more efficiently answer the customer's specific question.

DATES: Written comments should be submitted by August 1, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Please send written comments:

By Electronic Docket:
www.regulations.gov (Enter docket number into search field).

By mail: Jose Skinner, Federal Aviation Administration UAS Integration Office, 950 L'Enfant Plaza SW, Suite 500, Washington, DC 20024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jose Skinner by email at: Jose.Skinner@faa.gov; phone: 817-222-5283.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Public Comments Invited: You are asked to comment on any aspect of this information collection, including (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for FAA's performance; (b) the accuracy of the estimated burden; (c) ways for FAA to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information collection; and (d) ways that the burden could be minimized without reducing the quality of the collected information. The agency will summarize and/or include your comments in the request for OMB's clearance of this information collection.

OMB Control Number: 2120-0810.

Title: Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Support Center Case Management System (CMS).

Form Numbers: Customer Inquiry form; Customer Inquiry Status Check Form.

Type of Review: This is a renewal of an information collection.

Background: Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Support Center Case Management System (CMS) streamlines how respondents' questions are answered. Specifically, the UAS Support Center CMS Customer Inquiry form allows the public and other stakeholders to ask the FAA questions, as well as get the appropriate answer/information that is needed to operate their UAS or drone safely. The UAS Support Center has a publicly available form to submit inquiries. This form allows the UAS Support Center to collect the appropriate information about the respondent's name (*i.e.*, first and last), preferred method of communications (*i.e.*, email or phone), email address, phone number, zip code (if needed), self-identification of type of flyer (*i.e.*, recreational, commercial/business, public safety, local

government, educational/research, Eyewitness Report, I don't know, and other), the subject of the inquiry, and inquiry/question). This information allows the UAS Support Center Analysts more information to efficiently answer the respondent's specific question. The respondents public form process starts with submitting an inquiry by using the public webform, shared email inbox, or by calling the UAS Support Center Analysts. Once the public user submits an inquiry, they will receive an automated system email receipt that includes inquiry reference number, created date, "tell us about yourself," subject, and their inquiry/question. The public users can also use the inquiry status public page to check their inquiry status. For a public user to check the status of an inquiry, the system requires the user to have and enter the reference number and email address that is used to when creating the inquiry. Once the system confirms that the email address and reference number match with the inquiry record that's currently in the system, it will display inquiry status and created date of the inquiry.

Respondents: Anyone may use the publicly available form to submit an inquiry. The respondent may submit any number of inquiries.

Frequency: As needed.

Estimated Average Burden per Response: Less than two minutes for a typical inquiry.

Estimated Total Annual Burden: The majority of respondents submit a one-time inquiry. The annual burden per respondent per inquiry is two minutes. Estimate around 33,000 inquiries per year equating to 66,000 minutes of total burden to the public per year.

Issued in Washington, DC.

Jennifer Audette,

Manager, UAS Integration Office, Operational Programs, AUS-410.

[FR Doc. 2025-09947 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

[Docket No. FAA-2025-0805]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Requests for Comments; Clearance of a Renewed Approval of Information Collection: Safety Statement Requirement for Manufacturers of Small Unmanned Aircraft

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, FAA invites public comments about our intention to request the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval to renew an information collection. The collection involves manufacturers of small unmanned aircraft providing a safety statement to owners of the UAS they produce. This is a statutory requirement. To minimize the burden on small businesses, the FAA has developed an example safety statement that can be used to satisfy the requirement. This FRN corrects the previously submitted 60-day FRN to include updated contact information and docket number.

DATES: Written comments should be submitted by August 1, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Please send written comments:

By Electronic Docket:
www.regulations.gov (FAA-2025-0805).

By mail: Jose Skinner, Federal Aviation Administration UAS Integration Office, 950 L'Enfant Plaza SW, Suite 500, Washington, DC 20024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jose Skinner by email at: Jose.Skinner@faa.gov; phone: 817-222-5283.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Public Comments Invited: You are asked to comment on any aspect of this information collection, including (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for FAA's performance; (b) the accuracy of the estimated burden; (c) ways for FAA to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information collection; and (d) ways that the burden could be minimized without reducing the quality of the collected information. The agency will summarize and/or include your comments in the request for OMB's clearance of this information collection.

OMB Control Number: 2120-0809.

Title: Safety Statement Requirement for Manufacturers of Small Unmanned Aircraft.

Form Numbers: N/A.

Type of Review: This is a renewal of an information collection.

Background: Section 2203 of the FAA Extension, Safety, and Security Act of 2016 (Pub. L. 114-90) requires manufacturers of small unmanned aircraft to make available to the owner a safety statement that satisfies requirements detailed in that section. The requirements include: 1. Information about, and sources of, laws and regulations applicable to small unmanned aircraft; 2. Recommendations

for using small unmanned aircraft in a manner that promotes the safety of person and property; 3. The date that the safety statement was created or last modified; and 4. Language approved by the Administrator regarding the following: a. A person may operate the small unmanned aircraft as a model aircraft (as defined in section 336 of the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012 (49 U.S.C. 40101 note)) or otherwise in accordance with Federal Aviation Administration authorization or regulation, including requirements for the completion of any applicable airman test. b. The definition of a model aircraft under section 336 of the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012 (49 U.S.C. 40101 note). c. The requirements regarding the operation of a model aircraft under section 336 of the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012 (49 U.S.C. 40101 note). d. The Administrator may pursue enforcement action against a person operating model aircraft who endangers the safety of the national airspace system. By statute, manufacturers will be required to make a safety statement available to small UAS owners. This manufacturer insert serves as an example safety statement that UAS manufacturers may use. The FAA provides an example safety statement and guidance to assist manufacturers to comply with this requirement.

Respondents: Manufacturers of small UAS sold in the U.S. (Association for Unmanned Vehicle Systems International (AUVSI) reports there are 471 active manufacturers in February 2019).

Frequency: On occasion.

Estimated Average Burden per Response: 40 hours.

Estimated Total Annual Burden: 18,840.

Issued in Washington, DC.

Jennifer Audette,

Manager, UAS Integration Office, Operational Programs, AUS-410.

[FR Doc. 2025-09946 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

[Docket No. FAA-2024-1625]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Requests for Comments; Clearance of a Renewed Approval of Information Collection: Certification: Airmen Other Than Flight Crewmembers, Aircraft Dispatchers and Aircraft Dispatcher Courses

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, FAA invites public comments about our intention to request the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval to renew an information collection. The **Federal Register** Notice with a 60-day comment period soliciting comments on the following collection of information was published on May 22, 2024. The collection involves the information that each applicant for an aircraft dispatcher certificate or FAA approval of an aircraft dispatcher course must submit to the FAA. These applications, reports and training course materials are provided to the local FAA Flight Standards District Office that oversees the certificates and FAA approvals. The collection is necessary for the FAA to determine qualification and the ability of the applicant to safely dispatch aircraft. Without this collection of information, applicants for a certificate or course approval would not be able to receive certification or approval. The collection of information for those who choose to train aircraft dispatcher applicants is to protect the applicants by ensuring that they are properly trained.

DATES: Written comments should be submitted by June 2, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nalee D. Romero by email at: Nalee.romero@faa.gov; by phone at: (202) 267-4702.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Public Comments Invited: You are asked to comment on any aspect of this information collection, including (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for FAA's performance; (b) the accuracy of the estimated burden; (c) ways for FAA to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information collection; and (d) ways that the burden could be minimized without reducing the quality of the collected information.

OMB Control Number: 2120-0648.

Title: Part 65—Certification: Airmen Other Than Flight Crewmembers, Subpart C—Aircraft Dispatchers and Appendix A to Part 65—Aircraft Dispatcher Courses.

Form Numbers: None.

Type of Review: Renewal of an information collection.

Background: The **Federal Register** Notice with a 60-day comment period soliciting comments on the following collection of information was published on May 22, 2024 (89 FR 45046). This collection involves the information that each applicant for an aircraft dispatcher certificate or FAA approval of an aircraft dispatcher course must submit to the FAA to comply with 14 CFR part 65, subpart C and appendix A. These applications, reports and training course materials are provided to the responsible FAA Flight Standards Office that oversees the certificates and FAA approvals.

This collection involves the knowledge testing that each applicant for an aircraft dispatcher certificate must successfully complete or information required to obtain FAA approval of an aircraft dispatcher course in order to comply with 14 CFR part 65, subpart C and appendix A. These applications, reports and training course materials are provided to the responsible FAA Flight Standards Office which oversees the certificates and FAA approvals.

The collection is necessary for the FAA to determine qualification and the ability of the applicant to safely dispatch aircraft. Without this collection of information, applicants for a certificate or course approval would not be able to receive certification or approval. The collection of information for those who choose to train aircraft dispatcher applicants is to protect the applicants by ensuring that they are properly trained.

Respondents: 51 approved Course Operators and average of 1,020 total Students.

Frequency: The collection is conducted annually.

Estimated Average Burden per Response: Varies by approved school

number of courses and students enrolled: Average of 108 hours per approved course operator.

Estimated Total Annual Burden: 5,499 Hours.

Issued in Washington, DC.

Nálee D. Romero,

PRA Program Manager or Management & Program Analyst, Air Transportation Division, AFS-200.

[FR Doc. 2025-10051 Filed 5-29-25; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Railroad Administration

[Docket Number FRA-2025-0044]

Notice of Application for Approval of Discontinuance or Modification of a Railroad Signal System

AGENCY: Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This document provides the public notice that Norfolk Southern Corporation (NS) petitioned FRA seeking approval to discontinue or modify a signal system.

DATES: FRA must receive comments on the petition by July 2, 2025. FRA will consider comments received after that date to the extent practicable.

ADDRESSES:

Comments: Comments related to this docket may be submitted by going to <https://www.regulations.gov> and following the online instructions for submitting comments.

Instructions: All submissions must include the agency name and docket number. All comments received will be posted without change to <https://www.regulations.gov>; this includes any personal information. Please see the Privacy Act heading in the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section of this document for Privacy Act information related to any submitted comments or materials.

Docket: For access to the docket to read background documents or comments received, go to <https://www.regulations.gov> and follow the online instructions for accessing the docket.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Scott Johnson, Railroad Safety Specialist, FRA Signal, Train Control, and Crossings Division, telephone: 406-210-3608, email: scott.j.johnson@dot.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under part 235 of title 49 Code of Federal

Regulations (CFR) and 49 U.S.C. 20502(a), this document provides the public notice that by letters dated March 17, 2025, and May 9, 2025, NS petitioned FRA seeking approval to discontinue or modify a signal system. FRA assigned the petition Docket Number FRA-2025-0044.

Specifically, NS requests to discontinue the traffic control system (TCS) on the AS Line within Asheville Yard, from milepost (MP) 138.18 to MP 141.33 of the Blue Ridge Division. NS additionally proposes to remove 10 circuited hand-throw switches/derails and to convert part of the track to NS Rule 93 operation and part to non-signaled main track within yard limits. In support of its application, NS states that “train operations in this area no longer warrant” the need for TCS, and the modification “will aid in the restoration efforts following storm-related damages,” which will “ensur[e] a safe operating environment as repairs are completed” to missing or non-repairable equipment. NS adds that the change will “maintain a conservative, risk averse operating environment.”

A copy of the petition, as well as any written communications concerning the petition, is available for review online at www.regulations.gov.

Interested parties are invited to participate in these proceedings by submitting written views, data, or comments. FRA does not anticipate scheduling a public hearing in connection with these proceedings since the facts do not appear to warrant a hearing. If any interested party desires an opportunity for oral comment and a public hearing, they should notify FRA, in writing, before the end of the comment period and specify the basis for their request.

Communications received by July 2, 2025 will be considered by FRA before final action is taken. Comments received after that date will be considered if practicable.

Privacy Act

Anyone can search the electronic form of any written communications and comments received into any of FRA’s dockets by the name of the individual submitting the comment (or signing the document, if submitted on behalf of an association, business, labor union, etc.). Under 5 U.S.C. 553(c), DOT solicits comments from the public to better inform its processes. DOT posts these comments, without edit, including any personal information the commenter provides, to www.regulations.gov, as described in the system of records notice (DOT/ALL-14 FDMS), which can be reviewed at

<https://www.transportation.gov/privacy>. See also <https://www.regulations.gov/privacy-notice> for the privacy notice of regulations.gov.

Issued in Washington, DC.

John Karl Alexy,

Associate Administrator for Railroad Safety, Chief Safety Officer.

[FR Doc. 2025-09915 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-06-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Railroad Administration

[Docket Number FRA-2025-0043]

Notice of Petition for Special Approval of Alternative Standard

AGENCY: Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This document provides the public notice that Caltrain petitioned FRA for a special approval of an alternative standard concerning periodic maintenance of brake equipment.

DATES: FRA must receive comments on the petition by July 2, 2025. FRA will consider comments received after that date to the extent practicable.

ADDRESSES:

Comments: Comments related to this docket may be submitted by going to <https://www.regulations.gov> and following the online instructions for submitting comments.

Instructions: All submissions must include the agency name and docket number. All comments received will be posted without change to <https://www.regulations.gov>; this includes any personal information. Please see the Privacy Act heading in the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section of this document for Privacy Act information related to any submitted comments or materials.

Docket: For access to the docket to read background documents or comments received, go to <https://www.regulations.gov> and follow the online instructions for accessing the docket.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Derrick Griffith, Railroad Safety Specialist, FRA Motive Power & Equipment Division, email: derrick.griffith@dot.gov, phone: 202-366-4000.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under part 211 of title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and pursuant to 49 CFR 238.21, this document provides the public notice that by letter dated March

14, 2025, the Peninsula Corridor Joint Powers Board (Caltrain) petitioned FRA for a special approval of an alternative standard to 49 CFR 238.309(b)(4), Periodic brake equipment maintenance. FRA assigned the petition Docket Number FRA–2025–0043.

Caltrain requests approval of an alternative standard to 49 CFR 238.309(b)(4), which requires brake equipment on diesel multiple unit (DMU) and multiple unit (MU) locomotives to be periodically cleaned, repaired, and tested, among other maintenance, every 736 days. Instead, Caltrain proposes to increase the duration of the maintenance interval to a minimum of 1,840 days (with a goal of 3,680 days) for its Stadler KISS electric multiple units (EMUs), which are equipped with air dryers. As justification of its request, Caltrain states that the braking system for its EMUs has been designed for a maximum operating speed of 110 miles per hour and provides for “fail-safe friction brake effort.” Caltrain also proposes that a test committee is formed, with representatives from FRA as well as the EMU and brake manufacturers, to “oversee all aspects of the waiver process” and “support the test and inspection activities.”

A copy of the petition, as well as any written communications concerning the petition, is available for review online at www.regulations.gov.

Interested parties are invited to participate in these proceedings by submitting written views, data, or comments. FRA does not anticipate scheduling a public hearing in connection with these proceedings since the facts do not appear to warrant a hearing. If any interested party desires an opportunity for oral comment and a public hearing, they should notify FRA, in writing, before the end of the comment period and specify the basis for their request.

Communications received by July 2, 2025 will be considered by FRA before final action is taken. Comments received after that date will be considered if practicable.

Privacy Act

Anyone can search the electronic form of any written communications and comments received into any of FRA’s dockets by the name of the individual submitting the comment (or signing the document, if submitted on behalf of an association, business, labor union, etc.). Under 5 U.S.C. 553(c), DOT solicits comments from the public to inform its processes. DOT posts these comments, without edit, including any personal information the commenter

provides, to www.regulations.gov, as described in the system of records notice (DOT/ALL–14 FDMS), which can be reviewed at <https://www.transportation.gov/privacy>. See also <https://www.regulations.gov/privacy-notice> for the privacy notice of www.regulations.gov.

Issued in Washington, DC.

John Karl Alexy,

*Associate Administrator for Railroad Safety,
Chief Safety Officer.*

[FR Doc. 2025–09914 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–06–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Internal Revenue Service

Proposed Extension of Information Collection Request Submitted for Public Comment; Comment Request for Form 5754.

AGENCY: Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Treasury.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Internal Revenue Service, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. Currently, the IRS is soliciting comments concerning Form 5754, *Statement by Person(s) Receiving Gambling Winnings*.

DATES: Written comments should be received on or before August 1, 2025 to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 60 days of publication of this notice to omb.unit@irs.gov. Please include, “OMB Number: 1545–0239—Public Comment Request Notice” in the Subject line. Requests for additional information or copies of this collection can be directed to Marcus W. McCrary, at marcus.w.mccrary@irs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Statement by Person(s)

Receiving Gambling Winnings.

OMB Number: 1545–0239.

Project Number: Form 5754.

Abstract: Form 5754 is to be completed if you receive gambling winnings either for someone else or as a member of a group of winners on the same winning ticket. The information you provide on the form enables the payer of the winnings to prepare Form

W–2G, *Certain Gambling Winnings*, for each winner to show the winnings taxable to each.

Current Actions: There is no change in the paperwork burden previously approved by OMB. This form is being submitted for renewal purposes only.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Affected Public: Business or other for-profit organizations, individuals or households, and not-for-profit institutions.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 204,000.

Estimated Time per Respondent: 12 min.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 40,800.

The following paragraph applies to all the collections of information covered by this notice:

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a valid OMB control number.

Books or records relating to a collection of information must be retained if their contents may become material in the administration of any internal revenue law. Generally, tax returns and tax return information are confidential, as required by 26 U.S.C. 6103.

Desired Focus of Comments: The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) is particularly interested in comments that:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility.

- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used.

- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including using appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, by permitting electronic submissions of responses.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the ICR for OMB approval of the extension of the information collection; they will also become a matter of public record.

Approved: May 27, 2025.

Marcus W. McCrary,
IRS Tax Analyst.

[FR Doc. 2025-09841 Filed 5-30-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4830-01-P

UNIFIED CARRIER REGISTRATION PLAN

Sunshine Act Meetings

TIME AND DATE: June 12, 2025, 10:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m., AKDT (2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. EDT)

PLACE: The meeting will take place at the Hilton Anchorage, 500 West Third Avenue, Anchorage, AK 99501. The meeting will also be accessible via conference call and via Zoom Meeting and Screenshare. Any interested person may call (i) 1-929-205-6099 (US Toll) or 1-669-900-6833 (US Toll), Meeting ID: 987 9046 1967, to listen and participate in this meeting. The website to participate via Zoom Meeting and Screenshare is <https://kellen.zoom.us/j/664sf4jS9OMITvgkIQcEw>.

STATUS: This meeting will be open to the public.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED: The Unified Carrier Registration Plan Board of Directors (the "Board") will continue its work in developing and implementing the Unified Carrier Registration Plan and Agreement. The subject matter of this meeting will include:

Proposed Agenda

I. Welcome and Call to Order—UCR Board Chair

The UCR Board Chair will welcome attendees, call the meeting to order, call roll for the Board, confirm the presence of a quorum, and facilitate self-introductions.

II. Verification of Publication of Meeting Notice—UCR Executive Director

The UCR Executive Director will verify publication of the meeting notice on the UCR website and distribution to the UCR contact list via email, followed by subsequent publication of the notice in the **Federal Register**.

III. Review and Approval of Board Agenda—UCR Board Chair

For Discussion and Possible Board Action

The proposed Agenda will be reviewed. The Board will consider action to adopt.

Ground Rules

➤ Board actions taken only in designated areas on the agenda

IV. Approval of Minutes of the March 6, 2025, UCR Board Meeting—UCR Board Chair

For Discussion and Possible Board Action

Draft Minutes from the March 6, 2025, UCR Board meeting will be reviewed. The Board will consider action to approve.

V. Report of FMCSA—FMCSA Representative

The Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) will provide a report on any relevant agency activity.

VI. Possible UCR Sanctions for Failure To Follow Board Policy

UCR Legal Counsel will present the findings of his research and lead a discussion on whether the Board may impose sanctions on a participating state for failure to meet Board-established requirements pertaining to audit initiatives or Board policies.

VII. State Audit Outsourcing—UCR Board Member Monte Wiederhold

UCR Board Member Monte Wiederhold will lead a discussion on the outsourcing of state auditing by the UCR Board.

VIII. Audit Results for Non-Participating and Audit Assistance Program States—Dave Lazarides, DSL Transportation Services, Inc.

Dave Lazarides of DSL Transportation Services, Inc., will discuss the efforts and results of the audits performed in non-participating and Audit Assistance Program states.

IX. Revolving Door Policy—UCR Board Member Ryan Nance

For Discussion and Possible Board Action

UCR Board Member Ryan Nance will lead a discussion regarding a proposal to the Board to adopt a revolving door policy. The Board may take action to adopt a revolving door policy.

X. Subcommittee Reports

Audit Subcommittee—UCR Audit Subcommittee Chair

2024 Annual State Audit Report to the Board

The UCR Audit Subcommittee Chair will present the 2024 Annual State Audit Report to the Board.

For Discussion and Possible Board Action

The UCR Audit Subcommittee Chair will review a 2024 Audit Snapshot along with the five requirement initiatives that each State is evaluated on. To receive qualifying status, States are required to have met or exceeded the minimum percentages in at least three of the five initiatives. In 2024, all participating States achieved a qualifying status. The Board may take action to approve the 2024 Annual State Audit Report.

Update on the Recent Question and Answer Session for State Auditors—UCR Audit Subcommittee Chair, UCR Audit Subcommittee Vice-Chair, and UCR Executive Director

The UCR Audit Subcommittee Chair, UCR Audit Subcommittee Vice-Chair, and UCR Executive Director will lead a discussion on the topics, value, and continuation of a series of 60-minute virtual question and answer sessions for state auditors.

Dispute Resolution Subcommittee—UCR Dispute Resolution Subcommittee Chair

No report.

Education and Training Subcommittee—UCR Education and Training Subcommittee Chair

The UCR Education and Training Subcommittee Chair will provide an update on key projects and initiatives, including the ongoing development of the learning management program and training modules, awareness and engagement efforts for various stakeholders, and the optimization of the website and newsletter.

Enforcement Subcommittee—UCR Enforcement Subcommittee Chair

The UCR Enforcement Subcommittee Chair will provide an update on current and planned initiatives, including efforts to enhance UCR enforcement efficiency, and recognition of states and inspectors.

Finance Subcommittee—UCR Finance Subcommittee Chair and UCR Depository Manager

A. UCR Administrative Fund and Registration Fees Update—UCR Depository Manager

The UCR Depository Manager will provide an update on the financial status of the administrative fund for the 3 months ended March 31, 2025. Additionally, the UCR Depository Manager will provide an update on revenues from the 2024 and 2025

registration fees, and the 2027 fee recommendation as it currently stands with current revenues, revenue projections, and assumptions.

B. Audit Update—UCR Finance Subcommittee Chair

The UCR Finance Subcommittee Chair will provide an update on the 2023 financial audit.

Industry Advisory Subcommittee—UCR Industry Advisory Subcommittee Chair

Industry Advisory Subcommittee Member Monte Wiederhold will lead a discussion on the following topics: (1) brokers refusing to load motor carriers without recent inspections; (2) brokers that refuse to load motor carriers that are not required to use ELDs; and (3) enforcement of 49 CFR 371.3 (Records Required to be Kept by Motor Carriers).

XI. Contractor Reports—UCR Board Chair

UCR Executive Director Update

The UCR Executive Director will provide a report covering his recent

activity for the UCR Plan including any changes in the dates of UCR meetings in 2025.

UCR Administrator Update (Kellen)

The UCR Chief of Staff will provide a management update covering any additional activity for the Depository, Operations, and Communications.

DSL Transportation Services, Inc.

DSL Transportation Services, Inc. will report on the latest data from the FARs program, Tier 5 and 6 unregistered motor carriers, and other matters.

Seikosoft

Seikosoft will provide an update on its recent/new activity related to the UCR’s National Registration System.

XII. Other Business—UCR Board Chair

The UCR Board Chair will call for any other business, old or new, from the floor.

XIII. Adjournment—UCR Board Chair

The UCR Board Chair will adjourn the meeting.

The agenda will be available no later than 5:00 p.m. Eastern daylight time, May 30, 2025, at: <https://plan.ucr.gov>.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION:

Elizabeth Leaman, Chair, Unified Carrier Registration Plan Board of Directors, (617) 305–3783, eleaman@board.ucr.gov.

Alex B. Leath,
Chief Legal Officer, Unified Carrier Registration Plan.

[FR Doc. 2025–10062 Filed 5–29–25; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 4910–YL–P

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

Advisory Committee on Minority Veterans, Notice of Meeting

The Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) gives notice under the Federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 U.S.C. ch. 10, that the Advisory Committee on Minority Veterans will meet virtually on August 6, 2025. The meeting sessions will begin, and end as follows:

Date	Time	Location	Open session
August 6, 2025	11:00 a.m.–3:30 p.m., Eastern Standard Time (EST).	Dial in by phone: +1 872–701–0185. Phone conference ID: 496 198 177#.	Yes.

This meeting is open to the public. The Committee on Minority Veterans advises the Secretary of Veterans Affairs with respect to the administration of benefits by the Department for Veterans who are minority group members, by reviewing reports and studies on compensation, health care, rehabilitation, outreach, and other benefits and services administered by the Department. On August 6, 2025, the Committee will receive briefings and updates from the Advisory Committee Management Office, Veterans Affairs Deputy Chief of Staff, Office of Ethics, Advisory

Committee on United States Outlying Areas and Freely Associated States, Advisory Committee on Tribal and Indians Affairs and Office of Women’s Health. The Committee will receive public comments from 2:35 p.m. to 3:15 p.m. EST. Individuals who speak are invited to submit a 1–2-page summary of their comments at the time of the meeting for inclusion in the official meeting record. Members of the public may also submit written statements for the Committee’s review to Mr. Dwayne E. Campbell, Department of Veterans Affairs, Center for Minority Veterans (00M), 810 Vermont Avenue NW,

Washington, DC 20420, or email at Dwayne.Campbell3@va.gov. Any member of the public seeking additional information should contact Mr. Campbell or Mr. Ronald Sagudan at (202) 461–6191, or by fax at (202) 273–7092.

Dated: May 28, 2025.
Jelessa M. Burney,
Federal Advisory Committee Management Officer.

[FR Doc. 2025–09925 Filed 5–30–25; 8:45 am]

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LIST OF PUBLIC LAWS

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in today's **List of Public Laws**.

Last List May 30, 2025

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dates, the day after publication is counted as the first day.

When a date falls on a weekend or holiday, the next Federal business day is used. (See 1 CFR 18.17)

A new table will be published in the first issue of each month.

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June 24	Jul 9	Jul 15	Jul 24	Jul 29	Aug 8	Aug 25	Sep 22
June 25	Jul 10	Jul 16	Jul 25	Jul 30	Aug 11	Aug 25	Sep 23
June 26	Jul 11	Jul 17	Jul 28	Jul 31	Aug 11	Aug 25	Sep 24
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